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*Counsel for Compass Financial Partners LLC and
Compass USA SPE LLC*

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

CCM PATHFINDER GRAMERCY, LLC)	
)	Case No: 08 Civ. 5298 (JSR)
)	
Plaintiff,)	
)	
-against-)	DECLARATION OF GABRIEL WEAVER
)	IN SUPPORT OF OPPOSITION TO
COMPASS FINANCIAL PARTNERS LLC and COMPASS USA SPE LLC,)	PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR REMAND
)	
Defendants.)	

I, Gabriel Weaver, declare as follows:

1. I am duly licensed to practice law in the States of New York and California, and in the United States District Court, Southern District of New York. I am an associate with the law firm of Milbank, Tweed, Hadley & McCloy LLP, ("Milbank"), counsel for Compass USA SPE LLC, and its servicer, Compass Financial Partners LLC (together, "Compass"). I submit this declaration in support of Compass's Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion to Remand. I have personal knowledge of the facts stated in this declaration and, if called upon to do so, would testify competently thereto at trial.

2. Attached hereto as Exhibit 1 is a true and correct copy of the list of Direct Lenders from whom CCM Pathfinder Bay Pompano, LLC and CCM Pathfinder Gramercy (collectively “Pathfinder” or “Plaintiffs”) acquired their interests.

3. Attached hereto as Exhibit 2 is a true and correct copy of the Accounting filed by the Nevada Plaintiff LLCs in the Nevada District Court on November 15, 2007 in connection with Case No. 2:07-cv-00892-RCJ-GWF., listing the roster of LLC Members for each loan.

4. Attached hereto as Exhibit 3 is a true and correct copy of the Statement of the Law Offices of Alan R. Smith Pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 2019, filed in the Nevada Bankruptcy court on December 6, 2006, Case No. BK-S-06-10725, listing the members of the Lenders Protection Group.

5. On July 13, 2008 we cross referenced Exhibit 1 with Exhibit 2 and Exhibit 3. By comparing Exhibit 1 with Exhibit 2, we were able to determine that four of the Direct Lenders from whom Pathfinder acquired its assignments of interest were members of one of the LLCs involved in the Nevada Litigation. By comparing Exhibit 1 with Exhibit 3, we were able to determine that six of the Direct Lenders from whom Pathfinder acquired its assignments of interest were member of the Lenders Protection Group. On Exhibit 1, we marked “LLC” next to the name of each LLC member, and “LPG” next to the name of each LPG member.

6. Attached hereto as Exhibit 4 is a true and correct copy of the Disclosure Statement accompanying Debtors’ Bankruptcy Plan, filed on November 15, 2006, in Case No. BK-S-06-10725, available as Docket Number 1798

7. Attached hereto as Exhibit 5 is a true and correct copy of the Debtors’ Third Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization, filed on November 15, 2006 in Case No. BK-S-06-10725, which is available as Docket Number 1799.

8. Attached hereto as Exhibit 6 is a true and correct copy of the Order Confirming the “Debtors’ Third Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization,” as Modified Herein, signed by the Honorable Linda B. Riegle on January 8, 2007 in Case No. BK-S-06-10725 (LBR), which is available as Docket Number 2376.

9. Attached hereto as Exhibit 7 is a true and correct copy of the Complaint entitled *3685 San Fernando Lenders LLC, et al. v. Compass USA SPE LLC, et al.*, in Case No. 3:07-CV-241 which is available as Docket Number 1.

10. Attached hereto as Exhibit 8 is a true and correct copy of the Order of the Nevada Bankruptcy Court on Emergency Motion to Enforce Confirmation and For Sanctions and Order on Subject Matter Jurisdiction entered by the Honorable Linda B. Riegle on August July 2, 2007 at Docket Number 4109 in Case No. 06-10725 LBR.

11. Attached hereto as Exhibit 9 is a true and correct copy of the Supplemental Order Re: Emergency Motion of Compass Financial Partners LLC For Order Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 105 and 1141 Enforcing Confirmation Order and for Civil Contempt Sanctions entered by the Honorable Linda B. Riegle on August 1, 2007 at Docket Number 4402 in Case No. 06-10725 LBR.

12. Attached hereto as Exhibit 10 is a true and correct excerpt of the Transcript of Proceedings before the Honorable Robert C. Jones on August 6, 2007.

13. Attached hereto as Exhibit 11 is a true and correct copy of the Preliminary Injunction and Order Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 105 and 1141 and Fed. R. Civ. P. 65 Enforcing Confirmation Order entered by the Honorable Robert C. Jones on November 6, 2007 at Docket Number 199 in Case No. 2:07-cv-00892-RCJ-GWF.

14. Attached hereto as Exhibit 12 is a true and correct excerpt of the Affidavit of Mailing of the Preliminary Injunction and Order Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 105 and 1141 and Fed. R. Civ. P. 65 Enforcing Confirmation Order entered by the Honorable Robert C. Jones on November 6, 2007 at Docket Number 199 in Case No. 2:07-cv-00892-RCJ-GWF.

15. Attached hereto as Exhibit 13 is a true and correct copy of a sample Loan Servicing Agreement utilized by USA Commercial Mortgage Company.

16. Attached hereto as Exhibit 14 is a true and correct copy of the Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law in Support of the "Order Confirming the "Debtors' Third Amended

Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization, as Modified Herein”” signed by the Honorable Linda Riegle on January 8, 2007, at Docket Number 2377, in Case No. BK-S-06-10725.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed this 14th day of July, 2008 in Los Angeles, California.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Gabriel Weaver", is written over a horizontal line.

Gabriel Weaver

LoanID	Loan Name	AccountID	Legal Vesting	Service Fee Rate	Original Inv Per PayMinder
290	Palm Harbor One	290	Library Resource Management Corp., a Pennsylvania company	1.00%	200,000.00
291	Palm Harbor One	291	KTaylorGO Investments, LTD, a Texas company	3.00%	100,000.00
292	Palm Harbor One	292	Haines Homes, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company	3.00%	2,000,000.00
293	Palm Harbor One	293	Walter Kiersey & Gail Kiersey, husband & wife	1.00%	50,000.00
294	Palm Harbor One	294	AKG United, a Nevada limited Partnership	1.00%	50,000.00
295	Palm Harbor One	295	Citlford D. Hagberg & Claire F. Hagberg, husband & wife, as joint tenants with right of survivorship	1.00%	100,000.00
296	Palm Harbor One	296	Devis Investments, a Nevada partnership	1.00%	300,000.00
297	Palm Harbor One	297	Arco 2 LLC, a Nevada limited liability company	1.00%	50,000.00
298	Palm Harbor One	298	Sherry M. Collins Trustee as her sole & separate property under the Collins Family Trust dated 1/29/93	1.00%	50,000.00
299	Palm Harbor One	299	Thalia Nicholas Revocable Trustee of the Thalia Nicholas Family Trust dated 7/24/90	1.00%	50,000.00
300	Palm Harbor One	300	Norman Marfneau & Kathryn J. Marfneau, husband & wife, as joint tenants with right of survivorship	1.00%	50,000.00
301	Palm Harbor One	301	Elizabeth Sayles Shaw, a single woman	1.00%	50,000.00
302	Palm Harbor One	302	First Savings Bank Custodian For Gary O. Sharp IRA	1.00%	50,000.00
303	Palm Harbor One	303	Arthur E. Kobbie & Thelma M. Kobbie Trustees of the Arthur E. Kobbie & Thelma M. Kobbie Family Trust dated 5/19/96	1.00%	50,000.00
304	Palm Harbor One	304	Jerry Wodarczyk, a married man dealing with his sole & separate property	1.00%	50,000.00
305	Palm Harbor One	305	Gregory D. Yonai Trustee of the Gregory D. Yonai Family Trust	1.00%	75,000.00
306	Palm Harbor One	306	Daniel R. Heibeth & Sandra K Heibeth Trustees of the Heibeth Family Trust restated 4/21/00	1.00%	100,000.00
307	Palm Harbor One	307	Norman Khan, a married man dealing with his sole & separate property	1.00%	50,000.00
308	Palm Harbor One	308	Mary Jean Jellison, a married woman dealing with her sole & separate property	1.00%	50,000.00
309	Palm Harbor One	309	Guenter A. Kohler & Elviede Kohler Trustees of the 1989 Kohler Living Trust dated 6/13/89	1.00%	75,000.00
310	Palm Harbor One	310	David S. Cadenbader & Alyce E. Cadenbader Trustees of the Cadenbader 2001 Trust	1.00%	50,000.00
311	Palm Harbor One	311	Christian Geisler & Hildegard Geisler, husband & wife, as joint tenants with right of survivorship	1.00%	50,000.00
312	Palm Harbor One	312	DeMarthachis, LP a Nevada limited partnership	1.00%	100,000.00
313	Palm Harbor One	313	Abert J. Jellison Trustee of the Abert J. Jellison Living Trust dated 11/4/87	1.00%	50,000.00
314	Palm Harbor One	314	Larry L. Rieger & Patsy R. Rieger Trustees of the Larry L. Rieger & Patsy R. Rieger Revocable Trust dated 8/14/91	1.00%	50,000.00
315	Palm Harbor One	315	First Savings Bank Custodian For Gary Heider IRA	1.00%	100,000.00
316	Palm Harbor One	316	Mart Tysand & Sharon Vay-Tysand, husband & wife, as joint tenants with right of survivorship	1.00%	50,000.00
317	Palm Harbor One	317	Ronald Knytas & Linda Knytas, husband & wife, as tenants in common	1.00%	50,000.00
318	Palm Harbor One	318	Stimlex, Inc., a Nevada corporation	1.00%	50,000.00
319	Palm Harbor One	319	Ron Ligon & Leonore Ligon Trustees of the Ligon Trust dated 2/8/99	1.00%	50,000.00
320	Palm Harbor One	320	Marleta Veglia, a married woman dealing with her sole & separate property	1.00%	50,000.00
321	Palm Harbor One	321	Donald T. Flood & Betty R. Flood Trustees of the Flood Family Trust dated 12/4/85	1.00%	50,000.00
322	Palm Harbor One	322	Linda F. Carsten, an unmarried woman	1.00%	100,000.00
323	Palm Harbor One	323	Ronda L. Threlkitt, a married woman dealing with her sole & separate property	1.00%	130,000.00
324	Palm Harbor One	324	Caroline M. Gerwin Trustee of the Caroline Gerwin Family Trust dated 11/2/93	1.00%	50,000.00
325	Palm Harbor One	325	Donald A. Hermann & Nancy E. Hermann, husband & wife, as joint tenants with right of survivorship	1.00%	50,000.00
326	Palm Harbor One	326	David M. Olds & Baby W. Olds, husband & wife, as joint tenants with right of survivorship	1.00%	50,000.00
327	Palm Harbor One	327	Robert H. Schultz & Sherna L. Schultz Trustees of the Robert H. Schultz & Sherna L. Schultz Living Trust dated 2/25/97	1.00%	50,000.00
328	Palm Harbor One	328	Richard N. Dethle, a married man dealing with his sole & separate property	1.00%	50,000.00
329	Palm Harbor One	329	Stanley Muller a married man dealing with his sole & separate property	1.00%	50,000.00
330	Palm Harbor One	330	First Savings Bank Custodian For Kenneth O. Shalley IRA	1.00%	75,000.00
331	Palm Harbor One	331	Linda Patricia Doerr Trustee of the Doerr Family Trust dated 9/12/02	1.00%	85,000.00
332	Palm Harbor One	332	Andrew Shier & Per Chickering, husband & wife, as joint tenants with right of survivorship	1.00%	50,000.00
333	Palm Harbor One	333	Laverne F. Rafferty Trustee of the Harry J. Rafferty & Laverne F. Rafferty Trust dated 4/15/90	3.00%	50,000.00
334	Palm Harbor One	334	Walter F. Henningsen Trustee of the Walter F. Henningsen Revocable Trust dated 2/1/80	3.00%	100,000.00
335	Palm Harbor One	335	Stater Family Ltd Partnership	3.00%	50,000.00
336	Palm Harbor One	336	First Savings Bank Custodian For Mary Jellison IRA	3.00%	50,000.00
337	Palm Harbor One	337	First Savings Bank Custodian For Mary Jellison IRA	3.00%	50,000.00
338	Palm Harbor One	338	First Savings Bank Custodian For Mary Jellison IRA	3.00%	50,000.00

298 Palm Harbor One	Robert M. Lampert Trustee of the Pulmonary Associates Profit Sharing Plan #002 for the benefit of Robert M. Lampert dated 01/01/03.	3.00%	50,000.00
299 Palm Harbor One	Olivia A. Odham, a married woman dealing with her sole & separate property	3.00%	50,000.00
299 Palm Harbor One	Hans J. Prustel, an unmarried man	3.00%	50,000.00
299 Palm Harbor One	Hans - Ueli Surber, a married man dealing with his sole & separate property	3.00%	50,000.00
299 Palm Harbor One	Paul L. Kvitkowskii and Colla Jo Kvitkowskii, Trustees of the Kvitkowskii Revocable Trust, dated 12/17/04.	1.00%	50,000.00
299 Palm Harbor One	Shula E. Rothberg, a married woman dealing with her sole & separate property	3.00%	50,000.00
299 Palm Harbor One	Dr. Denis D. Keith, DOB a married man dealing with his sole & separate property	1.00%	50,000.00
299 Palm Harbor One	Bernard Cohen and Elaine Cohen, Trustees of the Bernard Cohen Trust dated 3/24/83	3.00%	50,000.00
299 Palm Harbor One	Ellis L. Elgart and Shila V. Elgart, Trustees of the Ellis L. Elgart Revocable Living Trust dated 7/8/02	1.00%	50,000.00
299 Palm Harbor One	Edin Belle Zemor, Trustee of the Edin Belle Zemor 1984 Trust dated 4/13/94	3.00%	50,000.00
299 Palm Harbor One	Glen Greenberg and Denise M. Greenberg, husband and wife, as joint tenants with the right of survivorship	3.00%	50,000.00
299 Palm Harbor One	Celia Acosta, an unmarried man	1.00%	50,000.00
299 Palm Harbor One	Patricia Ferguson Trustee of the Ferguson Living Trust dated 9/23/00	3.00%	50,000.00
299 Palm Harbor One	PLB Enterprises, LLC	3.00%	100,000.00
299 Palm Harbor One	Charles R. Bice and Jayne L. Bice, husband and wife, as joint tenants with the right of survivorship	3.00%	100,000.00
299 Palm Harbor One	Susan F. Gecsbach, Trustee of the Susan F. Stain Trust Dated 2/12/00	3.00%	100,000.00
299 Palm Harbor One	Susan N. Houston & William H. Houston, Trustees of the William H. Houston and Susan N. Houston Revocable Family Trust dated 12/20/83	3.00%	50,000.00
299 Palm Harbor One	George S. Willett and Lorraine Willett, husband and wife as joint tenants with right of survivorship	1.00%	50,000.00
299 Palm Harbor One	Brian J. Miller and Penny Miller, husband and wife, as joint tenants with right of survivorship	3.00%	100,000.00
299 Palm Harbor One	Stephanie Trager & Lawrence B. Trager, a husband & wife as joint tenants with rights of survivorship	1.00%	53,000.00
299 Palm Harbor One	William L. Chidwell, an unmarried man	3.00%	50,000.00
299 Palm Harbor One	Ronald C. Shackelford, Trustee of the Shackelford Family Trust dated 9/21/04	1.00%	50,000.00
299 Palm Harbor One	Richard M. Ruter, Trustee of the Richard M. Ruter Living Trust dated 3/19/93	3.00%	50,000.00
299 Palm Harbor One	Jack L. Jones, a married man dealing with his sole & separate property	3.00%	75,000.00
299 Palm Harbor One	Geri Hiss Campbell, Trustee of the Geri Hiss Campbell Revocable Trust of 1989 dated 3/30/79	1.00%	50,000.00
299 Palm Harbor One	Charles A. Spencer, a single man	3.00%	50,000.00
299 Palm Harbor One	Julie A. Virga, an unmarried woman	3.00%	50,000.00
299 Palm Harbor One	Richard M. Helmen, a married man as his sole & separate property	3.00%	50,000.00
299 Palm Harbor One	Mauri R. Romonoid, an unmarried woman	3.00%	100,000.00
299 Palm Harbor One	Karen L. Pidgeon Trustee of the Karen L. Pidgeon 2006 Living Trust dated 2/27/2006	3.00%	50,000.00
299 Palm Harbor One	William L. Graham and Wila L. Graham, husband and wife as joint tenants with Rights Of Survivorship	1.00%	70,000.00
299 Palm Harbor One	David B. Burlingame	2.034064%	7,775,000.00
Palm Harbor One Total			

Unit#	Loan Name	Account#	Legal Vetting	Service Fee Rate	Current Investment
174	Gramercy Court Condos		William C. Campbell & Lela M. Campbell Trustees of the 2001 Campbell Family Trust dated 10/03/01	1.00%	\$100,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		He G. Conley Trustee of the He G. Conley Trust dated 8/19/04	1.00%	\$75,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		First Savings Bank Custodian For L. Ronald Trepp IRA	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		KTaylorGO Investments, LTD, a Texas company	3.00%	\$100,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		Gordon N. Simpson & Marjorie L. Simpson Co-Trustees of The Simpson Family Trust Dated 5/9/00	1.00%	\$60,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		L. Ronald Trepp & Jacqueline P. Trepp Trustees of the L. Ronald Trepp & Jacqueline P. Trepp Family Trust	1.00%	\$100,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		Alan Simon & Carol Simon Trustees of the Simon Family Trust 2000	1.00%	\$60,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		David R. Fuller & Monica Fuller Trustees of the David R. Fuller & Monica Fuller Trust	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		David Salton & Jean Salton, husband & wife, as joint tenants with right of survivorship	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		George Minor & Virginia Minor Trustees of the George & Virginia Minor Living Trust	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		Arnold Almes & Agnes Almes Trustees of the Almes Family Trust dated 10/27/00	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		Marjorie Melton & Matthew Melton, husband & wife, as joint tenants with right of survivorship	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		Kenneth E. Schutz & Mary Kay Bryan-Schutz, husband & wife, as joint tenants with right of survivorship	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		Gary I. Miller & Barbara L. Miller Trustees of the Gary I. & Barbara L. Miller Trust dated 08/13/07	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		Susan Phillips, an unmarried woman	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		Cassandra J. Robbins, an unmarried woman	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		Larry Appleton & Leona Appleton, husband & wife, as joint tenants with right of survivorship	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		Held R. Dwan, Trustee Margaret Patterson Living Trust Dated 11/06/04	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		Jong U. Leek, a married man dealing with his sole & separate property	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		Sylvia Dean Trustee of the Sylvia Dean 2000 Trust dated 12/12/00	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		First Savings Bank Custodian For Eve M. Gable Roth IRA	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		Houghton Dental Corp Profit Sharing Plan for benefit of Geraldine Houghton	3.00%	\$100,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		James C. Bell, a married man dealing with his sole & separate property	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		Nancy M. Dowl, an unmarried woman	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		Martin N. Lust, an unmarried man	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		Rebecca A. Rogers Trustee of the Rebecca A. Rogers Trust dated 9/18/00	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		Jerome L. Block & Charlene N. Block, husband & wife, as joint tenants with right of survivorship	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		Gary B. Anderson & Barbara L. Anderson Trustees of the Anderson Family Trust dated 7/21/02	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		Vivian Shih & Eric Shih, husband & wife, as joint tenants with right of survivorship	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		Gail R. Hobbs Trustee of the Gail Hobbs Living Trust dated 9/10/03	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		William J. Orca, Jr. Trustee of the Orca Associates, Inc. Defined Pension Plan	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		Eugene W. Cady & Sandra L. Cady Trustees of the Eugene W. Cady & Sandra L. Cady Trust dated 9/24/85	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		Rebecca G. Heppel & Virginia M. Heppel Trustees of the Heppel Trust dated 1/30/02	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		Everly Melanovich Trustee of the Melanovich Family Trust dated 9/18/73 (KWA310590)	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		Everly Melanovich Trustee of the Melanovich Marital Trust UAD 1/25/77	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		Robert M. Taylor & Lella Ladele Taylor, husband & wife, as joint tenants with right of survivorship	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		Ronald W. Ezra Trustee of the Ronald W. Ezra Living Trust	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		Rose O. Hecker, a single woman & Anita Rosenfield, a single woman, as joint tenants with right of survivorship	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		Gale Goldstone-Katz Trustee of the Gale Goldstone-Katz Revocable Living Trust dated 12/1/00	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		Don P. Merrill Trustee of the Don P. Merrill Trust dated 7/10/05	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174	Gramercy Court Condos		Farrak M. Hobbs Trustee of the Farrak M. Hobbs Revocable Trust dated 3/12/04	1.00%	\$55,000.00

174 Gramercy Court Condos	Benedict E. Urban & Roselyn M. Urban Trustees of The Benedict E. Urban & Roselyn M. Urban Family Trust dated 2/3/04	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174 Gramercy Court Condos	Mark L. Earnes & Sandra K. Earnes, husband & wife, as joint tenants with right of survivorship	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174 Gramercy Court Condos	Mervin W. Olderman & Toby E. Olderman, husband & wife, as joint tenants with right of survivorship	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174 Gramercy Court Condos	Carol Sue Carlson, a married woman dealing with her sole & separate property	3.00%	\$1,000,000.00
174 Gramercy Court Condos	Sierra Health Services, Inc., a Nevada corporation	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174 Gramercy Court Condos	Robert Levy & Renee Levy Trustees of the RLR Living Trust dated 10/10/04 LLC	3.00%	\$100,000.00
174 Gramercy Court Condos	Jeanne R. Beraglio & Dennis M. Beraglio General Partners of the Beraglio Investments Limited Partnership	3.00%	\$50,000.00
174 Gramercy Court Condos	Douglas O'Hanrahan & Nancy O'Hanrahan Trustees of the Douglas & Nancy O'Hanrahan Revocable Trust dated 4/2/02	1.00%	\$75,000.00
174 Gramercy Court Condos	Viviana Mohler Trustee of The Viviana Mohler Family Trust dated 1/13/08	3.00%	\$55,000.00
174 Gramercy Court Condos	First Savings Bank Custodian For Michael J. McLane IRA	3.00%	\$50,000.00
174 Gramercy Court Condos	Gayle D. Hall, a married woman dealing with her sole and separate property	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174 Gramercy Court Condos	Albert Thompson and Darren Thompson, Trustees of the Thompson Family Trust, dtd 8/20/04	3.00%	\$200,000.00
174 Gramercy Court Condos	Benny C. Vreeland, an unmarried woman LLC	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174 Gramercy Court Condos	Adrienne T. Stein, a divorced woman	3.00%	\$50,000.00
174 Gramercy Court Condos	First Savings Bank Custodian For Ella L. Elger IRA	3.00%	\$50,000.00
174 Gramercy Court Condos	First Savings Bank Custodian For Gary Deblinski IRA	3.00%	\$50,000.00
174 Gramercy Court Condos	Joseph F. Spada and Marcia A. Spada, Trustees of The Joseph F. and Marcia A. Spada Revocable Family Trust dated 12-11-03	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174 Gramercy Court Condos	First Savings Bank Custodian For Howard Mallich IRA	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174 Gramercy Court Condos	Thomas E. Clarke, Transfer on Death to Michael T. Clarke	1.00%	\$100,000.00
174 Gramercy Court Condos	Remy K. Landis, Transfer on Death to Christian N. Lundin	3.00%	\$50,000.00
174 Gramercy Court Condos	Salvatore Capodaglio & Mary Capodaglio, husband and wife as joint tenants with the right of survivorship	3.00%	\$100,000.00
174 Gramercy Court Condos	William Kyriakides, Trustee of The William Kyriakides Revocable Trust dated October 31, 2005	3.00%	\$100,000.00
174 Gramercy Court Condos	Salvatore Capodaglio & Mary Capodaglio, husband and wife as joint tenants with the right of survivorship	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174 Gramercy Court Condos	Wanda C. Wright, Trustee of The Wanda Wright Revocable Living Trust	1.00%	\$70,000.00
174 Gramercy Court Condos	Billy D. Denny and Donna R. Denny, Trustees of the Billy D. Denny and Donna R. Denny 2000 Revocable Trust dated 1/28/00 LPG	3.00%	\$200,000.00
174 Gramercy Court Condos	Yankee Holdings, LLC, a Nevada corporation	3.00%	\$150,000.00
174 Gramercy Court Condos	California National Bank, Custodian for benefit of David E. Gachemback IRA	1.00%	\$50,000.00
174 Gramercy Court Condos	Diane J. Weller, an unmarried woman	3.00%	\$50,000.00
Gramercy Court Condos Total		1.827798477%	\$8,173,000.00

LoanID	Loan Name	AccountID	Legal Vesting	Service Fee Rate	Original Inv Per Period
260	Bay Pompano Beach	401	Taylor Samuels Trustee of the Samuels 1999 Trust	1.000000%	100,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	402	Wara L.P., a Pennsylvania limited partnership	1.000000%	200,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	403	Barbers J. Vivero Trustee of the Barbers J. Vivero Revocable Trust	3.000000%	100,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	404	Barbers J. Vivero Trustee of the Barbers J. Vivero Revocable Trust	3.000000%	50,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	405	Barbers J. Vivero Trustee of the Barbers J. Vivero Revocable Trust	1.000000%	50,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	406	Lewis H. Fine & Milne J. Fine, husband & wife	1.000000%	50,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	407	Josephine Casabell Trustee of the Casabell Revocable Trust dated 2/30/94	1.000000%	50,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	408	Christopher Dickinson & Patricia Dickinson, husband & wife, as joint tenants with right of survivorship	1.000000%	100,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	409	Richard G. Vrbancik, a single man	1.000000%	100,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	410	Norma Harding & Elm Harding, joint tenants with right of survivorship	1.000000%	50,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	411	Edward J. Quinn & Dolores A. Quinn, husband & wife, as joint tenants with right of survivorship	1.000000%	50,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	412	Anthony Di Neo & Shannon Smith Di Neo Trustees of the Di Neo Family Trust dated 8/15/00	1.000000%	50,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	413	Barbara Reis Miller Trustee of the Barbara Reis Miller Revocable Living Trust dated 2/4/03	1.000000%	100,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	414	Dorothy J. Slope, a married woman dealing with her sole and separate property	1.000000%	50,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	415	Larry D. Sargent & Maureen Sargent, husband & wife, as joint tenants with right of survivorship	1.000000%	50,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	416	C. Donald Ayers, a single man	1.000000%	50,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	417	Richmond Dean II & Jean Dean Trustees of the Dean Family Trust dated 12/28/94	1.000000%	50,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	418	First Savings Bank Custodian For Kevin Taylor IRA	1.000000%	100,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	419	John D. Eichhorn & Jill A. Eichhorn, husband & wife, as joint tenants with right of survivorship	1.000000%	85,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	420	Joseph Sterling & Theresa Sterling Trustees of the Sterling Family Trust dated 8/14/02	1.000000%	100,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	421	Augustine Tufanelli Trustee of the Augustine Tufanelli Family Trust dated 7/25/94	1.000000%	50,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	422	Leon E. Singer & Suzi Singer Trustees of the Leon E. Singer & Suzi Singer Revocable Trust dated 8/30/98	1.000000%	50,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	423	Raymond E. Hershman & Margaret E. Hershman Trustees of the Raymond E. & Margaret Elise Hershman Family Trust dated 3/4/87	1.000000%	100,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	424	Sierra West, Inc., a Nevada corporation	1.000000%	100,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	425	Teri L. Melvin, a single woman	1.000000%	50,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	426	Anne Flannery, an unmarried woman	1.000000%	100,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	427	William R. Godfrey & Cynthia Godfrey, husband & wife as Joint Tenants with Right of Survivorship	1.000000%	50,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	428	Joseph Davis & Merion Sharp Co-Trustees of the Davis Family Trust	1.000000%	100,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	429	Melvin Lamm Trustee of the Melvin Lamm Trust dated 2/18/87	1.000000%	50,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	430	Peter A. Bolino & Fabiola A. Bolino Trustees of the Bolino Family Revocable Trust dated 3/6/95	1.000000%	370,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	431	Bruce R. Lelmer, an unmarried man	1.000000%	75,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	432	Barbara A. Cecil, a married woman dealing with her sole & separate property	1.000000%	150,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	433	Terry Melwell Trustee of the Terry Melwell Profit Sharing Plan & Trust	3.000000%	50,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	434	Richard N. Dahlke, a married man dealing with his sole & separate property	1.000000%	50,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	435	E. C. Yeppen a married man dealing with his sole & separate property	1.000000%	50,000.00
260	Bay Pompano Beach	436		1.000000%	50,000.00

260 Bay Pompano Beach	Guy Archer, a married man dealing with his sole & separate property	1.000000%	50,000.00
260 Bay Pompano Beach	Linda M. Herdman Trustee for the Linda M. Herdman Family Trust dated 12/11/03	3.000000%	50,000.00
260 Bay Pompano Beach	Raymond J. Zurfluh, Jr. & Shirley J. Zurfluh, husband & wife, as joint tenants with right of survivorship	1.000000%	50,000.00
260 Bay Pompano Beach	Jack Goldenthal & Sylvia Goldenthal, husband & wife, as joint tenants with right of survivorship	3.000000%	100,000.00
260 Bay Pompano Beach	Jester, LP, a Nevada limited partnership	3.000000%	50,000.00
260 Bay Pompano Beach	Priscilla M. Cupell, an unmarried woman	1.000000%	50,000.00
260 Bay Pompano Beach	Carry B. Sigmen & Lisa K. Sigmen Trustees of The Carry B. Sigmen & Lisa K. Sigmen Trust dated 3/2/97	3.000000%	200,000.00
260 Bay Pompano Beach	S & P Davis Limited Partnership, a Texas Partnership	1.000000%	100,000.00
260 Bay Pompano Beach	Jarvis A. Magriel, an unmarried woman & Philip W. Dickinson an unmarried man, joint tenants with the right of survivorship	1.000000%	50,000.00
260 Bay Pompano Beach	Brian H. Buase & Dawn Buase, husband & wife, as joint tenants with right of survivorship	1.000000%	75,000.00
260 Bay Pompano Beach	Ivett Schneider & Ursula Schneider, husband & wife, as joint tenants with right of survivorship	3.000000%	50,000.00
260 Bay Pompano Beach	Charles T. Herren and Sandra L. Herren, Trustees of the Herren Trust dated 3/17/05	3.000000%	50,000.00
260 Bay Pompano Beach	First Savings Bank Custodian For Janice A. Lucas, RA	1.000000%	50,000.00
260 Bay Pompano Beach	Paul G. Chetler, an unmarried man	1.000000%	100,000.00
260 Bay Pompano Beach	David C. Wink, a married man dealing with his sole and separate property	1.000000%	50,000.00
260 Bay Pompano Beach	Gina M. Godner, an unmarried woman	3.000000%	60,000.00
260 Bay Pompano Beach	First Savings Bank Custodian For Tara Slight RA	1.000000%	50,000.00
260 Bay Pompano Beach	Ronald M. Addy & Priscilla K. Addy, husband & wife, as joint tenants with right of survivorship	1.000000%	50,000.00
260 Bay Pompano Beach	Anthony M. Barbella and Rose M. Barbella, Trustees of the Barbella Family Trust dated 8/20/80	3.000000%	50,000.00
260 Bay Pompano Beach	Robert R. Wade Trustee of the Robert R. Wade Revocable Trust dated 5/22/01	1.000000%	50,000.00
260 Bay Pompano Beach	Daniel Jenkins and Lori J. Jenkins, husband and wife, as joint tenants with right of survivorship	1.000000%	75,000.00
260 Bay Pompano Beach	Richard A. Bering, Sr. and Helen R. Bering Trustees of the Richard A. Bering, Sr. and Helen R. Bering Revocable Trust dated 7/17/87	3.000000%	100,000.00
260 Bay Pompano Beach	James R. Bonfiglio & Donna M. Bonfiglio General Partners of the Bonfiglio Investments Limited Partnership	1.000000%	50,000.00
260 Bay Pompano Beach	Carol C. Eyre & Edward E. Eyre, Jr. Co-Trustees of the Trust A of the 1983 Living Trust Agreement dated 8/11/83	3.000000%	150,000.00
260 Bay Pompano Beach	Daniel R. Jenkins Trustee of the Evelyn W. Jenkins Trust	1.000000%	50,000.00
260 Bay Pompano Beach	Mary G. Christ, an unmarried woman	1.000000%	50,000.00
260 Bay Pompano Beach	Ronald Goldman & Barbara Goldman, Trustees of the Goldman Family Trust dated 10/29/93	3.000000%	100,000.00
260 Bay Pompano Beach	Johanna B. Kovacs, an unmarried woman	3.000000%	100,000.00
260 Bay Pompano Beach	Joyce A. Hayward Trustee of the 1985 Hayward Living Trust dated 7/05/1985	1.000000%	100,000.00
260 Bay Pompano Beach	Lori Dietzman and William Dietzman, wife and husband as joint tenants with right of survivorship	3.000000%	50,000.00
260 Bay Pompano Beach	Deborah H. Nagain, an unmarried woman	1.000000%	50,000.00
260 Bay Pompano Beach	Shahar Zarosh, an unmarried man	3.000000%	50,000.00
260 Bay Pompano Beach	Peter Labadie and Beverly Labadie, husband and wife as joint tenants with the right of survivorship	3.000000%	50,000.00
Bay Pompano Beach Total		1.475873%	8,535,000.00

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15 Attorneys for all Plaintiff LLCs [with the
16 exception of Hesperia Lenders, LLC]

17
18 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
19 DISTRICT OF NEVADA
20

21 In re:	Case No. 2:07-cv-00892-RCJ-GWF
22 USA COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE	Bankruptcy Case No. 06-10725-LBR
23 COMPANY,	[Chapter 11]
24 Debtor.	NOTICE OF FILING OF SUBMISSION
25	OF ACCOUNTING REQUIRED BY
26	SECTION 10 OF THE PRELIMINARY
27	INJUNCTION AND ORDER
28	

1 On November 15, 2007, Plaintiff LLCs filed their Accounting as Required by Section 10
2 of the *Preliminary Injunction and Order Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 105 and 1141 and Fed. R. Civ.*
3 *P. 65 Enforcing Confirmation Order* (Doc. No. 199). See Schedule 1 attached hereto.

4 DATED this 15th day of November, 2007. FULBRIGHT & JAWORSKI L.L.P.

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By: 
WALTER A. HERRING, ESQ.

Attorney for all LLCs [with the exception of
Hesperia Lenders, LLC]

BALLARD SPAHR ANDREWS &
INGERSOLL, LLP

STANLEY W. PARRY

Attorney for all LLCs [with the exception of
Hesperia Lenders, LLC]

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

This certifies that, pursuant to Rule 5 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, on the 15th day of November 2007, a true and correct copy of the foregoing *Plaintiffs' Notice of Submission of Accounting Required by Section 10 of the Preliminary Injunction and Order* was served on all counsel of record via the Court's CM/ECF System, as indicated on the electronic service lists attached hereto, and to the following attorneys of record by U.S. mail:

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By: 
Walter A. Herring

Loan Name	Dollars Invested	Vesting Name
Bar-USA	\$20,000	Ralph E. Worthing & Maryanne H. Worthing
Bar-USA	\$15,000	Wu Family Trust dated 06/19/91 c/o James C. Wu & Jeanne K. Wu, trustees
Bar-USA	\$200,000	X-Factor, Inc., a Nevada corporation
Bar-USA	\$50,000	Gregory D. Yonai Family Trust C/O Gregory D. Yonai, trustee
Bar-USA	\$270,000	Anthony J. Zerbo, an unmarried man
Bar-USA	\$60,000	Evo E & Billie D Zepponi Family Trust Under Agreement dated 2/9/1993, C/O Evo Zepponi And Billie Zepponi, trustees
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Arthur V. Adams Trust dated 9/12/97 c/o Arthur V. Adams, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$100,000	Addes Trust c/o Kenneth Addes & Victoria Addes Co-trustees
Bay Pompano	\$300,000	Al-Awar Living Trust dated 04/05/01 c/o Adib M Al-Awar & Ellen A Al-Awar, Co-trustees
Bay Pompano	\$100,000	David J. Albid
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Marcia C. Albid & Henry Albid, husband & wife, as JTWRORS
Bay Pompano	\$100,000	Altman Living Trust dated 11/4/04 c/o Daniel C. Altman & Barbara A. Altman, trustees
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Lynda Gay Anderson Trust dated 7/7/04 c/o Lynda Gay Anderson, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$93,000	Aimee E Kearns Ttee of the B A B S. Inc Trust
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Daniel C. Barcia
Bay Pompano	\$200,000	Richard D. Barzan & Leila J. Barzan, husband & wife, As JTWRORS
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Basko Revocable Trust dated 7/21/93 c/o Joseph Basko, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Joseph C. Bellan & Verna J. Bellan Revocable Living Trust, dated 3/4/00 c/o Joseph C. Bellan & Verna J. Bellan, trustees
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Bellas 1986 Family Trust c/o Peter Bellas & Joyce Bellas, trustees
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Bender Family Trust-By-Pass Trust Date c/o Harriet Bender, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$250,000	Robert B Bender & Paula S. Bender, husband & wife JTWRORS
Bay Pompano	\$100,000	Joseph J. Benoualid & Helen L. Benoualid
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	David P. Betteridge, a single man
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Gerald L. Bittner-Sr. Dds Inc Profit Sharing Plan
Bay Pompano	\$100,000	Michael S. Blau & Shamiran Blau, husband & wife As JTWRORS
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Michael S. Braida IRA
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Glen J. Brecht Trust dated 1/24/86 c/o Glen J. Brecht & Janine K. Brecht, trustees
Bay Pompano	\$200,000	Bridges Family Trust c/o Michael T. Bridges, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Brock Family Trust dated 5/25/95 c/o Penny L. Brock, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Donna J. Brooks, a single woman
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Robert E. Brooks, a married man dealing with his sole & separate property
Bay Pompano	\$100,000	Larry M. Brown & Marie S. Brown, husband & wife, As JTWRORS
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Richard L. Cadieux & Clara M. Cadieux, husband & wife, As JTWRORS
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Peter W. Capone & Deirdra D. Capone, husband & wife, As JTWRORS
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Carrier Family Trust dated 8/9/91 c/o Don F. Carrier & Sara L. Carrier, trustees
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Carlson Family Trust dated 11/19/04, Doyme J. Carlson & Elsie L. Carlson, trustees
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Ronald R. Carter & Leslie A. Carter Revocable Trust dated 10/24/91 c/o Ronald R. Carter & Leslie A. Carter, trustees
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	M & J Cauchois Family Trust dated 2/25/93 c/o Maurice A. Cauchois & Jacqueline M. Cauchois, trustees
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	A William Caglia
Bay Pompano	\$100,000	Donald P. Clark Family Trust dated 10/25/94 c/o Donald P. Clark, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Jack R. Clark & Linda C. Reid husband & wife As JTWRORS

Loan Name	Dollars Invested	Vesting Name
Bay Pompano	\$53,000	First Savings Bank, Custodian for Mary Coleman IRA
Bay Pompano	\$75,000	Collins Family Trust dated 12/9/93 c/o Shirley M. Collins, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$100,000	April Corley Trust dated 4/25/05, April M. Corley, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$100,000	Iris G. Corley Trust dated 9/19/84, Iris G. Corley, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$70,000	Robert J. Cowen Trust dated 11/7/87, Robert J. Cowen, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Cramer Family Trust Under Agreement dated 2/23/99 c/o Gareth A. R. Craner, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	The Gareth A. R. Craner Trust dated 6/01/02 c/o Gareth A. R. Craner, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$100,000	Daniel Living Trust As Amended dated 1/9/98 c/o Mark A. Daniel & Cathy A. Daniel
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Davis Revocable Living Trust UA 7/06/88 c/o Glenn B. Davis & Bernie S. Davis, trustees
Bay Pompano	\$75,000	Nancy R. Davis Defined Benefit Plan c/o Nancy R. Davis, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$70,000	Pensco Trust Company Custodian for Gary Deppe-IRA
Bay Pompano	\$75,000	James D. Dery & Ann R. Dery, husband & wife as JTWRROS
Bay Pompano	\$100,000	Dennis A. Devito, a married man
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	John H. Duberg
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	William Dupin & Penny Dupin, husband & wife as JTWRROS
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Robert D. Earp IRA
Bay Pompano	\$60,000	Marie L. Ehlers
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Emery Living Trust dated 6/04/91 c/o John R. Emery & Sandra Kipp Emery, trustees
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Byrne E. Falke Living Trust dated 6/3/03 c/o Byrne E. Falke Jr., trustee
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Brenda Falvai
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Farrah Family Trust dated 9/18/03 c/o Joseph A. Farrah & Emily T. Farrah, trustees
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Richard T. Fiory Revocable Trust dated 05/30/01 c/o Richard T. Fiory, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$100,000	Sharon R. Fitzgerald
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Freedom Properties, Inc.
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Alan B. Friedman
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	George Gage Trust dated 10/8/99 c/o George J. Gage & Miriam B. Gage, co-trustees
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	The Gambello Trust c/o Anthony V. Gambello & Elizabeth Gambello, trustees
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Catherine Garland
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Elmer Eugene Gilbert, Jr., a married man dealing with his sole & separate property
Bay Pompano	\$150,000	Graham Family Trust dated 10/26/78 c/o Robin B. Graham & Celia Allen-Graham, trustees
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Barbara L. Gunther, a married woman dealing with her sole & separate property
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	T. Claire Harper Family Trust dated 2/28/84 c/o Charles Harper, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Jocelyne Helzer, an unmarried woman
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Marilyn Hilborn, trustee of the Marilyn Hilborn Trust dated 11/18/93
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Gail M. Hock, a married woman dealing with her sole & separate property
Bay Pompano	\$110,000	George W. Hubbard Roth IRA
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Janice Janis & Christine Brager, tenants in common
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Jayem Family LP, a Nevada limited partnership
Bay Pompano	\$100,000	Royce G. Jenkins, an unmarried man
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Richard A. Johnson, a married man dealing with his sole & separate property
Bay Pompano	\$118,000	Joy Investment, Inc., a Nevada corporation c/o Tony Chaudhry

Loan Name	Dollars Invested	Vesting Name
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	JWB Trust Agreement dated 8/1/57 c/o James W. Barnes, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Clae G. Karlberg & Ulla G. Karlberg, JTWROS
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Kwi-Nevada LP
Bay Pompano	\$75,000	Bernard Kloeene Living Trust dated dated 10/10/1986, Bernard A. Kloeene, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$100,000	Dorothea K Kraft, an unmarried woman
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Leslie S. Lanes, a married woman dealing with her sole & separate property
Bay Pompano	\$80,000	Gary Larson & Dolores Larson husband & wife As JTWROS
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Sharon S. Lazar
Bay Pompano	\$85,000	Joan M. Leblanc, a married woman dealing with her sole & separate property
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Richard C. L. Lee & Estella W. Y. Lee, JTWROS
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Lehmann Family Trust dated 4/19/96 c/o Larry D. Lehmann & Kathleen F. Lehman, trustees
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	James Allen Linthicum & Carol Diane Linthicum, trustees of the Linthicum Revocable Trust dated 1/14/80
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Ben Lofgren & Dana Lofgren as JTWROS
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Pompeo J. Lombardi, an unmarried man, & Sarah A. Grant, a married woman, as JTWROS
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	William Lukasavage & Joanne Lukasavage, husband & wife, JTWROS
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Philip & Dora Lyons Trust UA 8/9/99 c/o Philip Lyons & Dora Lyons, trustees
Bay Pompano	\$75,000	Scott Mechock & Heidi Mechock, husband & wife, JTWROS
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Rita K. Malkin Trust dated 7/26/2002 c/o Rita K. Malkin, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	The J V Marrone Revocable Trust dated 12/12/85 c/o J V Marrone, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Pamela Jean Marton, an unmarried woman, transfer on death to James Dickinson
Bay Pompano	\$100,000	Morris Massry, a married man dealing with his sole & separate property
Bay Pompano	\$58,000	First Savings Bank Custodian for Todd C Maurer IRA
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Mayo Family Trust c/o Monroe Mayo & Louise Mayo, trustees
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Eddie Mayo, an unmarried man, & Jocelyne Helzer, an unmarried woman, as JTWROS
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Revocable Living Trust Agreement of Barbara McClafflin c/o Barbara McClafflin, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	McMullin Living Trust dated 8/19/94 c/o Dale J. McMullin
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Philip E. McMullin & Rosemarie L. McMullin, trustees And/Or Their Successors Under The Philip E. McMullin & Rosemarie L. McMullin Trust dated 4/4/80 As
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	McShaffrey Living Trust dated 3/27/81 c/o Harvey J. McShaffrey & Christina F. McShaffrey
Bay Pompano	\$200,000	First Savings Bank Custodian for Jack Mennis IRA
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Robert D. Mierau & Sandra J. Mierau, trustees of the Mierau Living Trust dated 9/14/98
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	R.G.T. Millar Trust dated 6/28/1988
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Minter Family 1994 Trust c/o Douglas Minter & Elizabeth F. Minter
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Sandra M. Mogg, trustee of the Sandra M. Mogg Revocable Living Trust dated 4/9/04
Bay Pompano	\$60,000	Arthur B. Moore, an unmarried man
Bay Pompano	\$100,000	William Richard Moreno, a married man dealing with his sole & separate property
Bay Pompano	\$100,000	Jerry Moreo, an unmarried man
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Moretto Family Living Trust dated 9/19/99 c/o Robert J. Moretto & Josephine Moretto, trustees
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Rosalie Allen Morgan Trust dated 1/31/03 c/o Rosalie Allen Morgan, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$100,000	John & Janet Mraz Trust dated 12/2/04 c/o John T. Mraz & Janet Mraz, trustees
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Freda Newman, trustee of the Freda Newman Trust dated 7/26/84
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Allen M. Nirenstein & Dorothy H. Nirenstein, trustees of the Allen M. Nirenstein & Dorothy H. Nirenstein 1992 Revocable Trust dated 3/4/92

Loan Name	Dollars Invested	Vesting Name
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	John Nix & Lisa Nix, JTWROS
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Novak Living Trust dated 10/21/97 c/o Frank T. Novak & Patricia A. Novak, trustees
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	The Stanley M Novara Family Trust dated 11/12/04 c/o Stanley M. Novara, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	O'Connor Revocable Trust Utd 9/17/97 c/o Robert H. O'Connor & Cathleen B. O'Connor, trustees
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Omaye 1990 Trust c/o Annie Omaye & Stanley Omaye, trustees
Bay Pompano	\$150,000	Adrian J.R. Oosthuizen, a married man dealing with his sole & separate property
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Osherow Trust dated 9/11/89 c/o Aaron I. Osherow, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$100,000	Anthony Pasqualotto & Alicia Pasqualotto, trustees of the Anthony Pasqualotto & Alicia pasqualotto 1997 Trust
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Andrew Peterson & Sharon Peterson, trustees of the Andrew R. Peterson & Sharon Peterson 1991 Living Trust dated 11/22/91
Bay Pompano	\$100,000	Sharon Peterson For Benefit Peterson Family Trust
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Michael Pezzano & Lisa Pezzano husband & wife As JTWROS
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Betty J. Phenix, a married woman dealing with her sole & separate property
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	A. Stephen Phillips & Frances E. Phillips, trustees Phillips Family Trust dated 10/24/89
Bay Pompano	\$75,000	First Savings Bank Custodian for Cesar Piazza IRA
Bay Pompano	\$100,000	Holly J. Pickeral, a single woman
Bay Pompano	\$100,000	Donald H. Pinsker, an unmarried man
Bay Pompano	\$400,000	Preswick Corp. A Nevada Corporation
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Michael H. Ricci, a married man dealing with his sole & separate property
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Roberts Family Trust dated 4/28/04 c/o Sarah R. Roberts, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$100,000	Alan Robinson & Gail Robinson husband & wife As JTWROS
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	David Rosner, trustee of the David Rosner Revocable Trust dated 01/05/2005
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Thalia Routis Family Trust dated 7/24/9 c/o Thalia Nicholas Routis, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$200,000	Phillip M. Rulon & Shirley S. Rulon, husband & wife, JTWROS
Bay Pompano	\$75,000	Burton M. Sack, a married man dealing with his sole & separate property
Bay Pompano	\$100,000	Scott A. Sack Irrevocable Trust Edated 3/18/94, Burton Sack, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Schnadt Trust dated 6/18/93 c/o William E. Schnadt & Janel E. Schnadt
Bay Pompano	\$60,000	The Schoonover Family Trust dated 2/23/0 c/o Edward L. & Susan A. Schoonover
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Althea F. Shet Living Trust dated 5/1/03, Althea F. Shet, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$100,000	Donald E. Shoup & Sharon K. Shoup, husband & wife, As JTWROS
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Alan R. Simmons & Judith B. Simmons, husband & wife, As JTWROS
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Dennis Spiorski & Donna Spiorski, husband & wife As JTWROS
Bay Pompano	\$100,000	Raymond M. Smith & Margaret M. Smith Grantors of the Raymond M. Smith Revocable Trust dated 3/12/79
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Sovereign Capital Advisors, LLC Stanley Tara, a Nevada limited liability company
Bay Pompano	\$125,000	Robert Speckert IRA
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Stark Family Trust dated 4/2/84 c/o Rosalind L. Stark, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	2001 Steinmetz Family Trust c/o Nicholas A. Steinmetz & Cynthia M. Steinmetz, trustees
Bay Pompano	\$100,000	Tony Suarez, an unmarried man
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	James Supple, an unmarried man
Bay Pompano	\$160,000	Alvin M. Swanson & Grace E. Swanson Family Trust dated 9/14/94 c/o Leland K. Swanson & Lena M. Swanson, trustees
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	David J. Tammadge, an unmarried man
Bay Pompano	\$75,000	Jeanette D. Tarantino, a married woman dealing with her sole & separate property

Loan Name	Dollars Invested	Vesting Name
Bay Pompano	\$61,000	First Savings Bank Custodian for Louise Teeter IRA Rollover
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Norman Teeter, a single man
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Michel Tessel
Bay Pompano	\$100,000	Neil Tobias, a married man
Bay Pompano	\$100,000	Warren W. Tripp
Bay Pompano	\$200,000	1994 Turner Family Trust dated 9/23/94 c/o Robert H. Turner & Nancy A. Turner, trustees
Bay Pompano	\$74,000	Universal Management, Inc. c/o Tony Chaudhry
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Lloyd F. Van Sickle, trustee of the Van Sickle Family Trust dated 5/20/99
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Bunny C. Vreeland, an unmarried woman
Bay Pompano	\$100,000	John L. Wade Trust dated 5/8/01 c/o John L. Wade, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$125,000	Frank S. Wasko Revocable Trust dated 5/21/02
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Weible 1981 Trust dated 6/30/81 c/o Ardis Weible & Dean F. Weible Co-trustees
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Gerald R. Weiland & Diana F. Weiland Trust c/o Diana Weiland, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Heather Winchester & William Winchester, husband & wife, JTWROS
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Windisch 1998 Living Trust c/o Frederick P. Windisch, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	First Savings Bank Custodian for Phyllis P. Wyatt IRA
Bay Pompano	\$75,000	Robert J. Yoder Defined Benefit Plan c/o Robert J. Yoder, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Shahriar Zavosh
Bay Pompano	\$100,000	Franz J. Zimmer, trustee of the Franz J. Zimmer Revocable Trust dated 02/05/97
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Terry Zimmerman, trustee of the Terry Audrey Zimmerman Revocable Living Trust dated 9/4/90
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Charles Henry Small Revocable Living Trust c/o Charles H Small, trustee
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Mary Ann Rees IRA
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Suzanne L. Arbogast
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Luther E. Tate, an unmarried man
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Jay E. Hennman Retirement Plan
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Richard D. Luthi Trust dated 5/20/93
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Milton P Kaplan Profit Sharing Plan dated dated c/o Milton P Kaplan, Md, Trustee
Bay Pompano	\$70,000	Stephen F Sobesky, an Unmarried man
Bay Pompano	\$100,000	The Donald S. Tomlin & Dorothy R. Tomlin Revocable Trust dated 10/24/79, c/o Donald S. Tomlin, Dorothy R. Tomlin, & David Wayne Mounier, Co-trustees
Bay Pompano	\$50,000	Sierra Liquidity Fund, LLC
Bay Pompano		D. Nathan Meehan, a married man dealing with his sole & separate property
Binford	\$60,000	Sidney R. Adams & Lisa Adams Investment Acct
Binford	\$50,000	Kenneth Addes & Victoria Addes Co-trustees of the Addes Trust
Binford	\$100,000	First Savings Bank Custodian for Willard Arledge IRA
Binford	\$50,000	Jerry L. Blackman, Sr. & Carolyn N. Blackman Living Trust dated 11/26/01
Binford	\$50,000	Gregory E. Borgel, a married man dealing with his sole and separate property
Binford	\$75,000	Raymond Brathy & Rita Brathy, husband & wife As JTWROS
Binford	\$50,000	Maurice A. Cauchois & Jacqueline M. Cauchois, trustees of the M & J Cauchois Family Trust dated 2/25/93
Binford	\$100,000	Paul G Chelwe, an unmarried man
Binford	\$130,000	Alta Bates Summit Foundation, trustee of the Paul G. Chelwe Charitable Remainder Unitrust III
Binford	\$125,000	Jack R. Clark & Linda C. Reid husband & wife As JTWROS

Loan Name	Dollars Invested	Vesting Name
Fox Hills	\$100,000	John A. Unland & Jane E. Unland, husband & wife, as JTWROS
Fox Hills	\$50,000	George W. Urda, a married man dealing with his sole and separate property
Fox Hills	\$50,000	Jennifer A. Wade, an unmarried woman
Fox Hills	\$50,000	David C. Wahl & Margaret A. Wahl, husband & wife, as JTWROS
Fox Hills	\$200,000	Joseph P. Walls & Ellen Walls, trustees of the Walls Family Trust dated 12/10/97
Fox Hills	\$50,000	Carl M. Warfield & Laura W. Warfield, husband & wife, as JTWROS
Fox Hills	\$50,000	Patricia Ann Webber, trustee of the Webber Family Trust dated 10/31/89
Fox Hills	\$50,000	Ardis Weible & Dean F. Weible Co-trustees of the Weible 1981 Trust dated 6/30/81
Fox Hills	\$50,000	Gregory E. Weir, an unmarried woman
Fox Hills	\$50,000	H. Daniel Whitman, trustee of the Whitman Trust dated 12/1/04
Fox Hills	\$50,000	Wild Water Limited Partnership, A Nevada Partnership
Fox Hills	\$50,000	John L. Willis Jr., an unmarried man
Fox Hills	\$100,000	Heather Winchester & William Winchester, husband & wife, as JTWROS
Fox Hills	\$50,000	Doris E. Winter, trustee of the The Doris E. Winter Trust
Fox Hills	\$50,000	Lisa M. Hollifield
Fox Hills	\$100,000	Joseph L. Melz & Sandra L. Melz
Grammercy	\$90,000	August J. Arenal, Inc., A Nevada Corporation
Grammercy	\$100,000	Darlene Ashdown & Vincent N. Greene, husband & wife As JTWROS
Grammercy	\$100,000	Dr. Henry C. Ayoub, a single man
Grammercy	\$200,000	Richard D. Barzan & Laila J. Barzan, husband & wife, As JTWROS
Grammercy	\$450,000	Jack J. Beaulieu, trustee of the Jack J. Beaulieu Revocable Living Trust dated 9/1/94
Grammercy	\$50,000	Joseph C. Bellan & Verna J. Bellan, trustees of the Joseph C. Bellan & Verna J. Bellan Revocable Living Trust, dated 2/4/00
Grammercy	\$50,000	Thomas E. Bishofberger & Betty T. Bishofberger, trustees of the Bishofberger Restated Family Trust U/A 9/8/95
Grammercy	\$50,000	Valon R. Bishop, trustee of the Valon R. Bishop Trust dated 5/7/03
Grammercy	\$67,000	Daryl L. Blanck & Yvonne M. Blanck, trustees of the Daryl Blanck & Yvonne Blanck Trust dated 3/23/94
Grammercy	\$100,000	Michael S. Blau & Shamiran Blau, husband & wife As JTWROS
Grammercy	\$50,000	Marshall J. Brecht & Janet L. Brecht, trustees of the Marshall J. Brecht Trust dated 2/5/86
Grammercy	\$75,000	June F. Brehm, an unmarried woman
Grammercy	\$50,000	Michael R. Brines & Cindy G. Brines, trustees of the Michael R. Brines & Cindy G. Brines Revocable Family Trust U/A dated 11/5/94
Grammercy	\$50,000	Donald E. Briney, trustee of the Briney Family Exemption Trust dated 11/5/82
Grammercy	\$100,000	Larry M. Brown & Marie S. Brown, husband & wife, As JTWROS
Grammercy	\$100,000	First Savings Bank Custodian For Edward Burgess IRA
Grammercy	\$50,000	Richard L. Cadieux & Clara M. Cadieux, husband & wife, As JTWROS
Grammercy	\$50,000	Ronald R. Carter & Leslie A. Carter, trustees of the Ronald R. Carter & Leslie A. Carter Revocable Trust dated 10/24/91
Grammercy	\$50,000	Richard F. Casey, III & Kathlyn A. Casey, trustees of the Casey Family Trust
Grammercy	\$50,000	Constantyn Chaltisios, an unmarried man
Grammercy	\$110,000	Robert T. Chylak & Barbara M. Chylak, trustees of the Robert T. Chylak & Barbara M. Chylak Family Trust dated 10/30/90
Grammercy	\$200,000	Classic Plumbing, A Nevada Company
Grammercy	\$50,000	Clawitter Associates, LLC, A California Limited Liability Company
Grammercy	\$100,000	Shirley M. Collins, trustee As her sole & separate property Under The Collins Family Trust dated 1/29/83
Grammercy	\$100,000	Donald W. Cook, trustee of the Donald W. Cook Trust

Loan Name	Dollars Invested	Vesting Name
Grammercy	\$100,000	Sam Costanza, trustee of the Costanza 1987 Decedent's Trust
Grammercy	\$50,000	Sam Costanza, trustee of the Costanza 1987 Survivor's Trust dated 3/12/87
Grammercy	\$50,000	Kevon Cottrell & Karen Cottrell, husband & wife, As JTWR0S
Grammercy	\$50,000	Leslie Shane Daniel & Denise M. Daniel husband & wife As JTWR0S
Grammercy	\$100,000	Mark A. Daniel & Cathy A. Daniel, trustees of the Daniel Living Trust As Amended dated 1/9/88
Grammercy	\$50,000	Frank Davenport, a single man
Grammercy	\$150,000	Tracy A. Deberry, an unmarried man
Grammercy	\$75,000	Perisco Trust Company Custodian for Gary Deppe-IRA
Grammercy	\$60,000	Dwayne H. Deutscher & Michelle T. Deutscher, husband & wife, As JTWR0S
Grammercy	\$800,000	Duane U. Devenill, trustee of the Nevada Freedom Corp. PSP dated 10/1/90 Amended 9/1/95 FBO Duane U. Devenill
Grammercy	\$350,000	Duane U. Devenill, trustee of the Nevada Freedom Corp. PSP dated 10/1/90 Amended 9/1/95 FBO Debra L. Devenill
Grammercy	\$50,000	Robert Dithias & Louise G. Sherk, trustees of the Louise G. Sherk, M.D., a Medical Corporation, Employee Benefit Plan Trust
Grammercy	\$50,000	Eric C. Disbrow, trustee of the Eric C. Disbrow M.D., Inc. Profit Sharing Plan
Grammercy	\$50,000	Elizabeth P. Dokken-Baxter, trustee of the Elizabeth P. Dokken Trust dated 1/27/83
Grammercy	\$50,000	Michael Donahue, a married man, as his sole & separate property
Grammercy	\$50,000	Glenn M. Donahue & Carrie Donahue, trustees of the Glenn & Carrie Donahue Living Trust dated 4/30/94
Grammercy	\$50,000	D. Joseph Doucet & Louise M. Doucet, trustees of the D. Joseph & Louise M. Doucet 1989 Trust dated 3/30/89
Grammercy	\$150,000	Daniel Drubin & Laura Drubin husband & wife As JTWR0S
Grammercy	\$50,000	Charles B. Dunn, IV, trustee of the Charles B. Dunn, IV Trust dated 8/12/05
Grammercy	\$100,000	Ellen V. Dustman & Oliver Henry, husband & wife As JTWR0S
Grammercy	\$50,000	Wayne A. Dutt & Cynthia Deann Dutt, trustees of the Wayne A. Dutt Trust
Grammercy	\$50,000	First Savings Bank Custodian for Robert D. Earp IRA
Grammercy	\$50,000	Allan R. Eisenbach & Jayne M. Eisenbach, husband & wife, As JTWR0S
Grammercy	\$100,000	First Savings Bank Custodian For Lamberto Eugenio IRA
Grammercy	\$90,000	John P. Everett, a married man dealing with his sole & separate property
Grammercy	\$100,000	Denise F. Fager, trustee of the Denise F. Fager Revocable Trust Under Agreement dated 2/28/03
Grammercy	\$100,000	Patrick F. Fenlon & Angela B. Fenlon, husband & wife, As JTWR0S
Grammercy	\$100,000	Bernard L. Finley & Jacklyn Finley, husband & wife As JTWR0S
Grammercy	\$50,000	Richard T. Fiory, trustee of the Richard T. Fiory Revocable Trust dated 5/30/01
Grammercy	\$50,000	Edwin L. Foreman & Dianne E. Foreman, trustees of the Edwin & Dianne Foreman Trust
Grammercy	\$50,000	James W. Forsythe & Earlene M. Forsythe, husband & wife, As JTWR0S
Grammercy	\$200,000	Susan F. Gackebach, trustee of the Susan F. Stein Trust dated 2/12/00
Grammercy	\$100,000	Gale Gladstone-Katz, trustee of the Gale Gladstone-Katz Revocable Living Trust dated 12/10/03
Grammercy	\$50,000	Sylvia M. Good, trustee of the Sylvia M. Good Survivor's Trust Established Under The Sam Good Family Trust dated 6/25/86 As Amended & Restated
Grammercy	\$50,000	Michael John Goodwin, an unmarried man
Grammercy	\$50,000	Kelly L. Hadland & Karen J. Hadland, husband & wife, As JTWR0S
Grammercy	\$100,000	T. Claire Harper, trustee of the T. Claire Harper Family Trust dated 2/28/84 c/o Charles Harper, executor
Grammercy	\$50,000	Earl Hauserman & Bette Hauserman, husband & wife As JTWR0S
Grammercy	\$50,000	Edwin L. Hausler, Jr., trustee of the Edwin Lowell Hausler, Jr., Living Trust dated 1/3/92
Grammercy	\$50,000	Donald A. Hermann & Nancy E. Hermann, husband & wife As JTWR0S
Grammercy	\$100,000	Christopher Hine & Nancy D. Hine, trustees of the Hine Family Trust

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Loan Name	Dollars Invested	Vesting Name
Grammercy	\$60,000	First Savings Bank Custodian For Jay P. Hingst IRA
Grammercy	\$75,000	Earl Howsley, Jr., a married man dealing with his sole & separate property
Grammercy	\$50,000	John A. Ippolito & Patricia M. Ippolito, trustees of the Ippolito Family Trust dated 8/31/89
Grammercy	\$50,000	Stephen C. Irwin, an unmarried man
Grammercy	\$50,000	Richard J. Kane & Dianne M. Kane, husband & wife, As JTWR0S
Grammercy	\$122,000	Aimee E. Kearns, trustee of the KM Trust aka Aimee E. Kearns, trustee of the A. E. Trust
Grammercy	\$50,000	First Savings Bank Custodian For Lindsey H. Kesler Jr. IRA
Grammercy	\$50,000	Frederick W. Kewell II, trustee of the Barbara J. Kewell Trust dated 7/18/89
Grammercy	\$50,000	Evelyn Kitt, a single woman
Grammercy	\$50,000	Gregor Kloenne & Odile M. Kloenne, trustees of the Kloenne Living Trust dated 3/1/87
Grammercy	\$50,000	G. Robert Knoles & Christina G. Knoles husband & wife As JTWR0S
Grammercy	\$50,000	Harvey A. Kornhaber, a single man
Grammercy	\$50,000	Dina Ladd, a single woman
Grammercy	\$50,000	Leslie S. Lanes, a married woman As Her Sole & Separate Property
Grammercy	\$75,000	Andrew J. Lembersky, an unmarried man
Grammercy	\$50,000	Robert Levy & Renee Levy, trustees of the RNR Living Trust dated 10/1/04
Grammercy	\$50,000	First Savings Bank Custodian For Henri L. Louvigny IRA
Grammercy	\$50,000	Thomas D. Lynch President of the Thomas D. Lynch Family Foundation
Grammercy	\$50,000	John Manter, an unmarried man
Grammercy	\$50,000	Gilbert Manuel, trustee of the Gilbert Manuel Living Trust dated 1/3/92
Grammercy	\$50,000	Joseph F. McMullin & Pearl A. McMullin, husband & wife, as JTWR0S
Grammercy	\$50,000	Christiane Mendini-Baker, trustee of the Christiane Mendini-Baker Revocable Trust
Grammercy	\$100,000	Jack R. Mennis & Susan A. Mennis, husband & wife, As JTWR0S
Grammercy	\$50,000	Albert Montero, trustee of the Albert Montero Family Trust UIA dated 11/3/94
Grammercy	\$50,000	Rudolph W. Moreno & Beatriz Moreno, husband & wife As JTWR0S
Grammercy	\$50,000	Anne Marie Mueller, trustee of the Anne Marie Mueller Trust
Grammercy	\$50,000	Jean H. Murray, trustee of the Jean H. Murray Separate Property Trust dated 9/12/02
Grammercy	\$100,000	Dominique Naylor, an unmarried woman
Grammercy	\$50,000	Ronald Douglas Neal, a married man dealing with his sole & separate property
Grammercy	\$50,000	James S. Nelson, a married man dealing with his sole & separate property
Grammercy	\$50,000	Freda Newman, trustee of the Freda Newman Trust dated 7/26/84
Grammercy	\$75,000	Daniel D. Newman, trustee of the Daniel D. Newman Trust dated 11/1/82
Grammercy	\$50,000	First Savings Bank Custodian For Frank T. Novak IRA
Grammercy	\$50,000	Olga O'Buch, trustee of the Olga O'Buch Trust dated 5/28/98
Grammercy	\$50,000	Robert H. O'Connor & Cathleen B. O'Connor, trustees of the O'Connor Revocable Trust Utd 9/17/97
Grammercy	\$150,000	Robert L. Ogren, trustee for the benefit of the Robert L. Ogren Trust dated 6/30/92
Grammercy	\$150,000	Adrian J.R. Oosthuizen, a married man dealing with his sole & separate property
Grammercy	\$50,000	David A. Palmer, trustee UA 2/13/90 for the benefit of the Palmer Family Trust
Grammercy	\$50,000	Young Jin Park, a married woman & Sejin Park, a married man As JTWR0S
Grammercy	\$100,000	Olynnda Parmer, trustee of the Olynnda Long Living Trust dated 11/18/80
Grammercy	\$50,000	Shirley Payne, an unmarried woman

Loan Name	Dollars Invested	Vesting Name
Grammercy	\$50,000	Robert H. Perlman & Lynn R. Perlman, trustees of the Robert H. Perlman & Lynn R. Perlman Trust dated 9/17/92
Grammercy	\$100,000	Michael E. Pile, a single man
Grammercy	\$50,000	Clair W. Potter, trustee of the Clair W. Potter Trust
Grammercy	\$50,000	First Savings Bank Custodian For James C. Presswood IRA
Grammercy	\$100,000	Justin D. Rafferty & Patricia L. Lewis, trustees of the The Lewis/Rafferty Family Trust dated 6/25/97
Grammercy	\$100,000	Dennis Raggi, a married man dealing with his sole & separate property
Grammercy	\$50,000	Moshe Ram & Barbara Ram, trustees for the benefit of the Ram Family Trust dated 6/22/01
Grammercy	\$50,000	Jack L. Rankin, a married man dealing with his sole & separate property
Grammercy	\$50,000	Lawrence Rausch, a married man As his sole & separate property
Grammercy	\$60,000	Donald E. Redmon & Jaylyle Redmon, trustees of the Donald E. Redmon & Jaylyle Redmon Family Trust dated 10/31/95
Grammercy	\$63,000	First Savings Bank Custodian for Noel E. Rees IRA
Grammercy	\$50,000	Harvey Andrew Rineer III, trustee For The Harvey Andrew Rineer III Trust UTA dated 11/15/02
Grammercy	\$50,000	Lee Rotchy, trustee of the Lee Rotchy Trust dated 12/5/00
Grammercy	\$50,000	Ingrid A. Rutherford, trustee of the Ingrid A. Rutherford Family Trust dated 7/8/99
Grammercy	\$250,000	Burton M. Sack, a married man dealing with his sole & separate property
Grammercy	\$50,000	William E. Schnadt & Janet E. Schnadt, trustees of the Schnadt Trust dated 6/18/93
Grammercy	\$50,000	David W. Sexton & Pamela K. Sexton, husband & wife, As JTWR0S
Grammercy	\$60,000	Carey B. Sigmen & Lisa K. Sigmen, trustees of the Carey B. Sigmen & Lisa K. Sigmen Trust dated 3/3/97
Grammercy	\$50,000	Alan R. Simmons & Judith B. Simmons, husband & wife, As JTWR0S
Grammercy	\$50,000	Richard Small & Jacqueline Small, trustees of the Small Family Trust
Grammercy	\$50,000	Herbert Sonnenklar & Norma R. Sonnenklar, husband & wife, As JTWR0S
Grammercy	\$105,000	Robert S. Speckert, trustee of the Robert S. Speckert Revocable Living Trust dated 6/11/92
Grammercy	\$100,000	Floyd M. Spindle, an unmarried man Transfer On Death To Floyd Spindle Jr.
Grammercy	\$50,000	Donald Swezey & Beverly W. Swezey, trustee of the Donald Swezey & Beverly W. Swezey Trust dated 2/20/01
Grammercy	\$250,000	Preswick Corp, A Nevada Corporation
Grammercy	\$54,000	First Savings Bank Custodian for Louise Teeter IRA Rollover
Grammercy	\$50,000	Lawrence H. Tengan & Lorraine K. Tengan, trustees of the Lawrence H. Tengan & Lorraine K. Tengan Revocable Trust
Grammercy	\$55,000	TGBA Properties
Grammercy	\$50,000	David M. Thatcher, a single man
Grammercy	\$350,000	Donald S. Tomlin & Dorothy R. Tomlin, trustees of the Donald S. Tomlin & Dorothy R. Tomlin Revocable Trust dated 10/24/79, (c/o David Wayne Mounier,
Grammercy	\$100,000	Robert W. Ulm, trustee of the Robert W. Ulm Living Trust dated 4/11/05
Grammercy	\$75,000	Lloyd F. Van Sickle, trustee of the Van Sickle Family Trust dated 5/20/99
Grammercy	\$50,000	Marietta Voglis, a married woman dealing with her sole & separate property
Grammercy	\$50,000	Joseph P. Walls & Ellen Walls, trustees of the Walls Family Trust dated 12/10/97
Grammercy	\$50,000	Delbert Watkins & Mary Ann Watkins, trustees of the Watkins Family Trust dated 7/24/92
Grammercy	\$50,000	Diana F. Weiland, trustee for the benefit of Gerald R. Weiland & Diana F. Weiland Trust
Grammercy	\$50,000	LK Wolfe Family, Lp. A Nevada Limited Partnership
Grammercy	\$50,000	James C. Wu & Jeanne K. Wu, trustees of the Wu Family Trust dated 06/19/91
Grammercy	\$100,000	Kenneth H. Wyatt & Phyllis P. Wyatt, trustees of the Kenneth H. & Phyllis P. Wyatt Family Trust
Grammercy	\$200,000	Zawacki, A California LLC
Grammercy	\$100,000	Evo Zepponi & Billie Zepponi, trustees of the Evo E. Zepponi & Billie D. Zepponi Family Trust Under Agreement dated 2/9/93

Loan Name	Dollars Invested	Vesting Name
Grammercy	\$125,000	Anthony J. Zerbo, an unmarried man
Grammercy	\$50,000	Marshall R. Zerbo, a single man
Grammercy	\$100,000	Franz J. Zimmer, trustee of the Franz J. Zimmer Revocable Trust dated 02/05/97
Harbor Gtown	\$50,000	Al-Awar Living Trust dated 04/05/01 c/o Adib M Al-Awar & Ellen A Al-Awar, Co-trustees
Harbor Gtown	\$100,000	R. L. Allgeier Family Trust dated 10/4/97 c/o Robert L. Allgeier & Donna L. Allgeier, trustees
Harbor Gtown	\$50,000	David Barker & Lisa Barker
Harbor Gtown	\$50,000	Bischofberger Restated Family Trust U/A 9/8/95 c/o Thomas E. Bischofberger & Betty T. Bischofberger, trustees
Harbor Gtown	\$50,000	Botton Living Trust dated 11/17/00 c/o William D. Botton, trustee
Harbor Gtown	\$50,000	Glen J. Brecht Trust dated 1/24/85 c/o Glen J. Brecht & Janine K. Brecht, trustees
Harbor Gtown	\$50,000	Marshall J. Brecht Trust dated 2/5/86 c/o Marshall J. Brecht & Janet L. Brecht, trustees
Harbor Gtown	\$50,000	June F. Brehm, an unmarried woman
Harbor Gtown	\$50,000	Michael R. Brines & Cindy G. Brines Revocable Family Trust U/A dated 11/5/94 c/o Michael R. Brines & Cindy G. Brines, trustees
Harbor Gtown	\$50,000	John S. Broders, an unmarried man
Harbor Gtown	\$50,000	Peter W. Capone & Deidre D. Capone, husband & wife, As JTWRORS
Harbor Gtown	\$50,000	Tracy A. Deberry, an unmarried man
Harbor Gtown	\$150,000	First Savings Bank Custodian For James N. Deglandon IRA
Harbor Gtown	\$50,000	Humberto D'Elia
Harbor Gtown	\$100,000	Doerr Family Trust dated 9/12/02 c/o Linda Patrucco Doerr, trustee
Harbor Gtown	\$100,000	First Savings Bank Custodian For Mary H. Earp IRA
Harbor Gtown	\$50,000	Jonathan M. Eller & Carol A. Eller
Harbor Gtown	\$100,000	Denise F. Fager Revocable Trust Under Agreement dated 2/28/03 c/o Denise F. Fager, trustee
Harbor Gtown	\$100,000	Marguerite Falkenberg 2000 Trust dated 6/20/00 c/o Marguerite Falkenberg, trustee
Harbor Gtown	\$50,000	James W. Forsythe & Earlene M. Forsythe, husband & wife, As JTWRORS
Harbor Gtown	\$75,000	Gale Gladstone-Katz Revocable Living Trust dated 12/10/03 c/o Gale Gladstone-Katz, trustee
Harbor Gtown	\$200,000	Graham Family Trust dated 10/26/78 c/o Robin B. Graham & Celia Allen-Graham, trustees
Harbor Gtown	\$50,000	Susan C. Grush a single woman
Harbor Gtown	\$50,000	Hansen Family Trust dated 6/6/89 c/o Kenneth L. Hansen & Donna J. Hansen
Harbor Gtown	\$75,000	Hine Family Trust c/o Christopher Hine & Nancy D. Hine Tru
Harbor Gtown	\$100,000	Richard Ianni, an unmarried man
Harbor Gtown	\$50,000	Janice Janis, trustee of the Janice Janis Living Trust dated 2/3/99
Harbor Gtown	\$250,000	Leif A. Johansen & Roberta K. Johansen, trustees of the Johansen Family Trust dated 10/23/87; As Amended 6/11/04
Harbor Gtown	\$60,000	Kaneda Living Trust dated 5/30/02 c/o K. Ken Kaneda & Brigitte Arend-Kaneda
Harbor Gtown	\$50,000	Evelyn Kitt a single woman
Harbor Gtown	\$75,000	Richard Kleinbaum & Jennifer Kleinbaum
Harbor Gtown	\$50,000	Bernard Kloeene Living Trust dated dated 10/10/1986, Bernard A. Kloeene, trustee
Harbor Gtown	\$100,000	Gary Larson & Dolores Larson husband & wife As JTWRORS
Harbor Gtown	\$50,000	Lehrmann Family Trust dated 4/19/86 c/o Larry D. Lehrmann & Kathleen F. Lehr
Harbor Gtown	\$50,000	Steve Lindquist Charitable Remainder Unitrust dated 09/09/96 c/o Steve Lindquist, trustee
Harbor Gtown	\$50,000	Mallin Family Trust dated 7/12/99 c/o John Robert Mallin, Jr. & Marie Theresa Mallin, trustees
Harbor Gtown	\$50,000	D. Nathan Meehan, a married man dealing with his sole & separate property
Harbor Gtown	\$100,000	Teri L. Melvin

Loan Name	Dollars Invested	Vesting Name
Ocean Atlantic 9.425	\$50,000	Patricia Ann Webber, trustee of the Webber Family Trust dated 10/31/89
Ocean Atlantic 9.425	\$50,000	The Welcher Family Trust dated 7/13/99 c/o Andrew A. Welcher & Rosanne Welcher, trustees
Ocean Atlantic 9.425	\$50,000	John L. Willis Jr., an unmarried man
Ocean Atlantic 9.425	\$50,000	Zawacki, A California LLC
Ocean Atlantic 9.425	\$50,000	Lisa M Hollifield
Ocean Atlantic 2.7	\$25,000	Darlene Ashdown & Vincent N. Greene, husband & wife As JTWROS
Ocean Atlantic 2.7	\$250,000	Robert B Bender & Paula S. Bender, husband & wife JTWROS
Ocean Atlantic 2.7	\$50,000	The Chiappetta Trust dated 4/1/03
Ocean Atlantic 2.7	\$500,000	Citizen Printing Company Inc. Citizen Investment Account
Ocean Atlantic 2.7	\$50,000	Panagiotis Dovanidis, a single man & Dimitra Dovanidou, a married woman dealing with her sole & separate property, As JTWROS
Ocean Atlantic 2.7	\$150,000	Raymond J. Eberlin & Karen Eberlin
Ocean Atlantic 2.7	\$150,000	Sagrario T. Evers Living Trust dated 5/1/01 c/o Sagrario T. Evers, trustee
Ocean Atlantic 2.7	\$25,000	Dionisio A. Fernandes, Md & Fiola Fernandes
Ocean Atlantic 2.7	\$75,000	Foxcroft Living Trust dated 1/10/02 c/o Fred J. Foxcroft & Roberta Foxcroft, trustees
Ocean Atlantic 2.7	\$40,000	Gold Rush Lounge- Inc.
Ocean Atlantic 2.7	\$25,000	The James F. Lawrence & Aila Lawrence Revocable Trust dated 1-19-04
Ocean Atlantic 2.7	\$50,000	Lly Markham, a married woman dealing with her sole & separate property, & Irene Anne Markham-Taloya, a married woman dealing with her sole &
Ocean Atlantic 2.7	\$100,000	Rosalie Allen Morgan Trust dated 1/31/03
Ocean Atlantic 2.7	\$150,000	John & Janet Mrasz Trust dated 12/2/04, John & Janet Mrasz Trust c/o John T. Mrasz & Janet
Ocean Atlantic 2.7	\$100,000	O'Connor Revocable Trust Utd 9/17/97 c/o Robert H. O'Connor & Cathleen B. O'Connor, trustees
Ocean Atlantic 2.7	\$25,000	Carol J Pruner, trustee of the Carol J Pruner Trust dated 11/24/99
Ocean Atlantic 2.7	\$45,000	Phillip M. Rulon & Shirley S. Rulon
Ocean Atlantic 2.7	\$25,000	Sanchez Living Trust dated 10/13/03 c/o Randy M. Sanchez & Sharon Sanchez, trustees
Ocean Atlantic 2.7	\$25,000	Alan R. Simmons & Judith B. Simmons, husband & wife, As JTWROS
Ocean Atlantic 2.7	\$60,000	Carmine Spinelli & Anna Spinelli, husband & wife as JTWROS
Ocean Atlantic 2.7	\$95,000	Maria Spinelli, a single woman
Ocean Atlantic 2.7	\$90,000	Michael Spinelli, a single man
Ocean Atlantic 2.7	\$25,000	Sterling Tom, trustee of the Tom Trust
Ocean Atlantic 2.7	\$25,000	Whitman Trust dated 12/1/04 c/o H. Daniel Whitman, trustee
Ocean Atlantic 2.7	\$25,000	Gregory D. Yonai Family Trust C/O Gregory D. Yonai, trustee
Ocean Atlantic 2.7	\$30,000	First Trus Co. of Onaga Custodia For Janice Mills, IRA
Ocean Atlantic 2.7	\$50,000	Kathy John & Tina Eden As Joint Tenants
Ocean Atlantic 2.7	\$40,000	Giovanni Spinelli Trust c/o Michele Spinelli, trustee
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Gloria Weiner Adams Revocable Trust Date 6-8-2005
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	First Savings Bank Custodian For Kenneth Addees IRA
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Michel F. Aiello & Patricia A. Aiello Trust Date 10/4/94 c/o Michel F. Aiello & Patricia A. Aie
Palm Harbor I	\$100,000	Steven C. Altman
Palm Harbor I	\$100,000	August J. Amara, Inc. A Nevada Corporation
Palm Harbor I	\$70,000	Pensco Trust Company Custodian for Robert S. Angel IRA
Palm Harbor I	\$100,000	John P. Aquino & Lisa Aquino
Palm Harbor I	\$250,000	Arbogast Family Trust c/o Rodney J. Arbogast & Donna Arbogast

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Loan Name	Dollars Invested	Vesting Name
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Darlene Ashdown & Vincent N. Greene, husband & wife As JTWROS
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	1994 Robert Asselin & Mary Asselin Family Trust c/o Robert J. Asselin & Mary E. Asselin
Palm Harbor I	\$75,000	Dr. Henry C. Ayoub, a single man
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Backes Family Trust dated 8/8/88 c/o Paul P. Backes & Loretta D. Backes Co-trustees
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Don L. Barnes & Miriam M. Tucker-Barnes, husband and wife as JTWROS
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Gary R. Barton & Mavis J. Barton husband & wife As JTWROS
Palm Harbor I	\$100,000	David P. Bettenridge, a single man
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Jerry L. Blackman-Sr. & Carolyn N. Blackman Living Trust dated 11/26/01
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Donald W. Brehm
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	June F. Brehm, an unmarried woman
Palm Harbor I	\$65,000	Briney Family Exemption Trust dated 11/5/82 c/o Donald E. Briney, trustee
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	First Savings Bank Custodian For Edward Burgess IRA
Palm Harbor I	\$100,000	Richard L. Cadieux & Clara M. Cadieux, husband & wife, As JTWROS
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	A William Ceglia
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Robert J. Centanni-Sr. & Susan R. Centanni
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Eunice O. Chapman
Palm Harbor I	\$100,000	Jack R. Clark & Linda C. Reid husband & wife As JTWROS
Palm Harbor I	\$100,000	George S. Cohan & Natalie H. Cohan Family Trust dated 4/1/03 c/o George S. Cohan, trustee
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Cohen Living Trust dated 3/6/90 c/o Irwin Cohen & Marilyn T. Cohen, trustees
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Thomas Raymond Conway & Victoria C. E. Conway husband & wife As JTWROS
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	April Corley Trust dated 4/25/05, April M. Corley, trustee
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Billy James Corley Revocable Living Trus c/o Billy James Corley, trustee
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Iris G. Corley Trust dated 9/19/84, Iris G. Corley, trustee
Palm Harbor I	\$100,000	Costanza 1987 Survivor's Trust dated 3/12/87 c/o Sam Costanza, trustee
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Craner Family Trust Under Agreement dated 2/23/99 c/o Gareth A. R. Craner, trustee
Palm Harbor I	\$80,000	Charles D. Cunningham & Susan M. Cunningham
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Dakota Trust dated 9/16/96 c/o Jerry L. Gege & Darlene C. Gege, trustees
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Deborah A. Daniel
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Leslie Shane Daniel & Denise M. Daniel husband & wife As JTWROS
Palm Harbor I	\$150,000	Andrew Dauscher & Ellen Dauscher husband & wife As JTWROS
Palm Harbor I	\$100,000	Marrice L. Davis & Nanci E. Davis, husband & wife
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Gary Deppa a single man
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Dwayne H. Deutscher & Michelle T. Deutscher, husband & wife, As JTWROS
Palm Harbor I	\$100,000	Dennis A. Devito, a married man
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Thomas Di Jorio & Antonette Di Jorio, husband & wife
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Helmur R. Dobeck & Eloise A. Dobeck
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Mark A. Dolginoff Separate Property Trust
Palm Harbor I	\$25,000	Daniel T. Drubin IRA
Palm Harbor I	\$40,000	Daniel T. Drubin Sep IRA
Palm Harbor I	\$100,000	Daniel T. Drubin & Laura Drubin husband & wife As JTWROS
Palm Harbor I	\$300,000	Dunbar Revocable Living Trust dated 11/21/98, c/o Donald C. Dunbar & Wanda Dunbar, trustees

Loan Name	Dollars Invested	Vesting Name
Palm Harbor I	\$150,000	Wayne A. Dutt Trust c/o Wayne A. Dutt & Cynthia Deann Dutt, trustees
Palm Harbor I	\$75,000	Mary H. Earp IRA
Palm Harbor I	\$57,000	Schwartz & Earp Joint Venture
Palm Harbor I	\$115,000	Raymond J. Eberlin & Karen Eberlin, husband & wife as JTWR0S
Palm Harbor I	\$100,000	Marguerite Falkenberg 2000 Trust dated 6/20/00 c/o Marguerite Falkenberg, trustee
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Allen K. Forbes
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	RGF Revocable Trust c/o Robert G. Fuller, trustee
Palm Harbor I	\$100,000	Fuller Family Trust dated 5/29/97 c/o Theodore J. Fuller & Joan L. Fuller, trustees
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Frederick D. Garth & Blair F. Garth
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Thomton Garth & Sharon R. Garth
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Nancy R. Gilmour IRA
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Gonska Foundation, LLC
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	William Harrison Goulding & Elizabeth R. Goulding
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Larry E. Hanan Revocable Trust dated 5/2 c/o Larry E. Hanan
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	T. Claire Harper Family Trust dated 2/28/84 c/o Charles Harper, trustee
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Kevin J. Haselhorst
Palm Harbor I	\$100,000	Brooke Ann Hawley & Stephen Hawley
Palm Harbor I	\$100,000	Helfner Family Trust dated 9/10/02 c/o Michael T. Helfner & Barbara C. Helfner, trustees
Palm Harbor I	\$300,000	Hemdon Family Trust dated 05/29/1997 c/o Brian K. Hemdon & Sharon L. Hemd
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Edward O. High, an unmarried man
Palm Harbor I	\$60,000	The Ruby M. Hill Family Trust dated Deca
Palm Harbor I	\$75,000	Holder Revocable Trust dated 10/21/91 c/o Ralph C. Holder & Naomi S. Holder Tr
Palm Harbor I	\$100,000	Horizon Investment Management-Llc
Palm Harbor I	\$90,000	Earl Howsley Jr
Palm Harbor I	\$100,000	Hubbard Trust dated 7/29/1998 c/o George W. Hubbard & Carol N. Hubba
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Suzanne L. Hudson, a single woman, & Carolyn J. Chrzastek, a single woman, as JTWR0S
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Richard Ianni, an unmarried man
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Johnston Trust dated 9/7/85 c/o Rodney L. Johnston & Diane E. John
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Kaneda Living Trust dated 5/30/02 c/o K. Ken Kaneda & Brigitte Arend-Kaneda
Palm Harbor I	\$100,000	Klay Living Trust dated 7/11/90 c/o Othmar Klay & Christine Klay, Trus
Palm Harbor I	\$75,000	Bernard Kloeene Living Trust dated dated 10/10/1986, Bernard A. Kloeene, trustee
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	G. Robert Knoles & Christina G. Knoles husband & wife As JTWR0S
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Stephen V. Kowalski & Maria T. Sutherland husband & wife As JTWR0S
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Donald H. Kwiatkowski & Sandra L. Kwiatk
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Dina Ladd, a single woman
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Stephen Lincoln & Patricia Lincoln, trustees of the Stephen & Patricia Lincoln Trust dated 8/21/03
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Douglas Littrell & Joan Littrell, husband & wife, As JTWR0S
Palm Harbor I	\$70,000	Ivan Loebis
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Erika G. Lynn
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Christopher A. Marando & Noreen E. Marando
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Pamela Jean Marton

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Loan Name	Dollars Invested	Vesting Name
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Gerald Marts & Linda R. Marts
Palm Harbor I	\$100,000	Morris Massey
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Mayo Family Trust c/o Monroe Mayo & Louise Mayo, trustees
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Alicia McBride & Marlon McBride
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	McMullan Living Trust dated 8/19/94 c/o Dale J. McMullan
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Joseph J. Melz & Linda M. Melz
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Albert J. Mineconzo Living Trust dated 11/4/97 c/o Albert J. Mineconzo, trustee
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Minter Family 1994 Trust c/o Douglas Minter & Elizabeth F. Minter
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	William H. & Donna R. Morgan Living Trust c/o William H. Morgan & Donna R. Morgan, trustees
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Frank J. Murphy & Margaret F. Murphy
Palm Harbor I	\$75,000	The Murphy Family Trust c/o Dr. James & Tracy Murphy, trustees
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Musso Living Trust dated 11/30/92 c/o Walter Musso & Barbara Musso, trustees
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Newman Family Trust dated 9/30/97 c/o Larry J. Newman & Elsie D. Newman, trustees
Palm Harbor I	\$75,000	Marvin Nicole-IRA
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Novak Living Trust dated 10/21/97 c/o Frank T. Novak & Patricia A. Novak, trustees
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Henry & Mengia Obermuller Trust dated 9/14/90 c/o Henry J. Obermuller & Mengia K. Obermuller, trustees
Palm Harbor I	\$60,000	Robert L. Ogren, trustee for the benefit of the Robert L. Ogren Trust dated 6/30/92
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Irene R. O'Hare Trust dated 7/28/88
Palm Harbor I	\$100,000	John E. O'Riordan & Sonhild A. O'Riordan, JTROS
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Ott Family Revocable Trust dated 4-29-98 c/o Franklin D. Ott & Kathryn R. Ott,
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Shirley Payne, an unmarried woman
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Leland T. Pearce & Isabelle J. Pearce
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Robert L. Pech & Judith G. Pech, trustees of the Robert L. Pech & Judith G. Pech Family Trust dated 9/5/96
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Ronald C. Phelps Trust dated 10/19/01, c/o Ronald C. Phelps, trustee
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Betty J. Phenix
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Michael E. Pile, a single man
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Martha W. Potter Revocable Trust c/o Martha W. Potter, trustee
Palm Harbor I	\$60,000	Jean G. Richards Trust dated 9/30/1999 c/o Jean G. Richards, trustee
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Brooks H. & Dee Dee Robinson
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Robert R. Rodriguez, an unmarried man
Palm Harbor I	\$150,000	Robert Roeder & Patricia Roeder, husband & wife as JTROS
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Michele L. Marson-Ruiz & Philip J. Ruiz, husband & wife as JTROS
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Ingrid A. Rutherford, trustee of the Ingrid A. Rutherford Family Trust dated 7/8/99
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Ronald F. Ryan & Mary A. Ryan, husband & wife, as JTROS
Palm Harbor I	\$200,000	Mark A. Saucedo, an unmarried man
Palm Harbor I	\$100,000	Abraham Serouya
Palm Harbor I	\$100,000	Donald E. Shoup & Sharon K. Shoup, husband & wife, As JTROS
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Alan R. Simmons & Judith B. Simmons, husband & wife, As JTROS
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Oliver F. Smith Incorporated Profit Sharing Plan
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Sovereign Capital Advisors, LLC Stanley Tara, a Nevada limited liability company
Palm Harbor I	\$100,000	Robert S. Speckert, trustee of the Robert S. Speckert Revocable Living Trust dated 6/11/92

Loan Name	Dollars Invested	Vesting Name
Palm Harbor I	\$60,000	Peter E. Sprock 2001 Trust c/o Peter E. Sprock, trustee
Palm Harbor I	\$200,000	Jay S. Stein Charitable Remainder Unitrust
Palm Harbor I	\$100,000	Stewart Family Trust dated 1/15/98 c/o Michael D. Stewart & Mary Jude Stewart, trustees
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Lesley Stricker, a widow
Palm Harbor I	\$100,000	Sunrise Mini-Storage
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	T-2 Enterprises LLC c/o Manager Warren W Tripp
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	T-3 Enterprises LLC c/o Manager Warren W Tripp
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Taylor Living Trust dated 2/27/98 c/o Kerry S. Taylor & Joyce L. Taylor, trustees
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Gregory R. Thompson
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Lynnette S. Thurman & John H. Thurman
Palm Harbor I	\$85,000	Tomczak Family Trust dated 4/25/83 c/o Sigmund L. Tomczak & Diana Tomczak, trustees
Palm Harbor I	\$100,000	Robert C. Toombes & Patsy G. Toombes, husband and wife as JTROS
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Gary E. Tucker & Linda L. Tucker, husband & wife As JTROS
Palm Harbor I	\$95,000	Peggy Ann Valley IRA
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Weible 1981 Trust dated 6/30/81 c/o Ardis Weible & Dean F. Weible Co-trustees
Palm Harbor I	\$100,000	Gerald R. Weiland & Diana F. Weiland Trust
Palm Harbor I	\$75,000	Windisch 1998 Living Trust c/o Frederick P. Windisch, trustee
Palm Harbor I	\$50,000	Terry Thomas Young
Palm Harbor I	\$65,000	First Savings Bank custodian for Craig Zager Sep IRA
Palm Harbor I	\$400,000	Serra Liquidity Fund, LLC
Placer Vineyards I	\$50,000	Arthur V. Adams Trust dated 9/12/97 c/o Arthur V. Adams, trustee
Placer Vineyards I	\$100,000	Addes Trust c/o Kenneth Addes & Victoria Addes Co-trustees
Placer Vineyards I	\$300,000	Al-Awar Living Trust dated 04/05/01 c/o Adib M Al-Awar & Ellen A Al-Awar, Co-trustees
Placer Vineyards I	\$100,000	Stanley Alexander Trust, Dr. Stanley Alexander, trustee
Placer Vineyards I	\$50,000	R. L. Allgeier Family Trust dated 10/4/97 c/o Robert L. Allgeier & Donna L. Allgeier, trustees
Placer Vineyards I	\$50,000	August J. Amara, Inc. A Nevada Corporation
Placer Vineyards I	\$50,000	Guy Archer
Placer Vineyards I	\$50,000	William P. Austin & Mary Lee Austin
Placer Vineyards I	\$200,000	B & W Precast Construction, Inc
Placer Vineyards I	\$50,000	Robert Bennett & Michele Bennett husband & wife As JTROS
Placer Vineyards I	\$50,000	Albert Blumenthal IRA
Placer Vineyards I	\$50,000	Charles E. Borom & Lanna G. Borom, husband & wife, As JTROS
Placer Vineyards I	\$75,000	Glen J. Brecht Trust dated 12/4/86 c/o Glen J. Brecht & Janine K. Brecht, trustees
Placer Vineyards I	\$100,000	Marshall J. Brecht Trust dated 2/5/86 c/o Marshall J. Brecht & Janet L. Brecht, trustees
Placer Vineyards I	\$100,000	Hannah Brehmer & Billy Gates, JTROS
Placer Vineyards I	\$50,000	Broadwalk Investments Limited Partnership, c/o James R. Bonfiglio & Donna M. Bonfiglio, General Partners
Placer Vineyards I	\$100,000	Larry M. Brown & Marie S. Brown, husband & wife, As JTROS
Placer Vineyards I	\$50,000	Buckwald Revocable Trust dated 2/1/92 c/o Neil G. Buckwald Trust
Placer Vineyards I	\$50,000	Dr. Joselito Tan Burgos
Placer Vineyards I	\$50,000	Evelyn A. Calhoun, an unmarried woman transferable on death to Dale E. Calhoun
Placer Vineyards I	\$100,000	Cal-Mark Beverage Company Defined Benefit c/o Nevada Trust Company Custodian

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Nevada Bar No. 1449
2 KEVIN A. DARBY, ESQ.
Nevada Bar No. 7670
3 Law Offices of Alan R. Smith
505 Ridge Street
4 Reno, Nevada 89501
Telephone (775) 786-4579
5 Facsimile (775) 786-3066
Email: mail@asmithlaw.com

ELECTRONICALLY FILED -12/6/06

6 Attorney for Lenders Protection Group
7
8

9 UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
10 DISTRICT OF NEVADA

—ooOoo—

11 In Re:
12 USA COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE
COMPANY,
13 Debtor.

Case Nos.:
BK-S-06-10725-LBR
BK-S-06-10726-LBR
BK-S-06-10727-LBR
BK-S-06-10728-LBR
BK-S-06-10729-LBR

14 In Re:
15 USA CAPITAL REALTY ADVISORS,
LLC,
16 Debtor.

JOINTLY ADMINISTERED
Chapter 11

17 In Re:
18 USA CAPITAL DIVERSIFIED TRUST
DEED FUND, LLC,
Debtor.

**STATEMENT OF THE LAW
OFFICES OF ALAN R. SMITH
PURSUANT TO BANKRUPTCY
RULE 2019**

19 In re:
20 USA CAPITAL FIRST TRUST DEED
FUND, LLC,
21 Debtor.

(AFFECTS ALL DEBTORS)

22 In re:
23 USA SECURITIES, LLC,
Debtor.

No Hearing Required

24 Affects:
25 ☒ All Debtors
26 ☐ USA Commercial Mortgage Company
27 ☐ USA Capital Realty Advisors, LLC
28 ☐ USA Capital Diversified Trust Deed Fund, LLC
☐ USA Capital First Trust Deed Fund, LLC
☐ USA Securities, LLC

I, ALAN R. SMITH, ESQ., hereby declare under penalty of perjury that the following assertions are true:

1. I am an attorney licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada and am doing business as the Law Offices of Alan R. Smith. I have personal knowledge of the facts herein stated, and if called as a witness could and would competently testify as to those facts.
2. Kevin A. Darby, Esq., and myself are the attorneys primarily responsible for representing a group of lenders (most of whom are direct lenders) with regard to certain loans which were originated and serviced by the Debtors. The group is known as the "Lenders Protection Group", whose members are comprised of the following:

D. Joseph & Louise Doucet Trust 3301 Skyline Drive Reno, Nevada 89509	Dr. Kip E. Virts Dr. Brent E. Virts Mark Virts 4381 West Hidden Valley Drive Reno, Nevada 89502
Sandra Masters 18124 Wedge Pkwy #550 Reno, NV 89511	James Feeney, Trustee E & M Profit Sharing Plan P.O. Box 19122 Reno, NV 89511
Jack R. Clark and Linda C. Reid 9900 Wilbur May Pkwy, Apt. 4701 Reno, Nevada 89521-8039	Eddie Mayo and Jocelyne Helzer 115 So. Deer Run Road Carson City, NV 89701
John M. Luongo 965 Leah Circle Reno, NV 89511	Donald and Beverly Swezey 3666 Cherokee Drive Carson City, NV 89705
Thomas B. Harrison, Trustee Marguerite F. Harrison, Trustee Harrison Family Trust 930 Dorsey Drive Incline Village, NV 89451	John Weaver 9225 Cordoba Blvd. Sparks, NV 89441
John P. Everett 6120 N. Mayfair, 2 nd Floor Spokane, WA 99208	The Klay Living Trust Othmar & Christine Klay, Trustees 5530 Lausanne Drive Reno, NV 8951

1	Donald E. and Patricia Virts Trust 4381 W. Hidden Valley Drive Reno, NV	Audrey M. Whightsil 12754 Joleane Avenue Yuma, AZ 85367
2		
3	Pat Tiede 5225 Pooks Hill Road, Apt. 1520N Bethesda, MD 20814-6765	Karen Allison 2656 Seashore Drive Las Vegas, NV 89128
4		
5	V. and Franklyn O'Brien 2805 Castle Bar N Las Vegas, NV 89134	Joyce and Bob Patterson-Rogers Patterson-Rogers 2001 Family Trust P.O. Box 60175 Las Vegas, NV 89160
6		
7	Alan and Carol Simon The Simon Family Trust of 2000 1800 Waldman Avenue Las Vegas, NV 89102-2347	Charles H. Small 12754 Joleane Avenue Yuma, AZ 85367
8		
9	Anthony J. Zerbo 780 Saratoga Avenue Apt. S-107 San Jose, CA 95129	Richard Krupp 2321 Sky Valley Street Henderson, NV 89052
10		
11	Robert L. Ogren 3768 Rick Stratton Drive Las Vegas, NV 89120	Joseph A. Farrah, Trustee Farrah Family Trust 1410 Murchison Drive Millbrae, CA 94030
12		
13	Joseph A. Farrah, Trust Julia Farrah Trust 1410 Murchison Drive Millbrae, CA 94030	James W. Rogers 22 Lopez Avenue San Francisco, CA 94116
14		
15	James W. Rogers, Trustee Eleanor L. Rogers 1991 Living Trust 22 Lopez Avenue San Francisco, CA 94116	Donna Cangelosi 5860 Lausanne Drive Reno, NV 89511
16		
17	Carol Mortensen Kesler 4847 Damon Circle Salt Lake City, UT 84117	Billing D. Denny 8209 Sunbonnet Drive Fair Oaks, CA 95628
18		
19	Michael R. Brines Cindy G. Brines 4935 El Sereno Avenue La Crescenta, CA 91214	Jonathan M. Eller P.O. Box 1614 Mammoth Lakes, CA 93546
20		
21	William Dupin 545 Cole Circle Incline Village, NV 89451	Robert Essaff Cindy H. Essaff 2860 Heybourne Road Minden, NV 89423
22		
23	Rose Moore Raymond Moore 902 University Ridge Drive Reno, NV 89512	Adib M. Al-Awar Ellen A. Al-Awar 1330 Burro Court Gardnerville, NV 89410
24		
25		
26		
27		
28		

Jean H. Murray, Trustee of the Jean H. Murray separate property trust dated 9/12/02 865 Coloma Drive Carson City, NV 89705	Patricia Ann Webber 9157 Shadow Glen Way Fort Myers, FL 33913
John L. Willis Jr. 9157 Shadow Glenn Way Fort Myers, FL 33913	Peter W. Capone Deidre' D. Capone JTWROS P.O. Box 1470 Gardnerville, NV 89410
Larry & Diane Higgins 571 Alden Incline Village, NV 89451	David A. And Elizabeth M. Souza 542 Socorro Ct. Reno, NV 89511
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- 1 3. The total of the loans made by the above-referenced individuals and entities
2 is unknown at this time, due to incomplete records received from the Debtors.
3 Undersigned is in the process of gathering as much information as possible
4 concerning the loans made by the members of the group, and will supplement
5 this disclosure when such additional information is obtained. This disclosure
6 is made at this time without complete information, as required by Bankruptcy
7 Rule 2019, in order to apprise the Court and the parties of the members of the
8 Lenders Protection Group prior to the hearing to be conducted on December
9 7, 2006.
- 10 4. The majority of the loans made by the Lenders Protection Group were made
11 more than a year prior to the filing of the petitions by the Debtors.
- 12 5. This Statement will be supplemented from time to time upon the retention of
13 additional lenders.

14 **DATED** this 6th day of December, 2006.

15 LAW OFFICES OF ALAN R. SMITH

16 /s/ Alan R. Smith

17 By _____
18 ALAN R. SMITH, ESQ.
19 Attorney for Lenders Protection Group

E-FILED ON November 15, 2006

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**UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
 DISTRICT OF NEVADA**

In re:
 USA COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE COMPANY,
 Debtor.

Case No. BK-S-06-10725 LBR
 Case No. BK-S-06-10726 LBR
 Case No. BK-S-06-10727 LBR
 Case No. BK-S-06-10728 LBR
 Case No. BK-S-06-10729 LBR

In re:
 USA CAPITAL REALTY ADVISORS, LLC,
 Debtor.

Chapter 11

In re:
 USA CAPITAL DIVERSIFIED TRUST DEED FUND,
 LLC,
 Debtor.

Jointly Administered Under
 Case No. BK-S-06-10725 LBR

In re:
 USA CAPITAL FIRST TRUST DEED FUND, LLC,
 Debtor.

**DEBTORS' FIRST AMENDED
 DISCLOSURE STATEMENT FOR
 DEBTORS' THIRD AMENDED JOINT
 PLAN OF REORGANIZATION
 (AFFECTS ALL DEBTORS)**

In re:
 USA SECURITIES, LLC,
 Debtor.

Affects:
☒ All Debtors
☐ USA Commercial Mortgage Company
☐ USA Securities, LLC
☐ USA Capital Realty Advisors, LLC
☐ USA Capital Diversified Trust Deed Fund, LLC
☐ USA Capital First Trust Deed Fund, LLC

Disclosure Statement Hearing
 Date: November 13, 2006
 Time: 9:30 a.m.

Confirmation Hearing
 Date: December 19, 2006
 Time: 10:00 a.m.

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I. INTRODUCTION

This Disclosure Statement provides information about the Debtors' Third Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization Dated (the "Plan"). The "Debtors" are the five related entities that filed petitions for relief under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code on April 13, 2006 (the "Petition Date") in the U.S. Bankruptcy Court for the District of Nevada (the "Court"), namely: USA Commercial Mortgage Company ("USACM"), USA Capital Realty Advisors, LLC ("USA Realty"), USA Capital Diversified Trust Deed Fund, LLC ("DTDF"), USA Capital First Trust Deed Fund, LLC ("FTDF" and together with DTDF, the "Funds"), and USA Securities, LLC ("USA Securities"). The Debtors jointly prepared this Disclosure Statement to help creditors (including direct lenders who may be creditors) as well as equity interest holders who are entitled to vote (i.e., the members of the Funds) to evaluate the Plan and to encourage them to vote to accept the Plan.

Current management of the Debtors was appointed as of the Petition Date and has expended great efforts to carefully reconstruct the records of the Debtors to enable the Debtors to present information contained in this Disclosure Statement that is as accurate as is reasonably possible. Nonetheless, because current management has no historical connection with the Debtors, current management cannot verify that the information contained herein that is outside of its personal knowledge is accurate or correct.

The Court's approval of this Disclosure Statement constitutes neither a certification that the factual information contained in this Disclosure Statement is accurate, nor an endorsement of the Plan. Certain materials in this Disclosure Statement are taken from other readily available documents or are digests of such documents. Although efforts have been made to convey accurately the contents of such documents, you are urged to examine the documents themselves and to use the descriptions of documents contained in this Disclosure Statement only after having conducted such an examination.

The purpose of this Disclosure Statement is to assist those who vote on the Plan to make an informed decision whether to vote to accept or reject the Plan. This Disclosure Statement is not the Plan. The Plan is summarized in this Disclosure Statement, but the summary is qualified by

the terms of the Plan itself. If there are any inconsistencies between the Plan and the summary of the Plan contained in this Disclosure Statement, the Plan controls. The Plan should be read in its entirety in conjunction with this Disclosure Statement. No representations are made concerning the Debtors, their business operations, the value of their property, or the value of benefits offered to creditors or other parties in interest in connection with the Plan other than as set forth in this Disclosure Statement. You should not rely on any representations or inducements made to obtain your acceptance or rejection of the Plan that are contrary to the information contained in this Disclosure Statement.

The Debtors believe that the Plan provides a comprehensive, workable solution to the many complex issues that resulted from the pre-petition irregularities that occurred in the Debtors' businesses – a solution that is in the best interests of the Debtors' creditors, members of the Funds (the "Fund Members"), direct lenders (excluding FTDF and DTDF) on the loans serviced by USACM (the "Direct Lenders"), and other parties in interest. The Plan effectuates a sale of substantially all of the assets of FTDF and the loan servicing assets and business of USACM, puts in place a mechanism for maximizing the recovery on other assets and claims held by the Debtors, including the funding and pursuit of litigation against non-Debtor insiders and pre-petition professionals, provides for the ongoing servicing and collection of the loans of the Direct Lenders by a reputable and experienced loan servicer, provides for the recovery of the "Prepaid Interest" (as defined in the Plan) as property of the estate, and provides for an equitable distribution of the proceeds of the Debtors' assets to creditors and Fund Members. The four official committees appointed by the United States Trustee in the Debtors' cases (the "Committees") also support the Plan and encourage you to vote in favor of the Plan.

A. Where to Find a Discussion of the Treatment of Your Claim Within This Disclosure Statement

If you are a Direct Lender, treatment of your claims are discussed on pages [5-6; 43-45; and 60-64] of this Disclosure Statement. If you are a creditor of USACM, other than a Direct Lender, treatment of your claim can be found on pages [5; 42-43; and 64-70] of this Disclosure Statement.

If you are a Fund Member having a membership interest in DTDF, treatment of your interest is discussed on pages [8 and 49] of this Disclosure Statement. If you are a creditor of DTDF, treatment of your claim is discussed on pages [7-8; 47-49; and 70-74] of this Disclosure Statement.

If you are a Fund Member having a membership interest in FTDF, treatment of your interest is discussed on pages [7 and 47] of this Disclosure Statement. If you are a creditor of FTDF, treatment of your claim is discussed on pages [6-7; 45-47; and 70-72] of this Disclosure Statement.

If you are a creditor of USA Realty, treatment of your claim is discussed on pages [8-9 and 49-51] of this Disclosure Statement.

If you are a creditor of USA Securities, treatment of your claim is discussed on pages [9-10 and 51-53] of this Disclosure Statement.

B. Summary of the Treatment of Each Claim and Interest

The following chart summarizes the classification and treatment of unclassified claims and classified claims and interests as to each of the Debtors:

Claims Name	Description and Treatment	Estimated Distribution Percentages
USACM Claims and Equity Interests		
Unclassified Claims		
Administrative Expense Claims	Holders of Allowed Administrative Expense Claims shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless the holder of the Claim agrees otherwise.	100%
Priority Tax Claims	Holders of Allowed Priority Tax Claims shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless the holder of the Claim agrees otherwise.	100%
Classified Claims		
A-1: Secured Tax Claims	Holders of Allowed Secured Tax Claims shall be paid in full on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Secured Tax Claim becomes an Allowed Claim.	100%

Claims Name	Description and Treatment	Estimated Distribution Percentages
A-2: Other Secured Claims	<p>Holders of Allowed Other Secured Claims are to be treated pursuant to Option A or Option B below, at the discretion of USACM:</p> <p>Option A: Holders of Allowed Other Secured Claims shall be paid in full on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Other Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Claim; or</p> <p>Option B: USACM shall surrender the property securing the Allowed Other Secured Claim to the holder of such Claim by making the property reasonably available to such holder on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Other Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Claim; if the property securing an Allowed Other Secured Claim has been lost or destroyed, USACM shall provide notice of such fact to the holder of the Allowed Other Secured Claim, the delivery of which notice shall constitute "surrender" of the property securing the Allowed Other Secured Claim for purposes of this Option B.</p>	100%
A-3: Priority Unsecured Claims	Holders of Allowed Priority Unsecured Claims shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless the holder of the Claim agrees otherwise.	100%
A-4: General Unsecured Claims	Holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims, including the Unremitted Principal Claims, Allowed FTDF Unsecured Claims, the Allowed Direct Lender Unsecured Claims and the Allowed DTDF Unsecured Claim, shall receive a beneficial interest in the USACM Trust, and on account of their Allowed Claim may receive a Pro Rata Share of the assets of the USACM Trust after satisfaction of all Allowed unclassified Claims, Allowed Class A-1, A-2 and A-3 Claims, and all post-Effective Date fees, costs, and expenses of implementation of the USACM Plan and USACM Trust. Allowed Penalty Claims shall be subordinated in payment to the payment of the full amount of all Allowed General Unsecured Claims.	8-33%

Claims Name	Description and Treatment	Estimated Distribution Percentages
A-5: Direct Lender Compromise Claims	The Direct Lenders will be released by USACM, FTDF, USA Realty and USA Securities from all Claims, including but not limited to surcharge, recharacterization of Direct Lender Loans, and the collection of pre-petition accrued as of the Effective Date but unpaid annual loan servicing fees due under Loan Servicing Agreements, but excluding causes of action to recover Prepaid Interest. In exchange (and as a compromise), Direct Lenders acknowledge and agree that the Prepaid Interest constitutes an asset of the USACM Estate or transfer their ownership rights, if any, in Prepaid Interest to the USACM estate, that USACM retains the maximum amount for servicing fees allowed and that \$605,000 of the 2% Holdback can and will be used to reimburse USACM for the Allowed Professional fees and costs of the Direct Lender Committee. If the Plan is confirmed, Direct Lenders will be bound to the Class A-5 treatment regardless of whether they vote to accept or reject the Plan or whether the Class accepts or rejects the Plan; any objection to this treatment must be made by objection to confirmation of the Plan.	N/A
A-6: Penalty Claims	All Penalty Claims shall receive no distribution under the Plan.	0%
A-7: Subordinated Claims	All Subordinated Claims shall receive no distribution under the Plan.	0%
A-8: Equity Interests	All Equity Interests in USACM, regardless of form, shall be cancelled and the holders of Equity Interests in USACM shall receive no distribution under the Plan.	0%
FTDF Claims and Interests		
Unclassified Claims		
Administrative Expense Claims	Holders of Allowed Administrative Expense Claims shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless the holder of the Claim agrees otherwise.	100%
Priority Tax Claims	Holders of Allowed Priority Tax Claims shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless the holder of the Claim agrees otherwise.	100%
Classified Claims		
B-1: Secured Tax Claims	Holders of Allowed Secured Tax Claims shall be paid in full on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Secured Tax Claim becomes an Allowed Claim.	100%

Claims Name	Description and Treatment	Estimated Distribution Percentages
B-2: Other Secured Claims	<p>Holders of Allowed Other Secured Claims are to be treated pursuant to Option A or Option B below, at the discretion of FTDF:</p> <p>Option A: Holders of Allowed Other Secured Claims shall be paid in full on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Other Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Claim; or</p> <p>Option B: FTDF shall surrender the property securing the Allowed Other Secured Claim to the holder of such Claim by making the property reasonably available to such holder on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Other Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Claim; if the property securing an Allowed Other Secured Claim has been lost or destroyed, FTDF shall provide notice of such fact to the holder of the Allowed Other Secured Claim, the delivery of which notice shall constitute "surrender" of the property securing the Allowed Other Secured Claim for purposes of this Option B.</p>	100%
B-3: Priority Unsecured Claims	Holders of Allowed Priority Unsecured Claims shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless the holder of the Claim agrees otherwise.	100%
B-4: General Unsecured Claims	Holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims shall be paid in full on the Effective Date out of assets of the Estate, plus Postpetition Interest.	100%
B-5: Equity Interests	After the FTDF Payment has been made, holders of Allowed Equity Interests shall retain all distributions received after the Petition Date and receive the remaining Allocated Net Sale Proceeds after satisfaction of all Allowed unclassified Claims, Allowed Class B-1, B-2, B-3 and B-4 Claims, and post-Effective Date fees, costs, and expenses of implementation of the Plan for FTDF. Allowed Equity Interests shall receive a Pro Rata Share of the USACM Trust recoveries on account of the Allowed FTDF Unsecured Claim.	67-70% ¹

¹ The estimated distribution to equity interest holders in FTDF assumes that FTDF does not receive any overbid on the sale of its assets and is net of all costs of sale and the administration of FTDF's chapter 11 case.

Claims Name	Description and Treatment	Estimated Distribution Percentages
DTDF Claims and Interests		
Unclassified Claims		
Administrative Expense Claims	Holders of Allowed Administrative Expense Claims shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless the holder of the Claim agrees otherwise.	100%
Priority Tax Claims	Holders of Allowed Priority Tax Claims shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless the holder of the Claim agrees otherwise.	100%
Classified Claims		
C-1: Secured Tax Claims	Holders of Allowed Secured Tax Claims shall be paid in full on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Secured Tax Claim becomes an Allowed Claim.	100%
C-2: Other Secured Claims	<p>Holders of Allowed Other Secured Claims are to be treated pursuant to Option A or Option B below, at the discretion of Post-Effective Date DTDF:</p> <p>Option A: Holders of Allowed Other Secured Claims shall be paid in full on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Other Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Claim; or</p> <p>Option B: Post-Effective Date DTDF shall surrender the property securing the Allowed Other Secured Claim to the holder of such Claim by making the property reasonably available to such holder on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Other Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Claim; if the property securing an Allowed Other Secured Claim has been lost or destroyed, Post-Effective Date DTDF shall provide notice of such fact to the holder of the Allowed Other Secured Claim, the delivery of which notice shall constitute "surrender" of the property securing the Allowed Other Secured Claim for purposes of this Option B.</p>	100%
C-3: Priority Unsecured Claims	Holders of Allowed Priority Unsecured Claims paid in full on the Effective Date, unless the holder of the Claim agrees otherwise.	100%
C-4: General Unsecured	Holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims shall be paid in full on the Effective Date out of the assets of the Estate, plus Postpetition Interest.	100%

Claims Name	Description and Treatment	Estimated Distribution Percentages
Claims		
C-5: Equity Interests	Holders of Allowed Equity Interests shall retain their Equity Interests in DTDF and distributions received from the Petition Date, and after satisfaction of all Allowed unclassified Claims, Allowed Class C-1, C-2, C-3 and C-4 Claims, and all post-Effective Date fees, costs and expenses of implementation of Plan for DTDF, shall receive shall receive a Pro Rata Share of the assets of Post-Effective Date DTDF and the USACM Trust recoveries on account of the Allowed DTDF Unsecured Claim.	25-46% ²
USA Realty Claims and Interests		
Unclassified Claims		
Administrative Expense Claims	Holders of Allowed Administrative Expense Claims shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless the holder of the Claim agrees otherwise.	100%
Priority Tax Claims	Holders of Allowed Priority Tax Claims shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless the holder of the Claim agrees otherwise.	100%
Classified Claims		
D-1: Secured Tax Claims	Holders of Allowed Secured Tax Claims shall be paid in full on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Secured Tax Claim becomes an Allowed Claim.	100%
D-2: Other Secured Claims	Holders of Allowed Other Secured Claims are to be treated pursuant to Option A or Option B below, at the discretion of USA Realty:	100%

² The estimated range of distributions to equity interest holders in DTDF is based on several major assumptions, including but not limited to the recovery on the 10-90, Inc. loan, which is secured by the LLC member interests of USAIP in certain limited liability companies that own real estate projects. The recovery on this loan, which is by far the largest loan in the DTDF portfolio, could be significantly different than the amount projected. Another major assumption is the recovery on DTDF's claims against USACM. The amount of this claim has not yet been determined and the recoveries in the USACM estate are also uncertain, thus making projections on the recovery on this claim uncertain as well. It is known that the claim will exceed \$18.9 million, the amount scheduled for "Unremitted Principal" (as defined below in this Disclosure Statement), and it is possible that the ultimate allowed claim will be equivalent or will greatly exceed this amount. Another major assumption is that there will be no allowance of the \$20 million claim filed by Prospect High Income Fund against DTDF, which is the only significant claim the Debtors are aware of at present that has been asserted against DTDF. That claim was disallowed in full by an order of the Bankruptcy Court entered October 26, 2006, but the order is now on appeal. ACTUAL RESULTS MAY DIFFER FROM FORECAST AND THESE DIFFERENCES MAY BE SIGNIFICANT. AS SUCH, THE ACTUAL DISTRIBUTION TO EQUITY INTEREST HOLDERS IN DTDF COULD BE MUCH LESS, OR GREATER, THAN THE 25-46% ESTIMATED RANGE GIVEN ABOVE.

Claims Name	Description and Treatment	Estimated Distribution Percentages
	<p>Option A: Allowed Other Secured Claims shall be paid in full on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Other Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Claim; or</p> <p>Option B: USA Realty shall surrender the property securing the Allowed Other Secured Claim to the holder of such Claim by making the property reasonably available to such holder on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Other Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Claim; if the property securing an Allowed Other Secured Claim has been lost or destroyed, USA Realty shall provide notice of such fact to the holder of the Allowed Other Secured Claim, the delivery of which notice shall constitute "surrender" of the property securing the Allowed Other Secured Claim for purposes of this Option B.</p>	
D-3: Priority Unsecured Claims	Holders of Allowed Priority Unsecured Claims shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless the holder of the Claim agrees otherwise.	100%
D-4: General Unsecured Claims	Holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims shall be paid a Pro Rata Share of assets of the Estate available after payment in full of Allowed unclassified Claims and Allowed Class D-1, D-2 and D-3 Claims.	0.40 to 1%
D-5: Equity Interests	All Equity Interests in USA Realty, regardless of form, shall be cancelled and the holders of Equity Interests in USA Realty shall receive no distribution under the Plan.	0%
USA Securities Claims and Interests		
Unclassified Claims		
Administrative Expense Claims	Holders of Allowed Administrative Expense Claims shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless the holder of the Claim agrees otherwise.	100%
Priority Tax Claims	Holders of Allowed Priority Tax Claims shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless the holder of the Claim agrees otherwise.	100%
Classified Claims		
E-1: Secured Tax Claims	Holders of Allowed Secured Tax Claims shall be paid in full on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Secured Tax Claim becomes an Allowed Claim.	100%

Claims Name	Description and Treatment	Estimated Distribution Percentages
E-2: Other Secured Claims	<p>Holders of Allowed Other Secured Claims are to be treated pursuant to Option A or Option B below, at the discretion of USA Securities:</p> <p>Option A: Allowed Other Secured Claims shall be paid in full on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Other Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Claim; or</p> <p>Option B: USA Securities shall surrender the property securing the Allowed Other USA Securities Claim to the holder of such Claim by making the property reasonably available to such holder on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Other Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Claim; if the property securing an Allowed Other Secured Claim has been lost or destroyed, USA Securities shall provide notice of such fact to the holder of the Allowed Other Secured Claim, the delivery of which notice shall constitute "surrender" of the property securing the Allowed Other Secured Claim for purposes of this Option B.</p>	100%
E-3: Priority Unsecured Claims	Holders of Allowed Priority Unsecured Claims shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless the holder of the Claim agrees otherwise.	100%
E-4: General Unsecured Claims	Holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims shall be paid a Pro Rata Share of assets of the Estate available after payment in full of Allowed unclassified Claims and Allowed Class E-1, E-2 and E-3 Claims.	Less than 1%
E-5: Equity Interests	All Equity Interests in USA Securities, regardless of form, shall be cancelled and the holders of Equity Interests in USA Securities shall receive no distribution under the Plan.	0%

C. Hypothetical Situations Illustrating Certain Compromises Involving Direct Lenders.

The following are two hypothetical situations involving Direct Lenders that illustrate how pre-paid interest and accrued servicing fees might be treated under the Plan. These hypothetical situations are included for demonstrative purposes only and may or may not represent actual results for any particular party.

1 **1. Hypothetical No. 1.**

2 Investor A invested \$50,000 in Loan X and \$100,000 in Loan Y. Prior to the bankruptcy
3 filing, USACM, as the servicer on Loan X and Loan Y, collected \$2,500 of interest from the
4 borrower on Loan X (a performing loan), but nothing in interest from the borrower on Loan Y (a
5 non-performing loan). Prior to the bankruptcy filing, USACM paid Investor A the \$2,500 it
6 collected in interest on Loan X. In addition, despite USACM's failure to collect interest on Loan
7 Y, prior to the bankruptcy filing, USACM nevertheless paid Investor A \$5,000 in interest on Loan
8 Y. As a result, USACM asserts a right to recover the \$5,000 it "prepaid" the investor. As a
9 consequence, USACM asserts it has a current right to sue for the repayment of the \$5,000 in
10 "prepaid interest."
11

12 After the bankruptcy filing, USACM collected \$2,000 of the "prepaid interest" from the
13 borrower on Loan Y. That money is now held in the collections account by USACM. After the
14 bankruptcy filing and pursuant to the Court's order allowing netting, USACM collected \$1,000
15 from the borrower on Loan X and held back the \$1,000, claiming the right to keep this amount as
16 partial repayment for the remaining "prepaid interest" owed by Investor A. Upon plan
17 confirmation (and the plan becoming effective), USACM will keep the \$2,000 collected from the
18 borrower on Loan Y and the \$1,000 netted from collections on Loan X, which shall become the
19 property of USACM, and will reduce the amount owed by Investor A to \$2,000 for repayment of
20 the original claim of \$5,000 for "prepaid interest." If the plan is confirmed and becomes effective,
21 no action will be taken against Investor A for two years. In the intervening two years, if Silver
22 Point (or the prevailing bidder) either collects the remaining \$2,000 owed from the borrower on
23 Loan Y for the "prepaid interest," or Silver Point (or the prevailing bidder), through the continuing
24 netting process, holds back and pays over to USACM an additional \$2,000 from collections on
25 Loan Y for the "prepaid interest," or Silver Point (or the prevailing bidder), through the continuing
26 netting process, holds back and pays over to USACM an additional \$2,000 from collections on
27 Loan Y for the "prepaid interest," or Silver Point (or the prevailing bidder), through the continuing
28

1 Loan X (or any combination of the two that results in the return of the remaining \$2,000 to
2 USACM), then the "prepaid interest" claim against Investor A will be considered fully satisfied
3 under the plan and no litigation will ever be brought by USACM against Investor A. This
4 hypothetical does not preclude either a Direct Lender or USACM from filing other claims it may
5 have.

6 7 **2. Hypothetical No. 2.**

8 Investor B invested \$200,000 in Loan X, \$200,000 in Loan Y, and \$200,000 in Loan Z.
9 Investor B signed a Loan Servicing Agreement with a 1% service fee provision.

10 Prior to the bankruptcy filing, USACM, as servicer, collected all interest due on Loan X (a
11 performing loan) and paid that amount over to Investor B, but failed to charge or collect the
12 servicing fee owed USACM on the interest collected in the annual amount of \$2,000 (\$200,000
13 times 1%).

14 After the bankruptcy filing, USACM continued to collect interest on Loan X, and deducted
15 its servicing fee of \$1,000 for the period after the bankruptcy filing (the full amount owed for the
16 servicing fee for the post-bankruptcy period) before paying the remaining collected interest on
17 Loan X to Investor B. However, USACM did not collect the \$2,000 owed for servicing fees prior
18 to the bankruptcy from interest collected after the bankruptcy filing on Loan X, and, as of the date
19 the plan became effective, the \$2,000 in servicing fees for the pre-bankruptcy period remained
20 owing from Investor B to USACM. If the plan is confirmed and becomes effective, the \$2,000
21 remaining owing from Investor B to USACM for the pre-bankruptcy period on Loan X will be
22 waived and released and will not be paid, deducted or collected in any way from Investor B.

23
24 Prior to the bankruptcy filing, USACM, as servicer, failed to collect any interest on Loan
25 Y (a non-performing loan) and did not collect servicing fees owed in the amount of \$2,000 on
26 Loan Y for the pre-bankruptcy period. After the bankruptcy filing but before the plan was
27 confirmed and became effective, USACM partially collected past due interest on Loan Y, and
28

1 from the interest collected, deducted \$1,000 of the \$2,000 owed for servicing fees from the pre-
2 bankruptcy period, and \$1,000 for servicing fees for the post-bankruptcy period (the full amount
3 owed for the servicing fee for the post-bankruptcy period) before paying the remaining collected
4 interest on Loan Y to Investor B. Thus, as of the date the plan became effective, Investor B still
5 owed USACM \$1,000 in servicing fees on Loan Y for the pre-bankruptcy period. If the plan is
6 confirmed and becomes effective, the \$1,000 in servicing fees remaining owing from Investor B to
7 USACM for the pre-bankruptcy period on Loan Y will be waived and released and will not be
8 paid, deducted or collected in any way from Investor B, and USACM will retain the amount
9 collected postpetition.

10
11 Prior to the bankruptcy filing, USACM, as servicer, failed to collect any interest on Loan Z
12 (a non-performing loan) and did not collect servicing fees owed in the amount of \$2,000 on Loan
13 Z. For the period after the bankruptcy was filed but before the plan was confirmed and became
14 effective, USACM did not collect any interest on Loan Z. During this post-bankruptcy period,
15 \$1,000 of servicing fees became due for the post-bankruptcy period, which was not collected
16 because there was no money collected from the borrower post-bankruptcy. Thus, as of the date
17 the plan became effective, Investor B owed USACM \$1,000 in servicing fees on Loan Z for the
18 post-bankruptcy period and \$2,000 in servicing fees for the pre-bankruptcy period. If the plan is
19 confirmed and becomes effective, the \$2,000 in servicing fees owing from Investor B to USACM
20 for the pre-bankruptcy period on Loan Z will be waived and released and will not be
21 paid, deducted or collected in any way from Investor B. However, the \$1,000 in servicing fees
22 owing from Investor B to USACM for the post-bankruptcy period on Loan Z will be deducted or
23 paid after the date the plan becomes effective by Silver Point (or the prevailing bidder) when it
24 collects Loan Z and will then be paid over to the USACM trust for distribution to creditors in the
25 USACM estate.
26
27
28

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II. VOTING

A. Deadline for Receipt of Ballots, and Admonition to Vote If Eligible

ALL BALLOTS MUST BE RECEIVED BY **December 11, 2006**, OR THEY WILL NOT BE COUNTED. As delays in the delivery of mail can occur, the Debtors urge you to mail, fax or deliver your ballots well in advance of the voting deadline.

IT IS IMPORTANT THAT YOU VOTE. VOTING ON THE PLAN WILL AFFECT YOUR RIGHTS. DETERMINING THE OUTCOME OF BALLOTING ON THE PLAN REQUIRES A CALCULATION THAT CONSIDERS THE VOTES OF THOSE CREDITORS AND EQUITY INTEREST HOLDERS (IF ENTITLED TO VOTE) WHO ACTUALLY VOTED ON THE PLAN. FURTHER, IF THE PLAN IS CONFIRMED, IT IS BINDING ON ALL CREDITORS AND EQUITY INTEREST HOLDERS, WHETHER OR NOT YOU VOTED OR WHETHER OR NOT YOU VOTED FOR OR AGAINST THE PLAN. THUS, YOUR RIGHTS MAY BE AFFECTED EVEN IF YOU DO NOT VOTE ON THE PLAN. YOUR OPPORTUNITY TO HAVE THE OUTCOME YOU DESIRE WILL LIKELY BE ENHANCED IF YOU VOTE. THE DEBTORS REQUEST, THEREFORE, THAT YOU VOTE IF YOU ARE ENTITLED TO DO SO AND THAT YOU TAKE STEPS TO ENSURE THAT YOUR BALLOT IS RECEIVED IN TIME TO BE COUNTED.

B. Entities Entitled to Vote

Only creditors and equity interest holders whose claims or interests have been allowed for purposes of voting and are “impaired” by the Plan are entitled to vote on the Plan. For a claim to be allowed for voting purposes, the claim must be listed in the Debtors’ Schedules of Assets and Liabilities (“Schedules”), or you must have filed a proof of claim describing the claim by the “Voting Record Date” (defined below), or the claim must be a “Direct Lender Compromise Claim” (defined below) in Class A-5 under the Plan. A scheduled claim is allowed for voting purposes if it is listed on the Schedules but is not listed as “disputed,” “contingent” or “unliquidated.” If a claim in the Schedules is listed as “disputed,” “contingent” or “unliquidated,” the holder of the claim will not be entitled to vote absent the timely filing of a proof of claim.

If a claim is not listed in the Schedules, or is listed as “disputed,” “contingent” or

“unliquidated,” the holder of the claim is not entitled to vote unless the holder files a proof of claim on or before the “Voting Record Date” set by the Court, which is November 6, 2006, or unless the claim is a “Direct Lender Compromise Claim,” which is a type of claim that all Direct Lenders are deemed to hold in order to allow them to vote in Class A-5 under the Plan. Moreover, no holder of a claim will be entitled to vote if any party in interest objects to that claim by the voting deadline, unless the Court enters an order allowing the claim for voting purposes notwithstanding the objection.

For an equity interest to be allowed, the equity interest holder’s asserted interest must appear on the lists of Fund Members in DTDF and FTDF maintained by the Debtors that were deemed to be filed with the Court pursuant to the Stipulated Order entered September 15, 2006 (docket no. 1293) and from which an individual notice was mailed to each Fund Member specifying the amount of the Fund Member’s interest per the Debtors’ records, or the holder of the equity interest must have filed a proof of interest before the Voting Record Date, which is November 6, 2006. In addition, no entity claiming to hold an equity interest may vote if any party in interest has objected to the allowance of the asserted interest before balloting on the Plan (or any amended Plan) occurs, unless the Court enters an order allowing the interest for voting purposes notwithstanding the objection.

In addition to the foregoing criteria for voting eligibility, only classes in which the claims or interests of creditors and equity interest holders are “impaired” by the Plan (i.e., those whose claims or interests are altered or who will not receive the full allowed amount of their claims in cash pursuant to the original terms of their agreements) are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan. Holders of claims that are not “impaired” are deemed to have accepted the Plan as a matter of law. The Plan designates which classes are “impaired” under, and thus entitled to vote on, the Plan.

If the claim or interest you hold has been classified in one of the impaired classes of claims or interests created by the Plan (and that class is not deemed to have rejected the Plan), it is important that you vote. The classes of claims impaired under the Plan and entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan are Classes A-4, A-5, D-4, and E-4. The classes of interests that are

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impaired, but that are not deemed to have rejected the Plan, are Classes B-5 and C-5. In addition, if you hold more than one claim or interest classified as “impaired” and entitled to vote under the Plan, it is important that you vote with respect to each such claim or interest.

Allowance or disallowance of a claim or interest for voting purposes will not be determinative of the allowable amount, if any, of such claim or interest for purposes of distribution under the Plan.

C. Voting Instructions

1. The Voting Record Date

The Court has approved November 6, 2006, as the record date for purposes of determining which creditors and equity interest holders are entitled to vote on the Plan (the “Voting Record Date”).

2. The Voting Deadline

The Court has approved December 11, 2006 at 4:00 p.m. prevailing Pacific Time as the voting deadline (the “Voting Deadline”). To be counted as votes to accept or reject the Plan, all ballots must be properly executed, completed and delivered by (a) first class mail; (b) overnight courier; (c) by facsimile, or (d) personal delivery, **so that they are actually received**, in any case, by the Debtors’ solicitation agent, BMC Group, Inc. (the “Solicitation Agent”), at the appropriate address below, no later than the Voting Deadline:

If by first class mail:

BMC Group
Attn: USACM Solicitation Agent
P. O. Box 911
El Segundo, CA 90245-0911
BMC Group

If by overnight courier or personal delivery:

BMC Group
Attn: USACM Solicitation Agent
1330 East Franklin Avenue
El Segundo, CA 90245

If by facsimile:

BMC Group
Attn: USACM Solicitation Agent
866-904-4778

AS MAIL DELAYS AND OTHER DELIVERY DELAYS MAY OCCUR, IT IS IMPORTANT THAT THE BALLOT OR BALLOTS BE MAILED, FAXED OR DELIVERED WELL IN ADVANCE OF THE DEADLINE SPECIFIED ABOVE. BALLOTS RECEIVED AFTER THE VOTING DEADLINE WILL NOT BE COUNTED.

Each creditor or equity interest holder entitled to vote should receive a ballot for each separately classified, impaired claim or interest held. If you do not receive the required number of ballots with your copy of the Court-approved Disclosure Statement, immediately notify the Solicitation Agent for the Debtors by contacting BMC Group by telephone, toll-free at 888-909-0100.

D. Results of Balloting Determined by Class

Claimants and interest holders vote by class. In general, a class of claimants accepts the Plan if those creditors who vote to accept it hold at least two-thirds (2/3) in dollar amount and more than one-half (1/2) in number of the allowed claims in the class that actually vote on the Plan. In general, a class of equity interest holders accepts the Plan if it is accepted by those who hold at least two-thirds (2/3) in amount of the allowed interests in the class that actually voted on the Plan. A class that is not “impaired” under the Plan is “conclusively presumed” to have accepted the Plan under section 1126(f) of the Bankruptcy Code. This means that each holder of a claim or interest in a class that is not impaired is presumed to have accepted the Plan. Conversely, a class in which the holders of a claim or interest will not receive or retain any property under the Plan on account of their claim or interest is deemed to have rejected the Plan under section 1126(g) of the Bankruptcy Code.

E. Confirmation Based Upon Acceptance of Plan by All Impaired Classes

One of the statutory requirements that must be met for the Plan to be confirmed is that under section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code each of the impaired classes of claims or interests must have accepted the Plan. Alternatively, if all impaired classes do not accept the Plan, and certain additional requirements are met including that at least one impaired class of claims as to each of the Debtors accepts the Plan, then section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code allows the Debtors to seek to confirm the Plan over the negative vote of one or more classes of claims or interests. Further, because the Plan consists of a plan of reorganization for each of the five separate Debtors, the Debtors reserve the right to request confirmation of the Plan for one or more but less than all the Debtors under section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

F. Confirmation Over the Objections of One or More Impaired Classes

If an impaired class rejects the Plan but at least one other impaired class of each of the Debtors has accepted it, the Plan may still be confirmed by the Court at the request of the Debtors. To grant such a request, the Court must find, among other things, that the Plan does not “discriminate unfairly” and that it is “fair and equitable” with respect to each impaired class that rejected the Plan.

The phrases “discriminate unfairly” and “fair and equitable” are defined in section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code and by the case law interpreting that statute. In other words, those phrases are “terms of art” and denote specific criteria for confirmation that the Plan must satisfy to be confirmed by the Court if any impaired class rejects the Plan.

The Debtors believe the Plan satisfies the statutory criteria required by section 1129(b) of the Code, and they intend to request confirmation of the Plan in the event it is rejected by any impaired class. Further, in accordance with section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtors reserve the right to alter, amend, modify, revoke or withdraw the Plan or any Plan exhibit or schedule, including to amend or modify it to satisfy the requirements of section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code for one or more of the Debtors.

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III. DEADLINE FOR FILING APPLICATIONS OR OTHER REQUESTS FOR PAYMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

The Plan establishes deadlines for the filing of applications or other requests for payment of administrative expenses. Generally, administrative expenses are certain types of claims that arise only after the Petition Date and do not include claims that existed as of the Petition Date. If you have a claim for the payment of administrative expenses under sections 503(b) and 507(a)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, you must file with the Court an application or request for payment of such administrative expense on or before the applicable bar date. For professionals employed by the Debtors or the Committees, this bar date is 45 days after the Plan become effective (the “Effective Date”). For all other claims for administrative expenses, the bar date is 30 days after the Effective Date. If you do not timely file an application or request for payment of an administrative expense claim before the applicable deadline, your administrative expense claim will not receive any distribution under the Plan and will be forever barred.

Consequently, if you have a claim for payment of an administrative expense, review the provisions of the Plan and this Disclosure Statement and timely file an application or request for payment of such administrative expense to which you may be entitled with the Clerk of the Court at the following address, or your claim will be forever barred:

U.S. Bankruptcy Court
Foley Federal Building
300 Las Vegas Boulevard South
Las Vegas, NV 89101

In addition, send a copy of the application or request to attorneys for the Debtors at the following address:

Annette W. Jarvis
Steven C. Strong
RAY QUINNEY & NEBEKER P.C.
36 South State Street, Suite 1400
P.O. Box 45385
Salt Lake City, Utah 84145-0385

IV. DEADLINE FOR FILING PROOFS OF CLAIM ARISING FROM REJECTION OF UNEXPIRED LEASES AND EXECUTORY CONTRACTS

A. Deadline for Filing Proofs of Claims

As soon as practicable after the Court approves this Disclosure Statement but in no event later than twenty (20) days prior to the commencement of the Confirmation Hearing (defined below), the Debtors will file a schedule with the Court setting forth all unexpired leases or executory contracts, if any, that they intend to assume. At this time, the Debtors do not anticipate assuming any unexpired leases or executory contracts but reserve their right to do so. The Plan provides that all remaining unexpired leases or executory contracts not previously rejected that are not listed on the schedule are rejected, as permitted by sections 365 and 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtors do not consider the various loan servicing agreements USACM entered into with Direct Lenders to service loans ("Loan Servicing Agreements") to be executory contracts. Claims relating to USACM's services under the Loan Servicing Agreements are not deemed to be executory contract related claims but are treated as Class A-4 claims, as described below.

If you have an unexpired lease or an executory contract with any of the Debtors that has been or will be thus rejected, you have until thirty days after the date that the order confirming the Plan ("Confirmation Order") is entered ("Confirmation Date") to file with the Court a claim for damages arising from the rejection of the unexpired lease or executory contract. If you do not timely file a claim within this time period, you will not receive any distribution on your claim under the Plan, and your claim will be forever barred. Any claim arising out of the rejection of an unexpired lease or executory contract will be treated as a general unsecured claim.

If you have an unexpired lease or executory contract with one of the Debtors that has been or will be rejected, review the provisions of the Plan and this Disclosure Statement and timely file a proof of any claim to which you may be entitled or your claim will be forever barred. File your proof of claim with the Clerk of the Court at the following address:

U.S. Bankruptcy Court
Foley Federal Building
300 Las Vegas Boulevard South
Las Vegas, NV 89101

In addition, send a copy of the proof of claim to attorneys for the Debtors at the following address:

Annette W. Jarvis
Steven C. Strong
RAY QUINNEY & NEBEKER P.C.
36 South State Street, Suite 1400
P.O. Box 45385
Salt Lake City, Utah 84145-0385

B. USACM's Unexpired Non-Residential Real Property Leases

As of the Petition Date, USACM was the lessee under unexpired, non-residential real property leases with the following lessors (collectively, the "Leases"):

<u>Lessor</u>	<u>Premises</u>
1) Pecos Professional Park Limited Partnership ("Pecos Lease")	4484 South Pecos Road, Las Vegas, Nevada 89121
2) P&P Enterprises LLC ("P&P" Lease)	940 Southwood Boulevard, Incline Village, Nevada known as Timber Ridge Plaza, Suite 103
3) S&J Enterprise Investments, Inc. ("S&J" Lease")	488 Reno Corporate Drive, Suite 100, Reno, Nevada 89511
4) Haspinov, LLC ("Haspinov Lease")	4480 South Pecos Road, Las Vegas, Nevada 89121

Other than USACM, none of the other Debtors were or are parties to any non-residential real property leases.

USACM has rejected the P&P Lease, and the order approving the rejection of this lease was entered on May 22, 2006. USACM has also rejected the S&J Lease, and the order approving the rejection of this lease was entered on August 1, 2006. The P&P Lease and the S&J Lease were rejected because USACM was no longer operating out of these leased premises.

USACM has entered into a stipulation and order to extend the time for it to assume or reject the Pecos Lease and the Haspinov Lease until November 11, 2006. USACM is working towards obtaining another stipulation and order to further extend the time for it to assume or reject the Pecos Lease and the Haspinov Lease. USACM is currently operating out of the Pecos Lease and Haspinov Lease premises, but has not yet determined whether to assume and assign, or to

reject those leases.

V. DATE AND TIME OF HEARING ON CONFIRMATION OF THE PLAN

A copy of the Plan is attached as *Exhibit 1* to this Disclosure Statement. The Court has scheduled a hearing to consider confirmation of the Plan on December 19, 2006, at 10:00 a.m. PST in the courtroom of the Honorable Linda Riegle (“Confirmation Hearing”). The Court has ordered that objections, if any, to confirmation of the Plan must be filed on or before December 11, 2006, and served on the attorneys for the Debtors at the following address:

Annette W. Jarvis
Steven C. Strong
RAY QUINNEY & NEBEKER P.C.
36 South State Street, Suite 1400
P.O. Box 45385
Salt Lake City, Utah 84145-0385

If you object to the confirmation of the Plan you must file a timely objection to confirmation, whether or not you vote to accept or reject the Plan. You may vote to accept or reject the Plan (if you are entitled to vote) whether or not you file an objection to confirmation of the Plan. The date of the Confirmation Hearing may be continued to such later time(s) as the Court may announce during the Confirmation Hearing without further written notice.

VI. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEBTORS AND THEIR BUSINESSES

A. USA Commercial Mortgage Company

USACM, which sometimes did business under the trade name “USA Capital,” is a Nevada corporation with its sole remaining offices located in Las Vegas at the Pecos Road addresses given above. Public records of the Nevada Secretary of State indicate that USACM was organized as of February 28, 1989. Prior to the Petition Date, USACM was in the business of underwriting, originating, brokering, funding and servicing commercial loans primarily secured by residential and commercial developments, both on behalf of investors and for its own account. USACM has been licensed as a mortgage broker by the State of Nevada since January 11, 1990, although its license was limited by the Mortgage Lending Division of the State of Nevada after the Petition Date to exclude raising investment funds from individual investors.

The primary shareholders of USACM are Thomas A. Hantges, Joseph D. Milanowski and

Paul S. Hamilton (either in their own names or through trusts they control) who also managed USACM as officers and directors prior to the Petition Date. As of the Petition Date, they relinquished management authority to Thomas J. Allison of Mesirow Financial Interim Management, LLC (“MFIM”), who became the President and Chief Restructuring Officer of USACM on that date. Mr. Allison continues to serve in those capacities to the present. Other management employees of USACM appointed after the Petition Date were Mark L. Olson, Vice President and Chief Operating Officer and Robert A. Hilson, Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer. A. Faisal Siddiqui was appointed as the Vice President and Chief Technology Officer of USACM after the Petition Date. Mr. Hilson’s employment was terminated in September 2006.

As of the Petition Date, the loan portfolio that USACM was servicing consisted of approximately 115 loans having a combined outstanding balance of approximately \$960 million. Since the Petition Date, USACM’s new management has aggressively engaged in efforts to collect outstanding loan amounts. As of September 30, 2006, the total outstanding balance of the serviced loans was approximately \$791 million. A loan summary spreadsheet created by MFIM providing information as of September 30, 2006, concerning each of the serviced loans is attached hereto as *Exhibit 2*. Similar loan summaries created by MFIM as of earlier dates, including April 26, 2006, May 26, 2006, June 30, 2006, July 31, 2006, and August 31, 2006, are available for review on USACM’s website at usacapitalcorp.com.

Prior to the Petition Date, USACM’s business included soliciting individual investors to purchase fractional interest in loans, as well as originating and servicing the loans. As of the Petition Date, there were approximately 3,600 investors whose names appear as a “Lender” in the documents for one or more of the serviced loans. In the Debtors’ bankruptcy cases and in this Disclosure Statement, the loan investors have been referred to as “Direct Lenders.” Many of the Direct Lenders invested in more than one of the serviced loans, with the average being approximately 3 to 4 loans for each Direct Lender. Along with being the servicer, USACM is itself a Direct Lender having an aggregate investment of approximately \$2 million as of June 30, 2006, in the serviced loans. Two of the other Debtors, DTDF and FTDF, are also Direct Lenders having interests in certain of the serviced loans, as explained below.

B. USA Capital Diversified Trust Deed Fund, LLC

DTDF is a Nevada limited liability company organized as of February 3, 2000. A copy of DTDF's Operating Agreement is on file with the Court at Docket # 1590. It appears that the purpose of DTDF was to allow USACM to offer investors (in Nevada only) the opportunity to invest in loans that USACM originated by purchasing membership interests in a fund (i.e., DTDF) that then invested in various loans, rather than (or in addition to) the investor investing directly in the loans. Because DTDF was not a fund registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), it could not solicit investors beyond the State of Nevada. DTDF's stated purpose was to make or purchase entire or fractional interests in acquisition, development, construction, bridge or interim loans that were secured by first deeds of trust on, among other things, undeveloped land and residential and commercial developments located primarily in the United States. There was a continuous offering of membership interests (known as "units") in DTDF from May 2000 to July 2004. In July 2004, DTDF stopped offering the sale of membership units, and on September 27, 2005, the investors were notified that DTDF would be liquidating. DTDF had approximately 1,350 members as of the Petition Date. The aggregate outstanding balance owed to DTDF on its loan investments as of July 31, 2006, was \$117,742,343, consisting of 21 loans (excluding the former Epic and Sheraton loans) in which DTDF invested as a Direct Lender. The loans were all originated by USACM. As explained in further detail below, although DTDF loans were supposed to be secured by first deeds of trust and have other protections for DTDF investors, those protections were not generally provided by USACM.

Prior to the Petition Date, the nominal manager of DTDF was USA Realty (described below), and another of the Debtors, USACM, acted as the loan servicer. The management duties included investing funds, hiring and paying professionals, preparing tax returns, and other duties. Pursuant to an order of the Court entered shortly after the Petition Date, Mr. Allison is serving as the chief restructuring officer of DTDF as well as the four other Debtors.

C. USA Capital First Trust Deed Fund, LLC

FTDF is a Nevada limited liability company organized as of February 16, 2001. A copy of the FTDF Operating Agreement is on file with the Court at Docket # 1591. It appears that the

purpose of FTDF was to allow USACM to offer investors throughout the United States (not just in Nevada, as was the case with DTDF) the opportunity to invest in loans that USACM originated by purchasing membership interests in a fund (FTDF) that invested in various loans, rather than (or in addition to) the investor investing directly in the loans. Prior to the Petition Date, FTDF filed reports and disclosures with the SEC. FTDF's stated purpose was to make or purchase entire or fractional interests in acquisition, development, construction, bridge or interim loans that were secured by first deeds of trust on, among other things, undeveloped land and residential and commercial developments located primarily in the United States. FTDF had approximately 950 members as of the Petition Date. The aggregate outstanding balance owed to FTDF on its loan investments as of July 31, 2006, was \$62,653,825, consisting of 47 loans in which FTDF invested as a Direct Lender. The loans were all originated by USACM.

FTDF offered four classes of membership, Class A, B, C and D. Class A members agreed to commit their capital contributions for a period of twelve (12) months and were to receive the "Class A Preferred Return" defined as "nine percent (9%) per annum, or such other percentage determined by the manager from time to time, in its sole and absolute discretion, without reinvesting." See Second Amended and Restated Operating Agreement of FTDF, dated as of June 1, 2003, ("FTDF Operating Agreement") ¶¶ 1.13, 1.14, & 1.15. Class B members agreed to commit their capital contributions for a period of twenty-four (24) months and were to receive the "Class B Preferred Return" defined as "ten percent (10%) per annum, or such other percentage determined by the manager from time to time, in its sole and absolute discretion, without reinvesting." See FTDF Operating Agreement ¶¶ 1.16, 1.17, & 1.18. Class C members agreed to commit their capital contributions for a period of thirty-six (36) months and were to receive the "Class C Preferred Return" defined as "eleven percent (11%) per annum, or such other percentage determined by the manager from time to time, in its sole and absolute discretion, without reinvesting." See FTDF Operating Agreement ¶¶ 1.19, 1.20, & 1.21. The Class D member of FTDF is USA Securities (see below), and does not receive the returns described above for Class A members, Class B members, or Class C members.

Prior to the Petition Date, the nominal manager of FTDF was USA Realty (described

below), and another of the Debtors, USACM, acted as the loan servicer. The management duties included investing funds, hiring and paying professionals, preparing tax returns, and other duties. Pursuant to an order of the Court entered shortly after the Petition Date, Mr. Allison is serving as the chief restructuring officer of FTDF as well as the four other Debtors.

D. USA Securities, LLC

USA Securities is a Nevada limited liability company organized as of March 3, 1999. The Company is a registered broker-dealer under SEC Rule 15c3-1(a)(2)(vi) and was a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers (NASD). It appears that the primary business of USA Securities was to sell membership interests in FDTF. USA Securities is dormant and has conducted no business on or after the Petition Date.

Prior to the Petition Date, the sole members and co-managers of USA Securities were Joseph Milanowski and Paul Hamilton. On and after the Petition Date, and pursuant to resolutions filed with USA Securities' bankruptcy petition, Thomas J. Allison of MFIM became the sole manager of USA Securities. Pursuant to an order of the Court, Mr. Allison is also serving as the chief restructuring officer of USA Securities as well as the four other Debtors.

E. USA Capital Realty Advisors LLC

USA Realty is a Nevada limited liability company organized as of January 18, 2001. It is the manager of FTDF and DTDF. USA Realty is owned by USA Investment Partners LLC ("USAIP"), and prior to the Petition Date USA Realty's sole managing member was Joseph Milanowski. Based on records in possession of the Debtors, USAIP is owned by Thomas Hantges, Joseph Milanowski, and Paul Hamilton, either directly or through trusts controlled by these individuals.

On and after the Petition Date, and pursuant to resolutions filed with USA Realty's bankruptcy petition, Thomas J. Allison of MFIM became the sole manager of USA Realty. Pursuant to an order of the Court, Mr. Allison is also serving as the chief restructuring officer of USA Realty as well as the four other Debtors.

F. Other Related Entities

Attached hereto as *Exhibit 3* is a chart showing relationships among the five Debtors, the

1 non-debtor entity USAIP, and certain related non-debtor entities.

2 **G. Factors Precipitating Debtors' Bankruptcy Filings**

3 Prior to April 2006, it appears that USACM regularly made monthly interest payments to
 4 Direct Lenders regardless of whether the borrowers of the particular loans in which the Direct
 5 Lenders had an interest were paying USACM. For example, during the first three months of 2006,
 6 USACM collected on average approximately \$5.3 million per month in interest payments on the
 7 serviced loans from the borrowers but paid out on average approximately \$9.7 million per month
 8 to the Direct Lenders, using, among other sources, principal paid on loans from other borrowers to
 9 make these interest payments. MFIM has determined that as of the Petition Date, USACM made
 10 approximately \$39.5 million in such advance payments of principal or interest to Direct Lenders
 11 (defined in the Plan as "Prepaid Interest"). USACM did not have sufficient funds to make
 12 monthly interest payments to all Direct Lenders in April 2006, and therefore did not make any
 13 March 2006 payments (which were due in April) to any of the Direct Lenders. USACM's
 14 inability to continue making monthly payments to all Direct Lenders was a significant contributing
 15 factor to the Debtors' decision to file for bankruptcy protection.

16 Another significant contributing factor was an investigation by the SEC. Prior to the
 17 Petition Date, USACM and FTDF received notice from the SEC that they were the subject of a
 18 regulatory investigation. FTDF and USACM believe that reorganization under Chapter 11 of the
 19 Bankruptcy Code would result in a greater return to creditors of their estates, FTDF investors and
 20 to Direct Lenders than would a potential receivership by the SEC.

21 **VII. POST-PETITION DEVELOPMENTS**

22 **A. Investigating and Restating Debtors' Loan Records**

23 On April 13, 2006, the Debtors filed for bankruptcy protection. Thomas J. Allison of
 24 MFIM was appointed by the Board of Directors as the President, Chief Executive Officer, and
 25 Chief Restructuring Officer of USACM, and as the Manager and Chief Restructuring Officer of
 26 the other four Debtors (which are limited liability companies). Mr. Allison's first action was to
 27 terminate the employment of Joseph Milanowski and Thomas Hantges as the principal officers
 28 and management of USACM. Mr. Allison and MFIM next began an intensive review and

investigation of the books and records of USACM and the four other related Debtors. USACM was the loan servicer for the portfolios of the Direct Lenders, including FTDF and DTDF. To date, the post-petition investigation of the Debtors, which is ongoing, indicates that USACM made monthly payments to the Direct Lenders, DTDF, and FTDF regardless of whether the borrower had paid the interest due. Further, full principal repayments by at least four borrowers were collected by USACM but not disbursed to the appropriate Direct Lenders (referred to in the Plan as “Unremitted Principal”). Evidence of other irregularities includes a lack of any attempt to obtain collateral to secure at least four loans, loans without properly perfected security interests, loans secured by second liens, and other potential violations of the Nevada mortgage lending statutes. In addition, many of the loans appear to have been extended to borrowers who were affiliated or otherwise related to USACM’s pre-petition management, such that the borrower entities were partially owned by the owners and officers of USACM through one or more of their various entities (including USAIP). Many of these loans were non-performing loans in that the underlying borrower had not paid the interest due. Further investigation and analysis has continued. To date, the history of fundings, assignments of fractional interests in an out of loans, interest paid and received, and principal payments has been reconstructed for 110 of the 115 loans in the USACM portfolio. Five loans are still under investigation due to lack of records, foreclosure, litigation, or other special situations. This reconstruction identified over 25 loans which were seriously delinquent (meaning they were over 6 months past due). Collection efforts have focused on these 25 loans and other past due loans.

B. Significant Post-petition Motions and Other Court Filings

Many significant motions and other papers have been filed with and ruled on by the Court in the Debtors’ jointly administered bankruptcy cases. As of November 3, 2006, the Court’s docket in the jointly administered case (Bankruptcy Case No. 06-10725) contains 1,725 entries. The full docket and copies of all of the significant filings and orders in the Debtors’ bankruptcy cases are publicly available free of charge through the Debtors’ website, usacapitalcorp.com (click on “Filings”). Several of the most significant Court rulings to date are detailed below.

1. Orders Approving Debtors’ Use of Cash. If the Debtors were not able to

1 use the cash in the Debtors' bankruptcy estates, the Debtors would be unable to collect amounts
2 owed from borrowers on outstanding loans and unable to continue other business operations
3 essential in attempting to maximize the return to creditors, Direct Lenders, and Fund Members in
4 these bankruptcy cases. In response to periodic motions made by the Debtors requesting
5 permission to continue using cash for the essential operations and administrative expenses of the
6 Debtors, the Court entered orders on April 19 [docket no. 32], May 9, May 22 [docket no. 315],
7 July 25 [docket no. 974], and September 14, 2006 [docket no. 1282], allowing Debtors to continue
8 using cash in the bankruptcy estates pursuant to proposed cash budgets prepared by MFIM. On
9 October 5, 2006, Debtors filed a Motion for Order Approving Continued Use of Cash Through
10 January 31, 2007 Pursuant to Fourth Revised Budget [docket no. 1451]. This Motion was
11 approved by the Court at the October 30, 2006 hearing, although a written order has not yet been
12 entered by the Court.

13 2. Orders Approving Debtors' Employment of Professionals. The Debtors
14 filed applications requesting authority to retain Thomas J. Allison as chief restructuring officer,
15 MFIM as restructuring and financial advisors [docket no. 6], Ray Quinney & Nebeker P.C. as
16 general bankruptcy counsel [docket no. 23], and Schwartzer-McPherson Law Firm as local
17 Nevada bankruptcy counsel [docket no. 21]. On April 19, 2006, the Court entered an order
18 granting interim approval through July 27, 2006, for the Debtors to employ Mr. Allison and
19 MFIM [docket no. 26]. On June 5, 2006, the Court entered an order granting interim approval
20 through July 27, 2006, for the Debtors to employ the two law firms mentioned above as legal
21 counsel [docket nos. 474 and 475]. On August 11, 2006, the Court entered its order extending the
22 approval for the Debtors to continue employing the above-named professionals through October 2,
23 2006 [docket no. 1137]. On October 31, 2006, the Court entered a further order granting approval
24 for the continued retention of all these professionals through December 15, 2006 [docket no.
25 1708].

26 3. Four Official Committees and Their Professionals. On May 10, 2006, the
27 U.S. Trustee's office filed notices indicating that four committees had been formed in the Debtors'
28 cases: (a) the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors of USA Commercial Mortgage

Company [docket no. 201]; (b) the Official Committee of Holders of Executory Contract Rights Through USA Commercial Mortgage Company [docket no. 202]; (c) the Official Committee of Equity Security Holders of USA Capital Diversified Trust Deed Fund, LLC [docket no. 203]; and (d) the Official Committee of Equity Security Holders of USA Capital First Trust Deed Fund, LLC [docket no. 204]. Shortly thereafter, the Court approved applications by each of the committees to employ legal counsel and the applications of three of the four committees to employ financial advisors (the Executory Contract Rights Committee has not employed a financial advisor). Each of the committees has established a website containing further information that is available through a link on the usacapitalcorp.com website.

4. Approval of Motion to Hold Funds. On May 8, 2006, USACM filed a motion requesting permission to temporarily hold funds pending a determination of the proper recipients and proper holdback amounts [docket no. 173]. USACM filed this motion, as directed by the Court, to obtain permission from the Court to continue holding funds in USACM's loan servicing collection account until USACM could complete its review and restatement of the Debtors' loan servicing records. After considering all of the responses and oppositions to the motion, the Court granted USACM's motion in an order entered July 6, 2006 [docket no. 836]. Although the Court approved USACM's request to continue to hold the funds temporarily, the Court did not make any final rulings respecting the rights of any party to the funds that were being held.

5. Debtors' Bankruptcy Statements and Schedules. On June 15, 2006, each of the Debtors filed its Statement of Financial Affairs ("Statements") and its Schedules, as required by the Bankruptcy Code [docket nos. 673-682], and on June 23, 2006, certain amendments to the Statements and Schedules were filed [docket no. 784]. Given the pre-petition loan servicing irregularities and problems with the Debtors' accounting records, the preparation and filing of the Statements and Schedules represented a major effort by the Debtors' new management and MFIM.

6. Investor Statements Mailed to All Direct Lenders and Fund Members. Although not filed with the Court, investor statements as of the Petition Date were prepared and mailed to all Direct Lenders and Fund Members on July 10, 2006, which was another major

1 milestone in the Debtors' cases. After completing the accounting investigations and restatements
2 necessary to produce and file the Statements and Schedules, the Debtors were then able to prepare
3 and mail these investor statements to each Direct Lender indicating what their position was with
4 respect to each loan that they had an interest in as of the Petition Date. Investor statements were
5 also prepared and mailed to the Fund Members indicating what their respective interests were in
6 DTDF and FTDF. Shortly thereafter, the Debtors were able to update the loan accounting records
7 for each Direct Lender through June 30, 2006, and an updated investor statement was mailed to
8 each Direct Lender on July 27, 2006. Additional investor statements were mailed out to Direct
9 Lenders on August 25, 2006, and October 20, 2006.

10 7. \$64 Million Distribution Approved by Court and Mailed to Investors. One
11 of the primary goals of Debtors' new, post-petition management was to distribute to investors, as
12 promptly as possible after the initial accounting work and reconstruction of the loan records was
13 completed, a significant portion of the funds USACM had collected and was holding. The
14 Debtors accomplished this goal through their Motion to Distribute Funds [docket no. 847], which
15 elicited numerous responses and oppositions but which the Court approved at a hearing held on
16 August 4, 2006. The Court's order granting the motion was entered on August 24, 2006 [docket
17 no. 1184], and the distributions, totaling approximately \$64.3 million and representing approved
18 distributions on loan collections through June 2006 (after Court-approved holdbacks), were mailed
19 to Direct Lenders on August 25, 2006. Shortly thereafter, FTDF distributed the approved portion
20 of the payments it received (after an appropriate reserve for claims) to its Fund Members.

21 8. Order Granting Proposed Procedures for Distributions on a Monthly Basis.
22 On August 29, 2006, Debtors filed their Modification to Motion to Distribute Funds and Proposed
23 Procedures for Ongoing Distributions [docket no. 1203] in which they sought to extend and
24 modify the relief requested in the Motion to Distribute Funds and to propose specific procedures
25 by which future interim distributions could be made to direct lenders and fund members on a
26 monthly basis. On October 2, 2006, the Court entered a Modified Order Authorizing Interim
27 Distributions and Holdbacks [docket no. 1424] setting forth the procedures for future monthly
28 distributions less certain holdbacks. Pursuant to this order, a second interim distribution of
approximately \$61.3 million from the USACM collection account was mailed to Direct Lenders

1 on or about October 20, 2006, representing approved distributions on loan collections during July
2 and August 2006. Shortly thereafter, FTDF distributed the approved portion of the payments it
3 received (after an appropriate reserve for claims) to its Fund Members. A distribution on account
4 of loan collections received during September 2006 is expected to be made in November 2006. A
5 distribution for October 2006 collections should be made in late November 2006.

6 9. Order Scheduling Auction and Establishing Bid Procedures. Over the
7 course of the last few months, a primary focus of the Debtors has been to negotiate the terms of
8 the Asset Purchase Agreement with SPCP Group, LLC (“Silver Point”) to establish a lead bid for
9 the purchase of certain assets of FTDF and USACM which bid would then be subjected to an
10 auction process to determine if the assets could be sold for a higher and better offer. Accordingly,
11 on September 22, 2006, after extensive discussions with counsel for the Committees and Silver
12 Point, Debtors filed a Motion for Order Scheduling an Auction for the Sale of Certain Assets,
13 Appointing SPCP Group, LLC, as Lead Bidder, and Approving Bid Procedures and Protections
14 (the “Bid Procedures Motion”) [docket no. 1352]. On October 26, 2006, the Bid Procedures
15 Motion was approved by the Court subject to some minor modifications, and the order was
16 entered on November 8, 2006 [docket no. 1761].

17 10. Approval of Motion for Retention of Employees. On October 3, 2006, a
18 Motion for Order Approving Retention Plan of Debtors’ Remaining Employees (the “Retention
19 Motion”) [docket no. 1429] was filed. Since the Petition Date, most of the Debtors’ pre-petition
20 employees were terminated by Debtors’ current management or left voluntarily for other work.
21 The Retention Motion was filed to request approval of certain incentives to encourage the
22 remaining eleven employees to stay until confirmation of the Plan. The Debtors believed that the
23 cost of the incentives would be less expensive than if the Debtors had to replace those employees
24 with professional consultants or temporary employees. The Court approved the Retention Motion
25 at the October 30, 2006 hearing, and entry of the written order is pending.

26 11. Order Denying Motion to Convert Case to a Chapter 7. On October 24,
27 2006 the United States Trustee (“UST”) filed a Motion to Convert Case to Chapter 7 (the
28 “Conversion Motion”) [docket no. 1661]. The UST argued that the requirements were met for the
case to be converted under 11 U.S.C. § 112(b). The Conversion Motion was strongly opposed by
the Debtors and all four of the Committees appointed by the UST who argued that conversion to a

liquidating Chapter 7 at this point would be disastrous and not in the best interest of creditors and the estates. At a hearing on October 30, 2006, the Court denied the Conversion Motion, and the written order denying the motion was entered November 1, 2006 [docket no. 1711].

12. Fixing of Claims Bar Date. The Court set November 13, 2006, as the deadline (the “Bar Date”) for all creditors and equity interest holders to file proofs of claim and proofs of interest. The Court recently extended the Bar Date, but only as to the filing of claims by Direct Lenders, to January 13, 2007. The Court also extended indefinitely the Bar Date for the filing of intercompany claims between the Debtors. These claims are not expected to be filed in these cases as they are described in this Disclosure Statement and are being settled or determined in accordance with the provisions of the Plan.

VIII. DESCRIPTION OF POST-PETITION OPERATIONS

Thomas J. Allison and the MFIM staff investigated the allegations of improper accounting for the loans USACM serviced (“Serviced Loans”) to reconstruct the books and records of the USACM loan portfolio in order to properly account for the payments and disbursements made with respect to each loan in the portfolio. The reconstruction effort focused on accounting for each loan on a separate basis. This effort necessarily included an analysis of the position of each Direct Lender in each specific loan. Under Mr. Allison’s direction, USACM prepared a loan summary as of the Petition Date containing various data respecting the 115 loans that constitute the Serviced Loans. To obtain the information necessary for the loan summary, as well as for the Debtors’ Schedules and Statements and the investor statements prepared as of the Petition Date, it was first necessary to obtain, analyze and reconstruct the loan data. This process began with analyzing the existing USACM database containing data from 2004-2006.

MFIM determined, as of the Petition Date, that USACM’s loan servicing database contained substantial errors, including but not limited to the following: (a) some borrower payments were not entered into the system; (b) most interest payments from borrowers were not posted in a timely manner; (c) payments were not applied according to the governing loan documents, which required that that payments be applied first to outstanding interest and then principal; (d) the amount of interest owed by borrowers was not calculated with the correct number of days outstanding or correct amount of principal owing; (e) check numbers used were not in sequence or were used multiple times; and (f) servicing fees were not charged, or were

1 calculated incorrectly using an interest rate “spread” rather than the loan service fee allowed
2 pursuant to the loan servicing agreements. The research of USACM’s books and records also
3 revealed that the historical data prior to 2004 was kept in Access or Excel electronic files that were
4 overwritten as they were updated, leaving no historical data or audit trail. In addition, there was
5 no reliable system for tracking the numerous assignments in and out of various loans. Thus, in
6 order to reconstruct the accounting for each loan, it was necessary to review and analyze the
7 source documentation of Direct Lenders’ deposits of investment funds, fundings to the borrowers,
8 and assignments of Direct Lenders in or out of a loan. Bank deposits, deposit or clear dates from
9 bank statements, and assignments were reviewed and documented. A loan general ledger was
10 prepared for each of the Serviced Loans by using the source data and applying the correct interest
11 rate and days outstanding; applying payments first to outstanding interest then to principal;
12 correcting to use actual dates for the receipt of interest payments; calculating the amount of unpaid
13 interest owed to Direct Lenders as the promissory note interest rate less the loan servicing fee
14 allowed under the servicing agreements; tracking assignments in and out of various loans; and
15 recharacterizing payments made to Direct Lenders on a particular loan after the borrower had
16 repaid the loan as principal repayments, not interest payments (because interest was no longer due
17 from the borrower).

17 USACM, as directed by Mr. Allison, has also focused its efforts on collecting the loans in
18 its portfolio. USACM determined that there were loans that had matured as well as loans with
19 uncollected interest. A team consisting of USACM staff and MFIM staff has worked diligently to
20 collect the monies due to the Direct Lenders, including DTDF and FTDF. As of October 30,
21 2006, the team has collected approximately \$185 million, consisting of \$38 million in interest and
22 \$146 million in principal. In addition, MFIM estimates that 10 loans should be collected in the
23 next 90 days including at least 3 with substantial amounts of past due interest.

24 The total USACM has collected from borrowers after the Petition Date through September
25 30, 2006, on the serviced loans is \$184,528,383.89, which includes the amounts collected on the
26 following loans that were repaid substantially or in full:

27 ///

28 ///

Loan	Date	Principal	Interest
5252 Orange LLC	6/9/2006	\$ 3,800,000.00	\$ 62,965.56
Ashby Financial Company LLC	9/1/2006	\$ 7,200,000.00	\$ 2,010,137.25
Boise Gowan 93 LLC	8/29/2006	\$ 2,425,000.00	\$ 48,984.97
Copper Sage Commerce Center LLC	6/22/2006	\$ 179,105.65	\$ 14,508.78
Del Valle Isleton	5/23/2006	\$ 6,420,000.00	\$ 123,604.23
Fiesta Beaumont	7/21/2006	\$ 2,400,000.00	\$ 17,499.93
Glendale Tower Partners, LP	8/31/2006	\$ 6,500,000.00	\$ 288,580.07
Golden State Investments LP	6/5/2006	\$ 2,850,000.00	\$ 173,041.84
HFA- North Yonkers	5/26/2006	\$ 24,000,000.00	\$ 4,168,402.75
HFA-Riviera	5/26/2006	\$ 5,000,000.00	\$ 767,361.09
HFA- Riviera 2 nd	5/26/2006	\$ 8,000,000.00	\$ 2,698,080.00
J. Jireh Corporation	8/31/2006	\$ 8,825,000.00	\$ 198,037.00
LCG Gilroy LLC	6/30/2006	\$ 4,950,000.00	\$ 444,747.79
Midvale Marketplace LLC	7/14/2006	\$ 4,075,000.00	\$ 366,232.33
Opaque Land Development LLC	4/28/2006	\$ 4,827,970.00	\$ 856,614.77
Preserve at Galleria, LLC	9/27/2006	\$ 3,591,750.00	\$ 88,938.12
Roam Development Group	8/2/2006	\$ 25,042,250.00	\$ 7,637.26
Urban Housing Alliance LLC	8/21/2006	\$ 8,150,000.00	\$ 261,473.25
Total		\$128,236,075.65	\$ 12,594,747.09

IX. SUMMARY OF THE PLAN

This part of the Disclosure Statement summarizes the provisions of the Plan. The Plan, after it has been confirmed, will constitute a contract between the Debtors and their creditors, equity interest holders, and Direct Lenders. If confirmed, the Plan will be binding on all parties in interest in the case including all creditors, equity interest holders, and Direct Lenders, whether or not they voted for the Plan. This summary is a broad outline of the Plan and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Plan. It is therefore advisable that you review the Plan carefully for the full details of the treatment of creditors and equity interest holders and seek the assistance of your own counsel and other professionals as you may deem appropriate to ensure you adequately understand the Plan and its consequences.

A. General Plan Summary

The Plan contemplates the liquidation of each Debtor's estate and the distribution of the liquidation proceeds to each such Debtor's creditors and equity interest holders, as applicable. The Plan will be implemented, in part, through a proposed asset sale transaction, in which substantially all of the assets of FTDF (primarily its interests in a portfolio of loans) and certain assets of USACM (primarily those used to conduct its loan servicing business) will be transferred to a third party purchaser. The Plan will also be implemented through the settlement of several disputes among the various parties in interest in these cases.

Specifically, the Plan will be implemented through the following transactions:

- the sale of substantially all of the assets of FTDF and certain assets of USACM, and disbursement of related proceeds and certain other cash of the estates in accordance with the Plan;
- the transfer of most Loan Servicing Agreements to the purchaser of the FTDF and USACM sale assets, which will be or be affiliated with a qualified third-party servicing agent;
- the treatment of Prepaid Interest as property of the USACM estate to fund distributions to holders of allowed administrative priority claims and other priority or secured claims

- according to the priorities provided for in the Bankruptcy Code;
- the transfer of the remaining USACM assets, principally including (a) remaining Prepaid Interest; (b) USACM's share of the the \$58 million secured note payable by USAIP; (c) USACM's interests in certain notes; (d) USACM's right to collect origination, extension, or other success fees and default interest premiums; and (e) lawsuits to be brought against Hantges, Milanowski, USAIP and other non-Debtor insiders, aiders and abettors of wrongdoing that led to the bankruptcy case, to a USACM Trust in which all unsecured creditors will share as beneficiaries;
 - the retention by DTDF after the effective date of the Plan of its assets, principally including (a) DTDF's interests in over 20 loans, including the largest loan in the USACM portfolio, which loan is owned solely by DTDF, the 10-90, Inc. secured note payable by USAIP; (b) lawsuits against the same wrongdoers; (c) its interest in the \$58 million secured note payable by USAIP; and (d) its claims against USACM;
 - the transfer of certain assets of FTDF to DTDF as part of its settlement of all claims and disputes between FTDF and DTDF, which will be used to pay DTDF's administrative expense and creditor claims, and begin funding its litigation;
 - the liquidation of the DTDF assets and USACM Trust assets, including through coordinated litigation against the wrongdoers;
 - distribution of the net proceeds of the DTDF assets to holders of allowed equity interests in DTDF (and any remaining creditor claims), and distribution of the net proceeds of USACM Trust assets to the USACM unsecured creditors as Trust beneficiaries, in accordance with the Plan, followed by the dissolution of those entities;
 - the distribution of FTDF's share of the proceeds from the sale of its assets to equity interest holders in FTDF after satisfaction of all allowed claims against FTDF, followed by the dissolution of FTDF;
 - the liquidation of any assets of the USA Realty estate and the USA Securities estate,

distribution of cash to holders of allowed claims against USA Realty and USA Securities, respectively, in accordance with the Plan, and the dissolution of USA Realty and USA Securities; and

- the preservation of certain claims, causes of action, defenses and counterclaims, which shall be pursued as set forth in the Plan.

B. Classification and Treatment of Claims and Interests

While this Disclosure Statement provides a brief description of the types of potential Claims to receive treatment under the Plan, NOTHING IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT OR IN THE PLAN IS INTENDED TO, NOR DOES IT, CONSTITUTE AN ADMISSION THAT ANY CLAIM OR EQUITY INTEREST IS OR SHOULD BE ALLOWED. THE DEBTORS RESERVE ALL RIGHTS TO OBJECT TO ANY AND ALL CLAIMS OF ANY CREDITOR OR EQUITY INTEREST HOLDER UNDER THE PLAN.

1. Unclassified Claims.

The Plan addresses certain unclassified claims for which treatment is mandated under the Bankruptcy Code. These include administrative expense claims under sections 503(b) and 507(a)(1), and priority tax claims under section 507(a)(8) of the Bankruptcy Code. These unclassified claims are not considered impaired and they do not vote on the Plan because they are automatically entitled to specific treatment provided for them in the Bankruptcy Code. As such, the Debtors have not placed the following claims in a class. The respective treatments for these claims are provided below.

a. Administrative Expenses for Each Debtor

(i). General

Administrative expenses are claims for costs or expenses of administering the Debtors' Chapter 11 Cases which are allowed under Bankruptcy Code section 503(b), and referred to in Bankruptcy Code section 507(a)(1). These claims include, without limitation, (i) any actual and necessary postpetition expenses of preserving the estates, (ii) any actual and necessary postpetition expenses of operating the businesses of the debtors, (iii) all compensation or reimbursement of expenses to the extent allowed by the Court under Bankruptcy Code sections 330, 331, or 503, and (iv) any fees or charges assessed against the estates under 1930 of title 28 of the United States

Code.

Each holder of an allowed administrative expense in a particular estate will be paid in full in cash out of such estate. Payment will be made on the later of, or as soon as practicable thereafter: (a) the Effective Date, or (b) the date the expense becomes an allowed administrative expense except to the extent that the holder of an allowed administrative expense agrees to a different treatment. The Direct Lender Committee professional fees and costs are an administrative expense of USACM, a portion of which shall be reimbursed pursuant to the compromise set forth in the Plan.

b. Bar Date For Administrative Claims

(i). General Provisions

Except as provided below for professionals or entities requesting compensation providing services on behalf of the Debtors' estates, requests for payment of Administrative Expenses must be filed no later than thirty (30) days after the Effective Date.

The Plan establishes a bar date of forty-five (45) days after the Effective Date by which all final fee applications, to the extent not previously filed, for the compensation of professionals for services rendered and for reimbursement of expenses incurred on or before the Effective Date pursuant to Bankruptcy Code sections 327, 328, 503(b), 1103, and/or 1106 and all other requests for payment of administrative expenses incurred before the Effective Date under Bankruptcy Code sections 507(a)(1) or 507(b) must be filed with the Court or be forever barred.

The holders of administrative expenses (including without limitation, professionals requesting compensation or reimbursement of expenses and any governmental units asserting claims for federal, state or local taxes) who are required to file a request for payment of such claims but that do not do so by the applicable bar date will be forever barred from asserting their claims for administrative expenses against the Debtors, the estates, the USACM Trust, DTDF any other person or entity, or any of their respective property.

(ii). Professionals

All professionals or other entities requesting compensation or reimbursement of expenses under sections 327, 328, 330, 331, 503(b) and 1103 of the Bankruptcy Code for services rendered before the Effective Date (including any compensation requested by any professional or any other entity for making a substantial contribution in the Chapter 11 Cases) will need to file and serve on

the U.S. Trustee, the Debtors, the USACM Trust, and Post-Effective Date DTDF an application for final allowance of compensation and reimbursement of expenses. This application must be filed no later than forty-five (45) days after the Effective Date. Any objection to such applications must be timely filed and served in accordance with Nevada District Court Local Rule 9014.

(iii). Ordinary Course Liabilities

The holders of claims for administrative expenses based on liabilities incurred in the ordinary course of the Debtors' businesses prior to the Effective Date (other than professionals or other entities described in subparagraph (2), above, governmental units that hold claims for taxes or claims and/or penalties related to such taxes, and claims otherwise described in the Plan) are not required to file any request for payment of these claims. Each administrative expense shall be assumed and paid by the obligated estate under the terms and conditions of the particular transaction giving rise to that administrative expense, without any further action by the holder of such administrative expense.

c. Priority Tax Claims

A priority tax claim is that portion of any general unsecured claim for unpaid taxes which is entitled to priority under section 507(a)(8) of the Bankruptcy Code. Each holder of an allowed priority tax claim in a particular estate will be paid in full, in cash from such estate. This payment will be made on the later of, or as soon as practicable thereafter, the: (a) Effective Date, or (b) the date such priority tax claim becomes an allowed priority tax claim, except to the extent that the holder of an allowed priority tax claim agrees to a different treatment.

2. Classified Claims and Equity Interests

The following describes the Plan's classification of claims against and equity interests in the Debtors and the treatment that holders of allowed claims and allowed equity interests will receive under the Plan. The Plan provides that holders of such allowed claims can agree to accept less favorable treatment by settlement or otherwise.

If the Plan is confirmed by the Court, each holder of a claim in a particular class will receive the same treatment as the other holders in the same class of claims or equity interests whether or not such holder voted to accept the Plan. Moreover, upon confirmation, the Plan will be binding on all creditors and interest holders of the Debtors and the Direct Lenders, regardless of

whether such creditors, interest holders or Direct Lenders voted to accept the Plan. Such treatment will be in full satisfaction, release and discharge of such holder's respective claims against and equity interests in the Debtors, except as otherwise provided in the Plan.

a. USACM – (Classes A-1 through A-7)

(i). Class A-1: Secured Tax Claims

Class A-1 consists of all allowed secured tax claims against USACM. A secured tax claim in Class A-1 is a claim of a governmental unit against USACM to the extent of the value of any interest in property of USACM's estate securing such claim. USACM estimates that allowed Class A-1 claims will be negligible, if any, but this estimate is preliminary only and is subject to change because the Bar Date has not yet passed.

These claims will be paid in full. Payment on these claims will be made on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) business days after the date the claim becomes an allowed claim. This class is unimpaired so the holders of claims in this class are presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

(ii). Class A-2: Other Secured Claims

Class A-2 consists of all other allowed secured claims against USACM. These are claims against USACM to the extent of the value of any interest in property of USACM's estate securing such claim, other than a secured tax claim. USACM estimates that allowed Class A-2 claims will be negligible, if any, but this estimate is preliminary only and is subject to change because the Bar Date has not yet passed.

The holders of these claims will either have their claim paid in full or USACM will surrender the property securing the claim in full satisfaction of the claim. USACM has the discretion to choose either option. If USACM elects to pay the claim in full, payment will be made on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) business days after the date the claim becomes an allowed claim. If USACM elects to surrender the property, it shall do so by making the property reasonably available to the holder before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) business days after the date the claim becomes an allowed claim. In the event that the property securing the claim has been lost or destroyed, USACM will provide notice to the holder of this fact. The delivery of this notice will constitute a “surrender” of the property. This class is unimpaired so the holders of

claims in this class are presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

(iii). Class A-3: Priority Unsecured Claims

Class A-3 consists of all allowed claims against USACM entitled to priority in right of payment under Bankruptcy Code section 507(a) except priority tax claims and claims for administrative expenses. These claims are primarily for employee wages, vacation pay, severance pay, contributions to benefit plans and other similar amounts. USACM estimated that allowed Class A-3 claims will aggregate approximately \$178,200, but this estimate is preliminary only and is subject to change because the Bar Date has not yet passed.

These claims will be paid in full on the Effective Date unless USACM and the creditor agree to different treatment. This class is unimpaired so the holders of claims in this class are presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

(iv). Class A-4: General Unsecured Claims

Class A-4 consists of all allowed general unsecured claims against USACM. This class includes allowed unsecured claims, including claims of trade creditors, claims for loan payments received by USACM but not paid over to applicable lenders prior to the Petition Date ("Unremitted Principal Claims"), all unsecured claims (whether under contract, tort, or other legal theory) of Direct Lenders against USACM, and the unsecured claims of FTDF and DTDF against USACM. USACM estimates that allowed Class A-4 claims will aggregate approximately \$138 million to \$488 million, but this estimate is preliminary only and is subject to change because the Bar Date has not yet passed.

The holders of these claims will receive a pro-rata share of the assets that are recovered by the USACM Trust (see section below). This class is impaired and the holders of claims in this class will have the opportunity to vote to accept or reject the Plan. The Debtors and Committees expect that objections will be filed to unsecured claims against USACM asserting losses on account of a deficit between the amount of a Direct Lender's or fund investor's loan or investment, and the amount received from the Debtors pre-petition and postpetition. The Debtors and Committees anticipate that only holders of unsecured claims that prove breach of the Loan Servicing Agreements or prove damages proximately caused by some act or failure to act by USACM in violation of a contractual or statutory duty or fraud will be allowed. In order to reduce the expense and delay of formal objections to Claims in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code and

Rules, the Unsecured Committee and the Direct Lenders Committee will propose an alternative dispute resolution mechanism under the Plan not less than 20 days before the first day scheduled for the Confirmation Hearing.

(v). Class A-5: Direct Lender Compromise Claims

Class A-5 consists of all Direct Lenders of USACM. In exchange (and as a compromise) for a release by USACM, FTDF, USA Realty, and USA Securities for all claims and causes of actions against the Direct Lenders (except as described below regarding Prepaid Interest), including claims relating to surcharge, recharacterization of Direct Lender loans, fraudulent conveyance, and the collection from Direct Lenders of prepetition accrued as of the Effective Date but unpaid annual loan servicing fees, success fees and other fees and default interest due under the Loan Servicing Agreements, the Direct Lenders acknowledge that the Prepaid Interest constitutes an asset of the USACM estate, or will otherwise transfer their ownership rights, if any, in Prepaid Interest to the USACM estate. As part of the overall settlement, and release of claims for surcharge, and for allocation of a portion of the Debtors' professional fees and costs along with professional fees and costs of counsel for the Direct Lenders Committee, the Direct Lenders further agree that up to \$605,000 of the 2% Holdback (as defined in the Plan) will be used to reimburse USACM for the allowed professional fees and costs of the Direct Lender Committee. That amount will be allocated among the Holdbacks from Direct Lenders pro rata based on the unpaid principal loan balance of those Direct Lenders with funds in the 2% Holdbacks. USACM will retain the maximum amount for its contractual servicing fee due under the respective Loan Servicing Agreements (whether 1% or more), and the balance of the 2% Holdback will be refunded to the applicable Direct Lender. Those Direct Lenders with loan servicing fees of in excess of 1% will not be charged for both a portion of the \$605,000 and the maximum contractual loan servicing fee. Instead, their share of the \$605,000 will be recovered from the loan servicing fees paid to USACM. It is anticipated that as of the Effective Date of the Plan, most of the Prepaid Interest will have been recovered from borrowers or retained by the USACM estate through netting of holdbacks during the bankruptcy case. It is further anticipated that the remainder should be recovered either (a) after transfer of servicing rights under the sale to Silver Point or approved overbidder through netting of additional holdbacks or (b) through setoff against Claims before allowance. The statute of limitations for recovery of the Prepaid Interest will be

1 tolled for two years, to enable recovery by holdbacks and netting, but in the unlikely event that
 2 Prepaid Interest has not been recovered after two years, thereafter such Direct Lenders may be
 3 sued for any unrecovered Prepaid Interest. This class is impaired and the holders of these claims
 4 will have the opportunity to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

5 Please note that if anyone, including a Direct Lender, objects to the proposed compromises
 6 set forth above, the objecting party must file, serve and pursue an objection to confirmation of the
 7 Plan in compliance with the Court's Local Rule 9014 in order to preserve the objection. Voting to
 8 reject the Plan will not be sufficient to preserve an objection.

9 **(vi) Class A-6: Penalty Claims**

10 Class A-6 consists of penalty claims against USACM, such as claims by governmental
 11 entities for non-pecuniary losses and or for punitive damages or default-rate interest, are sought
 12 and allowed, they are subordinated and not paid until and unless there is full payment of the full
 13 amount of all Allowed General Unsecured Claims. Under the Plan, Penalty Claims receive
 14 nothing.

15 **(vii). Class A-7: Subordinated Claims**

16 Class A-7 consists of all claims against USACM asserted by a non-debtor insider. Such
 17 claims are subordinated to claims of unsecured creditors, including Allowed Penalty Claims, and
 18 as a result, will receive no distribution under the Plan. This class is impaired and since no payment
 19 will be made on these claims the holders of these claims are deemed to have rejected the Plan.

20 **(viii). Class A-8: Equity Interests**

21 Class A-8 consists of all equity interests in USACM. These equity interests, in every form,
 22 will be cancelled and no payment will be made on their account. This class is impaired and since
 23 no payment will be made on these interests the holders of these interests are deemed to have
 24 rejected the Plan.

25 **b. FTDF – (Classes B-1 through B-5)**

26 **(i). Class B-1: Secured Tax Claims**

27 Class B-1 consists of all allowed secured tax claims against FTDF. A secured tax claim in
 28 Class B-1 is a claim of a governmental unit against FTDF to the extent of the value of any interest
 in property of FTDF's estate securing such claim. FTDF estimates that allowed Class B-1 claims

1 will be negligible, if any, but this estimate is preliminary only and is subject to change because the
2 Bar Date has not yet passed.

3 These claims will be paid in full. Payment on these claims will be made on or before the
4 later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) business days after the date
5 the claim becomes an allowed claim. This class is unimpaired so the holders of claims in this
6 class are presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

7 **(ii). Class B-2: Other Secured Claims**

8 Class B-2 consists of all other allowed secured claims against FTDF. Claims in Class B-2
9 are claims against FTDF to the extent of the value of any interest in property of FTDF's estate
10 securing such claim, other than a secured tax claim. FTDF estimates that allowed Class B-2
11 claims will be negligible, if any, but this estimate is preliminary only and is subject to change
12 because the Bar Date has not yet passed.

13 The holders of these claims will either have their claim paid in full or FTDF will surrender
14 the property securing the claim in full satisfaction of the claim. FTDF has the discretion to choose
15 either option. If FTDF elects to pay the claim in full, payment will be made on or before the later
16 of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) business days after the date the
17 claim becomes an allowed claim. If FTDF elects to surrender the property, it shall do so by
18 making the property reasonably available to the holder before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after
19 the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) business days after the date the claim becomes an allowed
20 claim. In the event that the property securing the claim has been lost or destroyed, FTDF will
21 provide notice to the holder of this fact. The delivery of this notice will constitute a "surrender" of
22 the property. This class is unimpaired so the holders of claims in this class are presumed to vote
23 in favor of the Plan.

24 **(iii). Class B-3: Priority Unsecured Claims**

25 Class B-3 consists of all allowed claims against FTDF entitled to priority in right of
26 payment under Bankruptcy Code section 507(a) except priority tax claims and claims for
27 administrative expenses. Generally, these claims include employee wages, vacation pay,
28 severance pay, contributions to benefit plans and other similar amounts. FTDF estimates that
allowed Class B-3 claims will be negligible, if any, but this estimate is preliminary only and is
subject to change because the Bar Date has not yet passed.

These claims will be paid in full on the Effective Date unless FTDF and the creditor agree to different treatment. This class is unimpaired so the holders of claims in this class are presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

(iv). Class B-4: General Unsecured Claims

Class B-4 consists of all allowed general unsecured claims against FTDF. This class includes unsecured claims, including claims of trade creditors or professionals who rendered services to FTDF prior to the Petition Date. FTDF estimates that the ultimate amount of allowed general unsecured claims included Class B-4 will aggregate approximately \$77,300, but this estimate is preliminary only and is subject to change because the Bar Date has not yet passed. These claims will be paid in full on the Effective Date. The holders of these claims will also receive post-petition interest on their claims as provided for in the Plan. This class is unimpaired so the holders of claims in this class are presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

(v). Class B-5: Equity Interests

Class B-5 consists of all allowed equity interests in FTDF. The holders of these equity interests will retain their pro-rata share of all distributions that were received after the Petition Date. They will also receive their pro rate share of the net sale proceeds from the sale of the FTDF assets to Silver Point, after the satisfaction of all classified and unclassified claims of FTDF, compromises provided under the Plan, the costs of the administering the Chapter 11 cases and implementing the Plan for FTDF, as well as their pro rata share of and beneficial interest in all assets recovered by the USACM Trust (subject to the compromise with DTDF as set forth below). This class is impaired and the holders of claims in this class will have the opportunity to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

c. DTDF – (Classes C-1 through C-5)

(i). Class C-1: Secured Tax Claims

Class C-1 consists of all allowed secured tax claims against DTDF. A secured tax claim in Class C-1 is a claim of a governmental unit against DTDF to the extent of the value of any interest in property of DTDF's estate securing such claim. DTDF estimates that allowed Class C-1 claims will be negligible, if any, but this estimate is preliminary only and is subject to change because the Bar Date has not yet passed.

These claims will be paid in full. Payment on these claims will be made on or before the

later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) business days after the date the claim becomes an allowed claim. This class is unimpaired so the holders of claims in this class are presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

(ii). Class C-2: Other Secured Claims

Class C-2 consists of all other allowed secured claims against DTDF. Claims in Class A-2 are claims against USACM to the extent of the value of any interest in property of USACM's estate securing such claim, other than a Secured Tax Claim. DTDF estimates that allowed Class C-2 claims will be negligible, if any, but this estimate is preliminary only and is subject to change because the Bar Date has not yet passed.

The holders of these claims will either have their claim paid in full or DTDF will surrender the property securing the claim in full satisfaction of the claim. DTDF has the discretion to choose either option. If DTDF elects to pay the claim in full, payment will be made on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) business days after the date the claim becomes an allowed claim. If DTDF elects to surrender the property, it shall do so by making the property reasonably available to the holder before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) business days after the date the claim becomes an allowed claim. In the event that the property securing the claim has been lost or destroyed, DTDF will provide notice to the holder of this fact. The delivery of this notice will constitute a "surrender" of the property. This class is unimpaired so the holders of claims in this class are presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

(iii). Class C-3: Priority Unsecured Claims

Class C-3 consists of all allowed claims against DTDF entitled to priority in right of payment under Bankruptcy Code section 507(a) except priority tax claims and claims for administrative expenses. Generally, these claims include employee wages, vacation pay, severance pay, contributions to benefit plans and other similar amounts. DTDF estimates that allowed Class C-3 claims will be negligible, if any, but this estimate is preliminary only and is subject to change because the Bar Date has not yet passed.

These claims will be paid in full on the Effective Date unless DTDF and the creditor agree to different treatment. This class is unimpaired so the holders of claims in this class are presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

(iv). Class C-4: General Unsecured Claims

Class C-4 consists of all allowed general unsecured claims against DTDF. This class includes unsecured claims, including claims of trade creditors or professionals who rendered services to DTDF prior to the Petition Date. DTDF estimated that the ultimate amount of allowed general unsecured claims included Class C-4 will be nominal, but this estimate is preliminary only and is subject to change because the Bar Date has not yet passed. These claims will be paid in full on the Effective Date. The holders of these claims will also receive post-petition interest on their claims as provided in the Plan. One unsecured claim filed by Prospect High Income Fund and other related creditors, seeking a claim amount of some \$20 million, was disallowed in full by the Bankruptcy Court at a hearing held on October 19, 2006. However, the decision disallowing the claim is on appeal. If such appeal is decided against DTDF, and if the Bankruptcy Court thereafter allows the claim, such claim will have to be paid in full with interest. This class is unimpaired so the holders of claims in this class are presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

(v). Class C-5: Equity Interests

Class C-5 consists of all allowed equity interests in DTDF. The holders of these interests will retain their interest in DTDF and all distributions, if any, that were received after the Petition Date. They will also receive their pro rata beneficial interests in each share of the assets recovered by DTDF, including the assets received by the Post-Effective Date DTDF, and the assets recovered by the USACM Trust. They will also share in the monies received from FTDF pursuant to the compromise with FTDF discussed below. This class is impaired and the holders of claims in this class will have the opportunity to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

d. USA Realty – (Classes D-1 through D-5)

(i). Class D-1: Secured Tax Claims

Class D-1 consists of all allowed secured tax claims against USA Realty. A secured tax claim in Class D-1 is a claim of a governmental unit against USA Realty to the extent of the value of any interest in property of USA Realty's estate securing such claim. USA Realty estimates that allowed Class D-1 claims will be negligible, if any, but this estimate is preliminary only and is subject to change because the Bar Date has not yet passed.

These claims will be paid in full. Payment on these claims will be made on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) business days after the date

1 the claim becomes an allowed claim. This class is unimpaired so the holders of claims in this
2 class are presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

3 **(ii). Class D-2: Other Secured Claims**

4 Class D-2 consists of all other allowed secured claims against USA Realty. Claims in
5 Class D-2 are claims against USA Realty to the extent of the value of any interest in property of
6 USA Realty's estate securing such claim, other than a secured tax claim. USA Realty estimates
7 that allowed Class D-2 claims will be negligible, if any, but this estimate is preliminary only and is
8 subject to change because the Bar Date has not yet passed.

9 The holders of these claims will either have their claim paid in full or USA Realty will
10 surrender the property securing the claim in full satisfaction of the claim. USA Realty has the
11 discretion to choose either option. If USA Realty elects to pay the claim in full, payment will be
12 made on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15)
13 business days after the date the claim becomes an allowed claim. If USA Realty elects to
14 surrender the property, it shall do so by making the property reasonably available to the holder
15 before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) business days after
16 the date the claim becomes an allowed claim. In the event that the property securing the claim has
17 been lost or destroyed, USA Realty will provide notice to the holder of this fact. The delivery of
18 this notice will constitute a "surrender" of the property. This class is unimpaired so the holders of
19 claims in this class are presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

20 **(iii). Class D-3: Priority Unsecured Claims**

21 Class D-3 consists of all allowed claims against USA Realty entitled to priority in right of
22 payment under Bankruptcy Code section 507(a) except priority tax claims and claims for
23 administrative expenses. Generally, these claims include employee wages, vacation pay,
24 severance pay, contributions to benefit plans and other similar amounts. USA Realty estimates
25 that allowed Class D-3 claims will be negligible, if any, but this estimate is preliminary only and is
26 subject to change because the Bar Date has not yet passed.

27 These claims will be paid in full on the Effective Date unless USA Realty and the creditor
28 agree to different treatment. This class is unimpaired so the holders of claims in this class are
presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

(iv). Class D-4: General Unsecured Claims

Class D-4 consists of all allowed general unsecured claims against USA Realty. This class includes unsecured claims, including claims of trade creditors or professionals who rendered services to USA Realty prior to the Petition Date. USA Realty estimated that the ultimate amount of allowed general unsecured claims included Class D-4 will aggregate approximately \$50,050,000, including approximately \$50,000 in scheduled claims and claims that will exceed \$50 million held by DTDF and FTDF for mismanagement, but this estimate is preliminary only and is subject to change because the Bar Date has not yet passed.

The holders of these claims will receive a pro rata share of the remaining USA Realty assets after the payment in full of all USA Realty unclassified claims and the claims in Classes D-1 to D-3, unless the creditor and USA Realty agree to different treatment. As part of the intercompany compromises contained in the Plan, FTDF will subordinate its general unsecured claim against USA Realty to the payment of other claims in this case, and DTDF will subordinate any claim it has against USA Realty in excess of \$50 million to the payment of other claims in this class. This class is impaired and the holders of claims in this class will have the opportunity to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

(v). Class D-5: Equity Interests

Class D-5 consists of all equity interests in USA Realty. These equity interests, in every form, will be cancelled and no payment will be made on their account. This class is impaired and since no payment will be made on these interests the holders of these interests are deemed to have rejected the Plan.

e. USA Securities – (Classes E-1 through E-5)

(i). Class E-1: Secured Tax Claims

Class E-1 consists of all allowed secured tax claims against USA Securities. A secured tax claim in Class E-1 is a claim of a governmental unit against USA Securities to the extent of the value of any interest in property of USA Securities' estate securing such claim. USA Securities estimates that allowed Class E-1 claims will be negligible, if any, but this estimate is preliminary only and is subject to change because the Bar Date has not yet passed.

These claims will be paid in full. Payment on these claims will be made on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) business days after the date the claim becomes an allowed claim. This class is unimpaired so the holders of claims in this

class are presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

(ii). Class E-2: Other Secured Claims

Class E-2 consists of all other allowed secured claims against USA Securities. Claims in Class E-2 are claims against USA Securities to the extent of the value of any interest in property of USA Securities' estate securing such claim, other than a secured tax claim. USA Securities estimates that allowed Class E-2 claims will be negligible, if any, but this estimate is preliminary only and is subject to change because the Bar Date has not yet passed.

The holders of these claims will either have their claim paid in full or USA Securities will surrender the property securing the claim in full satisfaction of the claim. USA Securities has the discretion to choose either option. If USA Securities elects to pay the claim in full, payment will be made on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) business days after the date the claim becomes an allowed claim. If USA Securities elects to surrender the property, it shall do so by making the property reasonably available to the holder before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) business days after the date the claim becomes an allowed claim. In the event that the property securing the claim has been lost or destroyed, USA Securities will provide notice to the holder of this fact. The delivery of this notice will constitute a "surrender" of the property. This class is unimpaired so the holders of claims in this class are presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

(iii). Class E-3: Priority Unsecured Claims

Class E-3 consists of all allowed claims against USA Securities entitled to priority in right of payment under Bankruptcy Code section 507(a) except priority tax claims and claims for administrative expenses. Generally, these claims include employee wages, vacation pay, severance pay, contributions to benefit plans and other similar amounts. USA Securities estimates that allowed Class E-3 claims will be negligible, if any, but this estimate is preliminary only and is subject to change because the Bar Date has not yet passed.

These claims will be paid in full on the Effective Date unless USA Realty and the creditor agree to different treatment. This class is unimpaired so the holders of claims in this class are presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

(iv). Class E-4: General Unsecured Claims

Class E-4 consists of all allowed general unsecured claims against USA Securities. This

1 class includes unsecured claims, including claims of trade creditors or professionals who rendered
 2 services to USA Securities prior to the Petition Date. USA Securities estimates that the ultimate
 3 amount of allowed general unsecured claims included Class E-4 will aggregate approximately
 4 \$13,000, but this estimate is preliminary only and is subject to change because the Bar Date has
 5 not yet passed.

6 The holders of these claims will receive a pro rata share of the remaining USA Securities
 7 assets after the payment in full of all USA Securities unclassified claims and the claims in Classes
 8 E-1 to E-3, unless the creditor and USA Securities agree to different treatment. This class is
 9 impaired and the holders of claims in this class will have the opportunity to vote to accept or reject
 10 the Plan.

11 **(v). Class E-5: Equity Interests**

12 Class D-5 consists of all equity interests in USA Securities. These equity interests, in
 13 every form, will be cancelled and no payment will be made on their account. This class is
 14 impaired and since no payment will be made on these interests the holders of these interests are
 15 deemed to have rejected the Plan.

16 **C. No Substantive Consolidation**

17 On the Effective Date, all of the assets of each Debtor shall be sold, transferred, distributed
 18 or retained by each of such Debtor's respective estate, or the Post-Effective Date Entities created
 19 for each such Debtor and its estate under the Plan, with all proceeds of sold, transferred, or
 20 liquidated assets of each Debtor being retained by the respective Debtor's estate, or the Post-
 21 Effective Date Entities created for each such Debtor and its estate under the Plan. All claims
 22 against and equity interests in the Debtors and their respective estates shall be retained by the
 23 holders of allowed claims and allowed equity interests against and in the respective estates, except
 24 as otherwise provided for under the Plan. The allowance, voting, treatment and distributions on
 25 account of allowed claims and allowed equity interests shall be as set forth in the Plan on an
 26 individual estate basis. Notwithstanding any inference to the contrary in this section, equity
 27 interests in USACM, USA Realty and USA Securities shall be retained only until the Effective
 28 Date, at which date, those equity interests shall be cancelled on an individual estate basis under the
 Plan.

Notwithstanding any provision of this Plan, nothing in this Plan shall constitute or effect a recharacterization of any loan or any interest in a loan as giving rise to a claim against or equity interest in any of the Debtors. If any entity believes that all or a portion of the loans should be so recharacterized, it must expressly raise this issue by filing an objection to the confirmation of the Plan on this basis. Any entity who fails to file such an objection to confirmation of the Plan shall be forever barred and estopped from arguing, asserting or claiming in any way that its loan or its interest in a loan should be recharacterized as an allowed claim against or allowed equity interest in a Debtor.

D. Sale of USACM Assets and FTDF Assets

On the Effective Date, USACM will sell its loan servicing assets and FTDF will sell substantially all of its assets, free and clear of liens and interests through an auction process. Although another bidder may submit a higher bid, currently the highest bid for the assets to be sold of USACM and FTDF is that of a company called SPCP Group, LLC (aka "Silver Point").³ Silver Point is a U.S.-based investment fund that is unaffiliated with any of the Debtors. The Debtors and the Committees have negotiated an agreement that will dictate the terms of sale to Silver Point (the "Asset Purchase Agreement"), and that will be used as a model for potentially higher and better offers. Silver Point's loan servicing capabilities are described below.

Pursuant to the Asset Purchase Agreement, USACM and FTDF are selling the following assets:

- FTDF's proportional interest in 44 different loans⁴ (the "FTDF Assets") for cash consideration of \$46 million, subject to certain adjustments (the "FTDF Price"); and
- USACM's post-closing rights to service loans pursuant to the Loan Servicing Agreements for the USACM portfolio and related personal property (the "USACM

³ The Debtors are aware that certain sensitive personally identifiable information is being transferred to Silver Point in connection with the sale. The Debtors have taken and will continue to take reasonable efforts to protect such personally identifiable information. The appointment of a "consumer privacy ombudsman," as contemplated under the October 2005 amendments to the Bankruptcy Code, is not required, however, because as of the Petition Date, the Debtors did not have any formal policy regarding the privacy of personally identifiable information about individuals. 11 U.S.C. §363(b)(1)

⁴ The Asset Purchase Agreement lists 46 loans, but two of the loans were repaid after the July 31, 2006 "Cut Off Date," which will result in a price adjustment as explained further below.

Assets") for cash consideration based on the future (i) collection of servicing fees, (ii) collection of default rate interest and (iii) other payments and obligations set forth in the Asset Purchase Agreement (the "USACM Price").

1. FTDF Price

The Asset Purchase Agreement provides for a purchase price for the FTDF Assets of \$46 million, subject to certain adjustments. Based on the current aggregate principal balance of \$63,539,756 for the FTDF Assets, the base FTDF Price will yield a 72.4% return to the FTDF. Of course, actual distributions to the FTDF Fund Members will be reduced by allowed administrative expenses, allowed claims, and settlements.

The Asset Purchase Agreement contemplates different price adjustments with respect to the FTDF Price. First, the Asset Purchase Agreement has built-in price adjustments that enhance the recovery to the FTDF to the extent that principal payments on FTDF loans are received after July 31, 2006, (the "Cut Off Date") and before the closing of the Asset Purchase Agreement. These adjustments provide for a partial reduction in the purchase price (ranging from 65% to 95% of the principal collected based on the loan at issue) for each dollar of principal collected prior to the close of the sale. As the FTDF Price will be reduced by less than the amount of the principal actually received by FTDF, the net effect of any principal pay downs on the FTDF Assets after the Cut Off Date will be an increase on the overall return to FTDF.⁵

Second, the Asset Purchase Agreement has another price adjustment mechanism in the event the reported principal balance of the FTDF Assets as of the Cut Off Date proves to be inaccurate.⁶ These adjustments will not be made on a dollar-for-dollar basis, but rather, will be made according to the same adjustment percentages that are used to account for post-Cut Off Date

⁵ For example, assume that, between the Cut-Off Date and the close of the sale, the FTDF's proportionate share of the principal collected is a hypothetical \$5 million and all such collections relate to loans falling within the 85% adjustment level contained in the Asset Purchase Agreement. Instead of reducing the purchase price by the full \$5 million of principal collected, the purchase price would be reduced by only \$4,250,000 (i.e., 85% of \$5 million). The FTDF would retain the \$5 million collected, thereby increasing the recovery by \$750,000.

⁶ All parties recognize that Debtors' new management has done all that it could in reconstructing the Debtors' records, but, in the end, Debtors' new management, like a chapter 7 trustee, cannot guarantee any of the records they have used in re-creating the Debtors' records.

1 principal payments (i.e., ranging from 65% to 95%), and subject to various “netting” criteria set
2 forth in detail in the Asset Purchase Agreement.⁷

3 Finally, all parties agree that there are certain title issues regarding one of the FTDF loans
4 that require further development and analysis. To the extent that the Debtors are able to resolve
5 these issues by delivering an appropriate title policy endorsement, the FTDF Price will be
6 increased by \$250,000.

7 **2. USACM Price.**

8 In consideration of the USACM Price, Silver Point will pay USACM approximately
9 \$550,000 over time for USACM’s servicing business and related assets, including the right to
10 service the loans in the USACM portfolio as described in more detail below. Silver Point will pay
11 USACM out of the proceeds that Silver Point will receive from servicing these loans.
12 Specifically, Silver Point will pay USACM 50% of the first \$1,000,000 (such amount subject to
13 reduction based upon a ratio of the principal balance of serviced loans being excluded from
14 transfer to the principal balance of serviced loans being transferred) it collects in annual servicing
15 fees, net of its collecting and servicing expenses. Silver Point will also pay \$50,000 out of the first
16 \$100,000 it collects on default rate interest payments on FTDF assets.

17 Importantly, USACM elected to retain all pre-close accrued servicing fees and related fees.
18 Thus, after the closing of the Asset Purchase Agreement ("Closing"), subject to agreed upon
19 “waterfall” provisions, Silver Point will collect and pay over to USACM certain amounts,
20 including (a) all servicing fees accrued but unpaid as of the Closing and (b) all late charges and
21 default interest due, but unpaid, from borrowers as of the Closing, with the exception of the
22 proportionate default interest in respect of the FTDF Assets. In addition, Silver Point will also
23 perform certain services on behalf of USACM's estate to assist USACM in the collection of its
24 other assets, which it has elected to retain, including exit fees, extension fees, deferred origination
25 fees, and netted Prepaid Interest, among others.

26 **3. Auction.**

27 The sale of the USACM Assets and FTDF Assets to Silver Point is subject to an auction
28 process. The auction process allows other qualified bidders to make higher and better offers for
the USACM Assets and FTDF Assets. Thus, the price paid for the USACM Assets and FTDF

7 The “netting” process is set forth in detail in Section 3.6 of the Asset Purchase Agreement.

Assets may increase even more to the extent that overbidders participate in the auction process and decide to pay more for these assets. It is anticipated that the auction for these assets will take place on December 7, 2006.

4. Transfer of the Loan Servicing Agreements

As stated above, included among the USACM Assets are the Loan Servicing Agreements. Pursuant to sections 363 and 1123(a)(5) of the Bankruptcy Code, these Loan Servicing Agreements are not modified, and will be transferred to Silver Point (or the successful overbidder), at the Court-supervised auction, free and clear of liens, claims, and interests including any alleged claims under § 503(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtors and Committees believe that the transfer of these Loan Servicing Agreements to the asset purchaser is not an assumption and assignment of the agreements because they are not executory contracts and thus no assumption or assignment is required to transfer them as assets of the USACM estate.

a. Summary of Silver Point's Loan Servicing Capability

Silver Point is a private investment firm specializing in credit-related investments, with approximately \$6 billion of capital under management. Silver Point's middle market investment group is well-qualified to manage and service portfolios of troubled loans. Silver Point's middle market troubled loan investment model is focused on the acquisition, management and resolution of sub-performing and non-performing loan assets, emphasizing current income potential, with near- to long-term capital appreciation. Silver Point, working in conjunction with its third-party loan servicing provider, Laureate Capital, LLC ("Laureate"), monitors collections through mid-month and month-end delinquency reports, and trail balance reporting emphasizing delinquent credits.

Laureate has been working as a loan services for Silver Point since May 2004. Laureate has serviced approximately 150 loans for Silver Point, totaling approximately \$300 million of outstanding debt. Laureate has been servicing loans since 1994. Today, Laureate services approximately 2,170 loans, totaling approximately \$9 billion dollars of outstanding debt, for approximately 60 lenders. Standard & Poors recently gave Laureate a very favorable rating and stated that Laureate is effectively positioned "as a highly capable commercial primary loan servicer" in its service evaluation dated July 20, 2006. In addition, Laureate is audited annually by the audit department of its parent BB&T Corp., a financial holding company with almost \$100

1 billion in assets. The audit staff has documented Laureate's compliance with the minimum
2 servicing standards identified by the Mortgage Bankers' Association Uniform Single Attestation
3 Program for Mortgage Bankers.

4 Laureate handles all administrative and financial aspects of managing performing, sub-
5 performing and non-performing loans within Silver Point's portfolio. Specifically, Laureate issues
6 billing notices, collects the payments from Borrowers, remits collections directly to lenders (or,
7 where applicable, investors), and issues reports on payments to Silver Point. In addition, Laureate
8 also is responsible for tracing UCC expirations, real estate tax delinquencies, and insurance
9 coverage for each improved collateral property. As mentioned above, Silver Point actively
10 monitors collections through mid-month and month-end delinquency reports, as well as trial-
balance reporting emphasizing delinquent credits, produced by Laureate.

11 The Debtors and Committees expect that any successful bidder, if other than Silver Point,
12 will have similar loan servicing capabilities, and overbidders will provide evidence of their
13 capabilities and experience in conjunction with sale procedures.

14 **5. The Sale of the FTDF Assets is in the Best Interests of the FTDF Estate**

15 FTDF believes that the proposed sale of the FTDF Assets and USACM Assets, subject to
16 an auction process, is in the best interests of the FTDF estate and provides for the best mechanism
17 to maximize the recovery to the FTDF investors. In order to gain comfort as to the purchase price
18 of the FTDF Assets, the professionals of FTDF and the FTDF Committee spent considerable time
19 and effort evaluating the ultimate recovery on the FTDF assets on a standalone basis, the timing
20 and cost of such recovery and the myriad of risks and uncertainties inherent in achieving such
21 recovery. After evaluating the potential range of recovery values to FTDF relative to the risks,
22 costs and uncertainties associated with such potential recovery values, FTDF supported the FTDF
23 Price agreed to by the Debtors for several reasons. First, the sale process eliminates the timing
24 and collection risk inherent in the continued workout of the FTDF loans. Second, the sale process
25 removes the dilution of recoveries to investors from the continued administrative burden
26 associated with administering these Chapter 11 Cases and the costs of collection and work out of
27 the FTDF loan portfolio. Third, the auction process and purchase price adjustments for principal
28

collections prior to the close of the sale is likely to provide a higher recovery than that contained in the Asset Purchase Agreement. Accordingly, FTDF believes that the proposed Asset Sale Transaction, subject to the auction process, provides the best means to maximize the value to the FTDF investors.

6. The Sale of the USACM Assets is in the Best Interests of the USACM Estate and Direct Lenders

USACM is transferring its servicing rights in 80 specifically identified loans, including rights to collect servicing fees and other fees, as well as limited personal property related to loan servicing. The proposed purchase price is \$500,000 out of the first \$1,000,000 it collects in servicing fees, after reimbursement of Silver Point's expenses. Silver Point will also pay \$50,000 out of the first \$100,000 it collects on default rate interest payments on FTDF Assets. Importantly, USACM elected to retain all pre-close accrued servicing fees and related fees. Thus, after the closing of the Asset Purchase Agreement ("Closing"), Silver Point will collect and pay over to USACM certain amounts, including (a) all servicing fees accrued but unpaid as of the Closing and (b) all late charges and default interest due, but unpaid, from borrowers as of the Closing, with the exception of the proportionate default interest in respect of the FTDF Assets. In addition, Silver Point will also perform certain services on behalf of USACM's estate to assist USACM in the collection of its other assets, which it has elected to retain, including exit fees, extension fees, and deferred origination fees, and including collecting and remitting Prepaid Interest to the USACM Trust, among others.

This transaction creates a mechanism for collection and servicing of Loans by an experienced, well-capitalized loan servicer. The new servicer will allow Direct Lenders a means for collection of their Loans. The new servicer will collect post-Closing servicing fees in consideration of those efforts.

The sale of the servicing assets was linked to the sale of the FTDF Assets for two reasons. First, given that the servicing portfolio is comprised of a substantial number of non-performing loans it became apparent that substitute loan servicers were not willing to service the portfolio without modification of the existing loan service agreements or Lenders paying (out of pocket) collection costs including foreclosure and attorney fees and costs. Linking the sale of

servicing rights to the sale of the FTDF Assets expanded the market for available loan servicers to include parties (like Silver Point) who are willing to perform loan servicing as a condition of purchasing the FTDF Assets at a discount to its face value. Second, buyers wanted a known, substantial amount of loans to be included in the servicing portfolio. Without that critical mass, a servicer would not know what Loans might be available for servicing after the Closing. This synergy caused the FTDF Committee to agree to an allocation of the potential Overbid that recognizes the value contributed for the servicing assets that is not reflected in the present allocation of the purchase price.

The practical alternative to the sale from the perspective of the USACM creditors was to create a servicing entity, which would require staff, facilities, and capitalization. One issue for creditors is whether such a new servicing entity would be profitable. An even more difficult issue is how the funds to operate such an entity would be obtained.

Balancing the alternatives, USACM's current management decided that a sale of the servicing assets was in the best interests of creditors, and the Unsecured Creditors Committee concurred.

E. Intercompany Compromises.

1. Settlement Between USACM and Direct Lenders

As discussed below, USACM, FTDF, USA Securities, USA Realty and the Direct Lenders Committee have reached a resolution of certain disputes between them. In order to avoid the time and costs involved in litigation of the disputes, as well as to provide more certainty to the Direct Lenders, the Direct Lenders Committee believes that it is in the best interest of the Direct Lenders to approve the compromise as incorporated in the Plan. Please note that if you object to the proposed compromise in the Plan regarding Prepaid Interest, as discussed below, you must file and pursue an objection to confirmation of the Plan to preserve your objection. Voting to reject the Plan will not be sufficient to preserve your objection.

a. Prepaid Interest

Prior to the Petition Date, USACM's former management made regularly made monthly payments to certain Direct Lenders regardless of whether those Direct Lenders' respective loans

1 were performing. In the case of nonperforming loans (where borrowers failed to make timely
2 payments), USACM used other funds in its collection account to advance payments to certain of
3 the Direct Lenders, resulting in "Prepaid Interest" (as defined in the Plan). The Debtors believe
4 that the accumulated funds in its collection account came from multiple sources, including, but
5 not limited to, the diversion of principal payments from borrowers ("Unremitted Principal");
6 deferred loan fees payable to USACM that were collected as part of the payments made by
7 borrowers on certain loans; and transfers from DTDF. Therefore, since approximately January
8 2003, there were a variety of funds commingled in the collection account that were used to make
9 advance payments to certain Direct Lenders on nonperforming loans being serviced by USACM,
10 as well as to pay interest on direct loans to USACM or to insiders.

11 Since the Petition Date, USACM through MFIM has continued to service loans and
12 collect interest and principal payments from borrowers. Some previously non-performing loans
13 have become performing. As a result, USACM is now receiving payments on these loans after
14 having already advanced funds to Direct Lenders resulting in Prepaid Interest. The Direct
15 Lenders that previously received the advance payments are not entitled to receive their loan
16 interest twice, which would result if interest payments on now-performing loans were passed on
17 to those Direct Lenders. As of September 30, 2006, USACM has collected approximately \$14
18 million from borrowers in recovered Prepaid Interest. As additional interest payments are
19 collected, the amount of recovered Prepaid Interest held by USACM should continue to rise.

20 As part of its post-petition operations, USACM has continued to collect interest and
21 principal payments on loans held by certain Direct Lenders. Unrelated to such loans, individual
22 Direct Lenders, prior to bankruptcy, received advance payments of interest (and sometimes
23 principal) on account of non-performing loans. Pursuant to Court orders, USACM has retained
24 funds on account of such advance payments from the otherwise performing loans (this process
25 has sometimes been referred to as "Netting"). As of September 30, 2006, USACM has retained
26 approximately \$18 million in Prepaid Interest on account of the Court-approved Netting process.

27 Debtors contend, and the Plan provides, that the Prepaid Interest constitutes property of
28 USACM's bankruptcy estate under Section 541(a) of the Bankruptcy Code. First, by making
advance payments to Direct Lenders without receiving the underlying payments from the

1 borrower, the borrower became indebted to USACM for the amount USACM advanced. The
2 payments collected later from such borrowers on account of such advanced funds constitute
3 payment of that debt, and thus, are property of the estate under sections 541(a)(1) and (a)(7) of
4 the Bankruptcy Code. Likewise, the payments collected from borrowers on other loans and
5 withheld from the applicable Direct Lenders through the Court-approved Netting process are
6 estate property because they constitute a valid recoupment and/or setoff and recovery from
7 Direct Lenders who received improper payment advances from USACM's prior management.
8 Thus, the Prepaid Interest collected (and to be collected in the future) from the Netting process is
9 also property of the estate, under sections 541(a)(3) and (a)(7) of the Bankruptcy Code.

10 The Unsecured Creditors Committee has also asserted that the advance payment transfers
11 from accounts in the name of USACM resulting in Prepaid Interest may be recovered from
12 Direct Lender transferees as fraudulent conveyances, and has requested authorization to pursue
13 such litigation. This claim is supported by the fact that such transfers were made from accounts
14 in the name of USACM, and in which USACM held an interest, to Direct Lenders that were not
15 entitled to such funds (since corresponding payments had not been obtained from the respective
16 borrowers on their loans).

17 On the other hand, certain Direct Lenders have argued that recovered Prepaid Interest is
18 not property of the USACM bankruptcy estate. Rather, certain Direct Lenders have taken the
19 position (among other theories) that recovered Prepaid Interest should be held in a constructive
20 or other equitable trust for the Direct Lenders whose payments were diverted as Unremitted
21 Principal.

22 In response to this argument, the Debtors believe that individual Direct Lenders cannot
23 trace their Unremitted Principal to any Prepaid Interest amounts, as would be required under
24 applicable bankruptcy and non-bankruptcy law. First, the Unremitted Principal funds in the
25 collection account were used, not only to make advance payments to other Direct Lenders, but
26 also to make interest payments on other loans, including for USACM or USACM insiders.
27 Second, the Unremitted Principal was commingled in the collection account with other funds of
28 USACM and DTDF. Because money is fungible, Debtors believe that it is impossible for
individual Direct Lenders to trace their Unremitted Principal to any particular advance payment

made by USACM to a Direct Lender and, therefore, that Direct Lenders are unable to impose a trust upon any Prepaid Interest and that all Prepaid Interest constitutes USACM estate property.

b. Surcharge

USACM has alleged that it is entitled to surcharge the Direct Lenders for payment of a portion of its professional fees, including fees of its financial advisor, MFIM, as well as its counsel, Ray, Quinney & Nebeker and Schwartzer & McPherson, for services specifically related to the Direct Lenders. Additionally, USACM has alleged that it is entitled to surcharge the Direct Lenders for payment of the fees and costs of counsel for the Direct Lenders Committee, Gordon & Silver, Ltd. under Bankruptcy Code provisions and case law holding that committee professionals should be paid from amounts distributed to their constituents. This surcharge is alleged to be in addition to any servicing fees or collection costs charged under the Loan Servicing Agreement. Throughout USACM's bankruptcy case, the Direct Lenders Committee has vigorously asserted that the Direct Lenders' loans do not constitute property of USACM's bankruptcy estate. As such, the Direct Lenders Committee has taken the position that USACM has no authority to seek reimbursement of or surcharge the Direct Lenders' loans for any of its professionals' fees and costs that are not otherwise authorized under the Loan Servicing Agreements.

c. Recharacterization and Substantive Consolidation

Certain parties have threatened litigation seeking recharacterization of the Direct Lenders' Claims as equity investments in USACM, or to substantively consolidate them with the USACM, DTDF or FTDF estates and/or seeking substantive consolidation of the Debtors' estates.

d. Accrued and Unpaid Loan Servicing Fees

USACM asserts that it is entitled to collect loan servicing fees that were accrued and unpaid as of the Petition Date from Direct Lenders, even those servicing fees that were deductible out of amounts that were collected on loans prior to the Petition Date.

e. Compromise and Settlement

As a settlement and compromise of these and other disputes, the Plan provides that Direct

Lenders will be released by USACM, FTDF, USA Realty and USA Securities from all Claims (except as to Prepaid Interest), including but not limited to surcharge, recharacterization of Direct Lender Loans, and the collection of pre-petition accrued annual loan servicing fees due under Loan Servicing Agreements but unpaid as of the Effective Date directly from Direct Lenders. In exchange for this release, Direct Lenders will acknowledge and agree that the Prepaid Interest constitutes an asset of the USACM Estate or, to the extent necessary, will transfer their ownership rights, if any, in recovered Prepaid Interest to the USACM estate. The Netting process to recover Prepaid Interest from loan collections will be continued by any subsequent loan servicer. Any Direct Lender who does not consent to being bound by this acknowledgement and agreement must object to confirmation of the Plan. USACM believes that such objection would necessarily require the objecting party to present sufficient evidence to trace any of its Unremitted Principal to assets of the USACM estate.

All of the Debtors and their respective Estates agree under the settlement not to surcharge the Direct Lenders for the administrative fees and costs of their professionals. USACM further agrees to limit the amount of reimbursement it seeks for payment of the counsel for the Direct Lenders Committee solely from the 2% Holdback to a maximum amount of \$605,000. All fees and costs of counsel for the Direct Lenders Committee incurred above the \$605,000 amount shall be paid by the estate of USACM and not the Direct Lenders. The \$605,000 shall be allocated among the Holdbacks from Direct Lenders on a pro-rata basis based upon the unpaid principal balance of their loans as of the Petition Date.

The compromise further provides that USACM retains the maximum amount of servicing fees provided for in Loan Service Agreements. Lenders with “up to” x% in annual loan servicing fees will be charged that x% amount, but the reimbursement of the Allowed Professional fees and costs of the Direct Lender Committee comes out of those fees. Direct Lenders with 1% or less annual servicing fees will share in the reimbursement of the Allowed Professional fees and costs of the Direct Lender Committee and the balance of their 2% Holdback will be returned. In addition, USACM agrees that the Direct Lenders are not responsible for annual loan servicing accrued as of the Petition Date but unpaid as of the Effective Date.

2. Settlement Between FTDF and USACM

As described below, FTDF and USACM have reached a global settlement on the numerous disputes between them. While each of these compromises is described separately, no one compromise can be consummated without the other. In order to avoid the time and costs of protracted litigation on one or more of these disputes, FTDF and USACM believe that it is in the best interests of their respective estates for the Plan, which contemplates the settlements described below, to be approved.

a. Fees and Expenses Incurred by USACM as FTDF's Loan Servicer

USACM currently acts as FTDF's loan servicer under the terms of the FTDF Loan Servicing Agreement, executed by and between USACM and FTDF. In exchange for USACM servicing FTDF's loan portfolio, FTDF has the following obligations: (i) payment of a servicing fee up to 3% per annum of the maximum principal amount of each of FTDF's Loans and (ii) reimbursement for FTDF's proportionate share of USACM's out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with foreclosure proceedings, including attorney's fees, trustee's fees and foreclosure costs (collectively, the "Servicer Advances"). Under the terms of the loans serviced by USACM, it is standard practice for the borrower to be responsible for all costs of foreclosure and for USACM to seek reimbursement of Servicer Advances from such borrowers, which could then be remitted to FTDF and other Direct Lenders.

Prior to the Petition Date, USACM, however, never collected more than a 1% servicing fee from FTDF. From the Petition Date through June 2006, USACM continued to collect a 1% servicing fee from FTDF. Thereafter, pursuant to the Modified Order Authorizing Interim Distributions and Holdbacks [docket no. 1424], USACM has collected a 3% servicing fee from FTDF. FTDF and USACM dispute the amount of the servicing fee that should be collected from FTDF.

In connection with the Servicer Advances, while USACM did not seek the reimbursement from FTDF of any such advances it incurred prior to the Petition Date, it has since sought reimbursement from FTDF for certain Servicer Advances incurred after the Petition Date. Most recently, FTDF has been charged with its proportionate share of real estate appraisals related to the FTDF loan portfolio. In addition, USACM has put FTDF on notice that it intends to seek

reimbursement of other Servicer Advances associated with foreclosure proceedings, including the fees and expenses incurred by certain professionals USACM has hired to handle such foreclosures. As described below, FTDF questions whether it should be responsible for reimbursing Servicer Advances when it is already paying its share of the Debtors' professional fees and expenses in accordance with the FTDF Debtors' Professionals' Fee/Cost Allocation (see below).

As part of the parties' overall settlement, FTDF and USACM have reached an agreement on the amount of FTDF's servicing fee and FTDF's obligation to reimburse Servicer Advances. In connection with the servicing fee, FTDF shall be charged a 1% servicing fee for the period of the Petition Date through June 30, 2006. Thereafter, commencing on July 1, 2006 and ending on the earlier of January 31, 2007, or the Effective Date, FTDF shall be charged a 2.5% loan servicing fee. Finally, to the extent any prepetition servicing fees remain outstanding, such fees shall be waived in full by USACM.

Second, with respect to Servicer Advances, FTDF shall pay its proportionate share of all Servicer Advances incurred by USACM prior to the close of the Asset Sale Transaction; provided, however, that, if FTDF pays its Debtors' Professionals' Fee/Cost Allocation (described below), FTDF shall not then be responsible for reimbursing Servicer Advances incurred by the Debtors' professionals, except solely for Servicer Advances for those professionals who actually perform foreclosure work, excluding USACM's bankruptcy professionals. Furthermore, should USACM receive payment from any source for Servicer Advances that have been previously paid by FTDF, then USACM shall reimburse FTDF for such Servicer Advances paid by FTDF. Both USACM and FTDF believe that the compromise on FTDF's payment of the servicing fee and Servicer Advances far outweigh the risks and costs of litigating these disputes.

b. Management Fee

As described above, USA Realty was the nominal manager of FTDF under the terms of the FTDF Operating Agreement and another of the Debtors, USACM, acted as the loan servicer. The management duties included investing funds, hiring and paying professionals, preparing tax returns, and other duties. Pursuant to the FTDF Operating Agreement, USA Realty is entitled to collect the FTDF Management Fee equal to 1.5% per annum of FTDF's assets under management.

1 Since the Petition Date, FTDF has incurred approximately \$78,000 per month for the FTDF
2 Management Fee. As FTDF asserts that it realizes little benefit from the FTDF Management Fee
3 and is already being allocated its share of the Debtors' professional fees and expenses, FTDF
4 believes that it should not be responsible for paying the FTDF Management Fee.

5 In consideration of the fees and expenses already charged to the FTDF estate, the parties
6 have agreed that the FTDF Management Fee shall be waived in full for both prepetition and
7 postpetition periods, through the earlier of January 31, 2007, or the Effective Date. Any
8 management fees paid by FTDF to USACM since the Petition Date shall be applied to reduce the
9 obligations of FTDF to USACM under the Plan, and any remaining management fees shall be
10 repaid by USACM to FTDF. Management fees from July 2006 until the Effective Date shall be
11 deposited in the USA Realty account and transferred to FTDF on the Effective Date. As part of
12 this compromise, FTDF agrees to subordinate its claim in USA Realty to the claims of other
13 unsecured creditors.

14 **c. Debtors' Professional Fees and Expenses**

15 FTDF, as one of the Debtors, shares responsibility for the administrative costs of these
16 Chapter 11 Cases. Since the Petition Date, the Debtors' professionals have allocated their fees and
17 expenses among the five Debtors' estates. In September 2006, the Unsecured Creditors'
18 Committee objected to the allocation of the Debtors' professional fees and expenses through July
19 31, 2006, arguing that FTDF and DTDF should bear more of the burden. To resolve this dispute,
20 the parties have agreed that FTDF shall be responsible for a flat amount on a monthly basis for its
21 share of these fees and expenses. FTDF's Debtors' Professionals' Fee/Cost Allocation shall be
22 \$125,000 per month commencing on the Petition Date and ending on the earlier of January 31,
23 2007, or the Effective Date. Such agreement will not affect the ultimate allowance of fees and
24 costs of Debtors' professionals, but only the allocation of payment of such fees and costs between
25 FTDF and USACM.

26 **d. Claims Asserted By and Between USACM and FTDF**

27 Like other Direct Lenders, FTDF was also a victim of USACM's pre-petition management
28 practices. First, USACM failed to remit \$347,775 from principal collected on FTDF's loans to

FTDF, resulting in a FTDF Unremitted Principal Claim in the amount of \$347,775. Second, USACM paid to FTDF certain amounts that it had never collected from FTDF loan borrowers. In fact, prior to the Petition Date, FTDF had received \$2,557,307 in "pre-paid interest" (the "FTDF Prepaid Interest"). USACM has subsequently netted this pre-paid interest against amounts collected post-petition in connection with the FTDF loan portfolio. The FTDF Prepaid Interest is now being held in the USACM Collection Account. Third, FTDF asserts a general unsecured claim against USACM for its failure to fulfill its fiduciary duties, among others, under its Loan Servicing Agreement and FTDF Operating Agreement, which is referred to as the FTDF Unsecured Claim.

As part of the global settlement between USACM and FTDF to avoid the costs and risks associated with litigating these issues, the parties have agreed to recognize each of the above claims, which will receive the following treatment under the Plan. The FTDF Unremitted Principal Claim will be allowed as a USACM Unsecured Claim in the amount of \$347,775, which FTDF will transfer to DTDF as part of its compromise with DTDF (see below). With respect to the FTDF Prepaid Interest being held in the USACM Collection Account, USACM, on the Effective Date of the Plan, shall be permitted to retain the FTDF Prepaid Interest as an unencumbered asset of the USACM estate. Finally, the amount of FTDF's general unsecured claim against USACM (the "FTDF Unsecured Claim") shall be allowed in either (i) the amount as agreed to by FTDF and USACM on or before the Confirmation Hearing, or (ii) if no agreement is reached by such date, the amount determined by the Court after an evidentiary hearing. If such a compromise is reached, the details of the compromise will be posted on the USACM website at usacapitalcorp.com. The Debtors will request that the Court approve such compromise at the confirmation hearing.

e. Allocation of the Overbid, Break-Up Fee, and Expense Reimbursement

In order to maximize the value of their respective estates, USACM and FTDF agreed to jointly sell their assets, subject to an auction process, as described above. The Court has entered an order approving certain protections for Silver Point, who agreed to become the lead bidder, and establishing certain guidelines for the auction. The Court order provides that, under specified

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circumstances, the Silver Point will be entitled to the break-up fee of \$1,500,000 (less the amount of any expense reimbursement already paid) or an expense reimbursement of up to \$500,000.

The parties have agreed that only the estates of USACM and FTDF shall be liable for the break-up fee or expense reimbursement. Furthermore, USACM and FTDF have agreed that their estates shall share in any overbid in the same proportion or in the same manner as they share in the liability for the break-up fee or the expense reimbursement. The allocation shall be 85% to FTDF and 15% to USACM for any overbid consideration, and any incurred break-up fee or expense reimbursement obligation (as those terms are used in the Asset Purchase Agreement) shall be allocated in the same percentages, except as otherwise provided in the Stipulation memorializing the agreement between USACM and FTDF on the overbid allocation filed by the USACM Committee and the FTDF Committee with the Court, under seal, and served on the Debtors as confidential information, no later than ten (10) days prior to the Auction.

f. January 31, 2007 as the Termination Date of the FTDF/USACM Compromise

USACM and FTDF both recognize that their overall compromise is very time sensitive and have agreed on an outside date by which their settlement agreement must be implemented. By entering into this settlement, the parties are not foregoing any of their respect rights in connection with the compromises reached on FTDF's payment of servicing fees, Servicer Advances, the FTDF Management Fee, or the FTDF's Debtors' Professionals Fee/Cost Allocation should the Effective Date of the Plan not occur by January 31, 2007. In that event, the parties' settlement regarding FTDF's payment of servicing fees, Servicer Advances, the FTDF Management Fee, and the FTDF's Debtors' Professionals Fee/Cost Allocation shall no longer be enforceable as of February 1, 2007, and USACM and FTDF shall have reserved all of their rights with respect thereto for all periods after January 31, 2007, including the right of USACM seek a Court order to compel FTDF's payments of such fees for all time periods after January 31, 2007.

g. FTDF Litigation Claims

To the extent there exist any FTDF Litigation Claims, such claims (except for non-assignable FTDF Litigation Claims which are to be transferred to DTDF) shall be transferred to the USACM Trust. FTDF does not believe that any such Litigation Claims exist, other than

potential claims against non-Debtor insiders which would be similarly held by USACM and transferred to the USACM Trust, in which FTDF will share recoveries due to the FTDF Unsecured Claim. However, in the event that distinct FTDF Litigation Claims are later determined to exist, FTDF will share in any proceeds of the FTDF Litigation Claims, pro rata, through the FTDF Unsecured Claim against USACM.

3. Settlement Between FTDF and DTDF

As described below, FTDF and DTDF, through their respective committees, have reached a settlement regarding DTDF's threatened litigation to seek the re-characterization of all loans serviced by USACM, including the FTDF loan portfolio, as property of the Debtors' estates and the substantive consolidation of the Debtors' estates.⁸

Under the re-characterization argument, DTDF seeks to pool all loans together into one collective pot, from which all Direct Lenders, including the FTDF, would share, pro rata, based on the amount of their respective original investment. In this scenario, FTDF, rather than looking solely to the FTDF loan portfolio for recovery, would be just one of many Direct Lenders asserting a claim against the common pool of loans. Thus, while FTDF would be able to seek recovery from a larger asset pool, the number of claims against that asset pool would also be significantly greater. On the other hand, if only the Debtors' estates were substantively consolidated together, all assets and liabilities would become part of the same estate, resulting in all of the Debtors' constituencies (excluding Direct Lenders) seeking recovery from a much smaller, single pot of assets. As the Bankruptcy Code dictates that general unsecured claims must be paid before equity interests, substantive consolidation would delay and potentially reduce recovery to holders of FTDF equity interests.

In analyzing the ramifications of re-characterization with respect to FTDF's anticipated recovery, the FTDF Committee believes that re-characterization, in and of itself, would only have a minor negative impact on the expected recovery for holders of FTDF equity interests. While the effect of substantive consolidation of only the Debtors' estates on the FTDF recovery is much more meaningful, the FTDF Committee believes the Court is not likely to grant this relief.

⁸ DTDF first asserted its claims for re-characterization and substantive consolidation in opposing USACM's Motion for Interim Distributions. In approving the Motion for Interim Distributions, the Court did so without

1 Litigation, however, is not without its own costs. Litigation is very expensive and would increase
 2 the administrative burden of these Chapter 11 Cases. Moreover, any litigation with respect to
 3 claims for re-characterization or substantive consolidation would necessarily delay recovery to
 4 holders of FTDF equity interests. Distributions could not be made to any of the Debtors'
 5 constituencies, let alone holders of FTDF equity interests, until the litigation had been resolved.
 6 After taking into account the cost and delay of DTDF litigating its claims for re-characterization
 7 and substantive consolidation, FTDF, with the support of the FTDF Committee, believes it is in
 8 the best interests of the FTDF estate to settle this threatened litigation. The terms of this
 9 settlement are described below. Like the FTDF/USACM compromise, the parties negotiated this
 10 settlement as a whole, and no one compromise can be consummated without the other.

a. FTDF Payment to DTDF and Terms of Repayment

11 On the Effective Date, FTDF shall pay to DTDF \$500,000. In addition, FTDF shall also
 12 pay an additional sum of up to \$500,000 from 50% of any overbid increment actually paid and
 13 allocated to FTDF, after taking into consideration any break-up fee (including any expense
 14 reimbursement) paid by FTDF (together with the \$500,000 payment, the "FTDF Payment"). In
 15 other words, the minimum amount of the FTDF Payment is \$500,000, which can only be
 16 increased to the extent that FTDF actually receives additional consideration from the sale of the
 17 FTDF Assets. FTDF will evenly split this potential "upside" with DTDF until DTDF receives an
 18 additional \$500,000.

19 DTDF shall have no obligation to repay the FTDF Payment until holders of DTDF equity
 20 interests have received the same recovery as holders of FTDF Equity Interests, which is defined as
 21 the FTDF Base Recovery Percentage in the Plan. Upon achieving the FTDF Base Recovery
 22 Percentage (not as adjusted below), DTDF shall repay \$500,000 of the FTDF Payment. The
 23 repayment of the remaining amount of the FTDF Payment shall be based on the adjusted FTDF
 24 Base Recovery Percentage, which means the percent recovery that DTDF or post-Effective Date
 25 DTDF must reach after the adjustment for an annual increase, made on each anniversary of the
 26 Effective Date, of an additional \$5 million to DTDF's investment in order to achieve the FTDF
 27 Base Recovery Percentage (the "Adjusted FTDF Base Recovery Percentage"). Upon achieving

prejudice to the rights of any party in interest. As a result, DTDF has reserved all of its rights with respect to

the Adjusted FTDF Base Recovery Percentage, DTDF shall repay the balance of the FTDF Payment.

b. Transfer of FTDF Assets and Claims to DTDF

As further consideration of the parties' settlement, FTDF will transfer to DTDF its interest in the Bysynergy Loan, the FTDF Unremitted Principal Claim, and the proceeds of certain non-assignable actions, which include FTDF's right to pursue certain tort actions against USA Realty, USA Securities and USACM (the "FTDF Transferred Assets"). DTDF, not FTDF, shall bear the costs of pursuing the recovery on the FTDF Transferred Assets.

c. FTDF General Unsecured Claim Subordination

Finally, FTDF will transfer its pro-rata share of recoveries from its interests as a beneficiary in the USACM Trust to DTDF until the allowed DTDF equity interests receive a recovery of 85% on their investment in DTDF from all sources of recovery allocated to the DTDF and Post-Effective Date DTDF (the "DTDF 85% Recovery"). After the DTDF 85% Recovery is reached, FTDF will retain its pro-rata share of recoveries from its interests as a beneficiary in the USACM Trust.

4. USA Realty/FTDF Settlement

FTDF and USA Realty have reached a settlement of intercompany claims under the Plan. FTDF has agreed to subordinate its claims against USA Realty to the claims of all other unsecured creditors. In exchange, USA Realty has waived management fees due from FTDF to USA Realty prepetition and has agreed to the repayment of postpetition management fees by USACM (who actually received those fees postpetition) to FTDF.

5. USA Realty/DTDF Settlement

DTDF and USA Realty have reached a settlement of intercompany claims under the Plan. DTDF has agreed to subordinate any allowed unsecured claim it has over \$50 million to the claims of all other unsecured creditors. In exchange, USA Realty has waived management fees

due from DTDF to USA Realty prepetition and has agreed to consent to any settlement reached between DTDF and USACM on the postpetition management fees which were actually received by USACM.

6. Remaining Disputes Between USACM and DTDF.

Despite substantial efforts among the USACM Committee and the DTDF Committee, these two Committees have been unable to reach agreement on a resolution of the disputes between USACM and DTDF. These parties will continue to attempt to settle the remaining disputes prior to the Confirmation Hearing. If any such settlements are reached, the details of such settlement(s) will be posted on the USACM website at usacapitalcorp.com. The Debtors will request that the Court approve such settlements at the confirmation hearing. The disputes between USACM and DTDF primarily consist of the following:

a. The allowed amount of the DTDF general unsecured claim against USACM.

b. The allocation of the USAIP \$58 Million Promissory Note as between USACM and DTDF.

c. The assignment of priority (i.e., first priority liens or second priority liens) of the collateral pledged by USAIP for both the DTDF 10-90, Inc. Loan and the IP Security Agreement. (The IP Security Agreement is dated May 31, 2006 and was made by USAIP in favor of USACM, DTDF, FTDF, USA Securities and USA Realty as modified by the Order Approving the Agreement with Investment Partners entered by the Bankruptcy Court on July 24, 2006.)

d. USACM's right to recovery from DTDF of \$4,641,402 in Prepaid Interest, given DTDF's claims against USACM, including for Diverted (or Unremitted) Principal, and the possibility of offsetting such claims.

e. DTDF's payment of the approximately \$124,000 per month

management fee to USA Realty, which management fee is then paid over by USA Realty to USACM.

f. The refund of the 2% Holdback to DTDF and the payment by DTDF of a one percent (1%) servicing fee to USACM for both the prepetition and postpetition periods.

g. The amount and payment of DTDF's share of the professional fees and costs incurred by the Debtors' professionals in the USACM Estate commencing on the Petition Date. The USACM Committee and the DTDF Committee will continue to work to settle these disputes. If these Committees are unable to resolve these disputes in whole or in part, the USACM Trust and the Post Effective Date DTDF will litigate these disputes after the Effective Date.

F. Release and Limitations of Liability

Under the Plan, certain releases are provided as follows: (a) among the Direct Lenders, on the one hand, and USACM and FTDF (and their Estates), on the other hand; (b) FTDF and DTDF; (c) FTDF and USACM; and (d) FTDF and USA Realty. In addition, the Plan provides for the limitations of liability for professionals, committees and certain other parties for services provided in the Chapter 11 Cases, including preparation of and confirmation of the Plan.

G. Post-Effective Date Entities

1. FTDF, USA Realty, and USA Securities After the Effective Date

On and after the Effective Date, FTDF, USA Realty and USA Securities will have the authority to effect all transactions and take all actions required by the Plan. In particular, FTDF and the FTDF Committee shall each have authority to prosecute (a) claim objections in the FTDF Estate, and (b) the non-assignable FTDF litigation claims on behalf of FTDF subject to the compromise with DTDF discussed above. After the actions set forth in this paragraph are completed, FTDF, USA Realty, and USA Securities shall be dissolved in accordance with the

Confirmation Order and applicable state law.

2. The USACM Trust

The USACM Trust will be created pursuant to a trust agreement, the form of which will be submitted to the Court at least ten (10) days prior to the commencement of the Confirmation Hearing. The USACM Trust will hold title to all assets of USACM not collected or not disposed of prior to the Effective Date including such things as accounts, notes or receivables of USACM (including USACM estate's share of the USAIP \$58 million Promissory Note), all litigation claims including claims against non-debtor insiders belonging to or assertable by the USACM Estate, and all servicing and related fees to be retained by USACM as set forth in the Asset Purchase Agreement. The purpose of the USACM Trust is to realize assets that can be liquidated with net proceeds disbursed to its beneficiaries. The beneficiaries will include all unsecured claims against USACM that have been allowed, including allowed unremitted principal claims, and the unsecured claims of DTDF, FTDF and the Direct Lenders.

3. The Post-Effective Date DTDF

The post-Effective Date DTDF will be created by an amendment to the current DTDF operating agreement. This agreement will be amended to, among other things, reflect the appointment of an officer to manage the affairs of DTDF after the Effective Date, to provide for any oversight and replacement of such officer, and to reflect the fact that the charge of such officer will be to liquidate the assets of DTDF for the benefit of the equity holders of DTDF. The form of such amendment will be submitted to the Court at least ten (10) days prior to the commencement of the Confirmation Hearing. The post-Effective Date DTDF will hold title to all assets of DTDF not collected or not disposed of prior to the Effective Date including such things as the DTDF loans, certain assets transferred by FTDF to DTDF, all litigation claims including non-debtor and professional litigation held by or assertable by DTDF, and the DTDF estate's share of the USAIP \$58 million Promissory Note. The purpose of DTDF after the Effective Date is to realize assets that can be liquidated with net proceeds disbursed to its beneficiaries, which include all of the equity interests in DTDF that have been allowed, and recoveries from litigation.

4. The Litigation Against Non-Debtor Insiders

1 The USACM, FTDF and DTDF bankruptcy estates have rights, claims and causes of
2 action among their assets, defined in the Plan as "Litigation Claims." The FTDF estate transfers
3 its non-assignable Litigation Claims to the DTDF estate under a settlement between them, and
4 these FTDF causes of action and DTDF causes of action are transferred by the plan to DTDF after
5 the Effective Date. The causes of action held by USA Realty including causes of action for breach
6 of fiduciary duty, bankruptcy avoidance actions, and others against any non-debtor insiders are
7 also transferred by the Plan to DTDF as part of a compromise between those entities. A
8 subcategory of Litigation Claims is the non-debtor insider and litigation, which generally consists
9 of all of the claims that exist against the insiders of the Debtors, including but not limited to those
10 that can be asserted against Joseph D. Milanowski, Thomas A. Hantges, Paul S. Hamilton, USAIP,
11 and all persons and entities related to or affiliated with those persons and entities who may have
12 improperly received direct or indirect transfers of property of the Debtors, or aided and abetted
13 such wrongdoing. The claims against these individuals and entities are extensive, and may
14 include, but are not necessarily limited to, the following causes of action: (1) breach of contract,
15 (2) breach of fiduciary duty, (3) usurpation or theft of business opportunities, (4) conversion; (5)
16 negligence, (6) mismanagement, (7) an accounting, (8) fraud, (9) fraudulent inducement, (10)
17 negligence misrepresentation, (11) fraudulent conveyance, (12) equitable contribution, (13)
18 equitable indemnity, and (14) securities violations. The Unsecured Committee and DTDF
19 Committee expect that the USACM Trust and DTDF will agree on terms of a joint prosecution
20 agreement to pursue these causes of action. The Plan provides for such a joint effort, and that the
21 net recoveries will be shared among the USACM Trust beneficiaries and DTDF investors, without
22 further court approval.
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5. Post-Effective Date Administrators and Advisory Committees.

The USACM Trust and DTDF will each be separately managed by an estate administrator and chief executive officer, respectively, and by an advisory committee, unless otherwise agreed to by the DTDF Committee and the unsecured creditors of USACM. The estate administrator for the USACM Trust will be also be its trustee, a person proposed by the Committee for the unsecured creditors of USACM (the "USACM Trustee"). The chief executive officer for DTDF will be a person proposed by the DTDF Committee (the "DTDF Administrator"). The retention of both of the estate administrators must be approved by the Court at the Confirmation Hearing.

The advisory committees for the USACM Trust will be will be comprised of five persons, who will be named in the Plan Supplement and available for review at least ten (10) days before the deadline for Plan objections. The Committees for DTDF and the Direct Lenders will each appoint one of the five, and the Committee for the unsecured creditors of USACM will appoint the other three. In the event of a vacancy, the resigning member will appoint a replacement. The advisory committee for DTDF will be named in a supplement to the Plan well.

In their capacity as estate administrators, the USACM Trustee and DTDF Administrator will assume responsibility for administrative expense and claims objections, Plan distributions, and other aspects of implementing the Plan for their respective bankruptcy estates. The USACM Trustee may assume such responsibility for those duties for the USA Realty and USA Securities estates, and certain of the foregoing responsibilities for FTDF, as well. They will also be responsible for liquidating the assets transferred to the USACM Trust and DTDF, which includes pursuing Litigation Claims, paying the costs of such litigation and administration of the USACM Trust and DTDF, respectively, and distributing net proceeds in accordance with the Plan. The USACM Trustee and DTDF Administrator may engage lawyers, accountants and other professionals, who may be professionals for existing Committees. The estate administrators and advisory committees will continue in their capacities until the assets of the USACM Trust and Post-Effective Date DTDF, respectively, have been liquidated and all distributions have been made in accordance with the Plan.

H. USACM's Pension Plan

USACM established and maintains a pension plan for certain of its employees known as the USA Commercial Mortgage Company Defined Benefit Pension Plan (the "Pension Plan").

The Pension Plan is covered by Title IV of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, ("ERISA"), (29 U.S.C. § 1301 et seq.). On October 20, 2006, the Court entered an order freezing the Pension Plan and approving the appointment of USACM as the successor trustee for the Pension Plan.

The Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation ("PBGC"), a United States Government corporation, guarantees the payment of certain pension benefits upon termination of a pension plan covered by Title IV of ERISA. The PBGC asserts that USACM and all members of its controlled group are obligated to contribute to the Pension Plan the amount necessary to satisfy ERISA's minimum funding standards under ERISA section 302 and Internal Revenue Code section 412, and that the Pension Plan may be terminated only if the statutory requirements of either ERISA section 4041, 29 U.S.C. section 1341, or ERISA section 4042, 29 U.S.C. section 1342, are met. The PBGC further asserts that if the Pension Plan terminates, USACM and all members of its controlled group will be jointly and severally liable for the unpaid minimum funding contributions, premiums, and unfunded benefit liabilities of the Pension Plan.

The PBGC has informed Debtors that it intends to file in the bankruptcy cases estimated claims for unfunded benefit liabilities, contingent on plan termination, and claims for unpaid minimum funding contributions and premiums under the Pension Plan. The PBGC also asserts that it is entitled to administrative priority for certain amounts of its claims under 11 U.S.C. sections 507(a)(2), 507(a)(5) and 507(a)(8). The Debtors currently do not know what amounts the PBGC will claim as an administrative priority, but the Debtors contend the right of the PBGC to an administrative priority claim is limited under applicable bankruptcy law. Further, the Debtors are evaluating whether the PBGC has any claims against the estates, and do not know whether the PBGC has valid claims.

The PBGC alleges that unless the Pension Plan has been terminated prior to the effective date of the plan of reorganization, Debtors' liability to the Plan under ERISA, or their liability to the PBGC with respect to the Plan, will not be affected in any way by this reorganization proceeding, confirmation of the Plan of Reorganization, or discharge in bankruptcy. USACM does not necessarily agree with the PBGC's assertion.

I. Binding Nature of the Plan and Injunction Included in Plan

As provided in section 1141(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, upon entry of the Confirmation

Order, the Plan shall bind the Debtors, all entities that are to acquire any property either directly or indirectly under the Plan, and all holders of claims and interests, including the Direct Lenders, whether or not their claims and/or interests are impaired under the Plan and whether or not they have accepted the Plan.

Unless otherwise provided in the Plan or in the Confirmation Order, all injunctions or stays provided for in the Chapter 11 cases under section 105 or 362 of the Bankruptcy Code or that are otherwise existing on the Confirmation Date (excluding any injunctions or stays contained in the Plan or the Confirmation Order), shall remain in full force and effect until the Effective Date of the Plan.

While under section 1141(d) of the Bankruptcy Code one or more of the Debtors may not qualify for a discharge, all parties (including all holders of claims and/or interests) bound by the Plan pursuant to section 1141(a) of the Bankruptcy Code will be permanently enjoined, on and after the Effective Date of the Plan, from:

- (i) commencing or continuing in any manner any action or other proceeding of any kind;
- (ii) enforcing, attaching, collecting, or recovering by any manner or means of any judgment, award, decree, or order;
- (iii) creating, perfecting, or enforcing any encumbrance of any kind;
- (iv) asserting any right of setoff, subrogation, or recoupment of any kind against the Debtors, their estates, the USACM Trust and DTDF or their assets or their estate representatives, with respect to or on account of any such claim or interest; and
- (v) taking any action that would interfere with the consummation of the Plan.

X. ALTERNATIVES TO THE PLAN AND LIQUIDATION ANALYSIS

A. Alternatives to the Plan

The Debtors have carefully considered all reasonable alternatives to the organized liquidation that was selected and is set forth in the Plan. During the first several months of these cases, the Debtors diligently sought to obtain post-petition financing that might have allowed USACM to reorganize and remain in business as a loan originator and loan servicer. However, after the Debtors' unsuccessful attempts to obtain Court approval for two different term sheets for

post-petition financing from two reputable lenders, the Debtors were unable to obtain further reasonable proposals from potential lenders for such financing. The Debtors then diligently marketed the significant assets available for sale to various potential acquirers, and the result of those intensive efforts is the Asset Purchase Agreement with Silver Point, and the final auction process that will bring forth the highest and best offer to acquire the assets of USACM and FTDF identified for sale pursuant to the Plan. Further, extensive negotiations with the different Committees resulted in the proposed structure for the organized liquidation of remaining assets and the potential recovery of other assets that is also carried out through the Plan.

The Debtors believe that if the Plan is not confirmed, a reasonably likely alternative is that the cases will be converted to liquidation cases under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. As discussed below, the Debtors believe that the Chapter 7 alternative is not in the best interest of any of the creditors, equity interest holders, or other parties in interest in these cases.

B. Liquidation Analysis and Best Interest of Creditors Test

Pursuant to section 1129(a)(7) of the Bankruptcy Code, for the Plan to be confirmed it must provide that creditors and holders of equity interests will receive at least as much under the Plan as they would receive in a liquidation of the Debtors under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code (the “Best Interest Test”). The Best Interest Test with respect to each impaired class requires that each holder of a claim or equity interest of such class either (a) accepts the plan or (b) receives or retains under the Plan property of a value, as of the Effective Date, that is not less than the value such holder would receive or retain if the Debtors were liquidated under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Court will determine whether the value received under the Plan by the holders of claims in each class of creditors or equity interests equals or exceeds the value that would be allocated to such holders in liquidation under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtors believe that the Plan meets the Best Interest Test and provides value that is significantly greater than that which would be recovered by each such holder in a proceeding under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code.

The chart attached hereto as *Exhibit 4* provides a preliminary liquidation analysis (“Liquidation Analysis”) for each of the five Debtors and, based on certain assumptions discussed

below, supports the conclusion that a hypothetical liquidation under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code would return less value to each holder of a claim or equity interest in each class under the Plan than would the proposed distributions to be made under the Plan. Further analysis, including calculation of recovery values under the Plan versus the Chapter 7 liquidation alternative, will be provided after all proofs of claim filed by the November 13, 2006, bar date are reviewed.

C. General Assumptions for the Liquidation Analysis

The following general assumptions were made in preparing the Liquidation Analysis for each of the five Debtors.

1. The Liquidation Analysis was prepared in accordance with section 1129(a)(7)(A)(ii) of the Bankruptcy Code to determine whether the Plan is in the interests of the Debtors' estates and creditors.

2. The Liquidation Analysis is based upon a number of estimates and assumptions that, although considered reasonable by the Debtors, are subject to economic, business, governmental regulation and contingencies beyond the control of the Debtors. Accordingly, no assurances can be made. The Liquidation Analysis is subject to change. Nothing contained herein shall be used as an admission against the Debtors or any other person.

3. The Liquidation Analysis utilizes the Debtors' unaudited financial statements as of July 31, 2006, and other figures estimated by the Debtors as a basis for determining liquidation values.

4. The Liquidation Analysis assumes a conversion to Chapter 7 on November 15, 2006.

5. The Liquidation Analysis does not quantify potential legal causes of action, which may include, without limitation, proceeds of avoidance actions as well as claims of the Debtors against third parties.

D. Notes to the Liquidation Analysis

The following notes apply to the Liquidation Analysis for each of the five Debtors that is attached hereto as *Exhibit 4*. The notes below relate to specific asset categories identified in the Liquidation Analysis and correspond to the “Note Reference” column in that analysis.

A. Cash and Cash Equivalents: Estimated recovery of Cash and Cash Equivalents on hand is assumed to be 100%. The Liquidation Analysis assumes that the Debtors will be entitled to any applicable servicing and interest revenue earned until 11/15/06.

B. Investments in Loans: Estimated recoveries for Investments in Loans are based upon a loan by loan recovery analysis and current management estimates. These recoveries are allocated in accordance with the loan documents.

C. Principal in Collection Account: Estimated recovery of Principal in Collection Account is assumed to be 100%.

D. Accounts Receivable: Estimated recoveries for Accounts Receivable are based upon current management estimates.

E. Prepaid Interest: The Liquidation Analysis assumes that the Court will allow USACM to retain Prepaid Interest (both the uncollected amounts and the funds in collection account).

F. Notes Receivable: Estimated recoveries for Notes Receivable are based upon current management estimates.

G. Prepaid Expenses: The Liquidation Analysis assumes no recovery for Prepaid Expenses.

H. Property, Plant & Equipment: Estimated recoveries for Property, Plant & Equipment are based on appraisals and current management estimates.

I. Other Assets: Estimated recoveries for Other Assets are based upon current management estimates.

J. Administrative Claims: Estimated based on management’s current estimates of operating costs, Chapter 7 trustee and professional fees, and Chapter 11 professional fees.

K. Secured Claims: Based on scheduled claims (none scheduled)

L. Priority Claims: Based on 105% of scheduled claims

M. Unsecured Claims: Based on scheduled claims plus estimated deficiency claims

N. Equity Interests: Based on total equity as reported on the July 31, 2006 balance sheet, net of restructuring charges and reserves

XI. PLAN FEASIBILITY

The Bankruptcy Code requires that in order to confirm the Plan, the Court must find that confirmation of the Plan is not likely to be followed by a further liquidation or need for further financial reorganization of the Debtors (the “Feasibility Test”). For the Plan to meet the Feasibility Test, the Court must find that the Debtors will possess the resources and working capital necessary to meet their obligations under the Plan.

The Debtors believe that the structure set forth in the Plan, as discussed above, provides a feasible framework for the recovery of certain claims and assets held by the Debtors and an orderly, phased liquidation of the Debtors and their assets, and that confirmation of the Plan is not likely to be followed by any further liquidation or reorganization of the Debtors.

XII. POTENTIAL MATERIAL FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN

PROVIDED BELOW IS A SUMMARY DESCRIPTION OF CERTAIN UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN TO THE DEBTORS AND TO CERTAIN HOLDERS OF ALLOWED CLAIMS OR INTERESTS. THIS DESCRIPTION IS FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY AND, DUE TO A LACK OF DEFINITIVE JUDICIAL OR ADMINISTRATIVE AUTHORITY OR INTERPRETATION, SUBSTANTIAL UNCERTAINTIES EXIST WITH RESPECT TO VARIOUS TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN AS DISCUSSED HEREIN. ONLY CERTAIN CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN FOR THE DEBTORS AND FOR HOLDERS OF ALLOWED CLAIMS OR INTERESTS ARE DESCRIBED BELOW. NO OPINION OF COUNSEL HAS BEEN SOUGHT OR OBTAINED WITH RESPECT TO ANY TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN. NO RULINGS OR DETERMINATIONS OF THE IRS OR ANY OTHER TAX AUTHORITIES HAVE BEEN SOUGHT OR OBTAINED WITH RESPECT TO THE TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN, AND THE DISCUSSION BELOW IS NOT BINDING UPON THE IRS OR SUCH OTHER AUTHORITIES. THE DEBTORS ARE MAKING NO REPRESENTATIONS REGARDING THE PARTICULAR TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE CONFIRMATION AND CONSUMMATION OF THE PLAN AS

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1 TO ANY CLAIM OR EQUITY INTEREST HOLDER, AND NO PERSON IS RENDERING
2 ANY FORM OF LEGAL OPINION AS TO SUCH TAX CONSEQUENCES. NO ASSURANCE
3 CAN BE GIVEN THAT THE IRS WOULD NOT ASSERT, OR THAT A COURT WOULD
4 NOT SUSTAIN, A POSITION DIFFERENT FROM ANY DISCUSSED HEREIN.

5 THE DISCUSSION OF UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX
6 CONSEQUENCES BELOW IS BASED ON THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, TREASURY
7 REGULATIONS, JUDICIAL AUTHORITIES, PUBLISHED POSITIONS OF THE IRS AND
8 OTHER APPLICABLE AUTHORITIES, ALL AS IN EFFECT ON THE DATE OF THIS
9 DISCLOSURE STATEMENT, AND ALL OF WHICH ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE OR
10 DIFFERING INTERPRETATIONS (POSSIBLY WITH RETROACTIVE EFFECT).

11 THE FOLLOWING DISCUSSION DOES NOT ADDRESS FOREIGN, STATE OR
12 LOCAL TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN, NOR DOES IT PURPORT TO ADDRESS
13 THE UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN TO
14 SPECIAL CLASSES OF TAXPAYERS SUBJECT TO SPECIAL TAX RULES (E.G., BANKS
15 AND CERTAIN OTHER FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS, INSURANCE COMPANIES, TAX-
16 EXEMPT ORGANIZATIONS, PERSONS WHOSE FUNCTIONAL CURRENCY IS NOT THE
17 UNITED STATES DOLLAR, DEALERS IN SECURITIES OR FOREIGN CURRENCY,
18 PERSONS WHO RECEIVED THEIR ALLOWED CLAIMS OR INTERESTS PURSUANT TO
19 THE EXERCISE OF AN EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTION OR OTHERWISE AS
20 COMPENSATION AND PERSONS HOLDING ALLOWED CLAIMS OR INTERESTS AS A
21 HEDGE AGAINST, OR THAT ARE HEDGED AGAINST, CURRENCY RISK OR THAT ARE
22 PART OF A STRADDLE, CONSTRUCTIVE SALE OR CONVERSION TRANSACTION).
23 FURTHERMORE, THE FOLLOWING DISCUSSION DOES NOT ADDRESS UNITED
24 STATES FEDERAL TAXES OTHER THAN INCOME TAXES.

25 EACH CLAIM OR INTEREST HOLDER IS STRONGLY URGED TO CONSULT HIS,
26 HER, OR ITS OWN TAX ADVISOR REGARDING THE UNITED STATES FEDERAL,
27 STATE, LOCAL AND ANY FOREIGN TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE TRANSACTIONS
28 DESCRIBED HEREIN AND IN THE PLAN.

1 **A. General Tax Administration and Reporting**

2 The USACM Trust shall be treated as a grantor trust, for federal income tax purposes,
3 within the meaning of sections 671 through 677 of the Internal Revenue Code. Pursuant to and in
4 accordance with the Plan, the USACM Trustee shall be responsible for all tax matters of the
5 USACM Trust, including, but not limited to, the filing of all tax returns and other filings with
6 governmental authorities on behalf of the USACM Trust for time periods ending on or before the
7 last day of the last tax reporting year of the USACM Trust, including the filing of tax returns for
8 the applicable USACM Trust as a grantor trust pursuant to section 1.671-4(a) of the United States
9 Income Tax Regulations, the filing of determination requests under section 505 of the Bankruptcy
10 Code (if deemed necessary), and responding to any tax audits of the USACM Trust. The USACM
11 Administrator shall provide such information to the beneficiaries of the USACM Trust as will
12 enable them to properly file their separate tax returns and shall withhold and pay over any amounts
13 required by tax law. The USACM Administrator is authorized to act as agent for the USACM
14 Trust in withholding or paying over any amounts required by law (including tax law) to be
15 withheld or paid by the USACM Trust in connection with the transfer and assignment of the assets
16 of the estate to the USACM Trust pursuant to the Plan.

17 No liquidating trust will be created for any other Debtors' estate. Each other Debtor is a
18 limited liability company which is treated as a partnership for federal tax purposes. Of the four
19 limited liability companies which are Debtors, only DTDF will undergo a transfer of its assets to a
20 DTDF Administrator. The DTDF Administrator will have similar duties with respect to the filing
21 of tax returns and governmental reports and the provisions of tax information to creditors and to
22 members of the Debtor as are described above with respect to the USACM Trustee of the USACM
23 Trust.

24 **1. Allocation of Reportable Tax Items.**

25 Except as otherwise set forth in the Plan or a USACM Trust Agreement, and as more fully
26 set forth in B through D below, items of income, deduction, credit, or loss of the USACM Trust
27 shall be allocated for federal income tax purposes among the beneficiaries of the applicable
28 USACM Trust pro rata on the basis of their beneficial interests; provided, however, that to the
extent any item of income cannot be allocated in the taxable year in which it arises, the USACM
Trust shall pay the federal, state and local taxes attributable to such income (net of related

deductions) and the amount of such taxes shall be treated as having been received by, and paid on behalf of the Beneficiaries when such allocations are made. Similarly such tax items determined with respect to DTDF will be reported by the estate administrator to governmental authorities and to the creditors and members of DTDF. The estate administrator shall be entitled to deduct any federal or state withholding taxes from any payments made with respect to allowed claims or interests, as appropriate, and shall otherwise comply with section 346 of the Bankruptcy Code.

2. Valuations.

The USACM Trustee shall provide for consistent valuations of assets transferred to the USACM Trust as of the Effective Date and as of the date of any other taxable event and shall use such valuations for all federal tax purposes.

B. Consequences to the Debtors

1. Sale of Acquired Assets

If the anticipated sales of the assets of USACM and FTDF to Silver Point, or a higher and better bidder approved by the Court, close as contemplated by the Plan, the sales will result in realization of a gain to the Debtor that sells such assets in an amount equal to the excess of the proceeds received over the basis of the acquired asset in the hands of the Debtor. The sales will result in a loss to the Debtor that sells such assets in an amount equal to the shortfall between such basis and the proceeds received. Gains and losses realized by the respective Debtors will be passed through to their shareholders or members on Schedules K-1 and the latter will pay any resulting tax as further explained in paragraph B.2. below.

2. Partial Satisfaction of Indebtedness

USACM's transfer of its property to the USACM Trust will be treated as a deemed two-step transfer to the shareholders of the Debtor, followed by deemed transfers to the beneficiaries of those trusts. This will be in satisfaction of the Debtor's obligations to the creditor beneficiaries in amounts up to the fair market value of the transferred property on the Effective Date as determined and reported by the USACM Trustee of the USACM Trust. USACM will recognize gain or loss on this transfer in an amount up to the difference between that fair market value and the Debtor's basis in the transferred property.

Any gain or loss realized by USACM (which is an S corporation Debtor) from those transfers will pass through to the shareholders on Schedule K-1. A shareholder who recognizes taxable income or gain from those transfers or from any other source will pay any resulting tax.

USA Realty, USA Securities, FTDF and DTDF are limited liability companies classified directly or indirectly as partnerships. A partnership is not taxed on its income but passes it through on Schedules K-1 to its partners. Losses are similarly passed through to the partners.

S corporations and partnership entities do not have unused losses or carry-forwards, but the shareholders and partners may be unable to use losses from the corporation or partnerships for any of several reasons, such as lack of basis, not being "at risk" on the investment in the corporation or partnership, etc.

3. Cancellation of Indebtedness Income

Confirmation of the Plan can be expected to give rise to cancellation of indebtedness income ("COD"). Under the Plan, each Debtor will generally realize COD in an amount equal to the excess of the adjusted issue price of any of its indebtedness exchanged or canceled (including any accrued but unpaid interest) over the fair market value of any property transferred to the USACM Trust or DTDF or to the creditors of any of the Debtors on the Effective Date, as determined and reported by the USACM Trustee, DTDF Administrator, or FTDF, USA Realty or USA Securities, respectively. Because the COD will arise in the course of a proceeding pursuant to Chapter 11 or 7, respectively, of the Bankruptcy Code, USACM may not be required to include such COD in distributable income on Schedules K-1 to shareholders. Instead, certain shareholders

1 may be required to reduce certain of their beneficial tax attributes by the amount of COD excluded
2 from taxable income by reason of the bankruptcy. Such attribute reduction would first be applied
3 to reduce the shareholders' net operating losses, next to reduce certain other tax attributes (such as
4 capital loss carryforwards and the tax basis of certain property), and finally to reduce some
5 subsidiary attributes, if applicable. If the amount of COD excluded from taxable income by
6 reason of the bankruptcy exceeds available tax attributes, the excess would permanently escape
7 taxation.

8 However, tax treatment of COD for members of limited liability companies treated as
9 partnerships is different from the treatment of S corporation shareholders. COD realized from
10 discharge of partnership debt is partnership income allocated to the partners on Schedule K-1
11 pursuant to Internal Revenue Code section 702(a). Each partner's basis in its membership interest
12 is increased by the COD income allocation and the partner is deemed to have received cash in an
13 equivalent amount. Only members who are themselves bankrupt will be entitled to exclude COD
14 income under Internal Revenue Code section 108.

15 **4. Effects of Filing by Partnerships**

16 When a limited liability company classified as a partnership files for bankruptcy, no new
17 taxable entity is automatically created for federal income tax purposes, and the partnership is not
18 terminated under Internal Revenue Code section 708. Therefore, each partnership is considered as
19 continuing until it is terminated. Under section 708(b) (in the absence of special circumstances
20 such as a merger or division), a partnership will terminate if no part of any business, financial
21 operation or venture of the partnership continues to be carried on by any of its partners in a
22 partnership. Until the partnership completely ceases all business activities and has no assets, it
23 should be treated as continuing. The transfer of all assets of a partnership to an estate
24 administrator for liquidation should not by itself terminate the partnership, because the partnership
25 will still have financial operations and will be deemed to have assets after the transfer. Thus, the
26 filing of a bankruptcy case alone does not result in recognition of income, gain or loss by the
27 partnership, depreciation recapture or deemed disposition of the partnership's assets (so gain on
28 any installment obligations held by the partnership is not thereby accelerated), but the later

1 transfer of all assets of a partnership to creditors will trigger all of the foregoing consequences.
2 Each Debtor that is a limited liability company will be deemed terminated upon the earlier of the
3 transfer of all of its assets to creditors, or its dissolution and termination under Nevada state law.

4 **C. Tax Consequences to Creditors**

5 For United States federal income tax purposes, USACM's transfer of its property to the
6 USACM Trust will be treated as a deemed transfer to beneficiaries of a trust who are creditors in
7 satisfaction of the Debtor's obligations to those creditors, followed by deemed transfers by the
8 creditors to the USACM Trust. The deemed transfers to the several respective classes of creditors
9 will be treated as taxable recognition events to those creditors, resulting in reportable gains or
10 losses equal to the fair market value of the creditors' interests in the transferred property on the
11 Effective Date, as determined and reported by the trustee, reduced by the creditors' bases in their
12 receivables from the Debtors.

13 The deemed transfers from the several respective classes of creditors to the USACM Trust
14 will be treated as creating a grantor trust, with the several respective classes of creditors treated as
15 grantors. As grantors of such grantor trust, the several respective classes of creditors will report
16 their pro-rata shares of all items of taxable income, gains and losses of the creditors' trust on their
17 federal income tax returns, and pay any resulting tax liability.

18 The transfer of assets directly from the other Debtors, or from DTDF, to creditors will
19 similarly be taxable recognition events to those creditors, resulting in gains or losses equal to the
20 fair market values of the assets received reduced by the creditors' bases in their receivables from
21 the Debtors. All of the several respective classes of creditors should consult their own tax
22 advisors for information that might be relevant to their particular situations and circumstances and
23 the particular tax consequences to them.

24 **D. Tax Consequences to USACM Stockholders and Members of the Debtors**

25 For United States Federal income tax purposes, USACM's transfer of its property to the
26 USACM Trust will be treated as a deemed transfer to USACM shareholders, followed by deemed
27 transfers by its shareholders to creditors (and to the USACM Trust for the benefit of shareholders
28 to the extent the assets exceed the claims of creditors). The deemed transfer to the shareholders of

USACM will be treated as exchanges in redemption of their shares of stock of USACM. Any excess of the value of assets received through the deemed distribution over a shareholder's basis in those shares will generally be taxable as long or short term capital gain. The transfer of money or other property by Debtors organized as limited liability companies to their members generally will result in the recognition of gain only to the extent that the money or other property by Debtors organized as limited liability companies to their members generally will not result in the recognition of gain or loss unless such distribution consists solely of money, unrealized receivables (as defined in the Internal Revenue Code) and inventory (as defined in the Internal Revenue Code). In the event a loss is recognized, it will equal the amount by which the distributee-member's pre-distribution basis in its membership interest exceeds the sum of (1) the amount of money, and (2) the adjusted basis of such unrealized receivables and inventory distributed to such member. Generally, any such gain or loss recognized is treated as gain or loss from the sale of a capital asset and therefore gives rise to short-term or long term capital gain or capital loss. In addition, each member of a Debtor (other than USACM) will be deemed to have COD to the extent of that member's allocable share of the debt discharged in bankruptcy. See the discussion of COD income in B-3 above. Shareholders and members should consult their own tax advisors for further information.

[Remainder of this page intentionally left blank.]

XIII. CONCLUSION

The Debtors and the four Committees believe that the Plan offers a fair and comprehensive solution to the numerous complex and difficult issues presented in these bankruptcy cases, fairly addresses the rights of all creditors, equity holders, and other parties in interest, and provides a significant recovery for creditors and Fund Members that is greater than other reasonably likely alternatives. The Debtors and the four Committees therefore urge that you vote to accept the Plan.

Dated this 14th day of November, 2006.

THE DEBTORS:

USA Commercial Mortgage Company
USA Securities, LLC
USA Capital Realty Advisors, LLC
USA Capital Diversified Trust Deed Fund, LLC
USA First Trust Deed Fund, LLC



By: _____
Thomas J. Allison
Chief Restructuring Officer

Respectfully submitted,

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**UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
DISTRICT OF NEVADA**

In re:
USA COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE COMPANY,
Debtor.

In re:
USA CAPITAL REALTY ADVISORS, LLC,
Debtor.

In re:
USA CAPITAL DIVERSIFIED TRUST DEED FUND,
LLC,
Debtor.

In re:
USA CAPITAL FIRST TRUST DEED FUND, LLC,
Debtor.

In re:
USA SECURITIES, LLC,
Debtor.

Affects:
☒ All Debtors
☐ USA Commercial Mortgage Company
☐ USA Securities, LLC
☐ USA Capital Realty Advisors, LLC
☐ USA Capital Diversified Trust Deed Fund, LLC
☐ USA First Trust Deed Fund, LLC

E-FILED ON NOVEMBER 15, 2006

Case No. BK-S-06-10725 LBR
Case No. BK-S-06-10726 LBR
Case No. BK-S-06-10727 LBR
Case No. BK-S-06-10728 LBR
Case No. BK-S-06-10729 LBR

Chapter 11

Jointly Administered Under
Case No. BK-S-06-10725 LBR

**DEBTORS' THIRD AMENDED
JOINT CHAPTER 11 PLAN OF
REORGANIZATION**

Confirmation Hearing
December 19, 2006
10:00 a.m.

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DEBTORS' THIRD AMENDED JOINT
CHAPTER 11 PLAN OF REORGANIZATION

USA Commercial Mortgage Company, USA Securities, LLC, USA Capital Realty Advisors, LLC, USA Capital Diversified Trust Deed Fund, LLC, and USA Capital First Trust Deed Fund, LLC, the Debtors and Debtors in Possession in these jointly administered Chapter 11 Cases, propose the following joint chapter 11 Plan of reorganization pursuant to section 1121(a) of title 11 of the United States Code.

On April 13, 2006, the Debtors commenced their Chapter 11 Cases by filing voluntary petitions under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. Sent to you in the same envelope as this document is the Disclosure Statement that has been approved by the Court and that is provided to help you understand the Plan. All Direct Lenders and holders of Allowed Claims and Equity Interests are encouraged to read the Plan and the Disclosure Statement in their entirety before voting to accept or reject the Plan. The Disclosure Statement for the Plan contains a summary of the Plan and discusses the Debtors' history, businesses, and assets. Reading the summary of the Plan contained in the Disclosure Statement, however, is not a substitute for reading the Plan. As the provisions of the Plan control, all Direct Lenders and holders of Allowed Claims and Equity Interests are encouraged to carefully read the Plan. No solicitation materials, other than the Disclosure Statement, the Exhibits attached hereto or thereto or referenced herein or therein, and the related materials transmitted herewith and therewith, have been approved by the Court for use in soliciting acceptances or rejections of the Plan.

I.
DEFINITIONS AND RULES OF CONSTRUCTION

A. Defined Terms.

As used herein, the following terms have the respective meanings specified below, unless the context otherwise requires (such meanings to be equally applicable to both the singular and plural, and masculine and feminine, forms of the terms defined):

1. **"2% Holdback"** means sums withheld under Paragraph 1.2 of the Modified Order Authorizing Distributions and Holdbacks entered on October 2, 2006 [Docket No. 1424].

2. **"Acquired Assets"** means the FTDF Assets and the USACM Assets, described as "Assets" in the Asset Purchase Agreement.

3. **"Adjusted FTDF Base Recovery Percentage"** means the percent recovery that DTDF or the Post-Effective Date DTDF must reach after the adjustment for an annual increase, made on each anniversary of the Effective Date, of an additional \$5 million to DTDF's Investment in order to obtain the FTDF Base Recovery Percentage.

4. **"Administrative Expense Claim"** means any Claim against a Debtor constituting a cost of expense of administration of and in these Chapter 11 Cases incurred on or after the Petition Date of the kind described in section 503(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, including, without limitation, (A) the actual, necessary costs and expenses, incurred after the Petition Date, of preserving the Estates and operating the businesses of the Debtors, including wages, salaries, or commissions for services rendered after the commencement of a Chapter 11 Case; (B) Taxes described in section 503(b)(1)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code; (C) any fees or expenses of Debtors' Professionals or Committee Professionals allowable under sections 330(a) or 331 of the Bankruptcy Code; (D) all Statutory Fees; and (E) Cure Payments.

5. **"Administrative Expense Claim Bar Date"** means the date(s) as set forth in section B.1.c.i of Art. II of the Plan.

6. **"Affiliate"** has the meaning ascribed to that term in section 101(2) of the Bankruptcy Code.

7. **"Allocated Net Sale Proceeds"** means the net sale proceeds generated from the Asset Sale Transaction as allocated between USACM and FTDF in accordance with the Asset Purchase Agreement as may be modified or supplemented by the provisions of section E.2.i of Art. IV of the Plan.

8. **"Allowed Administrative Expense Claim"** means all or that portion of an Administrative Expense Claim which has been Allowed pursuant to a Final Order.

9. **"Allowed Claim" or "Allowed . . . Claim"** means any Claim against a Debtor (A) as listed in the Schedules Filed in such Debtor's Chapter 11 Case, provided that the Claim is not listed therein as disputed, contingent or unliquidated; (B) as stated in a proof of Claim which is Filed before the Bar Date applicable to such Claim and as to which no objection to the allowance thereof or a motion to estimate Claim pursuant to section 502(c) of the Bankruptcy Code has been interposed on or before the dates set forth in section A of Art. VII of the Plan; or (C) as allowed by Final Order. An "Allowed . . . Claim" (i) is the total amount of the Claim less any distribution or payments made by a Debtor to the Holder of the Allowed . . . Claim after the Petition Date pursuant to any order of the Court, including without limitation, the Interim Distribution Orders, and (ii) unless otherwise specified herein or by Final Order of the Court, an Allowed . . . Claim shall not include interest on such Claim accruing after the Petition Date; provided, however, that holders of Allowed Class B-4 General Unsecured Claims and Allowed Class C-4 General Unsecured Claims shall receive Postpetition Interest on such Allowed Claims as provided in Art. II of the Plan.

10. **"Allowed Equity Interest"** means an Equity Interest in a Debtor (A) as designated in List of Equity Security Holders Filed in such Debtor's Chapter 11 Case, including the Lists designated in the "Stipulated Order re Proofs of Interest" entered by the Court in the First Trust Case and the Diversified Case on September 15, 2006 [Docket No. 1293], provided that such Equity Interest is not listed as disputed or contingent; (B) as stated in a proof of Equity Interest which is Filed before the expiration of the General Bar Date and to which no objection to the

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allowance thereof has been interposed on or before the date set forth in section A of Art. VII of the Plan. An "Allowed Equity Interest" is the total amount of the Equity Interest less any distribution or payments made by a Debtor to the holder of the Allowed Equity Interest after the Petition Date, pursuant to any order of the Court, including without limitation, the Interim Distribution Orders.

11. **"Allowed Class . . . Claim" or "Allowed Class . . . Equity Interest"** means an Allowed Claim or Allowed Equity Interest, respectively, classified in the specified Class.

12. **"Alternative Dispute Resolution Agreement"** means the joint agreement by the Direct Lender Committee and the USACM Committee, which shall set forth the process by which objections to Direct Lender Unsecured Claims may be resolved. This agreement will be Filed as part of the Direct Lender Supplement and served on all Direct Lenders as set forth in section D of Art. I of the Plan.

13. **"Asset Purchaser"** means SPCP Group, Inc., or a Third Party Bidder who is selected as the successful bidder as a result of the Auction and who acquires the Acquired Assets pursuant to the Bid Procedures Order and the Plan.

14. **"Asset Purchase Agreement"** means (A) the Revised First Amended And Restated Asset Purchase Agreement between USACM and FTDF, as sellers, DTDF, USA Securities and USA Realty, as acknowledging parties, and SPCP Group, LLC, as purchaser, Filed on November 7, 2006 [Docket No. 1750], and attached hereto as Exhibit A, as the same may be further amended pursuant to the terms of the Agreement, or (B) any substantially similar agreement executed with a Third Party Bidder, if a Third Party Bidder is the Asset Purchaser.

15. **"Asset Sale Transaction"** means the sale of the Acquired Assets to the Asset Purchaser as set forth in the Asset Purchase Agreement.

16. **"Auction"** means the auction that will be held pursuant to the Bid Procedures Order and conducted on December 7, 2006, as the same may be continued or rescheduled by the Court, in connection with the Asset Sale Transaction.

17. **"Avoidance Actions"** means all of the Debtors' and the Estates' rights and Claims under Bankruptcy Code sections 541 through 558, inclusive, whether or not an action is initiated on, before or after the Effective Date.

18. **"Bankruptcy Code"** means title 11, United States Code (11 U.S.C. § 101 *et seq.*), as in effect on the Petition Date and as amended and effective after the Petition Date and during the Chapter 11 Cases.

19. **"Bankruptcy Rules"** means, collectively, (A) the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, as amended from time to time, and (B) the Local Bankruptcy Rules applicable to cases pending before the Court, as now in effect or hereafter amended.

20. **"Bar Date"** means (A) with respect to Administrative Expense Claims, other than Ordinary Course Administrative Expense Claims, the dates set forth in section B.1.c. of Art. II of the Plan; (B) with respect to Claims for damages resulting from the rejection of an executory contract or unexpired lease pursuant to section B of Art. V of the Plan, the date stated in section B.3 of Art. V of the Plan; and (C) with respect to all other Claims against and Equity Interests in a Debtor, the General Bar Date.

21. **"Bid Procedures Order"** means the "Order (A) Scheduling an Auction for the Sale of Certain Assets; (B) Approving SPCP Group, LLC as Lead Bidder; and (C) Approving Bid Procedures and Protections," entered by the Court on November 8, 2006 [Docket No. 1761].

22. **"Borrower"** means the Borrower under any applicable Loan.

23. **"Business Day"** means any day which is not a Saturday, a Sunday, or a "legal holiday," as defined in Bankruptcy Rule 9006(a).

24. **"BySynergy Loan"** means FTDF's interest in the Loan, dated as of February 3, 2006, made and delivered by BySynergy, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company.

25. **"Cash"** means legal tender of the United States of America, or cash equivalents, including currency and checks or wire transfers of immediately available funds.

26. **"Chapter 11 Cases"** means the above-captioned cases under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, commenced by the Debtors on the Petition Date, and jointly administered under Case No. 06-10725.

27. **"Claim"** has the meaning ascribed to it in section 101 of the Bankruptcy Code.

28. **"Class"** means a group of Claims or Equity Interests classified together in a class designated in Art. II of the Plan.

29. **"Closing"** means the closing of the Asset Sale Transaction as provided in the Asset Purchase Agreement.

30. **"Closing Date"** means the Effective Date.

31. **"Committees"** means collectively the USACM Committee, the DTDF Committee, the FTDF Committee, and the Direct Lender Committee, as appointed by the U.S. Trustee pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1102 to serve in these Chapter 11 Cases.

32. **"Committee Professionals"** means all Professionals employed by the Committees in these Chapter 11 Cases.

33. **"Confirmation"** means entry of a Confirmation Order by the Court in accordance with section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code.

34. **"Confirmation Date"** means the date on which the Clerk of the Court enters the Confirmation Order on the Court's docket.

35. **"Confirmation Hearing"** means the hearing before the Court to consider the confirmation of the Plan pursuant to section 1128 of the Bankruptcy Code.

36. **"Confirmation Order"** means the order entered by the Court confirming the Plan in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code.

37. **"Court"** means the United States District Court for the District of Nevada, having jurisdiction over the Chapter 11 Cases and, to the extent of any reference made pursuant to section 157 of title 28 of the United States Code, the unit of such District Court pursuant to section 151 of title 28 of the United States Code; or, in the event such court ceases to exercise jurisdiction over the Chapter 11 Cases, such court or unit thereof that exercises jurisdiction over the Chapter 11 Cases in lieu thereof.

38. **"Cure Payment"** means the amount, if any, that the Debtors must tender on the Effective Date in order to provide compensation in accordance with sections 365(b)(1)(A) and (B) of the Bankruptcy Code to assume an unexpired lease or an executory contract as described in further detail in section A of Art. V of the Plan.

39. **"Debtors"** means, collectively, USACM, USA Securities, USA Realty, DTDF, and FTDF.

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40. **"Debtors in Possession"** means any or all of the Debtors when acting in the capacity of representatives of their respective Estates in the Chapter 11 Cases.

41. **"Debtors' Professionals"** means all Professionals employed by the Debtors in these Chapter 11 Cases, including those professionals employed as ordinary course professionals.

42. **"Direct Lender"** means each Entity who is a beneficiary under a Loan, excluding USACM and the Funds to the extent of their beneficial interests in a Loan.

43. **"Direct Lender Committee"** means the Official Committee of Holders of Executory Contract Rights through USA Commercial Mortgage Company as appointed by the U.S. Trustee pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1102 to serve in these Chapter 11 Cases.

44. **"Direct Lender Loans"** means Loans in which the Direct Lenders have an ownership interest.

45. **"Direct Lender Supplement"** means the Loan Servicing Fee Schedule and the Alternative Dispute Resolution Agreement, referred to in section E of Art. I of the Plan, as amended from time to time, and which shall be Filed and served as soon as practicable after Court approval of the Disclosure Statement.

46. **"Direct Lender Unremitted Principal Claims"** means all General Unsecured Claims or other Claims of Direct Lenders against USACM for Loan payments received prior to the Petition Date by USACM but not paid over to the Direct Lenders in the applicable Loan.

47. **"Direct Lender Unsecured Claims"** means all General Unsecured Claims (whether under contract, tort or other legal theory against USACM) of Direct Lenders against USACM, excluding Direct Lender Unremitted Principal Claims.

48. **"Disbursing Agent"** means the Entity or Entities appointed pursuant to section E of Art. VII of the Plan to act in making distributions authorized under the Plan for each of the respective Estates on and after the Effective Date.

49. **"Disclosure Statement"** means the Disclosure Statement, including any Exhibits attached thereto, Filed by the Debtors in the Chapter 11 Cases on September 15, 2006, as the same is amended, supplemented, or otherwise modified from time to time by any duly authorized amendment or modification.

50. **“Disputed . . . Claim”** means any Claim against a Debtor which is not an Allowed Claim, including, without limitation, any Claim (A) designated as disputed, contingent, unliquidated or unknown in the Schedules Filed in such Debtor’s Chapter 11 Case, (B) to which an objection to the allowance thereof or motion to estimate Claim under section 502(c) of the Bankruptcy Code has been interposed on or before the date set forth in section A of Art. VII of the Plan; (C) which is the subject of one or more causes of action pending against the holder of such Claim; or (D) which is disallowed pursuant to section 502(d) of the Bankruptcy Code or by Final Order.

51. **“Disputed Equity Interest”** means any Equity Interest in a Debtor which is not an Allowed Equity Interest, including, without limitation, any Equity Interest (A) designated as disputed or contingent in the List of Equity Security Holders Filed in a Debtor’s Chapter 11 Case, including the Lists designated in the “Stipulated Order Re Proofs of Interest” entered by the Court in the First Trust Case and the Diversified Case on September 15, 2006 [Docket No. 1293]; (B) to which an objection to allowance thereof has been interposed on or before the date set forth in section A of Art. VII of the Plan; or (C) which is disallowed by Final Order.

52. **“DTDF”** means USA Capital Diversified Trust Deed Fund, LLC.

53. **“DTDF 85% Recovery”** means a recovery from all sources for DTDF and Post-Effective Date DTDF for all Allowed Class C-5 Equity Interests equal to 85% of the DTDF Investment, net of expenses.

54. **“DTDF Administrator”** means the chief executive officer of Post-Effective Date DTDF, which has the powers and responsibilities set forth in the Plan and the DTDF Amended Operating Agreement, or any successor officer appointed pursuant to the DTDF Amended Operating Agreement.

55. **“DTDF Amended Operating Agreement”** means the DTDF Operating Agreement, as amended, to provide for the wind down, liquidation and dissolution of DTDF pursuant to the implementation of the Plan that will be Filed as part of the Plan Documents Supplement.

56. **"DTDF Chapter 11 Case"** means the Chapter 11 Case of DTDF, Case No. BK-S-06-10727 LBR.

57. **"DTDF Committee"** means the Official Committee of Equity Security Holders of USA Capital Diversified Trust Deed Fund, LLC, as appointed by the U.S. Trustee pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1102 to serve in these Chapter 11 Cases.

58. **"DTDF Investment"** means the amount that represents the equity investment in DTDF as may be agreed to by the USACM Committee and the DTDF Committee by the date of the Confirmation Hearing, or if no agreement is reached by such date, the amount determined by the Court after an evidentiary hearing between such Committees; provided however, that the USACM Committee and DTDF Committee or, after the Effective Date, the Post-Effective Date Entities, may agree at any time as to the amount that represents the equity investment in DTDF without further Court order by Filing a notice of such agreement with the Court; and provided further, however, that prior to the Effective Date, the USACM Committee and the DTDF Committee shall consult with the FTDF Committee and the Direct Lender Committee regarding the amount that represents the equity investment in DTDF.

59. **"DTDF Loans"** means Loans in which DTDF has an ownership interest.

60. **"DTDF Operating Agreement"** means the "Operating Agreement of USA Capital Diversified Trust Deed Fund, LLC" made and entered into effective as of February 10, 2000.

61. **"DTDF Post-Effective Date Committee"** means the oversight committee for Post-Effective Date DTDF.

62. **"DTDF Unremitted Principal Claim"** means the General Unsecured Claim or other Claims of DTDF against USACM for Loan payments received by USACM but not paid to DTDF prior to the Petition Date.

63. **"DTDF Unsecured Claim"** means the General Unsecured Claim of DTDF against USACM, excluding the DTDF Unremitted Principal Claim, allowed in the amount as may be agreed to by the USACM Committee and the DTDF Committee by the date of the commencement of the Confirmation Hearing, or if no agreement is reached by such date, the amount determined by the Court after an evidentiary hearing between such Committees; provided, however, that the

USACM Committee and the DTDF Committee or, after the Effective Date, the Post-Effective Date Entities, may agree at any time as to the amount that represents the DTDF Unsecured Claim without further Court order by filing a notice of such agreement with the Court; and provided further, however, that prior to the Effective Date, the USACM Committee and the DTDF Committee shall consult with the FTDF Committee and the Direct Lender Committee regarding the issue.

64. **"Effective Date"** means the first Business Day (A) on which no stay of the Confirmation Order is and remains in effect, and (B) that is at least one (1) Business Day after the date on which the conditions specified in section B of Art. VI of the Plan have been satisfied or waived.

65. **"Entity"** has the meaning ascribed to this term in section 101(15) of the Bankruptcy Code.

66. **"Equity Interest"** means the rights of owners of the issued and outstanding shares of any class of stock, membership or other ownership interest in any of the Debtors.

67. **"Estate"** or **"Estates"** means the bankruptcy estate created for each Debtor in these Chapter 11 Cases pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 541, or, collectively, the bankruptcy estates created for each of the Debtors, in these Chapter 11 Cases pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 541.

68. **"Excluded DTDF Loans"** means DTDF Loans whose Loan Servicing Agreements are not being transferred to the Asset Purchaser as part of the Asset Sale Transaction.

69. **"File," "Filed," "Files," or "Filing"** means properly and timely filed with the Court in the Chapter 11 Cases, as reflected on the official docket of the Court for the Chapter 11 Cases, and served on Entities, as such filing and service are required pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code, Bankruptcy Rules and/or order of the Court.

70. **"Final Decree"** means a Final Order of the Court closing the Chapter 11 Cases; provided, however, if a Final Decree is separately entered in one or more of the Debtors' Chapter 11 Cases, the "Final Decree" means a Final Order of the Court closing a particular Chapter 11 Case.

71. **"Final Order"** means an order or judgment of the Court or other applicable court as to which the time to appeal, petition for certiorari, or move for reargument or rehearing has expired and as to which no appeal, petition for certiorari, or other proceedings for reargument or rehearing shall then be pending or as to which any right to appeal, petition for certiorari, reargue, or rehear shall have been waived in writing in form and substance satisfactory to the Debtors and the Committees or, in the event that an appeal, writ of certiorari, or reargument or rehearing thereof has been sought, such order or judgment of the Court or other applicable court shall have been affirmed by the highest court to which such order or judgment was appealed, or certiorari has been denied, or from which reargument or rehearing was sought, and the time to take any further appeal, petition for certiorari or move for reargument or rehearing shall have expired.

72. **"FTDF"** means USA Capital First Trust Deed Fund, LLC.

73. **"FTDF Base Recovery Percentage"** means the Pro Rata recovery by holders of Allowed Equity Interests in FTDF based on the ratio of (x) the net recovery to FTDF as calculated by adding (i) all post-Petition Date collections that FTDF received on account of the FTDF Loans prior to the Closing to (ii) the sale proceeds that FTDF receives from the Asset Sale Transaction (including amounts received for any overbid) minus all payments made on account of (i) all Allowed classified and unclassified Claims against the FTDF Estate, (ii) all Allowed Administrative Expense Claims allocated to FTDF, (iii) all post-Effective Date costs and expenses incurred on behalf of either (a) FTDF or (b) the holders of Allowed Equity Interests in FTDF, (iv) any expense reimbursement or break-up fee paid pursuant to the Bid Procedures Order (unless reimbursed pursuant to the overbid process), and (v) the FTDF Payment to DTDF to (y) the FTDF Investment.

74. **"FTDF Chapter 11 Case"** means the Chapter 11 Case of FTDF, Case No. BK-S-06-10728 LBR.

75. **"FTDF Committee"** means the Official Committee of Equity Security Holders of USA Capital First Trust Deed Fund, LLC, as appointed by the U.S. Trustee pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1102 to serve in these Chapter 11 Cases.

76. **"FTDF Investment"** means the amount of \$65,179,522.

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77. **"FTDF Litigation Claims"** means the Litigation Claims in which FTDF has an interest, including without limitation all Non-Debtor Insider Litigation in which FTDF has an interest.

78. **"FTDF Loans"** means Loans in which FTDF has an ownership interest.

79. **"FTDF Payment"** means the payment made by FTDF to DTDF on the Effective Date in the amount of (A) \$500,000, and (B) an additional amount of up to \$500,000 from 50% of any overbid increment actually paid and allocated to FTDF as part of the Closing of the Asset Sale Transaction, after taking into consideration any break-up fee (including any expense reimbursement) paid by FTDF.

80. **"FTDF Transferred Assets"** means the assets transferred by FTDF to DTDF consisting of the FTDF Payment, the Bysynergy Loan, the FTDF Unremitted Principal Claim, and the proceeds of any non-assignable FTDF Litigation Claims.

81. **"FTDF Unremitted Principal Claim"** means the General Unsecured Claim or other Claims of FTDF against USACM for Loan payments received by USACM but not paid over to FTDF prior to the Petition Date.

82. **"FTDF Unsecured Claim"** means the General Unsecured Claim of FTDF against USACM, excluding the FTDF Unremitted Principal Claim, in the amount as may be agreed to by the FTDF Committee and the USACM Committee by the date of the commencement of the Confirmation Hearing, or if no agreement is reached by such date, the amount determined by the Court after an evidentiary hearing between such Committees; provided however that the USACM Committee and the FTDF Committee or, after the Effective Date, the USACM Trust and FTDF may agree at any time as to the amount that represents the FTDF Unsecured Claim without further Court order by Filing a notice of such agreement with the Court; and provided further, however, that prior to the Effective Date, the USACM Committee and the FTDF Committee shall consult with the DTDF Committee and the Direct Lender Committee regarding the issue.

83. **"FTDF's Debtors' Professionals' Fee/Cost Allocation"** means the allocation to FTDF for the professional fees and costs incurred by the Debtors' Professionals in the Chapter 11

1 Cases of \$125,000 per month commencing on the Petition Date and ending on the earlier of: (A)
2 the Effective Date, or (B) January 31, 2007.

3 84. **"Funds"** means FTDF and DTDF.

4 85. **"General Bar Date"** means, except as to the Claims of Direct Lenders and
5 Intercompany Claims, November 13, 2006, which is the date established by the "Order Setting
6 Deadline to File Proofs of Claim and Proofs of Interest" entered by the Court in the Chapter 11
7 Cases on September 14, 2006 [Docket No. 1280]. With respect to the Claims of Direct Lenders,
8 "General Bar Date" means January 13, 2007, which is the date established by the "Stipulation and
9 Order to Extend Proof of Claim Bar Date for Direct Lenders Only" entered by the Court in the
10 Chapter 11 Cases on November 6, 2006 [Docket No.1729]. With respect to Intercompany Claims
11 no bar date has been set as the Court has granted the "Debtors' Motion to Exclude Intercompany
12 Claims from the General Bar Date" [Docket No. 1469].

13 86. **"General Unsecured Claim"** means a Claim against a Debtor arising on or before
14 the Petition Date that is not an Administrative Expense Claim, Priority Tax Claim, Priority
15 Unsecured Claim, Secured Claim, Secured Tax Claim or Subordinated Claim.

16 87. **"Higher and Better Offer"** means a bona fide offer made in accordance with the
17 Bid Procedures Order.

18 88. **"Insider"** has the meaning ascribed to this term in section 101(31) of the
19 Bankruptcy Code. For purposes of this definition, the term "affiliate" in section 101(31)(E) has
20 the meaning ascribed to that term in the Plan, and to the extent not included in the definition of
21 "Affiliate" under the Plan, shall include any and all Persons whose business is owned or controlled
22 by the Debtors or any of Insiders of the Debtors (as defined herein), or in which the Debtors or
23 Insiders of the Debtors (as defined herein) have any ownership, participation, profit sharing or any
24 other kind of interest whatsoever.

25 89. **"Instruments of Transfer"** means any mortgages, deeds of trust, leasehold
26 mortgages, leases (whether recorded or unrecorded) and/or the various instruments and documents
27 of transfer as specified in or contemplated by the Plan including the documents related to the Asset
28 Sale Transaction.

90. **"Interim Distribution Orders"** mean (A) "Order (a) Granting (i) Debtors' Motion to Distribute Funds; (ii) Debtors' Hold Funds Motion and (iii) the Compel Motion, and (b) Denying (i) the Lift Stay Motion and (ii) McKnight Motion" entered by the Court on August 24, 2006 [Docket No. 1184]; and (B) "Modified Order Authorizing Interim Distribution and Holdbacks" entered by the Court on October 2, 2006 [Docket No. 1424].

91. **"IP"** means USA Investment Partners, LLC.

92. **"IP Parties"** means Joseph Milanowski, Thomas Hantges, Paul Hamilton and IP.

93. **"IP \$58 Million Promissory Note"** means that certain promissory note dated as of May 31, 2006, in the original principal amount of \$58,374,918.81 made by IP in favor of USACM (as modified by the "Order Approving Agreement with Investment Partners" entered by the Court on July 24, 2006 [Docket No. 946]).

94. **"Lenders"** means Direct Lenders, USACM and the Funds.

95. **"Litigation Claims"** means any and all rights, causes of action, Claims, obligations, suits, debts, promises, agreements, judgments and demands of whatever kind or nature, whether known or unknown, suspected or unsuspected, whether at law or in equity, including, without limitation all Avoidance Actions, Non-Debtor Insider Litigation, and causes of action listed in the Schedules and the Statements of Financial Affairs Filed in each of the Debtor's Chapter 11 Cases, recoupment, set off and equitable subordination, whether or not brought as of the Effective Date, which are the property of or may be asserted by any of the Debtors and their respective Estates, or the Post-Effective Date Entities, and which have not been settled or otherwise resolved by Final Order as of the Effective Date.

96. **"Loans"** means the loans originated by and serviced by USACM on behalf of the Lenders. This definition of "Loans" is applicable solely to the Plan and does not apply to, nor supersede the definition of "Loans" in the Asset Purchase Agreement, which contains a different definition for "Loans."

97. **"Loan Servicing Agreement"** means agreements entered into by USACM with Lenders relating to USACM's servicing of the Loans in effect at any time during the Chapter 11 Cases.

98. **"Loan Servicing Fee Schedule"** means a schedule setting forth the amount of the servicing fees payable under each of the Loan Servicing Agreements, which will be transferred to the Asset Purchaser at Closing as part of the Asset Sale Transaction.

99. **"Non-Debtor Insider"** means an Insider that is not a Debtor, expressly including, without limitation, the IP Parties, any Affiliate of the Debtors and the IP Parties, Insiders of the IP Parties, professionals of such Insiders or of the Debtors, and/or any Entity which has conspired with or aided and abetted an Insider that is not a Debtor.

100. **"Non-Debtor Insider Litigation"** means all Litigation Claims against Non-Debtor Insiders and recoveries therefrom. Solely to the extent necessary to pursue this Non-Debtor Insider Litigation, this definition shall also include Litigation Claims by Debtors against Debtors who are Insiders, which Litigation Claims by Debtors against Debtors, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Plan and solely to the extent necessary to pursue Litigation Claims against Non-Debtor Insiders, shall survive the Confirmation of the Plan and the Effective Date and shall not be extinguished; provided that to the extent there are inter-Debtor releases in this Plan, the prior sentence shall have no operative effect on such releases, which releases will bar any recoveries by applicable Debtors against Debtors as provided for therein.

101. **"Ordinary Course Administrative Expense Claim"** means an Administrative Expense Claim incurred in the ordinary course of the Debtors' businesses prior to the Effective Date; provided, however, Ordinary Course Administrative Expense Claims expressly do not include: (A) any postpetition obligations of a Debtor which are past due; (B) Cure Payments; (C) any fees or expenses, compensation or reimbursement for which is requested pursuant to subsections 503(b)(2), (3), (4) or (5) of the Bankruptcy Code; (D) any Taxes (including without limitation, income, sales, use, property or other Taxes); and (E) any Claims against a Debtor for breach of contract, tort, or other actionable conduct.

102. **"Other Secured Claim"** means any Secured Claim other than a Secured Tax Claim.

1 103. **"Overbid Allocation"** means the allocation agreed to between USACM and FTDF
 2 for the overbid, breakup fee, and expense reimbursement (as those terms are used in the Bid
 3 Procedures Order) as described in section E.2. of Art. IV of the Plan.

4 104. **"Penalty Claim"** means a Claim against a Debtor for a fine, penalty, forfeiture, or
 5 for multiple, exemplary or punitive damages, arising before or after the Petition Date, to the extent
 6 that such fine, penalty, forfeiture or damages are not compensation for actual pecuniary loss
 7 suffered by the holder of such Claim or is asserted by a governmental unit.

8 105. **"Pending Litigation"** means all actions Filed against USACM as of the Effective
 9 Date, including *USA Commercial Mortg. Co. v. Standard Property Dev., LLC* [Adversary
 10 Proceeding No. 06-1179]; *USA Commercial Mortg. Co. v. Robert J. Kehl, et. al* [Adv. Pro. No.
 11 06-1167]; *USA Commercial Mortg. Co. v. Gateway Stone Assocs., LLC* [Adv. Pro. No. 06-1201],
 12 and any other actions Filed against USACM prior to the Effective Date.

13 106. **"Person"** has the meaning ascribed to this term in section 101(41) of the
 14 Bankruptcy Code. To the extent not provided for in section 101(41), the term "Person" as used
 15 herein includes limited partnerships, limited liability companies, associations, joint stock
 16 companies, joint ventures, and the Committees.

17 107. **"Petition Date"** means April 13, 2006, the date on which the Debtors Filed their
 18 voluntary petitions commencing the Chapter 11 Cases.

19 108. **"Plan"** means this Third Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization,
 20 including any and all Exhibits annexed hereto, any and all documents incorporated herein by
 21 reference, and any and all documents incorporated by reference to the Plan Documents
 22 Supplement, or the Direct Lender Supplement either in their present form or as they may be
 23 altered, amended, or modified at any time prior to or as part of the Confirmation Hearing.

24 109. **"Plan Documents Supplement"** means the compilation of the forms of certain
 25 documents as specified in and required to be Filed in accordance with section C of Art. I of the
 26 Plan.

27 110. **"Post-Effective Date DTDF"** means DTDF after the Effective Date.
 28

111. **"Post-Effective Date Entities"** means the USACM Trust and Post-Effective Date DTDF, and prior to dissolution, FTDF, USA Realty and USA Securities.

112. **"Postpetition Interest"** means all contractual or statutory interest to which holders of Allowed Class B-4 General Unsecured Claims and Allowed Class C-4 General Unsecured Claims have a legal right enforceable outside of the Chapter 11 Cases. In the absence of any legal right to interest on any particular Allowed Claim in Class B-4 or Class C-4, "Postpetition Interest" shall mean 4.85%, the federal judgment rate in effect as of the Petition Date.

113. **"Prepaid Interest"** means (a) all causes of action to recover principal or interest payments USACM paid in advance to the applicable Lender(s) before the Petition Date; (b) all principal and interest payments USACM has collected (will continue to collect) postpetition from Borrowers for such advanced principal or interest payments; and (c) all payments USACM has collected (and will continue to collect) postpetition on any Loan that would otherwise be payable to a Lender that received an advanced principal or interest payment from USACM prior to the Petition Date, but only to the extent of such advanced principal or interest payments.

114. **"Priority Tax Claim"** means a Claim against a Debtor entitled to priority under section 507(a)(8) of the Bankruptcy Code.

115. **"Priority Unsecured Claim"** means a Claim against a Debtor that is entitled to priority under section 507(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, other than Priority Tax Claims, Administrative Expense Claims, and Ordinary Course Administrative Expense Claims.

116. **"Professionals"** means those Entities or firms who have been employed by the Debtors or the Committees pursuant to Bankruptcy Code sections 327, 1103, and/or 1106.

117. **"Professionals Administrative Expense Claim Bar Date"** has the meaning ascribed to this term in section B.1.c.ii of Art. II of the Plan.

118. **"Pro Rata," "Pro Rata Share," and "Pro Rata Basis"** mean proportionately so that the ratio of (A) the amount of consideration (such as Cash) distributed on account of a particular Allowed Claim or Allowed Equity Interest, as applicable, to (B) the amount of such Allowed Claim or Allowed Equity Interest, as applicable, is the same as the ratio of (x) the amount of consideration distributed on account of all Allowed Claims or Allowed Equity Interests, as

applicable, of the Class or group of Classes in which the Allowed Claim or Allowed Equity Interest is classified to (y) the amount of all Allowed Claims or Allowed Equity Interests, as applicable, of that Class or group of Classes.

The Pro Rata ratio or formula is illustrated as follows:

(a)	Amount of consideration distributed to holder of Allowed Claim or Allowed Equity Interest, as applicable	=	(x)	Total consideration available for distribution to holders of Allowed Claims or Allowed Equity Interests, as applicable, of that Class or group of Classes
(b)	Amount of such Allowed Claim or Allowed Equity Interest, as applicable		(y)	Amount of all Allowed Claims of Allowed Equity Interest, as applicable, in that Class or group of Classes

For purposes of the application of this definition, the amount of any Disputed Claim shall be the stated "face amount" of such Claim, unless such Claim is estimated by Final Order, in which case, the amount of such Disputed Claim shall be the estimated amount.

119. **"Schedule of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases"** means the schedule which is defined in section D of Art. I of the Plan and referred to under Article V of the Plan.

120. **"Schedules"** means the Schedules Filed by each of the Debtors pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 521(a)(1)(B)(i), Bankruptcy Rules 1007(a)(3) and (b)(1), and Official Bankruptcy Form No. 6, as amended from time to time.

121. **"Secured Claim"** means a Claim against the Debtors to the extent of the value of any interest in property of the Estates securing such Claim, as determined by the Court pursuant to Bankruptcy Code sections 506(a) and 1111(b).

122. **"Secured Tax Claim"** means a Claim of a governmental unit against the Debtors to the extent of the value of any interest in property of the Estates securing such Claim, as determined by the Court pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 506(a).

123. **"Servicer Advances"** means advances by the servicing agent for legal fees, foreclosure costs and other expenses that may be recovered from a Lender under Paragraph 4 or

any other similar Paragraph of the applicable Loan Servicing Agreement in the event that such amounts are not paid by the applicable Borrower.

124. **"SPCP Group, LLC"** means the Entity described as the "Purchaser" in the Asset Purchase Agreement.

125. **"Statutory Fees"** means those fees payable in the Chapter 11 Cases under 28 U.S.C. § 1930.

126. **"Subordinated Claim"** means any and all Claims of Non-Debtor Insiders against USACM.

127. **"Taxes"** means all taxes, charges, fees, imposts, levies or other assessments, including, without limitation, all net income, gross receipts, sales, use, ad valorem, value added, transfer, franchise, profits, inventory, capital stock, license, withholding, payroll, employment, social security, unemployment, excise, severance, stamp, occupation, and property taxes, customs duties, fees, assessments and charges of any kind whatsoever, together with any interest and penalties, additions to tax or additional amounts imposed by any taxing authority (domestic or foreign) and any interest and penalties imposed with respect to the filing, obligation to file or failure to file any tax return, and shall include any transferee liability in respect to Taxes.

128. **"Third Party Bidder"** means an Entity, other than SPCP Group, LLC, who makes a Higher and Better Offer for the Acquired Assets pursuant to and in accordance with the terms of the Bid Procedures Order.

129. **"Undistributed Cash"** means \$2.6 million in Cash that had been collected prior to the Petition Date but had not been distributed on or since the Petition Date.

130. **"Unremitted Principal Claims"** means General Unsecured Claims against USACM for Loan payments received by USACM, but not paid over to applicable Lenders prior to the Petition Date, including without limitation, the FTDF Unremitted Principal Claim, the Direct Lender Unremitted Principal Claims, and the DTDF Unremitted Principal Claim.

131. **"Unremitted Principal Direct Lenders"** means Direct Lenders holding Unremitted Principal Claims.

132. **"USA Realty"** means USA Capital Realty Advisors, LLC.

133. **"USA Securities"** means USA Securities, LLC.

134. **"USACM"** means USA Commercial Mortgage Company.

135. **"USACM Accounts"** means all accounts, notes or receivables of USACM, including USACM's share of the IP \$58 Million Promissory Note.

136. **"USACM Committee"** means the Official Unsecured Creditors' Committee for USA Commercial Mortgage Company, as appointed by the U.S. Trustee pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1102 to serve in these Chapter 11 Cases.

137. **"USACM Loans"** mean the Loans in which USACM has an ownership interest.

138. **"USACM Trust"** means the trust created under the Plan and pursuant to the USACM Trust Agreement for the benefit of holders of Allowed USACM Unsecured Claims.

139. **"USACM Trust Agreement"** means the trust agreement that will establish (along with the Plan) and govern the USACM Trust which will be Filed as part of the Plan Documents Supplement.

140. **"USACM Trust Assets"** means those assets to be transferred or assigned to the USACM Trust, respectively, on the Effective Date of the Plan, free and clear of any liens or Claims that might otherwise have existed in favor of any party minus any Cash needed to make the payments required to be made on the Effective Date pursuant to the Plan or needed to fund the reserves required to be established on the Effective Date.

141. **"USACM Trust Committee"** means the oversight committee for the USACM Trust established pursuant to the Plan and the USACM Trust Agreement.

142. **"USACM Trustee"** means the trustee of the USACM Trust, which has the powers and responsibilities set forth in the Plan and the USACM Trust Agreement, or any successor trustee appointed pursuant to the USACM Trust Agreement.

143. **"USACM Unsecured Claims"** means all Allowed General Unsecured Claims against USACM, including Unremitted Principal Claims, the DTDF Unsecured Claim, the FTDF Unsecured Claim, and the Direct Lender Unsecured Claims.

144. **"U.S. Trustee"** means the Office of the United States Trustee for the District of Nevada.

B. Other Terms.

The words "herein," "hereof," "hereto," "hereunder," and others of similar import refer to the Plan as a whole and not to any particular section, subsection, or clause contained in the Plan. A term used herein that is not defined herein shall have the meaning ascribed to that term, if any, in the Bankruptcy Code or Bankruptcy Rules and shall be construed in accordance with the rules of construction thereunder.

C. Plan Documents Supplement.

The forms of the following documents are or will be contained in a separate Plan Documents Supplement that will be Filed as provided herein and incorporated in the Plan by reference:

1. the USACM Trust Agreement; and
2. the DTDF Amended Operating Agreement.

In the event of a conflict between the terms of any of the documents contained in the Plan Documents Supplement and the Plan, the terms of the Plan shall govern.

The USACM Trust Agreement will be Filed by the USACM Committee and served on counsel for the Debtors and the other Committees and the U.S. Trustee, at least ten (10) days prior to the commencement of the Confirmation Hearing. The USACM Trust Agreement will identify the identity and affiliations of the USACM Trustee and the USACM Trust Committee as required by section 1129(a)(5) of the Bankruptcy Code and will include all other information required to comply with section 1129(a)(4) of the Bankruptcy Code.

The DTDF Amended Operating Agreement will be Filed by the DTDF Committee and served on counsel for the Debtors and the other Committees and the U.S. Trustee, at least ten (10) days prior to the commencement of the Confirmation Hearing. The DTDF Amended Operating Agreement will identify the identity and affiliations of the DTDF Administrator and the DTDF Post-Effective Date Committee as required by section 1129(a)(5) of the Bankruptcy Code and will include all other information required to comply with section 1129(a)(4) of the Bankruptcy Code.

Once Filed, the Plan Documents Supplement may be inspected in the Office of the Clerk of the Court during normal court hours. The holders of Claims or Equity Interests may obtain a

copy of the Plan Documents Supplement, or excerpts therefrom, by accessing the BMC Group website for the Debtors at <http://www.bmccorp.net>; contacting the BMC Group by phone at 888-909-0100; or by accessing the Debtors' website at www.usacapitalcorp.com.

D. Schedule of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases.

The Debtors will File a Schedule of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases that conforms to section A of Art. V of the Plan, and serve it on the Committees, the U.S. Trustee, all non-Debtor Entities who are parties to any executory contracts or unexpired leases listed thereon and the limited service list as soon as practicable after the Court approves the Disclosure Statement, but in no event later than twenty (20) days prior to the commencement of the Confirmation Hearing.

Once Filed, the Schedule of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases may be inspected in the Office of the Clerk of the Court during normal court hours. The holders of Claims or Equity Interests may obtain a copy of the Schedule of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases, or excerpts therefrom, by accessing the BMC Group website for the Debtors at <http://www.bmccorp.net>; contacting the BMC Group by phone at 888-909-0100; or by accessing the Debtors' website at www.usacapitalcorp.com.

E. Direct Lender Supplement.

The forms of the following documents are or will be contained in a separate Direct Lender Supplement that will be Filed as provided herein and incorporated in the Plan by reference:

1. the Loan Servicing Fee Schedule; and
2. the Alternative Dispute Resolution Agreement.

The Direct Lender Supplement will be Filed and served on the Committees, the U.S. Trustee and all Direct Lenders as soon as practicable after the Court approves the Disclosure Statement, but in no event later than twenty (20) days prior to the commencement of the Confirmation Hearing.

Once Filed, the Direct Lender Supplement may be inspected in the Office of the Clerk of the Court during normal court hours. The holders of Claims or Equity Interests may obtain a copy of the Direct Lender Supplement, or excerpts therefrom, by accessing the BMC Group website for

the Debtors at <http://www.bmccorp.net>; contacting the BMC Group by phone at 888-909-0100; or by accessing the Debtors' website at www.usacapitalcorp.com.

F. Exhibits.

All Exhibits to the Plan and all documents contained in the Plan Documents Supplement and the Direct Lender Supplement are incorporated into and are a part of the Plan as if set forth in full herein.

II.

CLASSIFICATION AND TREATMENT OF CLAIMS AND EQUITY INTERESTS

A. Summary.

As discussed in section B of Art. IV of the Plan below, the Estates will not be substantively consolidated. Accordingly, holders of Allowed Claims or Allowed Equity Interests against a particular Estate shall have their Claims or Equity Interests allowed and treated in such respective Estate. Further, within an Estate, an Allowed Claim or Allowed Equity Interest is placed in a particular Class only to the extent that the Claim or Equity Interest falls within the description of that Class. However, an Allowed Claim or Allowed Equity Interest may be apportioned and classified in more than one Class to the extent that portions of the Claim or Equity Interest fall within the description of several different Classes. An Allowed Claim or Allowed Equity Interest is classified in a particular Class only to the extent that it has not already been paid, released or otherwise satisfied before the Effective Date. The following is a chart summarizing the classification and treatment of unclassified Claims, classified Claims and Equity Interests in each Estate:

Claims	Treatment
USACM	
	Unclassified Claims
Administrative Expense Claims	Holders of Allowed Administrative Expense Claims shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless the holder of the Claim agrees otherwise.
Priority Tax	Holders of Allowed Priority Tax Claims shall be paid in full on the

Claims	Treatment
Claims	Effective Date, unless the holder of the Claim agrees otherwise.
	Classified Claims
A-1: Secured Tax Claims	Holders of Allowed Secured Tax Claims shall be paid in full on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Secured Tax Claim becomes an Allowed Claim.
A-2: Other Secured Claims	<p>Holders of Allowed Other Secured Claims are to be treated pursuant to Option A or Option B below, at the discretion of USACM:</p> <p>Option A: Holders of Allowed Other Secured Claims shall be paid in full on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Other Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Claim; or</p> <p>Option B: USACM shall surrender the property securing the Allowed Other Secured Claim to the holder of such Claim by making the property reasonably available to such holder on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Other Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Claim; if the property securing an Allowed Other Secured Claim has been lost or destroyed, USACM shall provide notice of such fact to the holder of the Allowed Other Secured Claim, the delivery of which notice shall constitute "surrender" of the property securing the Allowed Other Secured Claim for purposes of this Option B.</p>
A-3: Priority Unsecured Claims	Holders of Allowed Priority Unsecured Claims shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless the holder of the Claim agrees otherwise.
A-4: General Unsecured Claims	Holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims, including the Unremitted Principal Claims, Allowed FTDF Unsecured Claims, the Allowed Direct Lender Unsecured Claims and the Allowed DTDF Unsecured Claim, shall receive a beneficial interest in the USACM Trust, and on account of their Allowed Claim may receive a Pro Rata Share of the assets of the USACM Trust after satisfaction of all Allowed unclassified Claims, Allowed Class A-1, A-2 and A-3 Claims, and all post-Effective Date fees, costs, and expenses of implementation of the USACM Plan for USACM and the USACM Trust.
A-5: Direct Lender Compromise Claims	The Direct Lenders will be released by USACM, FTDF, USA Realty and USA Securities from all Claims including but not limited to surcharge, recharacterization of Direct Lender Loans, and the collection of prepetition accrued but unpaid as of the Effective Date annual loan servicing fees due under Loan Servicing Agreements, but excluding causes of action to recover principal or interest payments USACM paid in advance to the applicable Lender(s) before the Petition Date. In

Claims	Treatment
	exchange (and as a compromise), Direct Lenders acknowledge and agree that the Prepaid Interest constitutes an asset of the USACM Estate or to transfer their ownership rights, if any, in Prepaid Interest to the USACM Estate, that USACM retains the maximum amount for servicing fees allowed and that \$605,000 of the 2% Holdback can and will be used to reimburse USACM for the Allowed Administrative Expense Claims attributed to the fees and costs of the Professionals of the Direct Lender Committee. If the Plan is confirmed, the Direct Lenders will be bound to the Class A-5 treatment regardless of whether they vote to accept or reject the Plan, or Class A-5 votes to accept or reject the Plan; all such objections must be made by objecting to Plan confirmation.
A-6: Allowed Penalty Claims	Holders of Allowed Penalty Claims shall be subordinated in payment to the payment in full of all Allowed General Unsecured Claims, plus interest, and shall receive no distribution under the Plan.
A-7: Allowed Subordinated Claims	Holders of Subordinated Claims shall be subordinated in payment to the payment in full of all Allowed Penalty Claims, plus interest, and shall receive no distribution under the Plan.
A-8: Equity Interests	All Equity Interests in USACM, regardless of form, shall be cancelled and the holders of Equity Interests in USACM shall receive no distribution under the Plan.
FTDF	
	Unclassified Claims
Administrative Expense Claims	Holders of Allowed Administrative Expense Claims shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless the holder of the Claim agrees otherwise.
Priority Tax Claims	Holders of Allowed Priority Tax Claims shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless the holder of the Claim agrees otherwise.
	Classified Claims
B-1: Secured Tax Claims	Holders of Allowed Secured Tax Claims shall be paid in full on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Secured Tax Claim becomes an Allowed Claim.
B-2: Other Secured Claims	<p>Holders of Allowed Other Secured Claims are to be treated pursuant to Option A or Option B below, at the discretion of FTDF:</p> <p>Option A: Holders of Allowed Other Secured Claims shall be paid in full on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Other Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Claim; or</p> <p>Option B: FTDF shall surrender the property securing the Allowed Other Secured Claim to the holder of such Claim by making the property</p>

Claims	Treatment
	reasonably available to such holder on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Other Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Claim; if the property securing an Allowed Other Secured Claim has been lost or destroyed, FTDF shall provide notice of such fact to the holder of the Allowed Other Secured Claim, the delivery of which notice shall constitute "surrender" of the property securing the Allowed Other Secured Claim for purposes of this Option B.
B-3: Priority Unsecured Claims	Holders of Allowed Priority Unsecured Claims shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless the holder of the Claim agrees otherwise.
B-4: General Unsecured Claims	Holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, plus Postpetition Interest.
B-5: Equity Interests	After the FTDF Payment has been made, holders of Allowed Equity Interests shall retain all distributions received after the Petition Date and receive the remaining Allocated Net Sale Proceeds after satisfaction of all Allowed unclassified Claims, Allowed Class B-1, B-2, B-3 and B-4 Claims, and post-Effective Date fees, costs, and expenses of implementation of the Plan for FTDF. Allowed Equity Interests shall receive a Pro Rata Share of the USACM Trust recoveries on account of the Allowed FTDF Unsecured Claim.
DTDF	
	Unclassified Claims
Administrative Expense Claims	Holders of Allowed Administrative Expense Claims shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless the holder of the Claim agrees otherwise.
Priority Tax Claims	Holders of Allowed Priority Tax Claims shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless the holder of the Claim agrees otherwise.
	Classified Claims
C-1: Secured Tax Claims	Holders of Allowed Secured Tax Claims shall be paid in full on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Secured Tax Claim becomes an Allowed Claim.
C-2: Other Secured Claims	Holders of Allowed Other Secured Claims are to be treated pursuant to Option A or Option B below, at the discretion of Post-Effective Date DTDF: Option A: Holders of Allowed Other Secured Claims shall be paid in full on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Other Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Claim; or

Claims	Treatment
	Option B: Post-Effective Date DTDF shall surrender the property securing the Allowed Other Secured Claim to the holder of such Claim by making the property reasonably available to such holder on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Other Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Claim; if the property securing an Allowed Other Secured Claim has been lost or destroyed, Post-Effective Date DTDF shall provide notice of such fact to the holder of the Allowed Other Secured Claim, the delivery of which notice shall constitute "surrender" of the property securing the Allowed Other Secured Claim for purposes of this Option B.
C-3: Priority Unsecured Claims	Holders of Allowed Priority Unsecured Claims shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless the holder of the Claim agrees otherwise.
C-4: General Unsecured Claims	Holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, plus Postpetition Interest.
C-5: Equity Interests	Holders of Allowed Equity Interests shall retain their Equity Interests in DTDF and distributions received from the Petition Date, and after satisfaction of all Allowed unclassified Claims, Allowed Class C-1, C-2, C-3 and C-4 Claims, and all post-Effective Date fees, costs and expenses of implementation of Plan for DTDF, shall receive shall receive a Pro Rata Share of the assets of Post-Effective Date DTDF and the USACM Trust recoveries on account of the Allowed DTDF Unsecured Claim.
USA Realty	
Unclassified Claims	
Administrative Expense Claims	Holders of Allowed Administrative Expense Claims shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless the holder of the Claim agrees otherwise.
Priority Tax Claims	Holders of Allowed Priority Tax Claims shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless the holder of the Claim agrees otherwise.
Classified Claims	
D-1: Secured Tax Claims	Holders of Allowed Secured Tax Claims shall be paid in full on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Secured Tax Claim becomes an Allowed Claim.
D-2: Other Secured Claims	Holders of Allowed Other Secured Claims are to be treated pursuant to Option A or Option B below, at the discretion of USA Realty: Option A: Allowed Other Secured Claims shall be paid in full on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii)

Claims	Treatment
	<p>fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Other Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Claim; or</p> <p>Option B: USA Realty shall surrender the property securing the Allowed Other Secured Claim to the holder of such Claim by making the property reasonably available to such holder on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Other Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Claim; if the property securing an Allowed Other Secured Claim has been lost or destroyed, USA Realty shall provide notice of such fact to the holder of the Allowed Other Secured Claim, the delivery of which notice shall constitute "surrender" of the property securing the Allowed Other Secured Claim for purposes of this Option B.</p>
D-3: Priority Unsecured Claims	Holders of Allowed Priority Unsecured Claims shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless the holder of the Claim agrees otherwise.
D-4: General Unsecured Claims	Holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims shall be paid a Pro Rata Share of assets of the Estate available after payment in full of Allowed unclassified Claims and Allowed Class D-1, D-2 and D-3 Claims.
D-5: Equity Interests	All Equity Interests in USA Realty, regardless of form, shall be cancelled and the holders of Equity Interests in USA Realty shall receive no distribution under the Plan.
USA Securities	
Unclassified Claims	
Administrative Expense Claims	Holders of Allowed Administrative Expense Claims shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless the holder of the Claim agrees otherwise.
Priority Tax Claims	Holders of Allowed Priority Tax Claims shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless the holder of the Claim agrees otherwise.
Classified Claims	
E-1: Secured Tax Claims	Holders of Allowed Secured Tax Claims shall be paid in full on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Secured Tax Claim becomes an Allowed Claim.
E-2: Other Secured Claims	<p>Holders of Allowed Other Secured Claims are to be treated pursuant to Option A or Option B below, at the discretion of USA Securities:</p> <p>Option A: Allowed Other Secured Claims shall be paid in full on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Other Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Claim; or</p> <p>Option B: USA Securities shall surrender the property securing the Allowed Other USA Securities Claim to the holder of such Claim by</p>

Claims	Treatment
	making the property reasonably available to such holder on or before the later of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (ii) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Other Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Claim; if the property securing an Allowed Other Secured Claim has been lost or destroyed, USA Securities shall provide notice of such fact to the holder of the Allowed Other Secured Claim, the delivery of which notice shall constitute "surrender" of the property securing the Allowed Other Secured Claim for purposes of this Option B.
E-3: Priority Unsecured Claims	Holders of Allowed Priority Unsecured Claims shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless the holder of the Claim agrees otherwise.
E-4: General Unsecured Claims	Holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims shall be paid a Pro Rata Share of assets of the Estate available after payment in full of Allowed unclassified Claims and Allowed Class E-1, E-2 and E-3 Claims.
E-5: Equity Interests	All Equity Interests in USA Securities, regardless of form, shall be cancelled and the holders of Equity Interests in USA Securities shall receive no distribution under the Plan.

B. Unclassified Claims.

Certain types of Claims are not placed into Classes that are entitled to vote to accept or reject this Plan; instead, such Claims are unclassified. Such Claims do not vote on the Plan because they are entitled to specific treatment provided for them in the Bankruptcy Code. As such, the Debtors have not placed the following Claims in a Class. The respective treatments for these Claims are provided below.

1. Administrative Expense Claims For Each Debtor.

a. General.

Each holder of an Allowed Administrative Expense Claim in a particular Estate shall be paid in full, in Cash of such Estate, on the later of: (i) the Effective Date, or (ii) the date such Administrative Expense Claim becomes an Allowed Administrative Expense Claim, or, in either case, as soon thereafter as is practicable, except to the extent that the holder of an Allowed Administrative Expense Claim agrees to a different treatment. The fees and costs of the counsel to the Direct Lender Committee, to the extent Allowed, will be treated as an Administrative Expense

Claim against USACM, except to the extent covered by a surcharge on Direct Lenders authorized by the Court and collected by USACM prior to the Effective Date.

b. Payment of Statutory Fees.

On or before the Effective Date, Statutory Fees for each Estate shall be paid in Cash, in full when due. To the extent there is any dispute as to the amount or payment of these Statutory Fees, such dispute will be resolved by the Court at the Confirmation Hearing.

c. Bar Dates Applicable to Administrative Expense Claims.

i. General Administrative Expense Claims.

Except as provided in subsections ii and iii below, requests for payment of Administrative Expense Claims must be Filed and served on the Debtors and the Post-Effective Date Entities, the Committees (to the extent such Committees are not dissolved) and the U.S. Trustee by no later than thirty (30) days after the Effective Date, which shall be the “Administrative Expense Claim Bar Date.” Any holder of an Administrative Expense Claim who fails to File a request seeking to have its Claim Allowed on or before the Administrative Expense Claim Bar Date shall be forever barred from seeking the allowance of its Administrative Expense Claim, and the Debtors and their Estates, including any Post-Effective Date Entities, if applicable, shall be discharged of any obligation on such Claim or any other Claim related to the Administrative Expense Claim.

ii. Professionals.

All Professionals or other Entities requesting compensation or reimbursement of expenses under sections 327, 328, 330, 331, 503(b) and/or 1103 of the Bankruptcy Code for services rendered before the Effective Date (including any compensation requested by any professional or any other Entity for making a substantial contribution in the Chapter 11 Cases under section 503(b)(3)(D) of the Bankruptcy Code) shall File and serve on the Debtors, the Post-Effective Date Entities, the Committees (to the extent such Committees are not yet dissolved) and the U.S. Trustee an application for final allowance of compensation and reimbursement of expenses no later than forty-five (45) days after the Effective Date, which shall be the “Professionals Administrative Expense Claim Bar Date.” Any objections to such applications must be Filed and served in accordance with applicable law, including Nevada District Court Local Rule 9014. Any

Professional who fails to File an application requesting payment on or prior to the Professionals Administrative Expense Claim Bar Date shall be forever barred from seeking the allowance of its Administrative Expense Claim or any other Claim, and the Debtors, their Estates and any Post-Effective Date Entities, if applicable, shall be discharged of any obligation on such Claim or any other Claim related to the Professional's Claim.

iii. Ordinary Course Administrative Expense Claims.

Holders of Ordinary Course Administrative Expense Claims shall not be required to File any request for payment of such Claims by the Administrative Expense Claim Bar Date. Each Ordinary Course Administrative Expense Claim shall be assumed and paid by the obligated Estate under the terms and conditions of the particular transaction giving rise to that Ordinary Course Administrative Expense Claim, without any further action by the holder of such Ordinary Course Administrative Expense Claim.

iv. Effect of Claim Bar Dates.

All holders of Administrative Expense Claims (including without limitation, Professionals requesting compensation or reimbursement of expenses), except holders of Ordinary Course Administrative Expense Claims, are required to File a request for payment of such Claims in accordance with the Plan. Failure to File a request for payment of an Administrative Expense Claim prior to the Administrative Expense Claim Bar Date or the Professionals Administrative Expense Claim Bar Date, as applicable, shall forever bar the holder from asserting such Claims against the Debtors, the Estates, the Post-Effective Date Entities and any other Entity or any of their respective property, and the Debtors, the Estates and the Post-Effective Date Entities, to the extent applicable, shall be discharged of any obligation on such Claim or any other Claim related to the Administrative Expense Claim.

2. Priority Tax Claims.

Each holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim in a particular Estate shall be paid in full, in Cash from such Estate, on the later of: (A) the Effective Date, or (B) the date such Priority Tax Claim becomes an Allowed Priority Tax Claim, or, in either case as applicable, as soon thereafter

as is practicable, except to the extent that the holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim agrees to a different treatment.

C. Classified Claims And Equity Interests.

1. USACM – (Classes A-1 Through A-8).

a. Class A-1: Secured Tax Claims.

i. *Classification:* Class A-1 consists of all Allowed Secured Tax Claims against USACM.

ii. *Treatment:* Each holder of an Allowed Secured Tax Claim shall be paid in full on or before the later of (a) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (b) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Secured Tax Claim becomes an Allowed Claim. Class A-1 is unimpaired, and the holders of Allowed Class A-1 Claims are presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

b. Class A-2: Other Secured Claims.

i. *Classification:* Class A-2 consists of all Allowed Other Secured Claims against USACM.

ii. *Treatment:* Each holder of an Allowed Other Secured Claim shall be treated pursuant to Option A or Option B below, at the discretion of USACM.

Option A: Holders of Allowed Other Secured Claims shall be paid in full on or before the later of (a) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (b) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Other Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Claim; or

Option B: USACM shall surrender the property securing the Allowed Other Secured Claim to the holder of such Claim by making the property reasonably available to such holder before the later of (a) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (b) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Other Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Claim; provided, however, that if the property securing an Allowed Other Secured Claim has been lost or destroyed, USACM shall provide notice of such fact to the holder of the Allowed Other Secured Claim, the delivery of which notice shall constitute "surrender" of the property securing the Allowed Other Secured Claim for purposes of this Option B.

Class A-2 is unimpaired, and the holders of Allowed Class A-2 Claims are presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

c. Class A-3: Priority Unsecured Claims.

i. *Classification:* Class A-3 consists of all Allowed Priority Unsecured Claims against USACM.

ii. *Treatment:* Each holder of an Allowed Priority Unsecured Claim shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless such holder agrees otherwise. Class A-3 is unimpaired, and the holders of Allowed Class A-3 Claims are presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

d. Class A-4: General Unsecured Claims.

i. *Classification:* Class A-4 consists of all Allowed General Unsecured Claims against USACM, including the Allowed Unremitted Principal Claims, the Allowed Direct Lender Unsecured Claims, the Allowed FTDF Unsecured Claims, and the Allowed DTDF Unsecured Claims.

ii. *Treatment:* Each holder of an Allowed General Unsecured Claim shall receive a beneficial interest in the USACM Trust, and on account of the Allowed Claim may receive a Pro Rata Share of the assets of the USACM Trust after satisfaction of all Allowed unclassified Claims, Allowed Class A-1, A-2 and A-3 Claims, and all post-Effective Date fees, costs, and expenses of implementation of the USACM Plan and USACM Trust. Class A-4 is impaired, and the holders of Allowed Class A-4 Claims are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

e. Class A-5: Direct Lender Compromise Claims.

i. *Classification:* Class A-5 Consists of all Direct Lenders.

ii. *Treatment:* In exchange (and as a compromise) for the release by USACM, FTDF, USA Realty, USA Securities of Claims against the Direct Lenders under the Plan, including Claims relating to surcharge, recharacterization of Direct Lender Loans, and the collection of prepetition accrued as of the Effective Date but unpaid annual loan servicing fees due under Loan Servicing Agreements, but excluding all other causes of action to recover principal or

interest payments USACM paid in advance to applicable Direct Lenders before the Petition Date, the Direct Lenders (a) acknowledge that the Prepaid Interest constitutes an asset of the USACM Estate (or will otherwise transfer their ownership rights, if any, in the Prepaid Interest to the USACM Estate); (b) agree that up to \$605,000 of the 2% Holdback (on a Pro Rata basis based on unpaid principal Loan balances of those Direct Lenders with funds in the 2% Holdback) will be used to reimburse USACM for the Allowed Administrative Expense Claims of Professionals employed by the Direct Lender Committee; and (c) agree that, with respect to servicing fees paid prior to the Effective Date, USACM will retain its contractual servicing fee due under the Loan Servicing Agreements and, with respect to Loan Servicing Agreements which provide that USACM may collect “up to” a maximum amount for such servicing fees, USACM will retain the maximum amount for such servicing fees as provided under the Loan Servicing Agreement. Class A-5 is impaired, and the holders of Allowed Class A-5 Claims are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan. If the Plan is confirmed, the Direct Lenders will be bound to the Class A-5 treatment regardless of whether they vote to accept or reject the Plan, or Class A-5 votes to accept or reject the Plan; all such objections must be made by objecting to Plan confirmation.

f. Class A-6: Allowed Penalty Claims.

i. *Classification:* Class A-6 consists of all Allowed Penalty Claims against USACM.

ii. *Treatment:* Payment to holders of Allowed Penalty Claims shall be subordinated to the payment in full, plus interest, of all Allowed General Unsecured Claims. It is anticipated that holders of Allowed Penalty Claims shall receive no distribution under the Plan. In the unlikely event that Cash exists after all Allowed General Unsecured Claims are paid in full, plus interest, the Plan shall be deemed to be amended to provide that such Cash be distributed Pro Rata to the holders of Allowed Penalty Claims, plus interest. Class A-6 is impaired, and the holders of Class A-6 Claims are deemed to reject the Plan.

g. Class A-7: Subordinated Claims.

i. *Classification:* Class A-7 consists of all Subordinated Claims against USACM.

ii. *Treatment:* Payment to holders of Allowed Subordinated Claims shall be subordinated to the payment in full, plus interest, of all Allowed Penalty Claims. It is anticipated that holders Allowed Subordinated Claims shall receive no distribution under the Plan. In the unlikely event that Cash exists after all Allowed Penalty Claims are paid in full, plus interest, the Plan shall be deemed to be amended to provide that such Cash be distributed Pro Rata to the holders of Allowed Subordinated Claims, plus interest. Class A-7 is impaired, and the holders of Class A-7 Claims are deemed to reject the Plan

h. Class A-8: Equity Interests.

i. *Classification:* Class A-8 consists of all Equity Interests in USACM.

ii. *Treatment:* Any and all Equity Interests in USACM, regardless of form, are cancelled as of the Effective Date, and the holders of such Equity Interests will receive no distribution under the Plan. Class A-8 is impaired, and the holders of Class A-8 Equity Interests are deemed to reject the Plan.

2. FTDF – (Classes B-1 Through B-5).

a. Class B-1: Secured Tax Claims.

i. *Classification:* Class B-1 consists of all Allowed Secured Tax Claims against FTDF.

ii. *Treatment:* Each holder of an Allowed Secured Tax Claim shall be paid in full on or before the later of (a) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (b) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Secured Tax Claim becomes an Allowed Claim. Class B-1 is unimpaired, and the holders of Allowed Class B-1 Claims are presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

b. Class B-2: Other Secured Claims.

i. *Classification:* Class B-2 consists of all Allowed Other Secured Claims against FTDF.

ii. *Treatment:* Each holder of an Allowed Other Secured Claim shall be treated pursuant to Option A or Option B below, at the discretion of FTDF.

Option A: Holders of Allowed Other Secured Claims shall be paid in full on or before the later of (a) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (b) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Other Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Claim; or

Option B: FTDF shall surrender the property securing the Allowed Other Secured Claim to the holder of such Claim by making the property reasonably available to such holder before the later of (a) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (b) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Other Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Claim; provided, however, that if the property securing an Allowed Other Secured Claim has been lost or destroyed, FTDF shall provide notice of such fact to the holder of the Allowed Other Secured Claim, the delivery of which notice shall constitute "surrender" of the property securing the Allowed Other Secured Claim for purposes of this Option B.

Class B-2 is unimpaired, and the holders of Allowed Class B-2 Claims are presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

c. Class B-3: Priority Unsecured Claims.

i. *Classification:* Class B-3 consists of all Allowed Priority Unsecured Claims against FTDF.

ii. *Treatment:* Each holder of an Allowed Priority Unsecured Claim shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless such holder agrees otherwise. Class B-3 is unimpaired, and the holders of Allowed Class B-3 Claims are presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

d. Class B-4: General Unsecured Claims.

i. *Classification:* Class B-4 consists of all Allowed General Unsecured Claims against FTDF.

ii. *Treatment:* Each holder of an Allowed General Unsecured Claim shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, plus Postpetition Interest. Class B-4 is unimpaired, and the holders of Allowed Class B-4 Claims are presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

e. Class B-5: Equity Interests.

i. *Classification:* Class B-5 consists of all Allowed Equity Interests in FTDF.

ii. *Treatment:* All holders of Allowed Equity Interests in FTDF shall (a) retain their Pro Rata Share of all distributions received after the Petition Date and, after payment of the FTDF Payment, (b) receive a Pro Rata Share of Allocated Net Sale Proceeds after satisfaction of all Allowed unclassified Claims, all Allowed Class B-1, B-2, B-3 and B-4 Claims, and any and all post-Effective Date fees, costs and expenses of implementation of the Plan for FTDF, and (c) receive a Pro Rata Share of the USACM Trust recoveries (subject to the compromise with DTDF) on account of the Allowed FTDF Unsecured Claim. Class B-5 is impaired, and the holders of Allowed Class B-5 Equity Interests are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

3. DTDF – (Classes C-1 Through C-5).

a. Class C-1: Secured Tax Claims.

i. *Classification:* Class C-1 consists of all Allowed Secured Tax Claims against DTDF.

ii. *Treatment:* Each holder of an Allowed Secured Tax Claim shall be paid in full on or before the later of (a) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (b) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Secured Tax Claim becomes an Allowed Claim. Class C-1 is unimpaired, and the holders of Allowed Class C-1 Claims are presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

b. Class C-2: Other Secured Claims.

i. *Classification:* Class C-2 consists of all Allowed Other Secured Claims against DTDF.

ii. *Treatment:* Each holder of an Allowed Other Secured Claim against DTDF shall be treated pursuant to Option A or Option B below, at the discretion of Post-Effective Date DTDF.

Option A: Holders of Allowed Other Secured Claims shall be paid in full on or before the later of (a) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (b) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Other Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Claim; or

Option B: Post-Effective Date DTDF shall surrender the property securing the Allowed Other Secured Claim to the holder of such Claim by making the property reasonably available to such holder before the later of (a) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (b) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Other Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Claim; provided, however, that if the property securing an Allowed Other Secured Claim has been lost or destroyed, Post-Effective Date DTDF shall provide notice of such fact to the holder of the Allowed Other Secured Claim, the delivery of which notice shall constitute "surrender" of the property securing the Allowed Other Secured Claim for purposes of this Option B.

Class C-2 is unimpaired, and the holders of Allowed Class C-2 Claims are presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

c. Class C-3: Priority Unsecured Claims.

i. *Classification:* Class C-3 consists of all Allowed Priority Unsecured Claims against DTDF.

ii. *Treatment:* Each holder of an Allowed Priority Unsecured Claim shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless such holder agrees otherwise. Class C-3 is unimpaired, and the holders of Allowed Class C-3 Claims are presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

d. Class C-4: General Unsecured Claims.

i. *Classification:* Class C-4 consists of all Allowed General Unsecured Claims against DTDF.

ii. *Treatment:* Each holder of an Allowed General Unsecured Claim shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, plus Postpetition Interest. Class C-4 is unimpaired, and the holders of Allowed Class C-4 Claims are presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

e. Class C-5: Equity Interests.

i. *Classification:* Class C-5 consists of all Allowed Equity Interests in DTDF.

ii. *Treatment:* All holders of Allowed Equity Interests shall (a) retain their interests in DTDF and any distributions received from the Petition Date, and, after satisfaction of all Allowed unclassified Claims, Allowed Class C-1, C-2, C-3 C-4 Claims and the post-Effective Date costs, fees and expenses for implementation of the Plan for DTDF, including without limitation costs, fees, and expenses incurred by Post-Effective Date DTDF under the DTDF Amended Operating Agreement, (b) receive a Pro Rata Share of the assets of Post-Effective Date DTDF, and (c) receive a Pro Rata Share in the USACM Trust recoveries on account of the Allowed DTDF Unsecured Claim. Class C-5 is impaired, and the holders of Allowed Class C-5 Equity Interests are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

4. USA Realty – (Classes D-1 Through D-5).

a. Class D-1: Secured Tax Claims.

i. *Classification:* Class D-1 consists of all Allowed Secured Tax Claims against USA Realty.

ii. *Treatment:* Each holder of an Allowed Secured Tax Claim shall be paid in full on or before the later of (a) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (b) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Secured Tax Claim becomes an Allowed Claim. Class D-1 is unimpaired, and the holders of Allowed Class D-1 Claims are presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

b. Class D-2: Other Secured Claims.

i. *Classification:* Class D-2 consists of all Allowed Other Secured Claims against USA Realty.

ii. *Treatment:* Each holder of an Allowed Other Secured Claim against USA Realty shall be treated pursuant to Option A or Option B below, at the discretion of USA Realty.

Option A: Holders of Allowed Other Secured Claims shall be paid in full on or before the later of (a) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (b) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Other Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Claim; or

Option B: USA Realty shall surrender the property securing the Allowed Other Secured Claim to the holder of such Claim by making the property reasonably available to such holder before the later of (a) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (b) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Other Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Claim; provided, however, that if the property securing an Allowed Other Secured Claim has been lost or destroyed, USA Realty shall provide notice of such fact to the holder of the Allowed Other Secured Claim, the delivery of which notice shall constitute "surrender" of the property securing the Allowed Other Secured Claim for purposes of this Option B.

Class D-2 is unimpaired, and the holders of Allowed Class D-2 Claims are presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

c. Class D-3: Priority Unsecured Claims.

i. *Classification:* Class D-3 consists of all Allowed Priority Unsecured Claims against USA Realty.

ii. *Treatment:* Each holder of an Allowed Priority Unsecured Claim shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless such holder agrees otherwise. Class D-3 is unimpaired, and the holders of Allowed Class D-3 Claims are presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

d. Class D-4: General Unsecured Claims.

i. *Classification:* Class D-4 consists of all Allowed General Unsecured Claims against USA Realty.

ii. *Treatment:* Each holder of an Allowed General Unsecured Claim against USA Realty shall receive a Pro Rata Share of assets of the Estate of USA Realty after payment in full of all Allowed unclassified Claims, and all Allowed Class D-1, D-2 and D-3 Claims. Class D-4 is impaired, and the holders of Allowed Class D-4 Claims are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

e. Class D-5: Equity Interests.

i. *Classification:* Class D-5 consists of all Allowed Equity Interests in USA Realty.

ii. *Treatment:* Any and all Equity Interests in USA Realty, regardless of form, are cancelled as of the Effective Date, and the holders of such Equity Interests will receive no distribution under the Plan. Class D-5 is impaired, and the holders of Allowed Class D-5 Equity Interests are deemed to reject the Plan.

5. USA Securities – (Classes E-1 Through E-5).

a. Class E-1: Secured Tax Claims.

i. *Classification:* Class E-1 consists of all Allowed Secured Tax Claims against USA Securities.

ii. *Treatment:* Each holder of an Allowed Secured Tax Claim shall be paid in full on or before the later of (a) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (b) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Secured Tax Claim becomes an Allowed Claim. Class E-1 is unimpaired, and the holders of Allowed Class E-1 Claims are presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

b. Class E-2: Other Secured Claims.

i. *Classification:* Class E-2 consists of all Allowed Other Secured Claims against USA Securities.

ii. *Treatment:* Each holder of an Allowed Other Secured Claim against USA Securities shall be treated pursuant to Option A or Option B below, at the discretion of USA Securities.

Option A: Holders of Allowed Other Secured Claims shall be paid in full on or before the later of (a) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (b) fifteen (15) Business Days after the date the Other Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Claim; or

Option B: USA Securities shall surrender the property securing the Allowed Other Secured Claim to the holder of such Claim by making the property reasonably available to such holder before the later of (a) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date, or (b) fifteen (15) Business

Days after the date the Other Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Claim; provided, however, that if the property securing an Allowed Other Secured Claim has been lost or destroyed, USA Securities shall provide notice of such fact to the holder of the Allowed Other Secured Claim, the delivery of which notice shall constitute "surrender" of the property securing the Allowed Other Secured Claim for purposes of this Option B.

Class E-2 is unimpaired, and the holders of Allowed Class E-2 Claims are presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

c. Class E-3: Priority Unsecured Claims.

i. *Classification:* Class E-3 consists of all Allowed Priority Unsecured Claims against USA Securities.

ii. *Treatment:* Each holder of an Allowed Priority Unsecured Claim shall be paid in full on the Effective Date, unless such holder agrees otherwise. Class E-3 is unimpaired, and the holders of Allowed Class E-3 Claims are presumed to vote in favor of the Plan.

d. Class E-4: General Unsecured Claims.

i. *Classification:* Class E-4 consists of all Allowed General Unsecured Claims against USA Securities.

ii. *Treatment:* Each holder of an Allowed General Unsecured Claim against USA Securities shall receive a Pro Rata Share of the assets of the Estate of USA Securities after payment in full of all Allowed unclassified Claims, and all Allowed Class E-1, E-2 and E-3 Claims. Class E-4 is impaired, and the holders of Allowed Class E-4 Claims are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

e. Class E-5: Equity Interests.

i. *Classification:* Class E-5 consists of all Allowed Equity Interests in USA Securities.

ii. *Treatment:* Any and all Equity Interests in USA Securities, regardless of form, are cancelled as of the Effective Date, and the holders of such Equity Interests

will receive no distribution under the Plan. Class E-5 is impaired, and the holders of Allowed Class E-5 Equity Interests are deemed to reject the Plan.

III.

ACCEPTANCE OR REJECTION OF THE PLAN

A. Voting Classes.

Holders of Allowed Class A-4, A-5, D-4 and E-4 Claims are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan. Holders of Allowed Class B-5 and C-5 Equity Interests are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan. Holders of Allowed Class A-1, A-2, A-3, B-1, B-2, B-3, B-4, C-1, C-2, C-3, C-4, D-1, D-2, D-3, E-1, E-2, E-3 Claims are deemed to accept the Plan. Holders of Allowed Class A-6, A-7, A-8, D-5 and E-5 Equity Interests are deemed to have rejected the Plan. An Entity holding an Allowed Claim or Equity Interest in more than one Class is entitled to vote in each Class.

B. Voting Rights Of Holders Of Disputed Claims And Disputed Equity Interests.

Pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 3018(a), a Disputed Claim or Disputed Equity Interest will not be counted for purposes of voting on the Plan to the extent it is Disputed, unless the Court enters an order temporarily allowing the Disputed Claim or Disputed Equity Interest for voting purposes under Bankruptcy Rule 3018(a). Such disallowance for voting purposes is without prejudice to the holder of the Disputed Claim or Disputed Equity Interest's right to seek to have its Disputed Claim or Disputed Equity Interest, as the case may be, Allowed for purposes of distribution under the Plan.

C. Acceptance By Impaired Classes.

An impaired Class of Claims shall have accepted the Plan if (1) the holders (other than any holder designated under Bankruptcy Code section 1126(e)) of at least two-thirds in dollar amount of the Allowed Claims actually voting in such class have voted to accept the Plan, and (2) more than one-half in number of the holders (other than any holder designated under Bankruptcy Code

1 section 1126(e)) of such Allowed Claims actually voting in such Class have voted to accept the
2 Plan.

3 An impaired Class of Equity Interests shall have accepted the Plan if the holders (other
4 than any holder designated under Bankruptcy Code section 1126(e)) of at least two-thirds in
5 amount of the Allowed Equity Interests actually voting in such Class, or subclass, have voted to
6 accept the Plan.

7 **D. Nonconsensual Confirmation.**

8 In the event that the Classes entitled to vote to accept or reject this Plan fail to accept the
9 Plan in accordance with Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a)(8), the Debtors, with the agreement of
10 the Committees, reserve the right to (i) request that the Court confirm the Plan in accordance with
11 Bankruptcy Code section 1129(b) and/or (ii) modify the Plan in accordance with Bankruptcy Code
12 section 1127(a) and request confirmation of the modified Plan. Further, as the Plan contains a
13 Plan for each of the five separate Debtors, the Debtors, with the agreement of the Committees,
14 reserve the right to request confirmation of the Plan for one or more, but less than all Debtors
15 under section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. In accordance with section 1127 of the
16 Bankruptcy Code, the Debtors, with the agreement of the Committees, reserve the right to alter,
17 amend, modify, revoke or withdraw the Plan or any Plan exhibit or schedule, including documents
18 in the Plan Documents Supplement and the Direct Lender Supplement, for one or more or all of
19 the Debtors, including to amend or modify the Plan to satisfy the requirements of section 1129(b)
20 of the Bankruptcy Code for one or more of the Debtors covered by the Plan. In the event the
21 Debtors, with the agreement of all of the Committees, modify the Plan by withdrawing the Plan
22 for less than all of the Debtors, the Plan, as modified, will remain intact and unchanged for all
23 non-withdrawing Debtors.

1 IV.

2 IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PLAN

3
4 A. General Means Of Implementation.

5 The Plan will be implemented and consummated through the means contemplated by
6 sections 1123(a)(5)(A), (B) and (D), 1123(b)(2), 1123(b)(3)(A) and (B), and 1123(b)(4) of the
7 Bankruptcy Code, including by:

8 1. the transfer of certain Loan Servicing Agreements pursuant to the Asset Purchase
9 Agreement;

10 2. the sale of the Acquired Assets as set forth in section C of Art. IV of the Plan and
11 disbursement of the Allocated Net Sale Proceeds and certain other Cash of the Estates in
12 accordance with the Plan;

13 3. the transfer of certain assets of USACM to the USACM Trust pursuant to section
14 D.1 of Art. IV of the Plan, the liquidation of those assets by the USACM Trust, the disbursement
15 of Cash to holders of Allowed USACM Unsecured Claims as USACM Trust beneficiaries in
16 accordance with the Plan and the USACM Trust Agreement, and the dissolution of USACM;

17 4. the transfer of the FTDF Transferred Claims and the making of the FTDF Payment;

18 5 the retention by Post-Effective Date DTDF of assets of DTDF pursuant to section
19 D.2 of Art. IV of the Plan, the liquidation of those assets by the Post-Effective Date DTDF, the
20 disbursement of Cash to holders of Allowed Equity Interests in DTDF in accordance with the
21 Plan, and the dissolution of DTDF;

22 6. the distribution of FTDF's share of the Allocated Net Sale Proceeds in accordance
23 with the Plan, and the dissolution of FTDF; and

24 7. the liquidation of any assets of the USA Realty Estate and the USA Securities
25 Estate, distribution of Cash to holders of Allowed Claims against USA Realty and USA Securities,
26 respectively, in accordance with the Plan, and the dissolution of USA Realty and USA Securities.

B. No Substantive Consolidation Or Recharacterization Of Loans.

On the Effective Date, all of the assets of each Debtor shall be sold, transferred, distributed or retained by each of such Debtor's respective Estates, or the Post-Effective Date Entities created for each such Debtor and its Estate under the Plan, with all proceeds of sold, transferred, or liquidated assets of each Debtor being retained by the respective Debtor's Estate, or the Post-Effective Date Entities created for each such Debtor and its Estate under the Plan. All Claims against and Equity Interests in the Debtors and their respective Estates shall be retained by the holders of Allowed Claims and Allowed Equity Interests against and in the respective Estates, except as otherwise provided for under the Plan. The allowance, voting, treatment and distributions on account of Allowed Claims and Allowed Equity Interests shall be as set forth in the Plan on an individual Estate basis. Notwithstanding any inference to the contrary in this section, Equity Interests in USACM, USA Realty and USA Securities shall be retained only until the Effective Date, at which date, those Equity Interests shall be cancelled on an individual Estate basis under the Plan.

Notwithstanding any provision of this Plan, nothing in this Plan shall constitute or effect a recharacterization of any Loan or any interest in a Loan as giving rise to a Claim against or Equity Interest in any of the Debtors. If any Entity believes that all or a portion of the Loans should be so recharacterized, it must expressly raise this issue by Filing an objection to the Confirmation of the Plan on this basis. Any Entity who fails to File such an objection to Confirmation of the Plan shall be forever barred and estopped from arguing, asserting or claiming in any way that its Loan or its interest in a Loan should be recharacterized as an Allowed Claim against or Allowed Equity Interest in a Debtor.

C. Asset Sale Transaction.

The Plan will be implemented in part by the Asset Sale Transaction. In implementation of the Asset Sale Transaction, USACM and FTDF, as sellers, DTDF, USA Securities and USA Realty, as acknowledging parties, and SPCP Group, LLC, as purchaser, have entered into the Asset Purchase Agreement. The Asset Purchase Agreement and the Bid Procedures Order provide that the Acquired Assets are sold to SPCP Group, LLC or, as part of the Auction, to a Third Party

Bidder making a Higher and Better Offer. Pursuant to the Asset Sale Transaction, the Asset Purchaser (either SPCP Group, LLC or a Third Party Bidder as determined by the Auction) will purchase the following Acquired Assets:

1. FTDF's proportional interest in 44 different Loans for Cash consideration of \$46 million, subject to certain adjustments; and
2. USACM's post-Closing rights to service Loans pursuant to the Loan Servicing Agreements for the Loans and related personal property for Cash consideration based on the future (A) collection of servicing fees, (B) collection of default rate interest, and (C) other payments and obligations set forth in the Asset Purchase Agreement.

Except as expressly agreed to otherwise by the Debtors and the Asset Purchaser, the Acquired Assets will be sold free and clear of all liens, Claims, encumbrances, rights of third parties and interests. The Confirmation Order shall constitute an Order pursuant to section 363(b) and (f) of the Bankruptcy Code authorizing the sale of the Estates' interests in the Acquired Assets to the Asset Purchaser. The Confirmation Order shall provide that the Asset Purchaser is a good faith purchaser of assets within the meaning of section 363(m) of the Bankruptcy Code and has paid fair consideration and reasonable equivalent value of the Acquired Assets that are purchased. Except as set forth in the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Plan, the Asset Purchaser shall have no liability for Claims or Equity Interests against the Debtors (whether or not currently known) based on its purchase of Acquired Assets.

After the Auction, the Asset Sale Transaction shall be approved in connection with Confirmation of the Plan. The Allocated Net Sale Proceeds from the Asset Sale Transaction shall be distributed to FTDF and USACM Trust, respectively, on the Effective Date of the Plan.

D. Post-Effective Date Entities.

1. The USACM Trust.

The USACM Trust shall be governed and created pursuant to the Plan and the USACM Trust Agreement. A copy of the proposed USACM Trust Agreement shall be included in the Plan Documents Supplement. The USACM Trust shall have the discretion, subject to review by the USACM Trust Committee appointed in accordance with the USACM Trust Agreement, to retain

1 and compensate professionals, compensate the USACM Trustee, compensate the Debtors'
2 Professionals for any assistance of information requested of them by the USACM Trust, employ
3 staff or agents, object to Claims, realize assets, whether by suit, compromise, release or otherwise,
4 and take all actions reasonable to maximize the recovery to beneficiaries of the USACM Trust.
5 The USACM Trust Agreement shall provide for all expense reserves necessary for the USACM
6 Trust.

7 The USACM Committee will propose the Person to serve as the USACM Trustee, after
8 soliciting advice from and obtaining the consent of USACM and the other Committees, and will
9 provide all disclosures required respecting the Person pursuant to sections 1129(a)(4) and (a)(5) of
10 the Bankruptcy Code, not less than ten (10) days before the Confirmation Hearing. The USACM
11 Trustee shall be approved by the Court at the Confirmation Hearing.

12 The USACM Trust shall be funded with all assets of the USACM Estate not collected or
13 disposed of prior to the Effective Date, including Cash and noncash proceeds. Assets of the
14 USACM Estate shall include the USACM Loans, the Prepaid Interest (including Prepaid Interest
15 collected by the Asset Purchaser post-Effective Date and including the DTDF Prepaid Interest,
16 subject to the objection of the DTDF Committee, which shall be determined by the Court if not
17 settled), the USACM Accounts (including USACM Estate's share of the IP \$58 Million
18 Promissory Note), all USACM Litigation Claims, including without limitation the Non-Debtor
19 Insider Litigation, belonging to or assertable by the USACM Estate, the FTDF Litigation Claims
20 transferred to USACM pursuant to section E.2.j of Art. IV of the Plan, and all servicing and
21 related fees to be retained by USACM as set forth in the Asset Purchase Agreement and which
22 will be included in the Asset Sale Transaction to the Asset Purchaser. The USACM Trust shall
23 receive its share of the Non-Debtor Insider Litigation of the USACM Estate and may, without
24 further order of the Court, enter into a joint prosecution or sharing agreement with Post-Effective
25 Date DTDF. Pending Litigation shall be prosecuted or defended by the Asset Purchaser, as
26 appropriate, if the Asset Acquirer, in its sole discretion, agrees to do so in writing within ten (10)
27 Business Days of the Effective Date of the Plan. If Asset Purchaser does not agree to prosecute or
28

1 defend the Pending Litigation, the Pending Litigation shall automatically transfer to the USACM
2 Trust, and USACM may, in its discretion, prosecute or defend the Pending Litigation.

3 On and after the Effective Date, pursuant to the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Plan,
4 the USACM Trust shall have or, if it does not have, be granted access to all databases, software,
5 documents, records and office equipment currently owned by, or currently in the possession or
6 control of, any of the Debtors, which, in the discretion of the USACM Trust, are deemed to be
7 necessary. The foregoing shall include, but not be limited to, electronic copies (in a form that will
8 enable the USACM Trust to use and manipulate the data), all software and systems, all hardware,
9 all documents, all records (including reconstructed Loan ledgers and other documents created
10 during the Chapter 11 Cases), and all office equipment and all computers that are necessary or
11 make it convenient for the USACM Trust to administer or service any Loans, to object to Claims
12 against and Equity Interests in USACM, to prosecute or defend any litigation to which USACM,
13 the USACM Estate or the USACM Trust is a party, to administer and/or manage the USACM
14 Trust, and to make distributions to the beneficiaries of the USACM Trust. Notwithstanding the
15 foregoing, as agreed in the Asset Purchase Agreement, the USACM Trust shall retain the original
16 relevant databases and servicing and reporting software.

17 The beneficiaries of the USACM Trust will be the holders of Allowed USACM Unsecured
18 Claims, including the Allowed Unremitted Principal Claims, the DTDF Unsecured Claim, the
19 Direct Lender Unsecured Claims, and the FTDF Unsecured Claim. Distributions from the
20 USACM Trust shall be made directly to the holders of Allowed USACM Unsecured Claims,
21 including holders of Unremitted Principal Claims, holders of Allowed Direct Lender Unsecured
22 Claims and holders of Allowed Equity Interests in FTDF, except that distributions on account of
23 the Allowed DTDF Unsecured Claim shall be made to the Post-Effective Date DTDF, Pro Rata
24 based upon the Allowed amount of such Claims; provided, however, that distributions on account
25 of the Allowed FTDF Unsecured Claim shall be transferred to Post-Effective Date DTDF until
26 Post-Effective Date DTDF obtains the DTDF 85% Recovery and thereafter, distributions on
27 account of the FTDF Unsecured Claim shall be made directly to holders of Allowed Equity
28 Interests in FTDF. There shall be no separate trusts or Post-Effective Date Entities for FTDF or

the holders of Allowed Direct Lender General Unsecured Claims. All costs of distribution allocable to a particular group of beneficiaries shall be paid from such respective distributions in accordance with the USACM Trust Agreement.

2. Post-Effective Date DTDF.

Post-Effective Date DTDF shall be governed pursuant to the Plan and the DTDF Amended Operating Agreement. A copy of the DTDF Amended Operating Agreement shall be included in the Plan Documents Supplement. Allowed Equity Interests in DTDF shall survive the Effective Date, and be the sole beneficiaries of Post-Effective Date DTDF.

The DTDF Amended Operating Agreement will modify the DTDF Operating Agreement to include, but not be limited to, the elimination of the management provisions and fees relating to USA Realty. The DTDF Amended Operating Agreement will also include all disclosures required under sections 1129(a)(4) and (a)(5) of the Bankruptcy Code. Post-Effective Date DTDF, through the DTDF Administrator, shall have the discretion, subject to review by the DTDF Post-Effective Date Committee in accordance with the DTDF Amended Operating Agreement, to realize assets, whether by suit, compromise, release or otherwise. The DTDF Amended Operating Agreement shall provide for all expense reserves necessary for Post-Effective Date DTDF.

The DTDF Committee will propose the Person to serve as the DTDF Administrator, after advice and consent of DTDF, and will provide all disclosures required respecting the Person pursuant to sections 1129(a)(4) and (a)(5) of the Bankruptcy Code, not less than ten (10) days before the Confirmation Hearing. The DTDF Administrator shall be appointed by the Court at the Confirmation Hearing.

Post-Effective Date DTDF shall retain the DTDF Estate and shall be funded by and consist of all assets of the DTDF Estate not collected or disposed of prior to the Effective Date, including all Cash and noncash proceeds. The assets of the DTDF Estate retained by Post-Effective Date DTDF include the DTDF Loans (including but not limited to rights associated with the former Epic and Sheraton Loans and the Loan Servicing Agreements for the Excluded DTDF Loans), the DTDF Transferred Assets, all DTDF Litigation Claims, including without limitation the Non-Debtor Insider Litigation, belonging to or assertable by the DTDF Estate, and the DTDF Estate's

share of the IP \$58 Million Promissory Note. Post-Effective Date DTDF shall retain its share of the Non-Debtor Insider Litigation and may, without further order of the Court, enter into a joint prosecution or sharing agreement with the USACM Trust. Post-Effective Date DTDF shall also be funded with Pro Rata distributions from the USACM Trust on account of the Allowed DTDF Unsecured Claim.

On and after the Effective Date, pursuant to the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Plan, Post-Effective Date DTDF shall have or, if it does not have, be granted access to all databases, software, documents, records and office equipment currently owned by, or currently in the possession or control of, any of the Debtors, which, in the discretion of Post-Effective Date DTDF, are deemed to be necessary. The foregoing shall include, but not be limited to, electronic copies (in a form that will enable Post-Effective Date DTDF to use and manipulate the data), all databases, all software and systems, all hardware, all documents and all records (including the reconstructed Loan ledgers and other documents created during the Chapter 11 Cases), and all office equipment and all computers that are necessary or make it convenient for Post-Effective Date DTDF to collect upon and otherwise administer its retained Loans, to object to Claims against and Equity Interests in DTDF and Post-Effective Date DTDF, to prosecute or defend any litigation to which DTDF, the DTDF Estate or the Post-Effective Date DTDF is a party, to administer and/or manage Post-Effective Date DTDF, and to make distributions to the holders of Allowed Claims against and Equity Interests in DTDF and Post-Effective Date DTDF.

E. Intercompany Compromises.

The Plan will effect the following intercompany compromises:

1. The USACM/Direct Lender Compromise.

If the Plan is confirmed, all Direct Lenders will be bound to the compromise provisions set forth herein, regardless of whether they vote to accept or reject the Plan, or Class A-5 votes to accept or reject the Plan; all such objections must be made by objecting to Plan confirmation.

a. Release: USACM releases all Claims against Direct Lenders, including but not limited to surcharge, recharacterization of Direct Lender Loans, and the collection of

prepetition accrued annual loan servicing fees due under the Loan Servicing Agreements but unpaid as of the Effective Date, but excluding all causes of action to recover principal or interest payments USACM paid in advance to the applicable Direct Lender(s) before the Petition Date.

b. *Loan Servicing Agreements:* All rights of USACM as servicer under the Loan Servicing Agreements transferred without modification pursuant to the Plan and the Asset Purchase Agreement shall be free and clear of all liens, Claims, interests, obligations and encumbrances whatsoever under sections 363 and 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code and any other applicable sections of the Bankruptcy Code.

c. *Tax Reporting:* USACM shall prepare and timely transmit all required Forms 1098 and 1099 for calendar year 2006 in respect of the Acquired Assets.

d. *Prepaid Interest:* Claims for Prepaid Interest, offsets, or holdbacks from Direct Lenders under the Plan (whether collected from the Borrowers or the Direct Lenders) shall be property of the USACM Estate free and clear of all liens, Claims and interests, except as otherwise provided in the Plan.

i. Pre-Effective Date Prepaid Interest – Claims for Prepaid Interest, offsets, or holdbacks from Direct Lenders collected through the Effective Date are retained by USACM, and will be used to satisfy Allowed unclassified Claims and Allowed Class A-1, A-2 and A-3 Claims in accordance with the Plan, with any excess being contributed to the USACM Trust.

ii. Post-Effective Date Prepaid Interest – The Prepaid Interest shall be collected post-Effective Date through an assignment of Prepaid Interest to the USACM Trust, which shall survive the Effective Date, so that the Asset Purchaser or any substitute or subsequent servicer will continue to net Prepaid Interest sums due from Direct Lenders in accordance with the Plan and will collect Prepaid Interest from Borrowers, and remit those amounts to the USACM Trust, except as otherwise provided herein.

iii. Post-Effective Date Causes of Action – The statute of limitations for recovery of the Prepaid Interest as a fraudulent transfer shall be tolled for two (2)

years. Recovery of Prepaid Interest by USACM or the USACM Trust as a result of the payment of Prepaid Interest under the Plan via a pre-Effective Date or post-Effective Date netting shall be a complete defense to all Claims for recovery of Prepaid Interest, and such Claims may be brought in enforcement of the Plan settlement agreement, binding all Direct Lenders upon Plan Confirmation.

e. 2% Holdback: From the 2% Holdback, Direct Lenders shall reimburse USACM (on a Pro Rata basis based upon unpaid principal Loan balance of those Direct Lenders with funds in the 2% Holdback) for Allowed Administrative Expense Claims of Professionals employed by the Direct Lenders Committee up to a maximum amount cap of \$605,000. In addition to the foregoing, USACM will also retain its contractual servicing fees due under the Loan Servicing Agreements.

f. Post-Effective Date Offsets: The Direct Lenders may not offset sums due post-Effective Date to the servicing agent, *i.e.*, the Asset Purchaser, for Claims of Direct Lenders against USACM.

g. Pre-Effective Date Offsets: The Direct Lenders may not offset pre-Effective Date accrued and unpaid servicing fees and sums under Paragraph 4 of the Loan Servicing Agreements (or any comparable paragraph that may be differently numbered) due to USACM against the Direct Lenders' Claims against USACM.

h. Alternative Dispute Resolution: There will be an Alternative Dispute Resolution option for objections to Direct Lender Unsecured Claims, objections to the Loan Servicing Fee Schedule, and any other litigation between Post-Effective Date DTDF and the USACM Trust. The Alternative Dispute Resolution Agreement shall be Filed as part of the Direct Lender Supplement pursuant to section E of Art. I of the Plan.

2. The USACM/FTDF Compromise.

a. FTDF Unremitted Principal Claim: The FTDF Unremitted Principal Claim shall be an Allowed General Unsecured Claim against USACM in the amount of \$347,775 plus prepetition interest, if any.

b. FTDF Unsecured Claim: The FTDF Unsecured Claim against USACM is the General Unsecured Claim of FTDF against USACM, excluding the FTDF Unremitted Principal Claim, in the amount as may be agreed to by the FTDF Committee and the USACM Committee by no later than the date of the Confirmation Hearing, or if no agreement is reached by such date, the amount determined by the Court after an evidentiary hearing between such Committees; provided, however, that the USACM Committee and the FTDF Committee or, after the Effective Date, the USACM Trust and the FTDF Committee, may agree at any time as to the amount that represents the FTDF Unsecured Claim without further Court order by filing a notice of such agreement with the Court; and provided further, however, that prior to the Effective Date, the USACM Committee and the FTDF Committee shall consult with the DTDF Committee and the Direct Lender Committee regarding the issue.

c. FTDF Prepaid Interest: The FTDF Prepaid Interest is \$2,557,307 and has been netted against the post-Petition Date FTDF collections. The FTDF Prepaid Interest is being held in the USACM collection account and, upon the Effective Date of the Plan, USACM shall be permitted to retain the FTDF Prepaid Interest as an unencumbered asset of the USACM Estate.

d. FTDF Management Fee: The FTDF management fee payable to USA Realty, and then payable to USACM, of approximately \$78,000 per month shall be waived in full for both prepetition and postpetition periods, through the earlier of January 31, 2007, or the Effective Date. Any management fees paid by FTDF to USA Realty or USACM since the Petition Date shall be applied to reduce any obligations of FTDF to USACM under the Plan, and any remaining management fees shall be repaid by USACM to FTDF on the Effective Date. Management fees from July 2006 until the Effective Date shall be deposited in the USA Realty account and transferred to FTDF on the Effective Date.

e. FTDF Servicing Fee: The FTDF Loan Servicing Agreement provides for an "up to 3%" annual servicing fee. FTDF shall be charged a 1% annual servicing fee for the period of the Petition Date through June 30, 2006. Commencing on July 1, 2006 and ending on the earlier of (i) the Effective Date or (ii) January 31, 2007, FTDF shall be charged a 2.5% annual

loan servicing fee. To the extent any prepetition servicing fees are outstanding, such prepetition servicing fees are waived in full by USACM.

f. *FTDF's Servicer Advances:* FTDF shall pay its proportionate share of all Servicer Advances incurred by USACM prior to the Closing of the Asset Sale Transaction; provided, however, that if FTDF pays the FTDF Debtors' Professionals' Fee/Cost Allocation, FTDF shall not be responsible for reimbursing Servicer Advances incurred by the Debtors' Professionals, except, solely for Servicer Advances incurred by firms other than Ray Quinney & Nebeker P.C., Mesirow Interim Financial Management, LLC or Schwartzer & McPherson. If USACM receives payment from any source for Servicer Advances that have been previously paid by FTDF (including proceeds from the sale of the respective secured real property), then USACM shall reimburse FTDF for such Servicer Advances paid by FTDF pursuant to this subsection.

g. *FTDF's Debtors' Professionals' Fee/Cost Allocation:* FTDF's obligation for the Allowed Administrative Expense Claims of the Debtors' Professionals shall be limited to the FTDF's Debtors' Professionals' Fee/Cost Allocation through the earlier of (i) the Effective Date or (ii) January 31, 2007.

h. *January 31, 2007:* In the event the Effective Date does not occur by January 31, 2007, the parties' settlement regarding FTDF's payment of servicing fees, Servicer Advances, the FTDF Management Fee, or the FTDF's Debtors' Professionals' Fees/Cost Allocation, as set forth in this Plan, shall no longer be enforceable as of February 1, 2007, and USACM and FTDF shall have reserved all of their rights with respect thereto for all periods after January 31, 2007, including the right of USACM to seek a Court order to compel FTDF's payment of such fees for all time periods after January 31, 2007.

i. *Overbid/Break-up Fee/Expense Reimbursement Allocation :* The Overbid Allocation shall be 85% to FTDF and 15% to USACM for any overbid consideration, and any incurred break-up fee or expense reimbursement obligation (as those terms are used in the Asset Purchase Agreement) shall be allocated in the same percentages, except as otherwise provided in the Stipulation memorializing the agreement between USACM and FTDF on the Overbid Allocation filed by the USACM Committee and the FTDF Committee with the Court, under seal,

and served on the Debtors as confidential information, no later than ten (10) days prior to the Auction.

j. Claims Transfer: On the Effective Date, FTDF will transfer all of the FTDF Litigation Claims, except the non-assignable FTDF Litigation Claims, to the USACM Trust. The USACM Trust (and not FTDF) shall bear the costs of pursuing a recovery on FTDF Litigation Claims transferred to the USACM Trust pursuant to this provision.

3. The FTDF/DTDF Compromise.

a. FTDF Payment: On the Effective Date, FTDF shall pay the FTDF Payment to DTDF.

b. DTDF Repayment of FTDF Payment: Upon achieving the FTDF Base Recovery Percentage (not as adjusted below), Post-Effective Date DTDF shall repay \$500,000 of the FTDF Payment. On each anniversary of the Effective Date, a further calculation shall be performed by increasing the dollar amount of the recovery that Post-Effective Date DTDF must obtain in order for Post-Effective Date DTDF to achieve the Adjusted FTDF Base Recovery Percentage. Only upon achieving the Adjusted FTDF Base Recovery Percentage shall Post-Effective Date DTDF repay the balance of the FTDF Payment.

c. Asset and Claims Transfer: On the Effective Date, FTDF will transfer the FTDF Transferred Assets to Post-Effective Date DTDF. Post-Effective Date DTDF (and not FTDF) shall bear the costs of pursuing a recovery on FTDF Transferred Assets.

d. FTDF Unsecured Claim Subordination: FTDF will transfer its Pro Rata Share of the USACM Trust on account of the FTDF Unsecured Claim to DTDF until the Allowed Equity Interests in DTDF receive the DTDF 85% Recovery. After the DTDF 85% Recovery is obtained, FTDF will retain its Pro Rata Share of the USACM Trust on account of the FTDF Unsecured Claim.

4. The FTDF/USA Realty Compromise.

a. Management Fee: USA Realty releases FTDF from all management fees accrued, but unpaid, as of the Petition Date and agrees (i) to the waiver of postpetition management fees paid by FTDF to USA Realty and/or USACM, and (ii) to the repayment or

release of those waived postpetition management fees paid by FTDF, or held back from distributions to FTDF by USACM, for all periods after the Petition Date.

b. Subordinated Claim: FTDF shall subordinate its Claim against USA Realty to the payment of all other Allowed Claims against USA Realty, except for the subordinated part of the Allowed Claim of DTDF, which shall be paid pari passu with the Subordinated Claim of FTDF.

5. The DTDF/USA Realty Compromise.

a. Subordinated Claim: DTDF shall subordinate any Allowed Claim it has against USA Realty to the payment of all other Allowed Claims against USA Realty except the subordinated Claim of FTDF against USA Realty to the extent that, and in the amount that, the Allowed Claim of DTDF against USA Realty exceeds \$50 million. Such Subordinated Claim of DTDF against USA Realty shall be paid pari passu with the Subordinated Claim of FTDF against the USA Realty Estate.

b. Litigation Claims: In exchange for the partial subordination of the DTDF Claim, Litigation Claims held by USA Realty, including without limitation, the Avoidance Actions and the Non-Debtor Litigation, shall be preserved and transferred to Post-Effective Date DTDF, which may be pursued at the discretion of, and at the sole cost of, the Post-Effective Date DTDF.

c. Management Fees: USA Realty releases DTDF from all management fees accrued, but unpaid, as of the Petition Date. With respect to management fees paid postpetition to USACM through USA Realty, or collected and held by USACM postpetition, the payment, waiver, refund or other treatment of those management fees shall be as mutually agreed upon by the USACM Committee and the DTDF Committee or, in the absence of agreement, will be determined by the Court after evidence submitted by both Committees.

F. Loan Distributions And Loan Servicing Agreements.

After the Effective Date, the Direct Lenders and Post-Effective Date DTDF shall be entitled to distributions from the Direct Lender Loans in accordance with the related Loan Servicing Agreements and applicable Nevada law, by the Asset Purchaser, as the third party

servicer. After the Effective Date, the Direct Lenders are obligated to comply with the terms of the applicable Loan Servicing Agreements including the payment of fees as set forth on the Loan Servicing Fee Schedule included in the Direct Lender Supplement subject to the resolution of any disputes regarding the same under the Alternative Dispute Resolution option.

G. Preservation Of Rights Of Action And Defenses.

Except to the extent such rights, Claims, causes of action, defenses, and counterclaims are expressly and specifically released in connection with the Plan or in any settlement agreement approved during the Chapter 11 Cases, (1) any and all rights, Claims, causes of action, defenses, and counterclaims accruing to or assertable by the Debtors or their Estates, including without limitation any and all Litigation Claims, the Non-Debtor Insider Litigation, Claims related to the Undistributed Cash and Claims for Prepaid Interest shall remain assets of such Estates and be assertable by the Debtors or such Estates, and to the extent applicable, be transferred to and assertable by any respective Post-Effective Date Entity, whether or not litigation relating thereto is pending on the Effective Date, and whether or not any such rights, Claims, causes of action, defenses, and counterclaims have been Scheduled or otherwise listed or referred to in the Plan or Disclosure Statement, or any other document Filed with the Court, and (2) neither the Debtors nor the Post-Effective Date Entities waive, relinquish, or abandon (nor shall they be estopped or otherwise precluded from asserting) any right, Claim, cause of action, defense, or counterclaim that constitutes property of such Debtor's Estate or is assertable by such Estate: (A) whether or not such right, Claim, cause of action, defense, or counterclaim has been listed or referred to in the Schedules, the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, or any other document Filed with the Court, (B) whether or not such right, Claim, cause of action, defense, or counterclaim is currently known to the Debtors, and (C) whether or not a defendant in any litigation relating to such right, Claim, cause of action, defense, or counterclaim filed a proof of Claim in the Chapter 11 Cases, filed a notice of appearance or any other pleading or notice in the Chapter 11 Cases, voted for or against the Plan, or received or retained any consideration under the Plan. Without in any manner limiting the scope of the foregoing, notwithstanding any otherwise applicable principle of law or equity, including, without limitation, any principles of judicial estoppel, res judicata, collateral estoppel,

issue preclusion, or any similar doctrine, the failure to list, disclose, describe, identify, or refer to a right, Claim, cause of action, defense, or counterclaim, or potential right, Claim, cause of action, defense, or counterclaim, in the Schedules, the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, or any other document Filed with the Court shall in no manner waive, eliminate, modify, release, or alter the Debtors or the Post-Effective Date Entities' rights to commence, prosecute, defend against, settle, and realize upon any rights, Claims, causes of action, defenses, or counterclaims that any of the Debtors or the Estates has or may have as of the Confirmation Date. The Debtors or the Post-Effective Date Entities may commence, prosecute, defend against, recover on account of, and settle all rights, Claims, causes of action, defenses, and counterclaims in their sole discretion in accordance with what is in the best interests, and for the benefit, of the Debtors or the Post-Effective Date Entities.

H. Nondischarge Of Debtors And Injunction.

This Plan provides for an injunction of certain actions against the Debtors. Holders of Claims against and Equity Interest in the Debtors may not pursue (1) property of the Estates other than through the Claims and Equity Interests allowance process; or (2) the Debtors or their agents.

Pursuant to section 1141(d)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code, the Confirmation Order shall not discharge Claims against or Equity Interests in the Debtors. However, no holder of a Claim or Equity Interest may receive any payment from or seek recourse against any assets that are distributed or to be distributed under the Plan, except for those assets required to be distributed to such holder as expressly provided for in the Plan. As of the Effective Date, all Entities are precluded from asserting against any assets that are distributed or to be distributed under the Plan any Claims, rights, causes of action, liabilities or interests based upon any act or omission, transaction or other activity of any kind or nature that occurred prior to the Effective Date, other than as expressly provided in the Plan or Confirmation Order, regardless of the filing, lack of filing, allowance or disallowance of such a Claim or Equity Interest and regardless of whether such an Entity has voted to accept the Plan.

1 Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or the Confirmation Order, on and after the
2 Effective Date all Entities that have held, currently hold or may hold a debt, Claim, other
3 liability or Equity Interest against or in the Debtors that would be discharged upon
4 confirmation of the Plan on the Effective Date but for the provisions of section 1141(d)(3) of
5 the Bankruptcy Code shall be permanently enjoined from taking any of the following actions
6 on account of such debt, Claim, liability, Equity Interest or right: (A) commencing or
7 continuing in any manner any action or other proceeding on account of such debt, Claim,
8 liability, Equity Interest or right against assets or proceeds thereof that are to be distributed
9 under the Plan, other than to enforce any right to a distribution with respect to such assets
10 or the proceeds thereof as provided under the Plan; (B) enforcing, attaching, collecting or
11 recovering in any manner any judgment, award, decree, or order against any assets to be
12 distributed to creditors under the Plan, other than as permitted under subparagraph (A)
13 above; and (C) creating, perfecting or enforcing any lien or encumbrance against any assets
14 to be distributed under the Plan, other than as permitted by the Plan, provided that nothing
15 contained herein shall limit the rights of any distributee under the Plan from taking any
16 actions in respect of property distributed or to be distributed to it under the Plan.

17
18 **V.**

19 **EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES**

20
21 **A. Assumption.**

22 In the Schedule of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases Filed and served in
23 accordance with section D of Art. I of the Plan, the Debtors that shall set forth the executory
24 contracts and unexpired leases that are to be assumed or assumed and assigned effective upon the
25 Effective Date, and shall specify the Cure Payment, if any, that the Debtors believe must be
26 tendered on the Effective Date, in order to provide compensation in accordance with section
27 365(b)(1)(A) and (B) of the Bankruptcy Code.
28

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1 Objections to the assumption or the assumption and assignment of any executory contracts
2 or unexpired leases listed in the Schedule of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases or to any
3 proposed Cure Payment amounts set forth in that Schedule must be Filed and served on the
4 Debtors and the Committees on or before the date for filing objections to the Plan, and no other
5 objections to the assumption and/or assumption and assignment of such executory contracts or
6 unexpired leases or to such Cure Payment amounts shall be timely. All objections Filed and
7 served in accordance with this provision must be supported by a declaration specifying the
8 objection to the assumption and/or assignment and/or to the amounts allegedly owing under
9 sections 365(b)(1)(A) and (B) of the Bankruptcy Code. Failure to File and serve an objection in
10 accordance with this subsection shall result in the determination that the assumption or assumption
11 and assignment is proper and that the tender of the Cure Payment, as specified in the Schedule of
12 Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases shall provide, on the Effective Date, cure and
13 compensation for any and all defaults and unpaid obligations under such assumed executory
14 contracts or unexpired leases. The Debtors reserve the right to respond to and contest any
15 objection filed by any party to an executory contract or unexpired lease and, as part of the
16 Confirmation Hearing, to request a determination from the Court as to the right of the Debtors to
17 assume or assume and assign such executory contract or unexpired lease and/or the amount of the
18 Cure Payment. If a party to any executory contract or unexpired lease establishes that the Cure
19 Payment is greater than the amount listed on the Schedule of Executory Contracts and Unexpired
20 Leases, the Debtors reserve the right under section 365(b) of the Bankruptcy Code to reject such
21 executory contract or unexpired lease, or to assume such executory contract or unexpired lease, at
22 the Debtors' option.

23 Up to and until one (1) day prior to the Confirmation Hearing, Entry of the Confirmation
24 Order shall constitute approval of the Debtors may delete any executory contract or unexpired
25 lease from the Schedule of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases by Filing an amended
26 Schedule of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases and serving that amended Schedule on the
27 affected non-Debtor party to the executory contract or unexpired lease.
28

Entry of the Confirmation Order by the Court any assumptions and/or any assumptions and assignments made hereunder pursuant to sections 365(a) and 365(f) of the Bankruptcy Code. All Cure Payments which may be required by Bankruptcy Code section 365(b)(1) shall be made on the Effective Date, or as soon thereafter as is practicable, or as may otherwise be agreed by the parties to any particular executory contract or unexpired lease.

B. Rejection.

1. General.

Effective upon the Effective Date, the Debtors hereby reject all executory contracts and unexpired leases that exist between the Debtors and any other Entities which have not previously been rejected, except the Debtors do not reject those executory contracts and unexpired leases (a) which are listed in the Schedule of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases referred to in section A above and assumed or assumed and assigned on the Effective Date, or (b) which are or have been specifically assumed, or assumed and assigned, by the Debtors with the approval of the Court by separate proceeding in the Chapter 11 Cases.

All Allowed Claims arising from the rejection of executory contracts or unexpired leases, whether under the Plan or by separate proceeding, shall be treated as General Unsecured Claims in Class A-4 (USACM), Class B-4 (FTDF), Class C-4 (DTDF), Class D-4 (USA Realty) and Class E-4 (USA Securities), respectively.

2. USACM Management And/Or Operating Agreements.

USACM is a party to various management and/or operating agreements with non-Debtor Entities. Except as to the management and/or operating agreements with FTDF and DTDF which are dealt with separately under this Plan, as part of the Schedule of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases referred to in section A above, USACM shall designate all such management and/or operating agreements that are to be rejected, assumed or assumed and assigned under the Plan. Notwithstanding the rejection of any such management and/or operating agreement, USACM reserves the right to claim all fees or other amounts owing USACM from the period prior to the date of the rejection. All Allowed Claims arising from USACM's rejection of such

1 executory contracts are General Unsecured Claims of USACM, and shall be treated under
2 Class A-4 of the Plan.

3 **3. Claims Bar Date.**

4 All holders of Claims arising from the rejection of executory contracts or unexpired leases,
5 whether rejected under the Plan or by separate proceeding, must File a request for payment in
6 accordance with the Plan to have their Claims treated as Allowed Claims hereunder. A request for
7 payment of any and all Claims allegedly arising from a Debtor's rejection of executory contracts
8 or unexpired leases, whether rejected under the Plan or by separate proceeding, must be Filed on
9 or before such date as the Court has fixed or may fix by express order; provided, however, that if
10 the Court has not entered an order fixing such a date prior to the Confirmation Hearing, all such
11 requests for payment must be made on or before the first Business Day which is thirty (30)
12 calendar days after the date of service of notice of entry of the Confirmation Order. Failure to File
13 such a request for payment prior to the time set forth herein shall be forever barred from asserting
14 such Claims against the Debtors, the Estates, the Post-Effective Date Entities and/or any other
15 Entity or any of their respective property, and the Debtors, the Estates, and the Post-Effective Date
16 Entities, to the extent applicable, shall be discharged of any obligation on such Claim or any other
17 Claim related such Claim.

18
19 **VI.**

20 **CONDITIONS PRECEDENT TO CONFIRMATION AND EFFECTIVE DATE**

21
22 **A. Conditions To Confirmation.**

23 Confirmation of the Plan shall not occur unless and until each of the conditions set forth
24 below has been satisfied or duly waived by the Debtors.

25 1. The USACM Trust Agreement and DTDF Amended Operating Agreement have
26 been Filed in form and substance acceptable to the Court, USACM and DTDF, respectively.
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2. The Plan is consistent with the terms of the Asset Purchase Agreement, except as may be otherwise agreed to by the Asset Purchaser.

3. The Confirmation Order is in a form and substance acceptable to the Debtors and the Asset Purchaser.

4. The Court shall have entered the Confirmation Order.

B. Conditions To Effective Date.

The Effective Date of the Plan shall not occur unless and until each of the conditions set forth below has been satisfied or duly waived by the Debtors.

1. The Confirmation Order has been entered by the Court in a form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Debtors, and the same is a Final Order.

2. All conditions precedent to the Closing of the Asset Sale Transaction have been satisfied or waived by the appropriate party and Asset Purchaser is prepared to, and does, close the Asset Sale Transaction on the Effective Date.

3. The USACM Trust Agreement and the DTDF Amended Operating Agreement have been executed and approved by the Court, and there is sufficient Cash available to fund the Post-Effective Date Entities in accordance with the Plan in the amount necessary to pay all Claims that must be paid on the Effective Date.

C. Waiver Of Conditions.

Except to the extent that a waiver would constitute a breach under the Asset Purchase Agreement or any substantially similar agreement with the Asset Purchaser, the Debtors may waive any of the above conditions to the Effective Date, in whole or in part and in their sole and absolute discretion, by Filing a written waiver. The failure to satisfy or waive any condition may be asserted by the Debtors regardless of the circumstances giving rise thereto. The failure of the Debtors to exercise any of the foregoing rights shall not be deemed a waiver of any other rights, and each such right shall be deemed an ongoing right that may be asserted at any time.

D. Failure To Satisfy Conditions.

The Effective Date must occur on or before the later of: (1) February 16, 2007, or (2) such other date as may be agreed to between the Asset Purchaser and the Debtors or which is

established by the Debtors, with the approval of the Court, after notice and a hearing. If the Effective Date does not timely occur, the Confirmation Order shall automatically be vacated. If the Confirmation Order is vacated, the Plan and the Confirmation Order shall be deemed null and void, of no force or effect and shall not be used by any party for any purpose and nothing in the Plan or the Confirmation Order shall prejudice or constitute a waiver or release of any right, Claim or remedy by or against the Debtors or any other party.

VII.

DISTRIBUTION OF CONSIDERATION

A. Objections To Claims.

1. Deadlines.

Unless otherwise extended by the Court, objections to the allowance of Claims and Equity Interests shall be Filed and served upon the Entities asserting such Claims or Equity Interests as follows: (A) for any and all Claims and Equity Interests to which the General Bar Date applies, ninety (90) days after the Effective Date; (B) for any and all Claims to which the Administrative Claims Bar Date or the Professionals Administrative Bar Date applies, thirty (30) days after the expiration of the respective Bar Date; and (C) for any and all Claims to which the Bar Date applicable under section B.3 of Art. V of the Plan applies, thirty (30) days after the expiration of that Bar Date.

2. Authority.

The Post-Effective Date Entities, (or, if there are no Post-Effective Date Entities for the USACM and DTDF Estates, USACM and DTDF) the FTDF Committee (to the extent it is still in existence) or FTDF (for the benefit of and on behalf of the FTDF Estate), USA Realty on behalf of the USA Realty Estate and USA Securities on behalf of the USA Securities Estate, shall be responsible for Filing objections to any and all Claims and Equity Interests that are Disputed Claims or Disputed Equity Interests asserted against its Estate. The Post-Effective Date Entities

(of, if there are not Post-Effective Date Entities for the USACM and DTDF Estates, USACM and DTDF), the FTDF Committee (to the extent it is still in existence) or FTDF (for the benefit of and on behalf of the FTDF Estate), USA Realty on behalf of the USA Realty Estate and USA Securities on behalf of the USA Securities Estate have the authority to settle and compromise any objection to a Disputed Claim or Disputed Equity Interest, if appropriate, without further order of the Court, and they may assert any and all Claims, rights of action, causes of action, counterclaims and defenses held by their respective Estates. The Estates, including the Post-Effective Date Entities, may, but shall not be required to, set off or recoup against any Claim or Equity Interest and the distributions to made pursuant to the Plan in respect of such Claim or Equity Interest, any counterclaims, setoffs, or recoupment of any nature whatsoever that the Estates may have against the holder of the Claim or Equity Interest, but neither the failure to do so nor the allowance of any Claim or Equity Interest shall constitute a waiver or release by the Estates or the Post-Effective Date Entities of any such Claim, cause of action, setoff or recoupment.

B. Disputed Claims And Equity Interests—Cash Reserves.

1. General.

On the Effective Date, no distributions shall be made unless a Claim or Equity Interest is an Allowed Claim or Allowed Equity Interest on the Effective Date. Except as may otherwise be agreed with respect to any Disputed Claim or Disputed Equity Interest, no payment or distribution will thereafter be made with respect to all or any portion of a Disputed Claim or Equity Interest until such Claim or Equity Interest is an Allowed Claim or Allowed Equity Interest. Payments and distributions to each holder of a Disputed Claim or Equity Interest (to the extent that such Claim or Equity Interest, or any portion thereof, ultimately becomes an Allowed Claim or Allowed Equity Interest) must be made in accordance with the Plan.

2. Establishment Of Cash Reserves.

Prior to making any distribution on Allowed Claims and Equity Interests, the Post-Effective Date Entities (or, if there are no Post-Effective Date Entities for the USACM and DTDF Estates, USACM and DTDF), the FTDF Committee (to the extent it is still in existence) or FTDF (for the benefit of and on behalf of the FTDF Estate), USA Realty on behalf of the USA Realty

Estate and USA Securities on behalf of the USA Securities Estate shall establish a Cash reserve for each Disputed Claim and Equity Interest, including unclassified Claims. Except as provided below, the Cash reserve for a Disputed Claim or Equity Interest shall be equal the amount set forth in the proof of Claim or Equity Interest, or if no proof of Claim or Equity Interest has been Filed, the amount set forth for the Claim or Equity Interest on the Schedules.

The Debtors (to the extent applicable), the Post-Effective Date Entities, and the FTDF Committee (to the extent not dissolved) are authorized to File a motion seeking an Order setting a Cash reserve in an amount different than as provided in a proof of Claim or Equity Interest, or in the Schedules. So long as such motion is Filed prior to the making of a distribution, no Cash reserve need be made for the Claims or Equity Interests that are the subject of such motion, until the movant receives a Final Order on the motion, unless otherwise ordered by the Court.

3. Estimation.

As to any Disputed Claim, the Post-Effective Date Entities, or the Debtors, to the extent applicable, may request in their sole discretion that the Court estimate such Claim pursuant to section 502(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, and set a Cash reserve based on that estimation.

4. Distribution Upon Allowance.

Within five (5) Business Days of a Disputed Claim or Disputed Equity Interest becoming an Allowed Claim or Equity Interest, the holder of such Claim or Interest shall be paid in accordance with the Plan from the Cash reserve. The amount of Cash released from Cash reserve to make such a distribution shall be calculated on a Pro Rata basis, so that the holder of the newly Allowed Claim or Equity Interest receives a distribution equal to the total percentage distributions made prior to the date that its Claim or Equity Interest was Allowed to the holders of other Allowed Claims or Allowed Equity Interests in the same Class.

5. Release Of Cash Reserves.

If a Disputed Claim or Disputed Equity Interest, or any portion thereof, is disallowed, the Cash reserve shall be released for distribution to holders of Allowed Claims and Allowed Equity Interests in accordance with the Plan. If a Disputed Claim or Disputed Equity Interest, or any portion thereof becomes an Allowed Claim or an Allowed Equity Interest in an amount that is less

1 than the Cash reserve for such Claim or Equity Interest, the excess Cash reserve related to such
2 Claim or Equity Interest shall be released for distribution to holders of Allowed Claims and
3 Allowed Equity Interests in accordance with the Plan.

4 **C. Undeliverable Or Returned Distributions.**

5 If (1) the Post-Effective Date Entities shall be unable, at the time that a distribution to
6 holders of Allowed Claims or Allowed Equity Interests is to be made under this Plan, to deliver
7 the portion of such distribution due a holder of an Allowed Claim or Allowed Equity Interest, (2)
8 any amount paid to the holder of an Allowed Claim or Allowed Equity Interest is returned as
9 undeliverable and the Post-Effective Date Entity is unable, with reasonable effort, to ascertain a
10 correct address for the holder entitled thereto within six (6) months of its return, or (3) any check
11 distributed in payment of an Allowed Claim or Allowed Equity Interest is neither returned nor
12 negotiated within six (6) months of the date distributed, then, in every such case, the Allowed
13 Claim or Allowed Equity Interest shall be deemed reduced to zero in amount and the holder
14 thereof shall have no further right to payment against or distribution from the Debtors, the Estates
15 or any Post-Effective Date Entities. The Cash that, but for this section, would have been payable
16 to the holders of such Allowed Claims or Allowed Equity Interests shall, to the extent applicable,
17 revert to the Post-Effective Date Entities, and will be available for application or distribution in
18 accordance with the terms of the Plan.

19 For purposes of this subsection, any undeliverable or returned distributions made by
20 FTDF, USA Realty and USA Securities, which Estates will have no Post-Effective Date Entities
21 to act on their behalf, shall be handled on behalf of those Debtors and their respective Estates by
22 the USACM Trust.

23 **D. De Minimis Distributions.**

24 No Cash payment of less than five (5) dollars shall be made by the Disbursing Agent for
25 each Estate. Any Cash payment of less than five (5) dollars shall be held by the Disbursing Agent
26 of the relevant Estate, until a subsequent distribution, if any, results in an aggregate Cash payment
27 of over five (5) dollars. To the extent that a final distribution would require a distribution of less
28 than five (5) dollars to a holder of an Allowed Claim against or Allowed Equity Interest in a

Debtor, such amount shall be deemed forfeited, and shall be redistributed to holders of Allowed Claims against or Allowed Equity Interests in the Debtor who are to receive a final distribution in excess of five (5) dollars on account of their Allowed Claim or Allowed Equity Interest. If, in the sole discretion of the Disbursing Agent, excess Cash exists at the time of a final distribution that is so de minimis in amount that cannot be reasonably redistributed to the holders of Allowed Claims and Allowed Equity Interests, the Disbursing Agent deposit such Cash in the unclaimed funds account of the Court.

E. Disbursing Agent.

1. Disbursing Agent For FTDF, USA Realty And USA Securities Estates.

In the Chapter 11 Cases of FTDF, USA Securities and USA Realty, the Debtors shall act as Disbursing Agents under the Plan for their respective Estates and shall make all distributions required under the Plan. At any time after thirty (30) days following the Effective Date, such Debtors may request, upon agreement between the Debtors and the USACM Trust, that all future distributions of their respective Estates be handled by the Disbursing Agent for the USACM Trust.

2. Disbursing Agent USACM And DTDF Estates.

In the case of USACM and DTDF, the Asset Purchase Agreement and this Plan, FTDF, USA Securities and USA Realty shall have copies of or access to all databases, software, documents and records of, or in the possession or control of, any of the Debtors, as may be necessary or appropriate in the wind down and dissolution of FTDF, USA Securities and USA Realty, including as necessary or appropriate, all databases, software, documents and records necessary to object to and make distributions to Claims and Equity Interest, as Allowed, against FTDF, USA Securities and USA Realty. The Post-Effective Date Entities shall act as Disbursing Agents under the Plan for the Estates of USACM and DTDF, and shall make all distributions required under the Plan. Any Disbursing Agent may employ or contract with other Entities to assist in or perform any distribution of property.

1 **3. Bond.**

2 Each Disbursing Agent shall serve without the posting of a bond, unless otherwise required
3 by the Court, or determined by FTDF, USA Securities, USA Realty or the Post-Effective Date
4 Entities to be necessary.

5 **4. Compensation.**

6 Whether the Disbursing Agents make distributions under the Plan themselves or they
7 employ a third-party Entity to act on their behalf, the Disbursing Agents shall receive, without the
8 need for Court approval, reasonable compensation for services rendered pursuant to the Plan and
9 reimbursement of reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with such services
10 from the relevant Estate or Post-Effective Date Entities on terms agreed to with the Post-Effective
11 Date Entities (or, if there are no Post-Effective Date Entities for the USACM and DTDF Estates,
12 USACM and DTDF), the FTDF Committee (to the extent it is still in existence) or FTDF (for the
13 benefit of and on behalf of the FTDF Estate), USA Realty on behalf of the USA Realty Estate and
14 USA Securities on behalf of the USA Securities Estate.

15 **F. Manner Of Payment Under The Plan.**

16 Cash payments made pursuant to the Plan shall be in United States dollars by checks
17 drawn on a domestic bank selected by the applicable Disbursing Agent or by wire transfer from a
18 domestic bank, at the option of such Disbursing Agent.

19 **G. Delivery Of Distributions.**

20 Except as provided in section C above for holders of unclaimed distributions, distributions
21 to holders of Allowed Claims and Allowed Equity Interests shall be made by mail as follows: (1)
22 at the addresses set forth on the respective proofs of Claim or Equity Interest by such holders; (2)
23 at the addresses set forth in any written notices of address changes delivered to the Disbursing
24 Agent after the date of any related proof of Claim or Equity Interest; or (3) at the address reflected
25 on the Schedules if no proof of Claim or Equity Interest is Filed and the Disbursing Agent has not
26 received a written notice of a change of address.

H. Compliance With Tax Requirements.

In connection with the Plan, to the extent applicable, the Disbursing Agent shall comply with all withholding and reporting requirements imposed on it by any governmental unit, and all distributions pursuant to the Plan shall be subject to such withholding and reporting requirements.

I. Old Instruments And Securities; Liens.

1. Rights Of Persons Holding Instruments And Securities.

Except as otherwise provided herein, as of the Effective Date, and whether or not surrendered by the holder thereof, all existing instruments and securities evidencing any Claims against or Equity Interests in the Debtors shall be deemed automatically cancelled and deemed void and of no further force or effect, without any further action on the part of any Person, and any Claims or Equity Interests under or evidenced by any instruments or securities shall be deemed discharged. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Equity Interests in DTDF shall survive the Effective Date and shall not be cancelled or discharged until the completion of the dissolution of DTDF as provided for in the Plan and the DTDF Amended Operating Agreement.

2. Cancellation Of Liens.

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or as necessary to evidence or secure the Loans, any lien securing any Secured Claim, shall be deemed released and discharged, and the Person holding such Secured Claim shall be authorized and directed to release any collateral or other property of the Debtors held by such Person and to take such actions as may be requested by the Debtors or the Post-Effective Date Entities to evidence the release of such lien, including, without limitation, the execution, delivery and filing or recording of such releases as may be requested by the respective Debtors or Post-Effective Date Entities at the sole expense of such Post-Effective Date Entities or Estates.

J. Dates Of Distribution.

Any distribution required to be made on the Effective Date shall be deemed timely if made as soon as practicable after the Effective Date and, in any event, within thirty (30) days after the Effective Date. Unless otherwise agreed by the applicable parties, any distribution required to be made upon a Disputed Claim or Disputed Equity Interest that becomes an Allowed Claim or

1 Allowed Equity Interest shall be deemed timely made if made within five (5) Business Days of the
 2 Disputed Claim or Disputed Equity Interest or any portion thereof becoming an Allowed Claim or
 3 Allowed Equity Interest.

4 5 **VIII.**

6 **MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS**

7 8 **A. Limitation Of Liability And Releases.**

9 **1. Limitation Of Liability.**

10 Except as otherwise expressly provided in the Plan, on and after the Effective Date, none
 11 of the Debtors, the Debtors in Possession, the Committees, the members of the Committees, nor
 12 any of their employees, officers, directors, agents, or representatives, nor any Professionals
 13 employed by any of them, shall have or incur any liability to any Entity for any authorized act
 14 taken or authorized omission made in good faith in connection with or related to the Chapter 11
 15 Cases or the Estates, including objections to or estimations of Claims, disposition of assets, or
 16 formulating, determining not to solicit acceptances or rejections to, or confirming the Plan, or any
 17 contract, instrument, release, or other agreement or document created in connection with the Plan.

18 Consistent with section 1125(e) of the Bankruptcy Code, the Entities that have solicited
 19 acceptances or rejections of the Plan and/or that have participated in the offer, issuance, sale, or
 20 purchase of securities offered or sold under the Plan, in good faith and in compliance with the
 21 applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, are not liable, on account of such solicitation or
 22 participation, for violation of any applicable law, rule, or regulation governing the solicitation of
 23 acceptances or rejections of the Plan or the offer, issuance, sale, or purchase of securities.

24 **2. DTDF/FTDF Releases.**

25 As of the Effective Date, in consideration for the obligations, subordination, modifications
 26 of rights and accommodations of FTDF, and the FTDF Estate, and except as otherwise expressly
 27 provided under the Plan, DTDF, the DTDF Estate and Post-Effective Date DTDF, on their own
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1 behalf, shall be deemed to forever release, waive and discharge any and all Claims, demands,
2 debts, liabilities, obligations, actions, causes of action, suits, sums of money, accounts, reckonings,
3 covenants, contracts, controversies, agreements, promises and rights whatsoever, whenever
4 arising, whether known or unknown, suspected or unsuspected, contingent or fixed, liquidated or
5 unliquidated, matured or unmatured, in law, equity, bankruptcy or otherwise, based upon, arising
6 out of, relating to, by reason of, or in connection with, in whole or in part, any act or omission,
7 transaction, occurrence, fact or matter from the beginning of time to the Effective Date, including,
8 without limitation, in any way relating to FTDF, the FTDF Estate, the FTDF Chapter 11 Case,
9 including any recharacterization, or substantive consolidation causes of action, or any other matter
10 which DTDF, the DTDF Estate, or Post-Effective Date DTDF or any Person or Entity claiming
11 by, from, through, or under any of DTDF, the DTDF Estate, or Post-Effective Date DTDF ever
12 had, now has, or hereafter can, shall, or may have against FTDF or the FTDF Estate.

13 As of the Effective Date, in consideration for the obligations, subordination, modifications
14 of rights and accommodations of DTDF and the DTDF Estate, and except as otherwise expressly
15 provided under the Plan, FTDF and the FTDF Estate, on their own behalf, shall be deemed to
16 forever release, waive and discharge any and all Claims, demands, debts, liabilities, obligations,
17 actions, causes of action, suits, sums of money, accounts, reckonings, covenants, contracts,
18 controversies, agreements, promises and rights whatsoever, whenever arising, whether known or
19 unknown, suspected or unsuspected, contingent or fixed, liquidated or unliquidated, matured or
20 unmatured, in law, equity, bankruptcy or otherwise, based upon, arising out of, relating to, by
21 reason of, or in connection with, in whole or in part, any act or omission, transaction, occurrence,
22 fact or matter from the beginning of time to the Effective Date, including, without limitation, in
23 any way relating to DTDF, the DTDF Estate, the DTDF Chapter 11 Case, including any
24 recharacterization, or substantive consolidation causes of action, or any other matter which FTDF,
25 the FTDF Estate, or any Person or Entity claiming by, from, through, or under any of FTDF or the
26 FTDF Estate ever had, now has, or hereafter can, shall, or may have against DTDF or the DTDF
27 Estate.
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1 **3. FTDF/USACM Releases.**

2 As of the Effective Date, in consideration for the obligations, modifications of rights and
3 accommodations of FTDF and the FTDF Estate, and except as otherwise provided under the Plan
4 and, in particular the compromise between the FTDF and the FTDF Estate, on the one hand, and
5 USACM, USACM Estate and the USACM Trust, on the other hand, USACM, the USACM
6 Estate, and the USACM Trust, on their own behalf, shall be deemed to forever release, waive and
7 discharge any and all Claims, demands, debts, liabilities, obligations, actions, causes of action,
8 suits, sums of money, accounts, reckonings, covenants, contracts, controversies, agreements,
9 promises and rights whatsoever, whenever arising, whether known or unknown, suspected or
10 unsuspected, contingent or fixed, liquidated or unliquidated, matured or unmatured, in law, equity,
11 bankruptcy or otherwise, based upon, arising out of, relating to, by reason of, or in connection
12 with, in whole or in part, any act or omission, transaction, occurrence, fact or matter from the
13 beginning of time to the Effective Date, including, without limitation, in any way relating to
14 FTDF, the FTDF Estate, the FTDF Chapter 11 Case, or any other matter which USACM, the
15 USACM Estate, or the USACM Trust or any Person or Entity claiming by, from, through, or
16 under any of USACM, the USACM Estate, or the USACM Trust ever had, now has, or hereafter
17 can, shall, or may have against FTDF or the FTDF Estate.

18 As of the Effective Date, in consideration for the obligations, modifications of rights and
19 accommodations of USACM and the USACM Estate and except as otherwise expressly provided
20 in the Plan, in particular the compromise between USACM, the USACM Estate and the USACM
21 Trust, on the one hand, and FTDF and the FTDF Estate, on the other hand, FTDF and the FTDF
22 Estate, on their own behalf, shall be deemed to forever release, waive and discharge any and all
23 Claims, demands, debts, liabilities, obligations, actions, causes of action, suits, sums of money,
24 accounts, reckonings, covenants, contracts, controversies, agreements, promises and rights
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whatsoever, whenever arising, whether known or unknown, suspected or unsuspected, contingent or fixed, liquidated or unliquidated, matured or unmatured, in law, equity, bankruptcy or otherwise, based upon, arising out of, relating to, by reason of, or in connection with, in whole or in part, any act or omission, transaction, occurrence, fact or matter from the beginning of time to the Effective Date, including, without limitation, in any way relating to USACM, the USACM Estate, the USACM Chapter 11 Case, or any other matter which FTDF, the FTDF Estate, or any Person or Entity claiming by, from, through, or under any of FTDF or the FTDF Estate ever had, now has, or hereafter can, shall, or may have against USACM or the USACM Estate.

4. Debtor Releasors/Direct Lenders Releases.

As of the Effective Date, except for the objections to the allowance of the Direct Lender Unsecured Claims and as otherwise expressly provided in the Plan, in consideration for the obligations, subordination, modifications of rights and accommodations of the Direct Lenders pursuant to the settlements embodied in the Plan, USACM, FTDF, their Estates and the USACM Trust, on their own behalf (collectively, the "Debtor Releasors"), shall be deemed to forever release, waive and discharge any and all Claims, demands, debts, liabilities, obligations, actions, causes of action, suits, sums of money, accounts, reckonings, covenants, contracts, controversies, agreements, promises and rights whatsoever, whenever arising, whether known or unknown, suspected or unsuspected, contingent or fixed, liquidated or unliquidated, matured or unmatured, in law, equity, bankruptcy or otherwise, based upon, arising out of, relating to, by reason of, or in connection with, in whole or in part, any act or omission, transaction, occurrence, fact or matter from the beginning of time to the Effective Date, including, without limitation, in any way relating to the Direct Lenders, including any surcharge, recharacterization, or substantive consolidation causes of action, or any other matter which any of the Debtor Releasors or any Person or Entity claiming by, from, through, or under any of the Debtor Releasors ever had, now has, or hereafter can, shall, or may have against the Direct Lenders. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing herein

shall constitute a release of any obligations under any Loan Servicing Agreement as to which USACM's servicing rights are being transferred to the Asset Purchaser.

As of the Effective Date, in consideration for the obligations, subordination, modifications of rights and accommodations of the Debtor Releasers and except as otherwise expressly provided under the Plan, the Direct Lenders, pursuant to the settlements embodied in the Plan, on their own behalf (the "Direct Lender Releasers"), shall be deemed to forever release, waive and discharge any and all Claims, demands, debts, liabilities, obligations, actions, causes of action, suits, sums of money, accounts, reckonings, covenants, contracts, controversies, agreements, promises and rights whatsoever, whenever arising, whether known or unknown, suspected or unsuspected, contingent or fixed, liquidated or unliquidated, matured or unmatured, in law, equity, bankruptcy or otherwise, based upon, arising out of, relating to, by reason of, or in connection with, in whole or in part, any act or omission, transaction, occurrence, fact or matter from the beginning of time to the Effective Date, including, without limitation, in any way relating to the Debtor Releasers, the Debtor Releasers' Estates, the USACM and FTDF Chapter 11 Cases, including any causes of action, or any other matter which any of the Direct Lender Releasers or any Person or Entity claiming by, from, through, or under any of the Direct Lender Releasers ever had, now has, or hereafter can, shall, or may have against the Debtor Releasers.

5. FTDF/USA Realty Releases.

Except as otherwise expressly provided in the Plan, as of the Effective Date, in consideration for the obligations, subordination, modifications of rights and accommodations of FTDF and the FTDF Estate, USA Realty and the USA Realty Estate, on their own behalf, shall be deemed to forever release, waive and discharge any and all Claims, demands, debts, liabilities, obligations, actions, causes of action, suits, sums of money, accounts, reckonings, covenants, contracts, controversies, agreements, promises and rights whatsoever, whenever arising, whether known or unknown, suspected or unsuspected, contingent or fixed, liquidated or unliquidated, matured or unmatured, in law, equity, bankruptcy or otherwise, based upon, arising out of, relating to, by reason of, or in

1 connection with, in whole or in part, any act or omission, transaction, occurrence, fact or
2 matter from the beginning of time to the Effective Date, including, without limitation, in
3 any way relating to FTDF, the FTDF Estate, the FTDF Chapter 11 Case, including all
4 management fees accrued, but unpaid, as of the Petition Date, all postpetition management
5 fees, or any other matter which USA Realty, the USA Realty Estate, or any Person or
6 Entity claiming by, from, through, or under any of USA Realty or USA Realty Estate ever
7 had, now has, or hereafter can, shall, or may have against FTDF or the FTDF Estate.

8 Except as otherwise expressly provided in the Plan, as of the Effective Date, in
9 consideration for the obligations, subordination, modifications of rights and
10 accommodations of USA Realty and the USA Realty Estate, FTDF and the FTDF Estate
11 on their own behalf, shall be deemed to forever release, waive and discharge any and all
12 Claims, demands, debts, liabilities, obligations, actions, causes of action, suits, sums of
13 money, accounts, reckonings, covenants, contracts, controversies, agreements, promises
14 and rights whatsoever, whenever arising, whether known or unknown, suspected or
15 unsuspected, contingent or fixed, liquidated or unliquidated, matured or unmatured, in law,
16 equity, bankruptcy or otherwise, based upon, arising out of, relating to, by reason of, or in
17 connection with, in whole or in part, any act or omission, transaction, occurrence, fact or
18 matter from the beginning of time to the Effective Date, including, without limitation, in
19 any way relating to USA Realty, the USA Realty Estate, the USA Realty Chapter 11 Case,
20 including any other matter which FTDF, the FTDF Estate, or any Person or Entity
21 claiming by, from, through, or under any of FTDF or the FTDF Estate ever had, now has,
22 or hereafter can, shall, or may have against USA Realty or the USA Realty Estate;
23 provided, however, that nothing in this paragraph shall be deemed to release any Claims that
24 FTDF has against Non-Debtor Insiders.
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B. Execution Of Documents And Corporate Action.

The Debtors and Debtors in Possession, without any action by Equity Interests whatsoever, shall execute such documents and take such other action as is necessary to effectuate the transactions provided for in the Plan.

C. Notice Of Effective Date.

As soon as practicable after the occurrence of the Effective Date, but no later than ten (10) days thereafter, the USACM Trustee shall File and serve on each holder of a Claim or Equity Interest a written notice of the occurrence of Effective Date.

D. Retention Of Jurisdiction.

Under sections 105(a) and 1142 of the Bankruptcy Code, and notwithstanding entry of the Confirmation Order and occurrence of the Effective Date, the Bankruptcy Court shall retain exclusive jurisdiction over all matters arising out of and related to the Chapter 11 Cases, the assets and liabilities of the Estates and the Trust Estates, and the Plan to the fullest extent permitted by law, including, but not limited to:

1. Allowing, disallowing, determining, liquidating, classifying, estimating or establishing the priority or secured or unsecured status of any Claim or Equity Interest not otherwise allowed under the Plan, including resolving any request for payment of any Administrative Expense Claim and resolving any objections to the allowance or priority of Claims or Equity Interests;

2. Hearing and determining any and all Claims, Causes of Action or rights that may be asserted or commenced by the Debtors or a post-Effective Date Entity against Persons, Entities or governmental units;

3. Hearing and determining all applications for compensation and reimbursement of expenses of Professionals under the Plan or under sections 330, 331, 503(b), 1103 and 1129(a)(4) of the Bankruptcy Code; provided, however, that from and after the Effective Date, the payment of the fees and expenses of the Post-Effective Date Entities shall be made in the ordinary course of business and shall not be subject to approval of the Bankruptcy Court;

4. Hearing and determining the reasonableness and allowability of any principal Claim, attorney fee Claim, interest Claim or the charges asserted by a Secured Creditor against the Debtors, the Estates, or the Post-Effective Date Entities;

5. Hearing and determining all matters related to any executory contracts and unexpired leases to which a Debtor is a party or with respect to which a Debtor may be liable;

6. Hearing and determining all matters related to the transfer of the Acquired Assets to the Asset Purchaser;

7. Hearing and determining all matters related to Loan Servicing Agreements;

8. Effectuating performance of and payments under the provisions of the Plan;

9. Hearing and determining any and all adversary proceedings, motions, applications, requests for disgorgement and contested or litigated matters arising out of, arising under or related to the Chapter 11 Cases, including with out limitation the Litigation Claims and the Non-Debtor Insider Litigation;

10. Entering such Orders as may be necessary or appropriate to execute, implement, or consummate the provisions of the Plan and all contracts, instruments, releases, and other agreements or documents created in connection with the Plan, the Disclosure Statement or the Confirmation Order, including USACM Trust Agreement and the DTDF Amended Operating Agreement;

11. Hearing and determining disputes arising in connection with the interpretation, implementation, consummation, or enforcement of the Plan, including disputes arising under agreements, documents or instruments executed in connection with the Plan, such as the USACM Trust Agreement, the DTDF Amended Operating Agreement, and the Asset Purchase Agreement;

12. Modifying the Plan, the USACM Trust Agreement or the DTDF Amended Operating Agreement at the request of the Debtors, the USACM Trustee or the DTDF Administrator and as provided by applicable law, including to cure any defect or omission, or to reconcile any inconsistencies in any order of the Court and the Plan, the USACM Trust Agreement or the DTDF Amended Operating Agreement;

1 13. Issuing injunctions, entering and implementing other orders, or taking such other
2 actions as may be necessary or appropriate to restrain interference by any Entity with
3 implementation, consummation, or enforcement of the Plan, the Asset Purchase Agreement, or the
4 Confirmation Order;

5 14. Entering and implementing such Orders as may be necessary or appropriate if the
6 Confirmation Order is for any reason reversed, stayed, revoked, modified, or vacated;

7 15. Hearing and determining any matters arising in connection with or relating to the
8 Plan, the Disclosure Statement, the Confirmation Order, or any contract, instrument, release, or
9 other agreement or document created in connection with the Plan, the Disclosure Statement or the
10 Confirmation Order, including the USACM Trust Agreement, the DTDF Amended Operating
11 Agreement, the Asset Purchase Agreement or any other asset purchase agreement entered into by
12 the Debtors and a Third-Party Bidder;

13 16. Enforcing all orders, judgments, injunctions, releases, exculpations,
14 indemnifications and rulings entered in connection with the Chapter 11 Cases;

15 17. Except as otherwise limited herein, recovering all assets of the Debtors and
16 property of the Estates wherever located;

17 18. Hearing and determining matters concerning state, local, and federal Taxes in
18 accordance with sections 346, 505 and 1146 of the Bankruptcy Code;

19 19. Hearing and determining all questions and disputes regarding title to the assets to
20 be administered pursuant to the Plan, and the validity and/or priority of any liens or Secured
21 Claims against those assets;

22 20. Hearing and determining all questions and disputes as to whether the payment of
23 any Claim under the Plan should be subordinated to the payment of other Claims;

24 21. Approving compromises and settlements under Rule 9019 of the Bankruptcy Rules
25 to the extent required under or included in the Plan;

26 22. Hearing and determining such other matters as may be provided in the
27 Confirmation Order or as may be authorized under, or not inconsistent with, provisions of the
28 Bankruptcy Code;

23. Hearing and determining any matter relating the administration of the Estates by the Post-Effective Date Entities; and

24. Entering Final Decrees closing each of the Chapter 11 Cases.

E. Binding Effect.

The rights, benefits and obligations of any Entity or Person named or referred to in the Plan are binding on, and will inure to the benefit of, any permitted heirs, executors, administrators, successors or assigns of such Entity or Person.

F. Amendment, Modification And Severability.

1. The Plan may be amended or modified before the Effective Date by the Debtors, with consent of the Committees, to the extent provided by section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code.

2. The Debtors reserve the right to modify or amend the Plan upon a determination by the Court that the Plan, as it is currently drafted, is not confirmable pursuant to section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code. To the extent such a modification or amendment is permissible under section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtors reserve the right to sever any provisions of the Plan that the Court finds objectionable.

3. Any modification of the USACM Trust by the beneficiaries thereof in accordance with the provisions of the USACM Trust Agreement shall not constitute a modification of the Plan under section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code.

4. Any modification to the Estate of the Post-Effective Date DTDF in accordance with the DTDF Amended Operating Agreement shall not constitute a modification of the Plan under section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code.

G. Exhibits.

Any Exhibits to the Plan not Filed herewith will be Filed no later than ten (10) days prior to the commencement of the Confirmation Hearing. The Exhibits will not be served with the Plan, but rather copies of all such Exhibits will be available upon written request to the Debtors' counsel.

H. No Admission.

Except as specifically provided in the Plan, nothing contained in the Plan shall be deemed or construed in any way as an admission by the Debtors or the Estates with respect to any matter set forth in the Plan, including the amount or allowability of any Claim, or the value of any property of the Estates.

I. 1146(c) Exemption.

In accordance with section 1146(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, the making delivery, filing or recording of any mortgages, deeds of trust, leasehold mortgages, leases (whether recorded or unrecorded) and/or the various instruments and documents of transfer as specified in or contemplated by the Plan, including the documents related to the Asset Sale Transaction and/or the exhibits thereto, are hereby exempt from taxation under any law imposing a recording tax, stamp tax, transfer tax, or any similar tax. The appropriate state or local government officers are hereby directed to accept for filing or recording all Instruments of Transfer or other documents of transfer to be filed and recorded in accordance with the Plan and the exhibits thereto, without payment of any such tax or government assessment, and without the presentation of any affidavits, instruments, or returns otherwise required for recording other than the Confirmation Order. The Court retains jurisdiction to enforce the foregoing direction by contempt proceedings or otherwise.

J. General Authority.

The Debtors, the Committees, and the Post-Effective Date Entities shall execute such documents, and take such other actions, as are necessary to effectuate the transactions provided for in the Plan.

K. Dissolution Of Committees.

On the Effective Date, except as provided below, the Committees shall be disbanded and their members shall be released and discharged from all rights and duties arising from, or related to, the Chapter 11 Cases. The USACM Committee and the DTDF Committee will not dissolve unless and until the USACM Trustee and the DTDF Administrator are appointed and are authorized to act. The FTDF Committee will dissolve on the Effective Date, unless the FTDF Committee is charged with prosecuting objections to Claims or any of the non-assignable FTDF

1 Litigation Claims on behalf of the FTDF Estate as provided pursuant to the compromise between
2 DTDF and FTDF.

3 **L. Post-Effective Date Debtors.**

4 **1. USACM.**

5 USACM shall have authority to take actions on behalf of USACM and the USACM Estate
6 on and after the Effective Date until the date that the USACM Trustee is appointed for the
7 USACM Trust. After the USACM Trust Assets are transferred to the USACM Trust and the
8 USACM Trust becomes effective in accordance with this Plan and the USACM Trust Agreement,
9 USACM shall be dissolved in accordance with the Confirmation Order and applicable state law.

10 **2. DTDF.**

11 On the Effective Date, Post-Effective Date DTDF shall have the exclusive authority to act
12 on behalf of DTDF and the DTDF Estate. When the Plan has been fully implemented by Post-
13 Effective Date DTDF and all assets of the DTDF Estate and Post-Effective Date DTDF have been
14 fully liquidated and distributed and the DTDF Estate and Post-Effective Date DTDF fully
15 administered, DTDF shall be dissolved in accordance with the Confirmation Order, the DTDF
16 Amended Operating Agreement and applicable state law.

17 **3. FTDF, USA Realty And USA Securities.**

18 FTDF, USA Realty, and USA Securities shall have the authority to effect all transactions
19 and take all actions required by the Plan on and after the Effective Date. FTDF and the FTDF
20 Committee shall each have authority to prosecute (a) claim objections in the FTDF Estate, and (b)
21 the non assignable FTDF Litigation Claims on behalf of FTDF subject to the compromise with
22 DTDF set forth herein. After the actions set forth in this paragraph are completed, FTDF, USA
23 Realty, and USA Securities shall be dissolved in accordance with the Confirmation Order and
24 applicable state law.

25 **M. Binding Effect.**

26 The Plan and all rights, duties and obligations thereunder shall be binding upon and inure
27 to the benefit of the Debtors, the Committees, the Post-Effective Date Entities, Direct Lenders,
28 holders of Claims, holders of Equity Interests, and their respective successors and assigns.

N. Governing Law.

Unless a rule of law or procedure is supplied by federal law (including the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rules), or by an express choice of law provision in any agreement, contract, document, or instrument provided for or executed in connection with the Plan, the rights and obligations arising under the Plan and any agreement, contract, document, or instrument provided for or executed in connection with the Plan, shall be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with, the laws of the State of Nevada, without giving effect to the principles of conflict of laws thereof.

O. Payment Dates.

Whenever any action, including any payment, distribution, or Filing of any objection, motion, or proof of Claim or Equity Interest is required to be made under the Plan on a day other than a Business Day, such payment, distribution, or filing shall instead be made, without interest, on the immediately following Business Day.

P. Headings.

The headings used in the Plan are inserted for convenience only and neither constitute a portion of the Plan nor in any manner affect the construction of the provisions of the Plan.

Q. No Waiver.

The failure of the Debtors or any other Entity to object to any Claim or Equity Interest for purposes of voting shall not be deemed a waiver of the Debtors' or the Post-Effective Date Entities' right to object to or examine such Claim or Equity Interest, in whole or in part.

R. Other Documents And Actions.

The Post-Effective Date Entities may execute such other documents and take such other actions as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate the transactions contemplated under this Plan.

S. Severability Of Plan Provisions.

If, prior to the Confirmation Date, any term or provision of this Plan is held by the Court to be illegal, impermissible, invalid, void or unenforceable, or otherwise to constitute grounds for denying confirmation of this Plan, the Court shall, with the consent of the Debtors and the

Committees, have the power to interpret, modify or delete such term or provision (or portions thereof) to make it valid or enforceable to the maximum extent practicable, consistent with the original purpose of the term or provision held to be invalid, void or unenforceable, and such term or provision shall then be operative as interpreted, modified or deleted. Notwithstanding any such interpretation, modification or deletion, the remainder of the terms and provisions of this Plan shall in no way be affected, impaired or invalidated by such interpretation, modification or deletion.

T. Post-Confirmation Status Report.

Within ninety (90) days of the Effective Date, the Debtors or a post-Effective Date Entity or the FTDF Committee, to the extent applicable, shall File a status report for each of the relevant Debtors setting forth what progress has been made toward the consummation of the confirmed Plan. The status report shall be served on the U.S. Trustee, the Debtors, prior to dissolution or transition to the Post-Effective Date Entities, the Post-Effective Date Entities, and any Entities who have Filed a request for such reports with the Court. Unless otherwise ordered, further status reports shall be Filed every ninety (90) days and served on the same Entities. On or after the Effective Date, no monthly operating reports need to be filed with the U. S. Trustee.

U. Final Decree.

Once each Estate has been fully administered, as referred to in Bankruptcy Rule 3022, the Post-Effective Date Entities, the Debtors, or another party, as the Court shall designate in the Confirmation Order, shall File a final report and account of all receipts and disbursements, and serve that report on the U.S. Trustee, and any other Entities entitled to service under any applicable law. Any such final report shall include a request that the Court enter a Final Decree in the Chapter 11 Case of the applicable Debtor.

V. Revocation, Withdrawal, Cram-Down Or Non-Consummation.

The Debtors reserve the right to revoke or withdraw the Plan at any time prior to the Confirmation Date and to file subsequent plans of reorganization. If the Debtors revoke or withdraw the Plan, or if Confirmation or consummation does not occur, then (1) the Plan shall be null and void in all respects, (2) any settlement or compromise embodied in the Plan (including the

fixing or limiting to an amount certain any Claim or Equity Interest or Class of Claims or Equity Interests), rejection or assumption of any executory contracts or unexpired leases affected by the Plan, and any document or agreement executed pursuant to the Plan shall be deemed null and void, and (3) nothing contained in the Plan, and no acts taken in preparation for consummation of the Plan, shall (A) constitute or be deemed to constitute a waiver or release of any Claims by or against, or any Equity Interests in, any Debtor or any other Entity, (B) prejudice in any manner the rights of the Debtors or any Entity in any further proceedings involving the Debtors, or (C) constitute an admission of any sort by the Debtors or any other Entity.

The Debtors reserve any and all rights they may have under section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, notwithstanding any rejection of the Plan by any Class of Claims or Equity Interests. Additionally, the Debtors reserve their right to seek Confirmation of the Plan in fewer than all of these Chapter 11 Cases. In other words, if the Bankruptcy Court determines that a cram-down of the Plan pursuant to section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code is legally impermissible in regard to a particular Debtor and its Estate, then the Debtors will withdraw the Plan in regard to that particular Debtor, its Estate and its Chapter 11 Case and the Debtors may then proceed to seek Confirmation of the Plan in those Chapter 11 Cases herein in which the cram-down provisions of section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code may validly be exercised.

W. Notice To Certain Parties.

All notices and documents to be effective for the following parties shall be in writing (including by facsimile transmission) and, unless otherwise expressly provided herein, shall be deemed to have been duly given or made when actually delivered or, in the case of notice by facsimile transmission, when received and telephonically confirmed, addressed as follows:

1. The Debtors:
 Annette W. Jarvis, Esq.
 Steven C. Strong, Esq.
 Ray Quinney & Nebeker P.C.
 36 South State Street, Suite 1400
 P.O. Box 45385
 Salt Lake City, Utah 84145-0385
 Facsimile: (801) 532-7543
 Email: ajarvis@rqn.com

SCHWARTZER & MCPHERSON LAW FIRM
2850 South Jones Boulevard, Suite 1
Las Vegas, Nevada 89146-5308
Tel: (702) 228-7590 · Fax: (702) 892-0122

- 1 Email: sstrong@rqn.com
2 and
3 Lenard E. Schwartzter, Esq.
4 Jeanette E. McPherson, Esq.
5 Schwartzter & McPherson Law Firm
6 2850 South Jones Boulevard, Suite 1
7 Las Vegas, Nevada 89146-5308
8 Facsimile: (702) 892-0122
9 E-Mail: bkfilings@s-mlaw.com
10
11 2. SPCP Group, LLC
12 Michael Gatto
13 Silver Point Capital
14 Two Greenwich Plaza, 1st Floor
15 Greenwich, CT 06830
16 Facsimile: (203) 542-4100
17 and
18 James C. McCarroll, Esq.
19 Reed Smith, LLP
20 New York, NY 10022
21 Facsimile: (212) 521-5450
22
23 3. Direct Lender Committee
24 Gerald M. Gordon, Esq.
25 Gregory E. Garman, Esq.
26 Gordon & Silver, Ltd.
27 3960 Howard Hughes Pkwy., Ninth Floor
28 Las Vegas, NV 89169
Facsimile: (702) 369-2666
Email: gmg@gordonsilver.com
Email: geg@gordonsilver.com
4. DTDF Committee
Marc A. Levinson, Esq.
Orrick Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP
400 Capital Mall, Suite 3000
Sacramento, CA 95814-4497
Facsimile: (916) 329-4900
Email: malevinson@orrick.com
5. FTDF Committee
Frank A. Merola, Esq.
Eve H. Karasik, Esq.
Stutman, Treister & Glatt, P.C.
1901 Avenue of the Stars, 12th Floor
Los Angeles, CA 90067
Facsimile: (310) 228-5788
Email: fmerola@stutman.com

Email: ekarasik@stutman.com

6. USACM Committee
Rob Charles, Esq.
Lewis and Roca, LLP
3993 Howard Hughes Pkwy., Suite 600
Las Vegas, NV 89169
Facsimile: (702) 949-8321
Email: rcharles@lrlaw.com

IX.

REQUEST FOR CONFIRMATION

The Debtors hereby request that the Court confirm the Plan pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a), or, if necessary, pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1129(b).

Dated: November 15, 2006.

THE DEBTORS:

USA Commercial Mortgage Company
USA Securities, LLC
USA Capital Realty Advisors, LLC
USA Capital Diversified Trust Deed Fund, LLC
USA First Trust Deed Fund, LLC



By: _____
Thomas J. Allison
Chief Restructuring Officer

Respectfully submitted this 15th day of November, 2006.

/s/ Jeanette E. McPherson

Lenard E. Schwartzer, Nevada Bar No. 0399
Jeanette E. McPherson, Nevada Bar No. 5423
SCHWARTZER & MCPHERSON LAW FIRM
2850 South Jones Boulevard, Suite 1
Las Vegas, Nevada 89146
and
Annette W. Jarvis, Utah Bar No. 1649
RAY QUINNEY & NEBEKER P.C.
36 South State Street, Suite 1400
P.O. Box 45385
Salt Lake City, Utah 84145-0385

SCHWARTZER & MCPHERSON LAW FIRM
2850 South Jones Boulevard, Suite 1
Las Vegas, Nevada 89146-5308
Tel: (702) 228-7590 · Fax: (702) 892-0122

EXHIBIT "A"

**REVISED FIRST AMENDED AND RESTATED
ASSET PURCHASE AGREEMENT**

dated as of

November 7, 2006

to the

ASSET PURCHASE AGREEMENT

dated

October 19, 2006

by and among

USA COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE COMPANY,

and

USA CAPITAL FIRST TRUST DEED FUND, LLC

("Sellers")

and

USA CAPITAL DIVERSIFIED TRUST DEED FUND, LLC,

USA CAPITAL REALTY ADVISORS, LLC,

and

USA SECURITIES, LLC

("Acknowledging Parties")

and

SPCP GROUP, LLC

("Purchaser")

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EXHIBITS

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SCHEDULE 1	LOAN SCHEDULE
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SCHEDULE 3.3	USACM ASSET LITIGATION SCHEDULE
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SCHEDULE 3.A3	FTDF LITIGATION SCHEDULE
SCHEDULE 4	95% LIST
SCHEDULE 5	85% LIST
SCHEDULE 6	80% LIST
SCHEDULE 7	65% LIST

**FIRST AMENDED AND RESTATED
ASSET PURCHASE AGREEMENT**

THIS REVISED FIRST AMENDED AND RESTATED ASSET PURCHASE AGREEMENT (the "Agreement") dated and effective as of this 7th day of November, 2006 to the ASSET PURCHASE AGREEMENT dated October 19, 2006 by and between USA COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE COMPANY ("USACM") and USA CAPITAL FIRST TRUST DEED FUND, LLC ("FTDF" and collectively with USACM, the "Sellers") and USA CAPITAL DIVERSIFIED TRUST DEED FUND, LLC, USA CAPITAL REALTY ADVISORS, LLC and USA SECURITIES, LLC (the "Acknowledging Parties") and SPCP GROUP, LLC and its affiliates and designees (collectively, the "Purchaser").

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, Sellers and certain non-seller affiliates and subsidiaries have filed voluntary petitions for reorganization pursuant to chapter 11 of title 11 of the United States Code, 11 U.S.C. § 101, et seq. (the "Bankruptcy Code") with the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Nevada (the "Bankruptcy Court"), jointly administered as Case No. BK-S-06-10725 LBR (the "Bankruptcy Case"), and shall seek the entry of an order by the Bankruptcy Court authorizing and approving this Agreement and its consummation as provided in the Plan (as defined herein).

WHEREAS, FTDF desires to sell, and Purchaser desires to purchase, pursuant to the terms hereof, FTDF's interest in certain commercial loans as set forth herein and detailed on the schedules attached hereto.

WHEREAS, USACM desires to sell, and Purchaser desires to purchase, pursuant to the terms hereof, USACM's interest in certain servicing agreements and related contracts for all of the serviced loans as detailed on the schedules attached hereto.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants made herein and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto hereby agree as follows:

**ARTICLE I
DEFINITIONS**

Section 1.1 Definitions. As used in this Agreement, the following terms shall have the meanings specified below.

"Accrued Servicing Fees" means all servicing fees and servicer advances accrued, but unpaid, as of the Closing Date.

"Assets" means, collectively, all First Trust Deed Fund Assets listed on Schedule 1 and the Commercial Mortgage Assets listed on Schedule 2, together with the Personal Property.

"Auction" means the auction scheduled by the Bankruptcy Court in connection with the Bid Procedures Motion.

"Bankruptcy Code" means Title I of the Bankruptcy Reform Act of 1978, as amended, set forth in sections 101 et seq. of title 11 of the United States Code.

"Bid Procedures Motion" means a motion filed by the Debtors on or about September 22, 2006, seeking Bankruptcy Court approval of certain bidding procedures on terms that are acceptable to Purchaser.

"Borrower" means any obligor under a Loan.

"Break-Up Fee" means an amount equal to \$ 1,500,000.00, less the amount of any Expense Reimbursement actually paid to Purchaser.

"Break-Up Fee Order" means the order entered by the Bankruptcy Court granting the Bid Procedures Motion and approving the Break-Up Fee and the Expense Reimbursement, in form and substance acceptable to Purchaser and Sellers.

"Business Day" means a day other than Saturday, Sunday or any day on which banks located in the State of Nevada are authorized or obligated to close.

"Closing" means the closing of the purchase and sale of the Assets on the Closing Date pursuant to the Sale Approval Order, and transfer of each of the Assets to Purchaser consistent with the terms hereof.

"Closing Date" means that date on which the Sale Approval Order becomes a Final Order, and each of the Assets actually is transferred to Purchaser consistent with the terms hereof, provided that in no event shall the Closing Date be later than the Outside Approval Date.

"Commercial Mortgage" means USA Commercial Mortgage Company.

"Commercial Mortgage Assets" means all Servicing Agreements and Personal Property for all of the Serviced Loans set forth in the Serviced Loan Schedule. Commercial Mortgage Assets excludes any other assets not specifically identified herein, including, (i) USACM's rights (including indemnification, insurance rights and claims and avoidance actions), claims and recoveries against third parties arising out of, or relating to, events prior to the Closing Date with respect to Commercial Mortgage Assets or arising at any time with respect to assets which are not Commercial Mortgage Assets, (ii) all cash, accounts receivable, interests in promissory notes which are not Notes, tax refunds and other similar assets and (iii) tangible or intangible assets of USACM.

"Commercial Mortgage Price" shall have the meaning ascribed to it in Section 2.2(b) hereof.

"Committees" means, collectively, all of the official committees of creditors or interest holders appointed to serve in the Bankruptcy Case.

"Cut-off Date" means July 31, 2006.

"Debtors" means the Sellers and the Acknowledging Parties that have filed for chapter 11 bankruptcy relief in the Bankruptcy Case.

"Debtors' Agreed Allocation" means the allocation of the Total Asset Purchase Price into components, as more fully described in Section 2.2 hereof, such being provided at Sellers' request, without Purchaser expressing any opinion with regard to its accuracy, propriety or reasonableness.

"Deposit" means the \$2,325,000 deposit submitted by the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.5 hereof.

"Due Diligence Completion Date" means October 19, 2006, the date that Purchaser completed its final due diligence pursuant to Section 2.7 hereof and executed the Asset Purchase Agreement.

"Expense Reimbursement" means an amount up to \$500,000 on account of amounts incurred by Purchaser as actual, documented, out-of-pocket expenses in connection with the negotiation, preparation, execution, delivery and attempted performance of this Agreement and the matters contemplated hereby.

"Final Order" means an order or a judgment entered by a court of competent jurisdiction (x) that has not been reversed, stayed, modified or amended, (y) as to which no appeal or petition for review or motion for rehearing or reargument has been taken or has been made, and (z) as to which the time for filing a notice of appeal, a petition for review or a motion for reargument or rehearing has expired.

"First Trust Deed Fund" means USA Capital First Trust Deed Fund, LLC.

"First Trust Deed Fund Assets" means that portion of the Loans owned by First Trust Deed Fund that are set forth in the Loan Schedule, together with FTDF's interest in the Loan Documents, and proceeds of the Loans that would otherwise be payable to FTDF except as otherwise expressly stated herein. First Trust Deed Fund Assets exclude any other assets not specifically identified herein as First Trust Deed Fund Assets, including, without limitation, (i) FTDF's rights (including indemnification, insurance rights and claims and avoidance actions), claims and recoveries against third parties arising out of, or relating to, events prior to the Closing Date with respect to any First Trust Deed Fund Asset (other than rights in connection with enforcement of any Mortgage or Servicing Agreement) or arising at any time with respect to assets which are not First Trust Deed Fund Assets, (ii) all books and records related to assets other than First Trust Deed Fund Assets, (iii) all cash, accounts receivable, tax refunds and other similar assets and (iv) tangible or intangible assets of FTDF.

"First Trust Deed Fund Price" shall have the meaning ascribed to it in Section 2.2(a) hereof.

"FTDF Principal Balance" shall mean the amount designated as "CFT Ownership Principal Balance" set forth on Schedule 1, which represents that amount of the principal balance of the Loan that First Trust Deed Fund owns.

"Debtors" means the Sellers and the Acknowledging Parties that have filed for chapter 11 bankruptcy relief in the Bankruptcy Case.

"Debtors' Agreed Allocation" means the allocation of the Total Asset Purchase Price into components, as more fully described in Section 2.2 hereof, such being provided at Sellers' request, without Purchaser expressing any opinion with regard to its accuracy, propriety or reasonableness.

"Deposit" means the \$2,325,000 deposit submitted by the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.5 hereof.

"Due Diligence Completion Date" means October 19, 2006, the date that Purchaser completed its final due diligence pursuant to Section 2.7 hereof and executed the Asset Purchase Agreement.

"Expense Reimbursement" means an amount up to \$500,000 on account of amounts incurred by Purchaser as actual, documented, out-of-pocket expenses in connection with the negotiation, preparation, execution, delivery and attempted performance of this Agreement and the matters contemplated hereby.

"Final Order" means an order or a judgment entered by a court of competent jurisdiction (x) that has not been reversed, stayed, modified or amended, (y) as to which no appeal or petition for review or motion for rehearing or reargument has been taken or has been made, and (z) as to which the time for filing a notice of appeal, a petition for review or a motion for reargument or rehearing has expired.

"First Trust Deed Fund" means USA Capital First Trust Deed Fund, LLC.

"First Trust Deed Fund Assets" means that portion of the Loans owned by First Trust Deed Fund that are set forth in the Loan Schedule, together with FTDF's interest in the Loan Documents, and proceeds of the Loans that would otherwise be payable to FTDF except as otherwise expressly stated herein. First Trust Deed Fund Assets exclude any other assets not specifically identified herein as First Trust Deed Fund Assets, including, without limitation, (i) FTDF's rights (including indemnification, insurance rights and claims and avoidance actions), claims and recoveries against third parties arising out of, or relating to, events prior to the Closing Date with respect to any First Trust Deed Fund Asset (other than rights in connection with enforcement of any Mortgage or Servicing Agreement) or arising at any time with respect to assets which are not First Trust Deed Fund Assets, (ii) all books and records related to assets other than First Trust Deed Fund Assets, (iii) all cash, accounts receivable, tax refunds and other similar assets and (iv) tangible or intangible assets of FTDF.

"First Trust Deed Fund Price" shall have the meaning ascribed to it in Section 2.2(a) hereof.

"FTDF Principal Balance" shall mean the amount designated as "CFT Ownership Principal Balance" set forth on Schedule 1, which represents that amount of the principal balance of the Loan that First Trust Deed Fund owns.

“FTDF Principal Balance Deficiency” shall mean the amount that the FTDF Principal Balance as of the Cut-Off Date is less than the amount indicated in Schedule 1, as determined pursuant to section 9.1(c) on or before the Closing Date.

“FTDF Principal Balance Surplus” shall mean the amount that the FTDF Principal Balance as of the Cut-Off Date is more than the amount indicated in Schedule 1, as determined pursuant to section 9.1(c) on or before the Closing Date.

“General Asset MAC” shall have the meaning ascribed to it in Section 9.1(h).

“General Service Agreement MAC” shall have the meaning ascribed to it in Section 9.1(h).

“Individual Asset MAC” shall have the meaning ascribed to it in Section 9.1(i).

“Insider” shall have the meaning set forth in section 101(31) of the Bankruptcy Code, plus, to the extent not already covered by section 101(31), shall also include Joseph Milanowski, Thomas Hantges, Paul Hamilton, and USA Investment Partners, LLC (collectively the “USAIP Parties”) and any “affiliate” of the Debtors or the USAIP Parties. The term “affiliate” as referenced in section 101(31) and as used in this definition shall have the meaning set forth in section 101(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, plus, to the extent not already covered by section 101(2), shall also include any and all closely held private entities owned in whole or in part or controlled by the Debtors or any of the Debtors' Insiders. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, no borrower shall be deemed to be an Insider for purposes of Purchaser's enforcement of any of the Serviced Loans or the Loans.

“Late Charges” means all late charges and default interest due, but unpaid, from Borrowers as of the Closing Date.

“Lenders” means those certain direct investors holding the unpaid principal balances and accrued interest balances, as confirmed pursuant to the terms hereof and the Plan, in the Loans.

“Liabilities” means claims, liabilities and obligations of every nature or kind, whether accrued, absolute, contingent or otherwise and whether asserted or unasserted, known or unknown and whether due or to become due.

“Lien” means any lien, claim, mortgage, security interest, pledge, charge, easement, servitude or other encumbrance of any kind, including any of the foregoing, arising under any conditional sales or other title retention agreement.

“Litigation” means a court action, an administrative or regulatory action or an arbitration proceeding involving USACM or FTDF, as applicable, excluding actions related to enforcement of the Loans and bankruptcy actions.

“Loan” means all of FTDF's interests in the commercial loans listed in the Loan Schedule.

“Loan Documents” means FTDF’s or USACM’s interests in all agreements and documents evidencing or securing the Loans including, but not limited to, the Mortgages and Mortgage Notes.

“Loan Schedule” means the schedule of Loans attached hereto as Schedule 1.

“Minimum Incremental Overbid” has the meaning ascribed to it in the Bid Procedures Motion.

“Mortgage” means the mortgage, deed of trust, deed to secure debt or similar instrument creating a lien on the related Mortgaged Property as security for the Loans.

“Mortgage Note” means, with respect to the Loans, FTDF’s interest in any promissory note or notes evidencing any Loan transferred by FTDF hereunder.

“Mortgaged Property” means, with respect to each Loan, the real property and personal property that is subject to the lien of the related Mortgage.

“Net Adjustment 5” the product of (i) the Net FTDF Principal Balance Surplus if any of Schedule 4 Loans and (ii) the quotient of (a) the Net FTDF Principal Balance Deficiency of Schedule 5 Loans and (b) the sum of each of the Net FTDF Principal Balance Deficiencies (if any) of the Schedule 5, 6 and 7 Loans.

“Net Adjustment 6” the product of (i) the Net FTDF Principal Balance Surplus if any of Schedule 4 Loans and (ii) the quotient of (a) the Net FTDF Principal Balance Deficiency of Schedule 6 Loans and (b) the sum of each of the Net FTDF Principal Balance Deficiencies (if any) of Schedule 5, 6 and 7 Loans plus the product of (i) the Net FTDF Principal Balance Surplus if any of Schedule 5 Loans and (ii) the quotient of the (c) Net FTDF Principal Balance Deficiency of Schedule 6 Loans and (d) the sum of each of the Net FTDF Principal Balance Deficiencies (if any) of Schedule 6 and 7 Loans.

“Net Adjustment 7” the product of (i) the Net FTDF Principal Balance Surplus if any of the Schedule 4 Loans and (ii) the quotient of (a) the Net FTDF Principal Balance Deficiency of the Schedule 7 Loans and (b) the sum of each of the Net FTDF Principal Balance Deficiencies (if any) of the Schedule 5, 6 and 7 Loans plus the product of (ii) the Net FTDF Principal Balance Surplus if any of Schedule 5 Loans and (iii) the quotient of (c) the Net FTDF Principal Balance Deficiency of the Schedule 7 Loans and (d) the sum of each of the Net FTDF Principal Balance Deficiencies (if any) of Schedule 6 and 7 Loans plus the Net FTDF Principal Balance Surplus if any of Schedule 6 Loans.

“Net FTDF Principal Balance Deficiency” means the aggregate difference between the FTDF Principal Balance Surplus of a set of Loans and the FTDF Principal Balance Deficiency of the same set of Loans if such difference is negative.

“Net FTDF Principal Balance Surplus” means the aggregate difference between the FTDF Principal Balance Surplus of a set of Loans and the FTDF Principal Balance Deficiency of the same set of Loans if such difference is positive.

“Offer Letter” means the letter of intent between the Sellers and the Purchaser dated September 11, 2006.

“Offer Letter Acceptance Date” means September 12, 2006.

“Outside Approval Date” means the date that is 120 days after the Due Diligence Completion Date.

“Person” means an individual, corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or unincorporated organization or a federal, state, city, municipal or foreign government or an agency or political subdivision thereof.

“Personal Property” means those personal property assets of USACM necessary for enforcement of the Servicing Agreements, including, without limitation, all books and records of USACM related to the Loans, all servicing and investor records, databases, servicing and reporting software, and such reasonable assistance with operating and maximizing the efficiency of management of the foregoing as may be requested by the Purchaser, mutually agreed upon with the USACM before the Closing Date; provided, however, that only working copies of the relevant databases, and servicing and reporting software, will be delivered to Purchaser, with the originals being retained by USACM.

“Plan” means the Debtors’ Second Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization, which is deemed to be mutually acceptable to the Debtors and Purchaser, provided that it is, and remains through confirmation thereof, consistent in all respects with the provisions of this Agreement, as such may be modified through further negotiations between the parties hereto.

“Sale Approval Order” means an order entered by the Bankruptcy Court approving the sale of the Assets pursuant to Section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code, which is presently contemplated to be the Order confirming the Plan.

“Schedule 4 Loans” means those Loans listed on Schedule 4.

“Schedule 5 Loans” means those Loans listed on Schedule 5.

“Schedule 6 Loans” means those Loans listed on Schedule 6.

“Schedule 7 Loans” means those Loans listed on Schedule 7.

“Schedule Value 4” means for a Loan listed on Schedule 4, 95%.

“Schedule Value 5” means for a Loan listed on Schedule 5, 85%.

“Schedule Value 6” means for a Loan listed on schedule 6, 80%.

"Schedule Value 7" means for a Loan listed on Schedule 7, 65%.

"Servicing Agreement" means those servicing agreements for all of the Serviced Loans, including, without limitation, the Loans.

"Serviced Loan" means any loan that is the subject of a Servicing Agreement.

"Serviced Loan Schedule" means the schedule of Serviced Loans that are the subject of Servicing Agreements attached hereto as Schedule 2 and including the Loans.

"Success Fee" means all exit fees, extension fees, deferred origination fees and other fees due to Commercial Mortgage pursuant to and as defined in the current documentation and agreements relating to each of the Serviced Loans whether accrued before or accruing after the Closing Date.

"Total Asset Purchase Price" means the sum of the First Trust Deed Fund Price and the Commercial Mortgage Price, subject to any applicable adjustments pursuant to Sections 2.3 and 9.1(i) hereto, and as the same may be finally determined as a result of the Auction.

Section 1.2 Other Definitional and Interpretive Matters.

(a) Unless otherwise expressly provided, for purposes of this Agreement, the following rules of interpretation shall apply:

Calculation of Time Period. When calculating the period of time before which, within which or following which any act is to be done or step taken pursuant to this Agreement, the date that is the reference date in calculating such period shall be excluded. If the last day of such period is a non-Business Day, the period in question shall end on the next succeeding Business Day.

Dollars. Any reference in this Agreement to \$ shall mean U.S. dollars.

Exhibits/Schedules. The Exhibits and Schedules to this Agreement are hereby incorporated and made a part hereof and are an integral part of this Agreement. All Exhibits and Schedules annexed hereto or referred to herein are hereby incorporated in and made a part of this Agreement as if set forth in full herein. Any matter or item disclosed on one Schedule shall be deemed to have been disclosed on each other Schedule. Any capitalized terms used in any Schedule or Exhibit but not otherwise defined therein shall be defined as set forth in this Agreement. The Exhibits and/or Schedules shall not be amended following the Due Diligence Completion Date, except pursuant to the terms hereof.

Gender and Number. Any reference in this Agreement to gender shall include all genders, and words imparting the singular number only shall include the plural and vice versa.

Headings. The provision of a Table of Contents, the division of this Agreement into Articles, Sections, and other subdivisions and the insertion of headings are for convenience of reference only and shall not affect or be utilized in construing or interpreting this Agreement.

All references in this Agreement to any "Section" are to the corresponding Section of this Agreement unless otherwise specified.

Herein. The words such as "herein," "hereinafter," "hereof," and "hereunder" refer to this Agreement as a whole and not merely to a subdivision in which such words appear unless the context otherwise requires.

Including. The word "including" or any variation thereof means "including, without limitation" and shall not be construed to limit any general statement that it follows to the specific or similar items or matters immediately following it.

(b) The parties hereto have participated jointly in the negotiation and drafting of this Agreement and, in the event an ambiguity, question of intent, or interpretation arises, this Agreement shall be construed as jointly drafted by the parties hereto and no presumption or burden of proof shall arise favoring or disfavoring any party by virtue of the authorship of any provision of this Agreement.

Knowledge. With respect to references to the knowledge, including the qualification of any statement in this Agreement by the word known (as used in any statement in Article III or Article IIIA) or the phrase "to the knowledge of the Sellers" "to Sellers' knowledge," or by any other variant thereof, the Sellers shall be deemed to have knowledge of a matter if the Chief Restructuring Officer, Mr. Thomas Allison, in his capacity as President and Chief Restructuring Officer, or Mesirow Financial Interim Management, LLC., solely in its capacity as the restructuring consultant, has actual knowledge of the matter or was in possession of documentation indicative of any such matter. Notwithstanding anything contrary in this Agreement, neither the Thomas Allison, in his capacity as President and Chief Restructuring Officer of the Debtors, Thomas Allison, in his personal capacity, nor Mesirow Financial, Mesirow Financial Interim Management, LLC, Mesirow Financial Consulting, LLC or their respective affiliates, officers, directors, members, shareholders, employees, representatives or agents shall have any liability, personal or otherwise, relating to or arising from this Agreement, including, without limitation, any obligations of the Debtors under the Agreement, any statements in the Agreement, the statements in Articles III and IIIA of the Agreement, the Expense Reimbursement or the Break-Up Fee. Any and all such liabilities relating to or arising from the Agreement shall be liabilities of the Debtors' bankruptcy estates and shall be solely the responsibility of the Debtors' bankruptcy estates.

ARTICLE II PURCHASE AND SALE OF LOANS AND SERVICING AGREEMENTS

Section 2.1 Purchase and Sale of Loans. Pursuant to this Agreement, Sellers hereby agree to sell, assign, transfer, convey and deliver to Purchaser, and Purchaser hereby agrees to purchase from Sellers, all of Sellers' right, title and interest in and to the Assets.

Section 2.2 Purchase Price. The Total Asset Purchase Price for the sale or transfer of the Assets shall be allocated according to the Debtors' Agreed Allocation as follows:

(a) First Trust Deed Fund Assets. The First Trust Deed Fund Assets for the cash consideration of \$46,000,000, as adjusted pursuant to Section 2.3 (the "First Trust Deed Fund Price"); plus

(b) Commercial Mortgage Assets. The Commercial Mortgage Assets, for the consideration of the sum of (i) following reimbursement to Purchaser of all amounts due under Section 7.2(a) hereof, 50% of the first \$1,000,000 collected by Purchaser as provided in Section 7.2(b) hereof (with such amount to be reduced by the ratio of the outstanding principal balance at closing of all Serviced Loans for which Servicing Agreements are excluded from this transfer by agreement among Purchaser and the Sellers, over the outstanding principal balance of all Serviced Loans for which Servicing Agreements are actually transferred); (ii) 50% of the first \$100,000 collected of default rate interest accrued on the First Trust Deed Fund Assets as of the Closing Date, plus (iii) the other payments and obligations set forth herein (collectively, the "Commercial Mortgage Price"). The Servicing Agreements shall be transferred to Purchaser (or its affiliate) in a manner mutually agreed upon between USACM and the Purchaser.

The Total Asset Purchase Price shall be valid only with regard to all Assets, as a whole, and is not separable to any extent. The foregoing allocations of the Total Asset Purchase Price may be adjusted at Sellers', or Purchaser's, discretion solely for Purchaser's purposes, provided that any adjustment will have no effect on the Total Asset Purchase Price or on the Debtors' Agreed Allocation, unless otherwise agreed to by the Debtors and each of the Committees.

Section 2.3 Adjustments to Purchase Price.

(a) The First Trust Deed Fund Price shall be further reduced by all payments of principal received by FTDF or any of the Sellers after the Cut-Off Date to the extent any such principal payments are related to the First Trust Deed Fund Assets in accordance with the following schedule:

(i) For a Loan listed on Schedule 4, 95% of any principal payments received by FTDF or any of the Sellers as to First Trust Deed Fund Assets after the Cut-Off Date;

(ii) For a Loan listed on Schedule 5, 85% of any principal payments received by FTDF or any of the Sellers as to First Trust Deed Fund Assets after the Cut-Off Date;

(iii) For a Loan listed on Schedule 6, 80% of any principal payments received by FTDF or any of the Sellers as to First Trust Deed Fund Assets after the Cut-Off Date; and

(iv) For a Loan listed on Schedule 7, 65% of any principal payments received by FTDF or any of the Sellers as to First Trust Deed Fund Assets after the Cut-Off Date.

(b) At the Closing Date, if the aggregate FTDF Principal Balance Deficiency for Schedule 4 Loans is greater than the aggregate FTDF Principal Balance Surplus for Schedule

4 Loans, then the First Trust Deed Fund Price shall be further reduced in an amount equal to the amount of such positive difference multiplied by the Schedule Value 4.

(c) If there is a Net FTDF Principal Balance Deficiency of the Schedule 5 Loans, and if the sum of the Net FTDF Principal Deficiency of Schedule 5 Loans and Net Adjustment 5 is negative then the Purchase Price shall be reduced by such amount times Schedule Value 5.

(d) If there is a Net FTDF Principal Balance Deficiency of the Schedule 6 Loans, and if the sum of the Net FTDF Principal Deficiency of Schedule 6 Loans and Net Adjustment 6 is negative then the Purchase Price shall be reduced by such amount times Schedule Value 6.

(e) If there is a Net FTDF Principal Balance Deficiency of the Schedule 7 Loans, and if the sum of the Net FTDF Principal Deficiency of Schedule 7 Loans and Net Adjustment 7 is negative then the Purchase Price shall be reduced by such amount times Schedule Value 7.

(f) For the avoidance of doubt, the methodology of the calculations set forth in items in (d) - (e) is set forth in Schedule 2.3(f).

(g) The First Trust Deed Fund Price shall not be adjusted on account of, and Purchaser shall have no interest, in any payments collected before the Closing Date that are proceeds of the First Trust Deed Assets for interest that has accrued prior to the Closing Date. Purchaser shall receive and retain all accrued interest collected after the Closing Date that are proceeds of the First Trust Deed Assets including, without limitation, First Trust Deed Fund's accrued default rate interest.

(h) On or before the Closing Date, if Sellers deliver to Purchaser an endorsement from the existing title company for the Loan referred to as Gramercy Court Ltd. certifying that amounts advanced or to be advanced thereunder are prior and superior in interest to any and all other non-tax lienholders or claimants, including, but not limited to, Mountain West Mortgage LLC's Deed of Trust and Assignment of Leases and Rents recorded on March 11, 2004, then the First Trust Deed Fund Price shall be increased in the amount of \$250,000.00 ("Additional Price Adjustment").

Section 2.4 Payment of Purchase Price. Subject to the terms and provisions hereof, payment of the Total Asset Purchase Price is subject to the adjustments and/or credits set forth in this Agreement and shall be paid by Purchaser to Sellers on the Closing Date, by wire transfer, in immediately available funds.

Section 2.5 Deposit. Within one (1) business day of entry of the Break-Up Fee Order, Purchaser shall submit the Deposit to the Sellers pursuant to the Bid Procedures Motion. The Deposit shall be held by Sellers in a segregated interest bearing escrow account from the date of its submission to the Sellers with all interest payable to the Purchaser, provided,

however, if the Break Up Fee Order is reversed, or modified in any way, without Purchaser's consent, the Sellers shall immediately return the Deposit to the Purchaser.

Section 2.6 Closing Escrow.

(a) Sellers shall have deposited with a mutually acceptable escrow agent all documents and Personal Property required under this Agreement, including, without limitation, the following:

(i) any Personal Property in their possession, including, without limitation, copies of all loan servicing and/or investor reporting software and databases, including written documentation, programming code and business rules associated with each Loan and/or Lender;

(ii) all original Mortgage Notes, together with an allonge to such Mortgage Notes, endorsed to Purchaser or, if such originals are not available, appropriate affidavit(s) of loss with respect thereto;

(iii) the original recorded Mortgages with recording information endorsed thereon (or a copy certified by the appropriate public recording office);

(iv) original assignments to Purchaser of all right, title and interest of Seller in and to the Mortgages, Mortgage Notes, and all other Assets;

(v) all other original Loan Documents and if such originals are not available, at the request of Purchaser, appropriate affidavit(s) of lost original Loan Documents;

(vi) original assignments of the UCC financing statements from Sellers to Purchaser;

(vii) all appraisals, surveys, title reports, title insurance policies, commitments to issue title insurance policies, documents, correspondence, credit records, payment histories, insurance policies or certificates in Sellers' possession that pertains to the Assets;

(viii) all original Servicing Agreements and original powers of attorney executed by the Lenders in our possession; and

(ix) on or before the date of notices are to be transmitted pursuant to Section 9.1(c) hereof, a schedule of servicing fees due on each Serviced Loan, together with a detailed explanation regarding how such fees are calculated.

(b) Prior to the Auction Date, Sellers shall have deposited with a mutually acceptable escrow agent all Mortgages, Mortgage Notes (including allonges to such Mortgage Notes, endorsed to Purchaser) Loan Documents and Personal Property to be transferred under this Agreement. To the extent original Loan Documents are unavailable, Sellers shall execute appropriate affidavit(s) of lost original Loan Documents.

Section 2.7 Due Diligence. The Sellers shall provide Purchaser with reasonable access to Debtors' books, records and personnel. Purchaser will complete final due diligence no later than the date of the initial hearing on the Bid Procedures Motion (the "Due Diligence Completion Date"). All of Purchaser's obligations pursuant to this Agreement shall be subject to Purchaser's satisfaction with the results of such final due diligence. Final due diligence will include for each of the Assets, but will not be limited to: (i) confirmation of the performance and payment status of each Serviced Loan, and the performance and payment status of each Service Agreement, including non-Debtor contracting parties agreement; (ii) tax, title and UCC searches on all collateral; (iii) confirmation that the collateral appraised by Hilco Financial Services continues to be collateral with regard to each loan specified, in the same priority indicated in the Sellers' loan files, and that no liens have been released following the dates of applicable appraisals and title reports, except for loans paid in full before the Closing Date; and (iv) an environmental report with regard to each piece of real property that is in all respects satisfactory to Purchaser. The cost of such due diligence shall be borne by Purchaser, except to the extent that Purchaser is entitled to Expense Reimbursement, pursuant to the terms hereof. If at any time prior to the Due Diligence Completion Date, Purchaser determines that any Asset does not fully satisfy the foregoing criteria, Purchaser shall, at its option, either (a) proceed with the transaction at the then-existing Total Asset Purchase Price, or (b) rescind the Offer Letter, and be released from any further obligation to perform pursuant to this Agreement or the Plan, except as otherwise provided herein. This Agreement shall be executed upon the Due Diligence Completion Date, and if not executed, Purchaser will be deemed to have rescinded the Offer Letter. Execution of this Agreement by Purchaser on or before the Due Diligence Completion Date constitutes Purchaser's acknowledgement of the completion of final due diligence.

ARTICLE III STATEMENTS OF USACM

USACM, severally and not jointly, hereby makes the following closing condition statements to the Purchaser as follows:

Section 3.1 Due Incorporation. USACM is duly organized, and validly existing under the laws of its state of formation. USACM has a provisional, limited license to conduct all activities performed with respect to the servicing of the Serviced Loans.

Section 3.2 Authority and Capacity. Subject to obtaining Bankruptcy Court approval pursuant to the Sale Approval Order and/or confirmed Plan, USACM has all requisite corporate power, authority and capacity to enter into this Agreement and to perform the obligations hereunder. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, subject to obtaining the Sale Approval Order, the execution and delivery of this Agreement, and any related agreements or instruments, and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby, each has been duly and validly authorized by all necessary action, and this Agreement and any related agreements or instruments each constitute a valid and legally binding agreement of USACM enforceable in accordance with its or their terms.

Section 3.3 Litigation. Except for adversary proceedings and other matters pending in the Bankruptcy Court and as set forth on Schedule 3.3, to the knowledge of USACM, there is no Litigation pending or threatened, nor is there any order, injunction or decree outstanding against or relating to USACM, which could have a material adverse effect upon any of the Assets or materially impair the ability of USACM to perform their obligations hereunder, nor does USACM know of any material basis for any such litigation, proceeding, claim or demand or governmental investigation. To USACM's knowledge, USACM is not in default in any material respect with regard to any order of any court, governmental authority or arbitration board or tribunal to which USACM is a party or is subject, and USACM is not in violation of any laws, ordinances, governmental rules or regulations to which it is subject, which such default or violation might materially and adversely affect any of the Loans.

Section 3.4 Statements Regarding the Assets. With respect to the Commercial Mortgage Assets, USACM hereby makes the following closing condition statements to the Purchaser as follows:

(a) Subject to Bankruptcy Court approval pursuant to the Sale Approval Order and/or confirmed Plan, USACM has the legal right and authority to sell, convey and transfer the Commercial Mortgage Assets to the Purchaser.

(b) The outstanding principal balance with regard to each of the Loans, as set forth in Schedule 1 attached hereto, is each borrower's outstanding balance as of the Cut-Off Date.

(c) The assignment of the Mortgages to Purchaser has been or will be on or before the Closing Date duly authorized, executed and delivered by USACM.

(d) Sellers have taken no action that would render the Mortgage Notes or Mortgages or any of the other Loan Documents invalid or unenforceable. All Mortgage Notes and Mortgages and the other Loan Documents are legal, valid and binding obligations of the maker thereof.

(e) Except as provided in Sections 6.2 and 9.1(g) hereof with respect to the Loan Documents, USACM has not since the Cut-Off Date, modified the Mortgages or Mortgage Notes in any respect, or satisfied, canceled or subordinated any Mortgage or Mortgage Note in whole or in part or released all or any portion of any Mortgaged Property from the lien of any Mortgage, or executed any instrument of release, cancellation or satisfaction affecting the Mortgages or Mortgage Notes.

(f) Except as set forth on Schedule 3.4(f), there is no litigation, proceeding or governmental investigation or any judicial order, injunction or decree pending, or to USACM's knowledge, threatened with respect to the Loans, which could have a material adverse effect upon the Loans.

(g) No written notice has been received by USACM to the effect that (A) the maintenance, operation, occupancy or use of any Mortgaged Property violates any zoning or building code or regulation, any restrictive covenant, or any other federal, state or municipal law, ordinance or regulation applicable to any Mortgaged Property, or (B) any material licenses,

permits, inspections, authorizations, certifications or approvals required by any governmental authority having jurisdiction over the operation of any Mortgaged Property has not been performed or issued and paid for, or is not in full force and effect.

(h) There is no pending or known threatened condemnation or similar proceeding affecting any Mortgaged Property or any part thereof, and all Mortgaged Property complies with all zoning, environmental and hazardous substance laws.

(i) The First Trust Deed Fund Assets are term loans and have been fully advanced by FTDF and the other lenders parties thereto and there are no further obligations of FTDF or any other lender to fund or make any advances under the Loans. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the loans listed on Schedule 3.4(g) that are part of the First Trust Deed Fund Assets have the option, but not the obligation, to fund certain unfunded construction budget requirements as set forth in that Schedule.

ARTICLE IIIA STATEMENTS OF FTDF

FTDF, severally and not jointly, hereby makes the following closing condition statements to the Purchaser as follows:

Section 3A.1. Due Incorporation. FTDF is and shall continue to be, duly organized and validly existing under the laws of the State of Nevada.

Section 3A.2. Authority and Capacity. Subject to obtaining the Sale Approval Order, FTDF has all requisite corporate power, authority and capacity to enter into this Agreement and to perform the obligations hereunder. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, subject to obtaining the Sale Approval Order, the execution and delivery of this Agreement, and any related agreements or instruments, and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby, has been duly and validly authorized and this Agreement constitutes a valid and legally binding agreement of FTDF enforceable in accordance with its terms.

Section 3A.3. Litigation. Except for adversary proceedings and other matters pending in the Bankruptcy Court and as set forth on Schedule 3.A3, to the knowledge of FTDF, there is no Litigation pending or threatened, nor is there any order, injunction or decree outstanding against or relating to FTDF, which could have a material adverse effect upon any of the Assets or materially impair the ability of FTDF to perform their obligations hereunder. To FTDF's knowledge (i) FTDF is not in default in any material respect with regard to any order of any court, governmental authority or arbitration board or tribunal to which FTDF is a party or is subject, and (ii) FTDF is not in violation of any laws, ordinances, governmental rules or regulations to which it is subject, either of which such default or violation might materially and adversely affect any of the Loans.

Section 3A.4. Statements Regarding the First Trust Deed Fund Assets. With respect to the First Trust Deed Fund Assets, FTDF hereby states to Purchaser as of

the Closing Date, subject to obtaining Bankruptcy Court approval pursuant to the Sale Approval Order and/or confirmed Plan, as follows:

(a) FTDF has the legal right and authority to sell, convey and transfer the First Trust Deed Fund Assets to the Purchaser.

(b) The assignment by FTDF of the related Mortgages to Purchaser has been or will be on or before the Closing Date duly authorized, executed and delivered by FTDF.

ARTICLE IV STATEMENTS OF PURCHASER

Purchaser hereby makes the following closing condition statements to the Sellers as follows:

Section 4.1 Due Incorporation and Good Standing. Purchaser is and shall continue to be duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of its state of formation.

Section 4.2 Enforceability. This Agreement and any related agreements or instruments each constitutes a valid and legally binding agreement of Purchaser enforceable in accordance with its terms.

Section 4.3 Authority and Capacity. Purchaser has all requisite corporate power, authority and capacity to enter into this Agreement and to perform the obligations hereunder. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the execution and delivery of this Agreement, and any related agreements or instruments, and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby, has been duly and validly authorized. This Agreement has been duly and validly executed and delivered by Purchaser.

Section 4.4 No Conflict. Neither the execution and delivery of this Agreement nor the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby, nor compliance with its terms and conditions, shall: (a) violate, conflict with, result in the breach of, or constitute a default under, be prohibited by, or require any additional approval under any of the terms, conditions or provisions of Purchaser's Articles of Organization or Operating Agreement, or of any mortgage, indenture, deed of trust, loan or credit agreement or instrument to which Purchaser is now a party or by which it is bound, or of any order, judgment or decree of any court or governmental authority applicable to Purchaser, or (b) result in the creation or imposition of any lien, charge or encumbrance of any material nature upon any of the properties or assets of Purchaser.

ARTICLE V BANKRUPTCY COURT APPROVAL

Section 5.1 Bidding Procedures. The Bid Procedures Motion attached hereto as Exhibit B has been filed with the Bankruptcy Court and is acceptable to Purchaser. The Break-Up Fee Order shall be in form and substance acceptable to Purchaser and Sellers.

Section 5.2 Sale Approval Order. The Sale Approval Order shall be reasonably acceptable in form and substance to Purchaser and shall include provisions, among others (i) providing that Purchaser shall not incur any liability as a successor to the Sellers unless such liability is expressly assumed, (ii) approving the sale of the Assets to Purchaser on the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement, or such higher and better terms and conditions offered at the Auction, and authorizing Sellers to proceed with this transaction, (iii) stating that any objections timely filed with respect to the sale of the Assets, which have not been withdrawn, are overruled or the interests of such objections have been otherwise satisfied or adequately provided for by the Bankruptcy Court, (iv) finding that the Total Asset Purchase Price represents fair value for the Assets, (v) finding that the sale is in the best interests of the Debtors' estates and creditors, (vi) finding that Purchaser is a good faith purchaser of the Assets under Section 363(m) of the Bankruptcy Code and that the provisions of Section 363(m) of the Bankruptcy Code have not been violated, (vii) providing that the sale of the Assets to Purchaser shall be free and clear of all liens, claims, interests, obligations and encumbrances whatsoever under Section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code and any other applicable sections of the Bankruptcy Code, (viii) providing that the Bankruptcy Court shall retain jurisdiction for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of the Sale Approval Order including, without limitation, compelling delivery of the Assets to Purchaser and protecting Purchaser against any liens, claims, interests, obligations and encumbrances against Sellers or the Assets, (ix) finding that there are no brokers involved in consummating the sale and no brokers' commissions are due, (x) authorizing and directing Sellers to execute, deliver, perform under, consummate and implement this Agreement, together with all additional instruments and documents that may be reasonably necessary or desirable to implement the foregoing, and (xi) determining that Purchaser is not a successor to Sellers or otherwise liable for any liabilities not expressly assumed and to the extent permitted by applicable law permanently enjoining each and every holder of any claim for such liabilities from commencing, continuing or otherwise pursuing or enforcing any remedy, claim, cause of action or encumbrance against Purchaser or the Assets related thereto, and (xiii) finding that, pursuant to Section 1146(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, the within transaction is "in contemplation of a plan or plans of reorganization to be confirmed in the Bankruptcy Cases," and as such shall be free and clear of any and all transfer tax, stamp tax, or similar taxes; provided, however, that Purchaser's obligations hereunder shall not be conditioned on the findings set forth in this clause (xiii). Sellers shall use commercially reasonable efforts to obtain entry of the Sale Approval Order in the form described hereto. Purchaser's obligations to consummate the transactions contemplated herein shall be conditioned upon the Bankruptcy Court's entry of the Sale Approval Order in form and substance satisfactory to Purchaser. To the extent that there is any inconsistency between this paragraph and the Sale Approval Order, the Sale Approval Order shall govern.

Section 5.3 Plan of Reorganization. Subject to the terms hereof, the Sellers shall transfer the Assets to the successful bidder at the Auction pursuant to a confirmed Plan that is in all material respects consistent with the terms of this Agreement. The Debtors shall promptly schedule a hearing to seek approval of the Disclosure Statement by the Bankruptcy Court under Section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code, which hearing shall be held approximately seventy (70) days following the Offer Letter Acceptance Date. Upon approval of the Disclosure Statement by the Bankruptcy Court under Section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtors shall promptly solicit acceptances and proceed to confirmation of the Plan. The

hearing on the confirmation of the Plan shall be scheduled for no earlier than seven (7) days following the Auction.

ARTICLE VI COVENANTS OF SELLERS

Section 6.1 Delivery of Documents. At any time and from time to time at and after the Closing, upon request of Purchaser, the Sellers shall do, execute, and acknowledge and deliver, or cause to be done, executed, acknowledged and delivered, such further acts, deeds, assignments, transfers, conveyances, powers of attorney, confirmations and assurances as Purchaser may reasonably request to more effectively convey, assign and transfer to and vest in the Purchaser full legal right, title and interest in and actual possession of the Assets and to generally carry out the purposes and intent of this Agreement. The Sellers shall also furnish Purchaser and Acknowledging Parties with such information and documents in its possession or under their control, or which the Sellers can execute or cause to be executed, as will enable Purchaser to prosecute any and all petitions, applications, claims and demands relating to or constituting a part of the Assets. USCAM shall also provide Purchaser with all reasonable assistance that Purchaser may request in operating, and maximizing the operating efficiency of, all items of Personal Property prior to the Closing Date.

Section 6.2 No Modification. Except in the ordinary course of business or pursuant to Court order, as of the Offer Letter Acceptance Date, Sellers have not materially modified, altered, hypothecated, settled or compromised, all or any portion of the First Trust Deed Fund Assets or Servicing Agreements or obligations of any party thereunder in respect of any First Trust Deed Fund Assets or Servicing Agreements, and will not do so at any time through the Closing Date without the prior consent of the Purchaser.

Section 6.3 Conduct of Business. Following the execution hereof and prior to the Closing Date, USCAM shall use its commercially reasonable efforts to preserve the Assets, and shall consult with Purchaser prior to implementing any material decisions affecting any of the Assets.

Section 6.4 Other Bankruptcy Covenants. Sellers shall promptly make all filings, take all actions, and use commercially reasonable efforts to obtain any and all other approvals and orders necessary or appropriate for consummation of the sale of the Assets consistent with the terms herein. In the event that an appeal is taken, or a stay pending appeal is requested, from any order relating to the Plan or to the Assets, generally, Sellers shall promptly notify Purchaser of such appeal or stay request and, upon Purchaser's request, shall provide to Purchaser within two (2) Business Days after Sellers' receipt thereof, a copy of the related notice of appeal or order of stay. Sellers shall also provide Purchaser with written notice of any motion, application, brief or other pleading filed in connection with any appeal relating to the transactions contemplated hereunder.

Section 6.5 Taxes. Sellers shall pay all income taxes with respect to the Assets that accrued prior to the Closing Date and Purchaser shall have no liability for income

taxes accruing prior to the Closing Date. Purchaser hereby acknowledges and agrees that Purchaser shall be responsible for any transfer taxes, if any, in connection with the purchase and sale of the Assets and Sellers are not responsible for and shall not be required to pay any real property taxes outstanding with respect to the Assets.

Section 6.6 Tax Reporting. Sellers shall prepare and timely transmit all required Forms 1098 and 1099 for calendar year 2006 in respect of the Assets.

Section 6.7 Reports/Notices. USCAM timely shall have:

(a) provided to Purchaser each week prior to Closing weekly collections statements showing principal and interest stated individually with respect to each Loan;

(b) provided to Purchaser each month prior to Closing monthly statements showing principal and interest stated individually with respect to each Loan; and,

(c) informed Purchaser, in each case within two Business Days of occurrence, of any:

(i) payoff offer received with regard to any Loan, or any discussions relating to payoff of any Loan;

(ii) negotiations engaged in by the Sellers with regard to any resolution of any Loan other than by payoff;

(iii) communications with Sellers' attorneys regarding any pending litigation; and

(iv) discussions with any Borrower regarding re-financing or potential re-financing of any Loan.

ARTICLE VII COVENANTS OF PURCHASER

Section 7.1 Fees Payable to Sellers. After the Closing Date, any of the following amounts collected by Purchaser shall be paid over to Sellers (or their successor or assignee under the Plan), in accordance with the disbursement priorities stated in Section 7.2 hereof:

(a) all Accrued Servicing Fees;

(b) all Late Charges; provided however, that Purchaser shall retain any and all proportionate default interest in respect of and to the extent of Purchaser's interest in the First Trust Deed Fund Assets acquired by the Purchaser;

(c) all Success Fees; and

(d) all proceeds of all Serviced Loans and Serviced Loan participations and related receivables owed to Commercial Mortgage, to the extent of Commercial Mortgage's interest therein, as set forth in the Serviced Loan Schedule.

Section 7.2 Distribution of Collected Money. With respect to all servicing fees and other fees and sums due the loan servicer under any of the Servicing Agreements, including, without limitation, the fees described in Section 7.1 above, received by Purchaser on and after the Closing Date, such fees and sums shall be distributed in the following order, calculated on a loan by loan basis:

(a) First, Purchaser shall be reimbursed for sums advanced by Purchaser in respect of legal proceedings under the applicable Service Agreement(s);

(b) Second, Purchaser shall retain fees for annual servicing fees (pro-rated on a monthly basis) under the applicable Service Agreement(s) that relate to any period of time on and after the Closing Date;

(c) Third, all other sums due for late charges under the applicable Service Agreement(s) shall be paid, to Purchaser if accrued on or after the Closing Date, or to Sellers (or their successor or assignee under the Plan) if accrued prior to the Closing Date;

(d) Fourth, all other sums due for default interest under the applicable Service Agreement(s) shall be paid, to Purchaser if accrued on or after the Closing Date, or to Sellers (or their successor or assignee under the Plan) if accrued prior to the Closing Date; provided however, that, subject to Section 2.2(b)(ii) hereof, all such sums payable at any time in respect of the First Trust Deed Fund Assets shall be paid to and retained by Purchaser; and

(e) Fifth, all fees for annual servicing fees under the applicable Service Agreement(s) for pre-Closing Date months and all sums advanced or deemed advanced in respect of legal proceedings under any other provision of the applicable Service Agreement(s) before the Closing Date shall be paid to Sellers (or their successor or assignee under the Plan).

Purchaser shall hold all sums collected and due to Sellers in accordance with this Section 7.2 in trust until paid. To the extent Purchaser has been paid any sums from Borrowers or Lenders following its reimbursement of those sums pursuant to subsection (a) above, Purchaser shall distribute any such funds in accordance with the priorities set forth in subsections (b) – (e) above.

Section 7.3 Causes of Action Against Insiders. As to the Assets purchased, other than the right to pursue personal guaranties of any of the Serviced Loans guaranteed by an Insider of the Debtors, Purchaser is not through the transactions described herein acquiring any other claim or cause of action against an Insider of any of the Debtors or against another Debtor. Further, if Purchaser obtains a judgment in respect of any personal guaranty of any Serviced Loan by an Insider of the Debtors, Purchaser will negotiate in good faith in an effort to reach an equitable agreement to do so in conjunction with any litigation by Sellers (or their successor or assignee under a Plan) in a manner that will not impair Purchaser's ultimate economic realization in respect of its Assets purchased pursuant to the terms hereof or otherwise or its obligations under the Servicing Agreements, but also will not impair any

recovery or litigation efforts undertaken by any of the Debtors (or their successors or assigns under a Plan) in respect of other liability claims or causes of action that they are then prosecuting or may in the future prosecute against such Insider.

Section 7.4 Causes of Action Against Debtors. Purchaser agrees that it will not prosecute any action against any of the Debtors arising out of or relating to the acquired Assets and arising out of any event occurring before the Closing Date. For the avoidance of doubt, the foregoing agreement shall not apply to any asset acquired by Purchaser other than pursuant to this Agreement. Purchaser further agrees to be bound by any applicable provisions contained in a confirmed Plan, and by any applicable orders entered by the Bankruptcy Court following the Closing Date.

Section 7.5 Servicing Agreements. Nothing contained in this Agreement shall modify the obligations owed to the Lenders by the loan servicer or rights of the Lenders against the loan servicer (or the rights of the loan servicer against the Lenders) under the applicable Servicing Agreements and otherwise applicable law. Purchaser shall distribute any sums due to Lenders under any of the Servicing Agreements in accordance with the Servicing Agreements, as the same may be modified with consent of the applicable Lenders, and with otherwise applicable law. Further, notwithstanding the foregoing, to the extent the Bankruptcy Court has entered an order, including, but not limited to, an order confirming a Plan, which interprets or enforces provisions of the Servicing Agreements or directs the distribution of payments under the Servicing Agreements or payments collected from Borrowers, Purchaser shall abide by the terms of such order(s). If, as between the provisions of the Servicing Agreements and the order(s) of the Bankruptcy Court, it is not clear to Purchaser how the sums collected shall be distributed, then Purchaser shall hold the sums payable to the Lender until Purchaser either receives joint direction from the Lender and the Sellers (or their successor or assignee under the Plan) regarding disbursement of interest, or is directed by an order from a court of competent jurisdiction. Nothing contained herein is intended to waive any defenses of the Lenders or of the Sellers (or their successors or assignees) under the Servicing Agreements. For the avoidance of doubt, under no circumstance shall any pre-Closing Date liability assertable by any party attach to Purchaser, or to any Asset acquired by Purchaser, pursuant to this Agreement, and the order entered by the Bankruptcy Court transferring the Assets to Purchaser shall clearly so state. Furthermore, for the avoidance of doubt, notwithstanding any other provision herein, or any order which may in the future be entered by the Bankruptcy Court, all servicing fees due pursuant to the terms stated in the Servicing Agreements, and all interest due on the First Trust Deed Fund Assets, shall continue to be due and payable, and Purchaser shall collect such servicing fees and interest for its sole benefit on and after the Closing Date.

Section 7.6 Delivery of Assignment. In the event that, upon Closing there is no Additional Price Adjustment, then upon Closing, Purchaser shall assign to FTDF, on terms and conditions reasonably acceptable to FTDF, all of its right, title and interest in and to the claims under the title policy described in Section 2.3 in connection with the occurrence of the Additional Price Adjustment.

ARTICLE VIII REMEDIES

Section 8.1 Remedies for Breach by Purchaser. In the event that Purchaser breaches any material statement or covenant required of Purchaser hereunder, and such breach prevents the Sellers from concluding the Closing and in fact the Sellers do not conclude the Closing; or if Purchaser is required to conclude the Closing pursuant to the terms hereof and fails to conclude the Closing for any reason other than failure of a condition precedent as set forth in Section 9.1, then Sellers shall be entitled to terminate this Agreement and, as their sole remedy, to make a claim against the Deposit for the amount of any actual damages suffered by Sellers.

Section 8.2 Remedies for Breach by Sellers. In the event that Sellers breach any material statement or covenant required of Sellers hereunder other than a breach of Sections 9.1(h), 9.1(i) or 9.1(l), for which Purchaser's remedy is set forth therein (and which, with respect to Sections 9.1(h) and 9.1(i), shall apply if the Court does not enter an order confirming USACM's records of disbursements and payments of principal as to any of the Loans), and other than a breach of Section 3.4(b), for which Purchaser's remedy is the price adjustment set forth in Section 2.3, then Purchaser shall be entitled, in its sole discretion, and as its sole remedy, (a) to proceed to Closing, (b) to sue Sellers for specific performance, provided, however, that if a breach hereunder prevents or prohibits Sellers from concluding the Closing, then such breach shall be deemed to be a General Asset MAC, or (c) by giving written notice to the Sellers on or before the Closing Date, to rescind or terminate this Agreement and be released from any further obligation to perform pursuant to this Agreement or the Plan. If Purchaser elects to rescind or terminate this Agreement pursuant to the terms hereof, Purchaser shall be entitled, as its sole remedy, to a refund of its Deposit. Notwithstanding anything herein, if the Purchaser would be entitled to payment of the Break-Up Fee or the Expense Reimbursement pursuant to any other Section of this Agreement, then Purchaser may, at its sole option, elect to proceed under this Section, or to proceed under such other Section.

ARTICLE IX CONDITIONS TO CLOSING

Section 9.1 Conditions Precedent to Obligations of Purchaser. The obligation of the Purchaser to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement is subject to the fulfillment, on or prior to the Closing Date, of each of the following conditions (any or all of which may be waived by Purchaser in whole or in part to the extent permitted by applicable Law): Between the Due Diligence Completion Date and the Closing Date, Purchaser shall not have discovered any taxes, liens, or encumbrances in respect of the Assets that may have a higher priority than Sellers in the Assets other than those identified by Purchaser in connection herewith;

(b) Sellers shall have performed and complied in all material respects with all obligations and conditions required in this Agreement to be performed or complied with them prior to the Closing Date, and Purchaser shall have received a certificate signed by an authorized officer of Sellers, dated the Closing Date, to the forgoing effect;

(c) The Debtors shall solicit votes on the Plan, which contemplates the sale of the Assets to the Purchaser in accordance with this Agreement and shall set forth the validity and amount of the servicing fees payable under the Servicing Agreements that are a part thereof, from all counter-parties to the Servicing Agreements. The Sale Approval Order, which shall approve the sale of the Assets pursuant to Section 363(m) of the Bankruptcy Code and is presently contemplated to be the order confirming the Plan, shall be binding on all such counter-parties. Furthermore, to ensure that there are no post-Closing Date disputes with regard to the unpaid balance, and any other amounts due in connection with each of the Loans, the Sellers shall transmit to each Borrower under each of the Loans a notice, in form acceptable in all respects to the Purchaser, confirming each such amount due in connection with each of the Loans, and the Court shall enter orders with respect thereto.

(d) The loans included in the First Trust Deed Funds Assets that have not been paid in full before the Closing Date are in full force and effect and no condition exists nor has any event occurred that by notice, the passage of time, or otherwise, could give rise to an impediment to the enforcement of such loans;

(e) The Plan and order confirming the Plan or the Sale Approval Order or similar order shall be consistent with the terms found in Article V hereof, and the Servicing Agreements shall not be materially modified, by order or otherwise, except as expressly agreed to by Purchaser, provided, however, that this does not affect the rights of the Lenders to consent to modify under a Plan any rights not conveyed to Purchaser pursuant to the terms hereof, so long as any such modification shall not adversely affect Purchaser in any way;

(f) The Plan and order confirming the Plan and/or Sale Approval Order shall provide for the transfer of the Servicing Agreements in a manner which does not create related claims under Section 503(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, provided that the Sellers may waive this condition in their sole discretion, so long as it does not otherwise affect any provision herein;

(g) Sellers have not released or otherwise terminated their security interest in all or any portion of the Assets from the Cut-Off Date through the Closing Date except as to (i) Serviced Loans that have been paid in full before the Closing Date, or (ii) partial releases and related reconveyances made by the Sellers pursuant to Court orders entered prior to the date of this Agreement.

(h) Between the Due Diligence Completion Date and the Closing Date, or at any time with respect to statements set forth in Articles III and IIIA (with the exception of Section 3.4(b)), there will be no adverse change that, through no fault of Purchaser, impairs the value of the First Trust Deed Fund Assets by an amount greater than \$1,250,000 (a "General Asset MAC"); provided however, that, the calculation of any impairment in such value shall exclude any payments of principal received by the Debtors after the Cut-Off Date to the extent such principal payments are related to the First Trust Deed Fund Assets. Additionally, no

adverse change will have occurred that, through no fault of Purchaser, impairs Purchaser's ability to enforce rights under the Servicing Agreements with regard to (i) 2% or more of the unpaid principal balance of the First Trust Deed Fund Assets outstanding as of the Closing Date, or (ii) 10% or more of the unpaid principal balance as of the Due Diligence Completion Date of Assets that are not First Trust Deed Fund Assets (a "General Service Agreement MAC"). If a General Asset MAC or a General Service Agreement MAC occurs, then Purchaser may, in its sole discretion, by giving written notice to the Debtors on or before the Closing Date, rescind or terminate this Agreement and be released from any further obligation to perform pursuant to this Agreement or the Plan. In the event Purchaser rescinds or terminates this Agreement pursuant to the terms of this paragraph, Purchaser shall be paid the Expense Reimbursement, pursuant to the terms of this Agreement;

(i) Additionally, between the Due Diligence Completion Date and the Closing Date, or at any time with respect to the statements set forth in Articles III and IIIA (with the exception of Section 3.4(b)), there will be no adverse change that, through no fault of Purchaser, impairs the value of any one or more First Trust Deed Fund Assets by an amount that is material but does not exceed \$1,250,000, provided however, that, the calculation of any impairment in such value shall exclude any payments of principal received by the Debtors after the Cut-Off Date to the extent such principal payments are related to the First Trust Deed Fund Assets (an "Individual Asset MAC"). If an Individual Asset MAC occurs, then Purchaser may, in its sole discretion, proceed to close the transaction, excluding or including the Asset or Assets with regard to which an Individual Asset MAC has occurred, at the previously agreed Total Asset Purchase Price minus the lesser of (a) 0.75% of the cash otherwise payable as part of the Total Asset Purchase Price or (b) the actual value of the Individual Asset MAC; provided however, that the Total Asset Purchase Price shall only be adjusted once pursuant to this provision; and

(j) The Break-Up Fee Order in form and substance satisfactory to Purchaser must be entered by the Bankruptcy Court by no later than November 8, 2006, and no appeal of the Break-Up Fee Order shall thereafter have been filed. For the avoidance of doubt, notwithstanding any waiver of this condition by Purchaser, if at any time after entry the Break-Up Fee Order is reversed or modified, without the express consent of Purchaser, then Purchaser shall be released from all obligations to perform hereunder or under the terms of a Plan.

(k) Purchaser shall have actually obtained an exemption, satisfactory to Purchaser in all reasonable respects by no later than November 27, 2006, from any and all applicable Nevada laws or regulations that would require any licensing of Purchaser and affiliate of Purchaser identified by Purchaser by the State of Nevada in connection with or as a result of consummation of this transaction. Sellers shall provide reasonable cooperation and support to Purchaser in connection with its effort to obtain such exemption. The condition to the timing of the obtaining of this regulatory exemption may be extended by the Sellers at their sole discretion.

(l) The Plan has been confirmed by a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court by the Outside Approval Date. If the Plan has not been confirmed by a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court by the Outside Approval Date, and, as long as Purchaser is not in breach of the Agreement at the Outside Approval Date, Purchaser shall be entitled solely to the Expense Reimbursement for actual and reasonable expenses incurred by Purchaser in connection with this

Agreement, provided, however, that if the Outside Approval Date passes, the Sellers will nonetheless be required to pay the full Break-Up Fee to Purchaser, reduced only by the amount paid to Purchaser in respect of the Expense Reimbursement, if within nine (9) months following the Outside Approval Date any portion of the Assets is transferred to any party for a payment equal to or greater than the Total Asset Purchase Price. In the event that the Outside Approval Date passes and Purchaser has not waived compliance therewith, but it nonetheless thereafter acquires the Assets, then any Expense Reimbursement paid to Purchaser as a result of passage of the Outside Approval Date shall be repaid to the Sellers by Purchaser.

(m) There is no Litigation pending or threatened, nor any order, injunction or decree outstanding against or relating to the Sellers, which materially impairs the value of the Assets or the ability of the Sellers to perform their obligations hereunder.

(n) No notice has been issued by any governmental authority or any party entitled to enforce a restrictive covenant affecting any Mortgaged Property to the effect that (A) the maintenance, operation, occupancy or use of any Mortgaged Property violates any zoning or building code or regulation, any restrictive covenant, or any other federal, state or municipal law, ordinance or regulation applicable to any Mortgaged Property, or (B) any material licenses, permits, inspections, authorizations, certifications or approvals required by any governmental authority having jurisdiction over the operation of any Mortgaged Property has not been performed or issued and paid for, or is not in full force and effect.

(o) Purchaser shall, at Purchaser's expense, if any, receive an endorsement of the existing title policy from the existing title company for each Loan and, if not, such failure to receive any endorsement or all endorsements, individually or collectively, does not materially impair the value of the Assets or the ability of the Sellers to perform their obligations hereunder. Sellers shall use their best commercially reasonable efforts to cause each endorsement to be received by Purchaser hereunder.

(p) No pending or threatened condemnation or similar proceeding exists affecting any Mortgaged Property or any part thereof, and all Mortgaged Property complies with all zoning, environmental and hazardous substance laws.

Section 9.2 Conditions Precedent to Obligations of Sellers. The obligations of Sellers to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement are subject to the fulfillment, prior to or on the Closing Date, of the following conditions (any or all of which may be waived by Sellers in whole or in part to the extent permitted by applicable law):

(a) Bankruptcy Court approval; by Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court;

(b) The statements of Purchaser set forth in Article IV of this Agreement shall be true and correct in all material respects, at and as of the Closing Date; and:

(c) Purchaser shall have performed and complied in all material respects with all obligations and agreements required by this Agreement to be performed or complied with by Purchaser on or prior to the Closing Date, and Sellers shall have received a certificate signed by an authorized officer of Purchaser, dated the Closing Date, to the forgoing effect.

(d) By no later than November 27, 2006 (unless extended by Sellers), Purchaser shall have obtained the exemption described in Section 9.1(k) hereof.

ARTICLE X TERMINATION

Section 10.1 Termination. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, this Agreement may be terminated at any time before the Closing (a) by mutual consent of the Sellers and the Purchaser, (b) by the Seller, upon a breach by Purchaser pursuant to Section 8.1 hereof, or (c) by the Purchaser upon a breach by Seller pursuant to Sections 8.2 or 9.1h hereof. In the event of termination pursuant to this Section, the Agreement shall become null and void and have no effect, with no liability on the part of the Sellers, or Purchasers with respect to this Agreement, except for liability for breach of this Agreement as set forth herein.

ARTICLE XI MISCELLANEOUS

Section 11.1. Compromises With Borrowers. On and after the Closing Date, Purchaser shall have full authority to take any actions it deems appropriate as allowed under the applicable Servicing Agreement(s) and to enforce its rights in respect of the Assets, except as otherwise provided in this Section 11.1. Subject to the provisions of any Servicing Agreement, Purchaser may forgive the payment of Success Fees, in whole or in part:

(a) notwithstanding any other provision herein, at its sole discretion for loans in which it owns a majority interest acquired as part of the First Trust Deed Fund Assets;

(b) notwithstanding any other provision herein, at its sole discretion, after not less than ten (10) days' prior written notice to Sellers (or their successor or assignee under the Plan), if, either after realization of the collateral securing a Serviced Loan, whether through foreclosure, deed in lieu, or otherwise, and exhaustion of such other remedies against the Borrower or any guarantor of the Serviced Loan that Purchaser in its reasonable discretion determines are viable and economically prudent, there remains an unsecured deficiency in respect of such Serviced loan or, after realization of the collateral securing a Serviced Loan, whether through foreclosure, deed in lieu, or otherwise, Purchaser determines the Borrower (and any guarantor) lacks the reasonable ability to pay all or part of such Success Fees;

(c) except pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) of this Section 11.1, to which this clause expressly shall not apply, if it receives any amounts payable for default interest under a Service Agreement, with the prior written consent of the Sellers (or their successor or assign under the Plan), which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld (the failure to reply to a request by Purchaser for such consent within ten (10) days of the date of such request shall be deemed to be a consent); or

(d) if Purchaser does not receive any amounts due for default interest under a Service Agreement, then, in its discretion, after no less than ten (10) days' prior written notice to Sellers (or their successor or assignee under the Plan), Purchaser may forgive or reduce the payment of any Success Fees in the following circumstances:

(i) where a Borrower (and any guarantor) is otherwise ready and able to fully pay off a Serviced Loan except for amounts due or default interest under a Service Agreement and Purchaser determines the Borrower (and any guarantor) lacks the reasonable ability to pay all or part of such Success Fees; or

(ii) where a Borrower is otherwise ready and able only to pay off a Serviced Loan at a discount from its then principal balance, or at a discount of accrued and unpaid interest, and the Lenders have agreed to such compromise payment to satisfy the Borrowers' obligation, and Purchaser determines the Borrower (and any guarantor) lacks the reasonable ability to pay all or part of such Success Fees.

Section 11.2 Survival. Sellers' statements, covenants and agreements contained in this Agreement shall not survive the Closing Date.

Section 11.3 Amendment. This Agreement shall not be amended without the express written consent of the parties hereto.

Section 11.4 Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in two or more counterparts, each of which, when so executed and delivered, will be deemed to be an original, but all of which counterparts, taken together, will constitute one and the same instrument.

Section 11.5 Entire Agreement. This Agreement contains the entire agreement between the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and supersedes all prior agreements, arrangements and understandings relating to the subject matter hereof, including the Offer Letter. There are no written or oral agreements, understandings, statements between the parties other than those set forth herein.

Section 11.6 Closing. For the avoidance of doubt, the transfers of Assets described herein shall be deemed to have closed solely upon the Sale Approval Order becoming a Final Order, and each of the Assets actually being transferred to Purchaser being so transferred consistent with the terms hereof. Upon Closing, Purchaser, to the extent it acquires the Assets, shall be deemed released from any confidentiality obligations to which it had previously agreed, or pursuant to which it was otherwise bound.

Section 11.7 Additional Collection Actions. Prior to the Closing Date, Sellers may assign to Purchaser, on terms mutually acceptable to Sellers and Purchaser, for purposes of collection, certain accounts receivable and notes receivable.

Section 11.8 Access to Documents. Prior to the Closing Date, Debtors shall provide Purchaser with access to information pursuant to Section 2.6 hereof. After the Closing Date, Purchaser shall allow any of the Sellers (or their successors or assignees under a confirmed Plan) reasonable access to the Personal Property, including original documents and files, for all purposes as needed.

Section 11.9 Waivers. The rights of each of the parties hereunder shall not be capable of being waived or varied otherwise than by an express waiver or variation in

writing. Any failure to exercise or any delay in exercising any of such rights shall not operate as a waiver or variation of that or any other such right. Any defective or partial exercise of any of such rights shall not preclude any other or further exercise of that or any other such right. No act or course of conduct or negotiation on the part of any party shall in any way preclude such party from exercising any such right or constitute a suspension or any variation of any such right.

Section 11.10 Notices. All notices and other communications hereunder shall be in writing (including a writing delivered by facsimile transmission) and shall be deemed to have been duly given: (a) when delivered, if sent by registered or certified mail (return receipt requested); (b) when delivered, if delivered personally or by telecopy, or (c) on the first following business day, if sent by United States Express Mail or overnight courier, in each case to the parties at the following addresses (or at such other addresses as shall be specified by like notice);

If to Sellers and Acknowledging Parties:

USA Commercial Mortgage Company
4484 Pecos Avenue
Las Vegas, Nevada 89121
Facsimile: (702) 456-2057
Attn: Mr. Thomas J. Allison
- and -

Ray Quinney & Nebeker P.C.
36 South State Street, Suite 1400
Salt Lake City, Utah 84111
Facsimile: (801) 532-7543
Attn: Annette W. Jarvis, Esq.

and, with respect to notices of default under Article VII, notice shall also be given to

Stutman, Treister & Glatt, P.C.
1901 Ave. of the Stars, 12th Floor
Los Angeles, CA 90067
Facsimile: (310) 228-5788
Attn: Frank A. Merola, Esq.

and

Lewis & Roca, LLP
3993 Howard Hughes Pkwy., Suite 600
Las Vegas, Nevada 89169
Facsimile: (702) 949-8321
Attn: Robert Charles, Esq.

If to Purchaser:

Silver Point Capital
Two Greenwich Plaza, 1st Floor
Greenwich, CT 06830
Facsimile: (203) 542-4100
Attn: Salman Khan
Vick Sandhu, Esq.

- and -

REED SMITH LLP
599 Lexington Avenue
New York, NY 10022
Facsimile: (212) 521-5450
Attn: James C. McCarroll, Esq.

Section 11.11 Acknowledging Parties. Sellers and Purchaser agree that the Acknowledging Parties are entitled to information produced or shared pursuant to this Agreement and to participate fully in the process of obtaining Bankruptcy Court approval for this Agreement and Sale Approval Order and/or Plan. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the Acknowledging Parties agree to Article 5 hereof and this Section 11.11.

Section 11.12 Governing Law/Venue. This Agreement shall be governed by, construed and enforced in accordance with the laws of the State of Nevada, without regard to conflicts of law principles thereof. The United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Nevada shall be the exclusive forum for the enforcement of the terms of this Agreement.

Section 11.13 Severability. In the case any provision in this Agreement shall be found by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, such provision shall be construed and enforced as if it had been more narrowly drawn so as not to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, and the validity, legality and enforceability of the remaining provisions of this Agreement shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby.

Section 11.14 Binding Effect; Third Party Beneficiaries; Successors and Assigns. This Agreement shall be binding upon, inure to the benefit of, and be enforceable by, the parties hereto and their respective legal representatives, successors and assigns. Except as expressly set forth herein, nothing expressed or referred to in this Agreement is intended or shall be construed to give any person or entity other than the parties to this Agreement, or their respective legal representatives, successors and assigns, any legal or equitable right, remedy or claim under or in respect of this Agreement or any provision contained herein. A reference to any of the Debtors, including the Sellers, is also a reference to any successor or assign of such Debtors under the Plan or pursuant to an order of the Bankruptcy Court. Purchaser may assign its rights under this Agreement to any of its subsidiaries or affiliates, and may assign the Assets to any of its subsidiaries or affiliates.

Section 11.15 Relationship of Parties. The relationship between the parties is an arms-length, non-affiliated relationship, and Sellers are not, and shall not represent to third parties, that they are acting as agents for or on behalf of Purchaser.

[SIGNATURE PAGE TO FOLLOW]



Entered on Docket
January 08, 2007

Hon. Linda B. Riegle
United States Bankruptcy Judge

Annette W. Jarvis, Utah Bar No. 1649
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Attorneys for Debtors and Debtors-in-Possession

**UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
DISTRICT OF NEVADA**

In re:
USA COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE COMPANY,
Debtor.

Case No. BK-S-06-10725 LBR
Case No. BK-S-06-10726 LBR
Case No. BK-S-06-10727 LBR
Case No. BK-S-06-10728 LBR
Case No. BK-S-06-10729 LBR

In re:
USA CAPITAL REALTY ADVISORS, LLC,
Debtor.

In re:
USA CAPITAL DIVERSIFIED TRUST DEED
FUND, LLC,
Debtor.

Chapter 11

Jointly Administered Under
Case No. BK-S-06-10725 LBR

In re:
USA CAPITAL FIRST TRUST DEED FUND, LLC,
Debtor.

In re:
USA SECURITIES, LLC,
Debtor.

**[PROPOSED] ORDER
CONFIRMING THE "DEBTORS'
THIRD AMENDED JOINT
CHAPTER 11 PLAN OF
REORGANIZATION," AS
MODIFIED HEREIN**

Affects:

- ☒ All Debtors
☐ USA Commercial Mortgage Company
☐ USA Securities, LLC
☐ USA Capital Realty Advisors, LLC
☐ USA Capital Diversified Trust Deed Fund, LLC
☐ USA First Trust Deed Fund, LLC

Confirmation Hearing

Date: December 19, 2006
Time: 10:00 a.m.

SCHWARTZER & MCPHERSON LAW FIRM
2850 South Jones Boulevard, Suite 1
Las Vegas, Nevada 89146-5308
Tel: (702) 228-7590 · Fax: (702) 892-0122

Commencing on December 19, 2006 at 10:00 a.m., the Court held a hearing (the "Confirmation Hearing") on the confirmation of the "Debtors' Third Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization" (the "Third Amended Plan") proposed by USA Commercial Mortgage Company ("USACM"), USA Securities, LLC ("USA Securities"), USA Capital Realty Advisors, LLC ("USA Realty"), USA Capital Diversified Trust Deed Fund, LLC ("DTDF") and USA Capital First Trust Deed Fund, LLC ("FTDF"), debtors and debtors in possession in the above-captioned chapter 11 cases (the "Debtors"). Appearances were made as indicated in the recorded transcript of the Confirmation Hearing.

The Court, having entered the "Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law in Support of Order Confirming the Third Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization, as Modified Herein" (the "Findings"), which are hereby incorporated into this Confirmation Order, and good cause appearing,

IT HEREBY IS ORDERED THAT:

1. The Third Amended Plan, as amended or modified by this Confirmation Order, (the Third Amended Plan, as so modified, being referred to herein as the "Plan"¹) is approved and confirmed under Bankruptcy Code section 1129.

2. All Objections to the confirmation of the Plan, including objections to the Asset Sale Transaction, that have not been stricken from the record, withdrawn, waived, or settled, and all reservations of rights pertaining to confirmation of the Plan or the consummation of the Asset Sale Transaction included therein or otherwise made in any pleading, correspondence, written or oral statement, or other communication to the Bankruptcy Court, the Debtors, the United States Trustee, the Committees, or other parties in interest are overruled on the merits.

3. The Cangelosi Declaration and Loob Declaration are hereby stricken from the record.

4. The Sierra Liquidity Objection and H&M Objection are overruled and stricken

¹ Terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the same meanings ascribed to them in the Plan.

from the record.

5. The arguments raised orally at the Confirmation Hearing by The Lender Protection Group regarding the classification of Class A-5 were not timely raised and are not properly before the Court and, notwithstanding the foregoing, are overruled.

6. The failure to reference or discuss any particular provision of the Plan in this Confirmation Order or the Findings shall have no effect on this Court's approval and authorization of, or the validity, binding effect, and enforceability of, such provision; and each provision of the Plan is authorized and approved and shall have the same validity, binding effect, and enforceability as every other provision of the Plan, whether or not mentioned in this Confirmation Order or the Findings.

7. The amounts, priorities, secured status, and classifications of Claims and Equity Interests for purposes of the distributions to be made under the Plan shall be governed solely by the terms of the Plan. The amounts, priorities, secured status, and classifications set forth on the Ballots tendered to or returned by holders of Claims and Equity Interests in connection with voting on the Plan (a) were set forth on the Ballots solely for purposes of voting to accept or reject the Plan, (b) do not necessarily represent, and in no event shall be deemed to modify or otherwise affect, the actual amount, priority, secured status, or classification of such Claims and Equity Interests under the Plan for distribution purposes, and (c) shall not be binding on, or used as evidence against the Debtors or the Post-Effective Date Entities for any purpose other than with respect to voting on the Plan.

Binding Effect

8. The provisions of the Plan and this Confirmation Order shall bind (a) the Debtors and their respective Estates, (b) the Post-Effective Date Entities, (c) the USACM Trust Committee, USACM Trustee, the DTDF Administrator, and the DTDF Post-Effective Date Committee (d) Compass Partners LLC, who is the Asset Purchaser under the Plan ("Compass"), (e) all creditors of the Debtors; (f) all Direct Lenders; (g) all parties in interest; and (h) and any holder of an Administrative Expense Claim or Claim against or Equity Interest in any of the Debtors, including all federal, state, and local governmental entities and fiscal intermediaries

thereof, whether or not (i) the Administrative Expense Claim, Claim, or Equity Interest of such holder is impaired under the Plan, (ii) such holder or entity has voted to accept or reject the Plan, and (iii) such holder or entity has filed or is deemed to have filed proof of Claim or Equity Interest, made a demand for payment of an Administrative Expense Claim, or has made appearance has been made in these Chapter 11 Cases.

No Substantive Consolidation / Recharacterization

9. In consideration of the compromises set forth in the Plan, the DTDF Committee in open court waived any right to seek substantive consolidation of the Debtors' Estates and waived any right to seek recharacterization of (i) the notes and deeds of trust in which the Direct Lenders hold interests as property of the Debtors' Estates or (ii) the Direct Lenders' interests in such notes and deeds of trust as unsecured claims against the Debtors' Estates.

10. On the Effective Date, all of the assets of each Debtor shall be sold, transferred, distributed or retained by each of such Debtor's respective Estates, or the Post-Effective Date Entities created for each such Debtor and its Estate under the Plan, with all proceeds of sold, transferred, or liquidated assets of each Debtor being retained by the respective Debtor's Estate, or the Post-Effective Date Entities created for each such Debtor and its Estate under the Plan. All Claims against and Equity Interests in the Debtors and their respective Estates shall be retained by the holders of Allowed Claims and Allowed Equity Interests against and in the respective Estates, except as otherwise provided for under the Plan. The allowance, voting, treatment and distributions on account of Allowed Claims and Allowed Equity Interests shall be as set forth in the Plan on an individual Estate basis.

11. Nothing in the Plan or this Confirmation Order shall be deemed to recharacterize either (i) the notes and deeds of trust in which the Direct Lenders hold interests as property of the Debtors' Estates or (ii) the Direct Lenders' interests in such notes and deeds of trust as unsecured claims against the Debtors' Estates.

Asset Sale Transaction

12. The Asset Purchase Agreement, dated and effective as of December 8, 2006 [Docket No. 2164] (the "Asset Purchase Agreement"), made by and between USACM and FTDF

(together with USACM, the "Sellers") and DTDF, USA Realty and USA Securities, as acknowledging parties, and Compass is hereby approved.

13. The Debtors and Compass, as may be mutually agreed by such parties, are hereby authorized to consummate the Asset Purchase Agreement at any time following ten (10) days after entry of this Confirmation Order, which may occur prior to the Effective Date of the Plan.

14. Except as expressly permitted or otherwise specifically provided for in the Asset Purchase Agreement or this Confirmation Order, pursuant to sections 105(a), 1123, and 363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code, the Acquired Assets shall be transferred to the Asset Purchaser on the terms and conditions set forth in the Asset Purchase Agreement, and upon Closing shall be, free and clear of all liens, claims, interests, obligations and encumbrances whatsoever, including, but not limited to, (A) all monetary and non-monetary defaults and rights that purport to give to any party a right or option to effect any forfeiture, modification, right of first refusal, or termination of the Sellers' or the Asset Purchaser's interest in, or rights in or under, the Acquired Assets, or any similar rights, based in any way on any action taken (or failed to be taken) by any of the Debtors or any other matter or occurrence relating to the period prior to the Closing (other than any right that existed and was matured and exercisable, as of the Petition Date, to effect a substitution of USACM as loan servicer under Section 3 of any Loan Servicing Agreement, as well as any defenses of the loan servicer thereto (a "Surviving Section 3 Right")); (B) taxes arising under or out of, in connection with, or in any way relating to the existence, ownership, management or servicing of the Acquired Assets prior to the Closing; and (C) (i) all mortgages, deeds of trust, security interests, conditional sale or other title retention agreements, pledges, liens, judgments, demands, encumbrances, rights of first refusal or charges of any kind or nature, if any, including, but not limited to, any restriction on the use, voting, transfer, receipt of income or other exercise of any attributes of ownership and (ii) all debts arising in any way in connection with any agreements, acts, or failures to act, of any of the Sellers or any of the Sellers' predecessors or affiliates; all claims (as that term is defined in the Bankruptcy Code), obligations, liabilities, rights of recoupment or setoff, demands, guaranties, options, rights, restrictions, interest and matters of any kind and nature in any way relating to the existence, ownership, management or servicing of

the Acquired Assets prior to Closing, whether known or unknown, contingent or otherwise, whether arising prior to or subsequent to the commencement of these cases pursuant to chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, and whether imposed by agreement, understanding, law, equity or otherwise, including but not limited to claims otherwise arising under doctrines of successor liability (collectively, "Interests"); provided, however, that, in connection with any attempted post-Closing exercise of a Surviving Section 3 Right: (a) the Direct Lenders must provide Compass at least thirty (30) days prior written notice of the intended exercise of such right in accordance with section 8 of the Loan Servicing Agreement, (b) Compass shall have the right to challenge the exercise of such Surviving Section 3 Right by filing a motion with this Court prior to the expiration of such thirty (30) day period to determine whether such Surviving Section 3 Right has been properly and validly exercised (the "Compass Motion") and the Court shall retain jurisdiction to adjudicate any such disputes, (c) in the event Compass timely files such Compass Motion, the effectiveness of the attempted exercise of such Surviving Section 3 Right shall be stayed pending this Court's entry of an order in respect of the Compass Motion, and (d) the post-Closing survival of such Surviving Section 3 Right shall not impair in any respect any rights or interests of Compass under the Loan Servicing Agreements, including, without limitation, its rights under Section 2(c)(iii) of the Loan Servicing Agreement. In the event of a proper exercise of remedies under Section 3 of the Loan Servicing Agreement, (i) neither the Direct Lenders nor any replacement servicer selected by such Direct Lender shall have the right or ability to compromise, subordinate, or impair, in any respect, any rights, claims or interests purchased by Compass from the Estates for default interest, accrued servicing fees, late charges, success fees, or other amounts under the Loan Servicing Agreement, and (ii) this Confirmation Order shall be binding upon such replacement servicer regardless of whether such replacement servicer actually received such copy of the Confirmation Order.

15. Any and all such Interests whatsoever shall attach to the net proceeds of the Asset Sale Transaction in the order of their priority, with the same validity, force and effect which they now have as against the Acquired Assets, subject to any claims and defenses that the Sellers may possess with respect thereto.

1 16. Upon the Closing of the Asset Sale Transaction, the Sellers are hereby authorized
2 to pay SPCP, LLC the Break-Up Fee from the proceeds of the Asset Sale Transaction.

3 17. The transfer of the Acquired Assets to the Asset Purchaser pursuant to the Asset
4 Purchase Agreement constitutes a legal, valid, and effective transfer of the Acquired Assets, and
5 shall vest the Asset Purchaser with all right, title, and interest of the Sellers in and to the Acquired
6 Assets free and clear of all Claims and Interests of any kind or nature whatsoever.

7 18. If any Person or entity that has filed financing statements, mortgages, mechanic's
8 liens, lis pendens, or other documents or agreements evidencing Interests in the Acquired Assets
9 shall not have delivered to the Sellers prior to the Closing, in proper form for filing and executed
10 by the appropriate parties, termination statements, instruments of satisfaction, releases of all
11 Interests which the Person or entity has with respect the Acquired Assets or otherwise, then (a) the
12 Sellers are authorized and directed to execute and file such statements, instruments, releases and
13 other documents on behalf of the Person or entity with respect to the Acquired Assets and (b) the
14 Asset Purchaser is authorized to file, register, or otherwise record a certified copy of this
15 Confirmation Order, which, once filed, registered or otherwise recorded, shall constitute
16 conclusive evidence of the release of all Interests in the Acquired Assets of any kind or nature
17 whatsoever.

18 19. The consideration provided by the Asset Purchaser for the Acquired Assets under
19 the Asset Purchase Agreement is, and shall be deemed, to constitute reasonably equivalent value
20 and fair consideration under the Bankruptcy Code and under the laws of the United States, any
21 State (including Nevada), territory, possession, or the District of Columbia.

22 20. This Confirmation Order (a) shall be effective as a determination that, on the
23 Closing, all Interests of any kind or nature whatsoever existing as to the Acquired Assets prior to
24 the Closing have been unconditionally released, discharged and terminated (other than any
25 obligations expressly assumed by the Asset Purchaser under the Asset Purchase Agreement), and
26 that the conveyances described herein have been effected, and (b) shall be binding upon and shall
27 govern the acts of all entities including without limitation, all filing agents, filing officers, title
28 agents, title companies, recorders of mortgages, recorders of deeds, registrars of deeds,

administrative agencies, governmental departments, secretaries of state, federal, state, and local officials, and all other persons and entities who may be required by operation of law, the duties of their office, or contract, to accept, file, register or otherwise record or release any documents or instruments, or who may be required to report or insure any title or state of title in or to any of the Acquired Assets.

21. Each and every federal, state, and local governmental agency or department is directed to accept any and all documents and instruments necessary and appropriate to consummate the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement.

22. All entities who are presently, or on the Closing may be, in possession of any or all of the Acquired Assets are directed to surrender possession of the Acquired Assets to the Asset Purchaser on the Closing; provided, however, that, pursuant to the Asset Purchase Agreement, only working copies of the relevant databases and servicing and reporting software, will be delivered to the Asset Purchaser, with the originals being retained by USACM and transferred to the USACM Trust.

23. This Court retains jurisdiction as set forth in Section VIII.D. of the Plan, including the jurisdiction to enforce and implement the terms and provisions of this Confirmation Order and the Asset Purchase Agreement, all amendments thereto, any waivers and consents thereunder, in all respects, including, but not limited to, retaining jurisdiction to: (a) compel delivery of the Acquired Assets to the Asset Purchaser pursuant to the terms of this Confirmation Order and the Asset Purchase Agreement; and (b) to protect the Asset Purchaser against any Interests against the Sellers or the Acquired Assets.

24. Except for any liabilities expressly assumed by the Asset Purchaser pursuant to the Asset Purchase Agreement (the "Assumed Liabilities"), the sale of the Acquired Assets shall be free and clear of, and the Asset Purchaser shall have no liability or responsibility for, any Interests Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, and except as otherwise specifically provided in the Asset Purchase Agreement and this Confirmation Order, to the extent allowed by law, the Asset Purchaser shall not be liable for any Claims or Interests against the Sellers or any of their predecessors or affiliates or the Acquired Assets, and the Asset Purchaser shall have no successor

1 or vicarious liabilities of any kind or character including, but not limited to, any such liability that
2 may be imposed by statute (e.g., under so-called “bulk sale” laws) or any theory of antitrust,
3 environmental, successor or transferee liability, labor law, de facto merger, or substantial
4 continuity, whether known or unknown as of the Closing, now existing or hereafter arising,
5 whether matured, unmatured, fixed or contingent, with respect to the Sellers or any obligations of
6 the Sellers or the Acquired Assets arising prior to the Closing, including, but not limited to,
7 liabilities on account of any taxes arising, accruing, or payable under, out of, in connection with,
8 or in any way relating to the existence, ownership, management or servicing of the Acquired
9 Assets prior to the Closing.

10 25. Under no circumstances shall the Asset Purchaser be deemed a successor of or to
11 the Sellers for any Interest against or in the Sellers or the Acquired Assets of any kind or nature
12 whatsoever. The sale, transfer, assignment and delivery of the Acquired Assets shall not be
13 subject to any Interests, and Interests of any kind or nature whatsoever shall remain with, and
14 continue to be obligations of, the Sellers. All Persons holding Interests against or in the Sellers or
15 the Acquired Assets of any kind or nature whatsoever (including but not limited to, the Sellers
16 and/or their respective successors, including any trustee’s thereof, creditors, lenders to any of the
17 Sellers, Direct Lenders, borrowers, employees, unions, former employees and shareholders,
18 administrative agencies, governmental units, secretaries of state, federal, state and local officials,
19 maintaining any authority relating to any environmental, health and safety laws, and their
20 respective successors or assigns) shall be, and are, forever barred, estopped, and permanently
21 enjoined from asserting, prosecuting, or otherwise pursuing such Interests of any kind or nature
22 whatsoever against the Asset Purchaser, its property, its successors and assigns, or the Acquired
23 Assets, as an alleged successor or otherwise, with respect to any Interest of any kind or nature
24 whatsoever such Person or entity had, has, or may have against or in the Sellers, their estates,
25 officers, directors, shareholders, or the Acquired Assets. Following the Closing, no holder of an
26 Interest in the Sellers shall interfere with the Asset Purchaser’s title to or use and enjoyment of the
27 Acquired Assets based on or related to such Interest, or any actions that the Sellers may take in
28 their Chapter 11 Cases.

26. The transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement are undertaken by the Asset Purchaser in good faith, as that term is used in section 363(m) of the Bankruptcy Code, and accordingly, the reversal or modification on appeal of the authorization provided herein to consummate the Asset Sale Transaction shall not affect the validity of the Asset Sale Transaction or any rights or protections accorded Asset Purchaser under the Asset Purchase Agreement or this Confirmation Order, unless such authorization is duly stayed pending such appeal. The Asset Purchaser is a purchaser in good faith of the Acquired Assets, and is entitled to all of the protections afforded by section 363(m) of the Bankruptcy Code.

27. The transfer of the Acquired Assets pursuant to the Asset Sale Transaction is a transfer pursuant to section 1146(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, and accordingly, the transfer of the Acquired Assets (including without limitation both real and personal property) to Asset Purchaser does not and will not subject the Sellers or Asset Purchaser, their affiliates or designees to any liability for any law imposing a mortgage or recording tax, transfer tax, stamp tax, sales tax, use or similar tax or any so-called "bulk-sale", to the fullest extent permitted by Section 1146(c) of the Bankruptcy Code. Each and every federal, state and local government agency or department is directed to accept any and all documents and instruments necessary and appropriate to consummate the transfer of any of the Acquired Assets, all without imposition or payment of any stamp tax, transfer tax, or similar tax.

Post-Effective Date Entities

28. Pursuant to Article IV, Section D.1. of the Plan, on the Effective Date, all assets of the USACM Estate not collected or disposed of on or prior to the Effective Date, including (a) Cash and noncash proceeds, (b) loans made to Placer Vineyards, Marquis Hotel, Colt Gateway LLC, and Colt Second TD and all related fees and default interest on the Placer Vineyards, Marquis Hotel, Colt Gateway LLC, and Colt Second TD loans, including the Loan Servicing Agreements related to the Placer Vineyards, Marquis Hotel, Colt Gateway LLC, and Colt Second TD loans, all other Notes Receivable (including the Investment Partners Note) and all Accounts Receivable, computers and software, (c) the Prepaid Interest (including Prepaid Interest collected by the Asset Purchaser post-Closing and including the DTDF Prepaid Interest, subject to the

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objection of the DTDF Committee, which shall be determined by the Court if not settled), (d) the USACM Accounts (including USACM Estate's share of the IP \$58 Million Promissory Note), (e) all USACM Litigation Claims, including without limitation the Non-Debtor Insider Litigation, belonging to or assertable by the USACM Estate, and (f) the FTDF Litigation Claims transferred to USACM pursuant to Article IV, Section E.2.j of the Plan (collectively, the "USACM Trust Assets"), minus any Cash needed to make the payments required to be made on the Effective Date pursuant to the Plan or needed to fund the reserves required to be established on the Effective Date, shall vest in the USACM Trust, pursuant to the Plan and shall be transferred to the USACM Trust as soon as practicable thereafter.

29. As of the Effective Date and pursuant to Article IV, Section D.2. of the Plan, all assets of the DTDF Estate not collected or disposed of prior to the Effective Date, including (a) Cash and noncash proceeds, (b) the DTDF Loans (including but not limited to rights associated with the former Epic and Sheraton Loans and the Loan Servicing Agreements for the Excluded DTDF Loans), (c) the FTDF Transferred Assets, (d) all DTDF Litigation Claims, including without limitation the Non-Debtor Insider Litigation, belonging to or assertable by the DTDF Estate, and (e) the DTDF Estate's share of the IP \$58 Million Promissory Note (collectively, the "DTDF Assets") shall remain the property of DTDF after the Effective Date. Post-Effective Date DTDF shall also be funded with Pro Rata distributions from the USACM Trust on account of the Allowed DTDF Unsecured Claim.

30. The Liquidating Trust Agreement as filed with the Court is approved, and Geoffrey L. Berman is approved as the USACM Trustee. On and after the Effective Date, the USACM Trust and the USACM Trustee shall have all powers and duties set forth in the Plan and in the USACM Trust.

31. The DTDF Amended Operating Agreement as filed with the Court is approved, and Michael Tucker is approved as the DTDF Administrator. On and after the Effective Date, the Post-Effective Date DTDF and DTDF Administrator shall have all powers and duties set forth in the Plan and in the DTDF Amended Operating Agreement.

32. As of the Effective Date, the USACM Trust Committee shall have the rights,

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powers, privileges, responsibilities, and authority as set forth in the Plan and in the USACM Trust.

33. As of the Effective Date, the DTDF Post-Effective Date Trust Committee shall have the rights, powers, privileges, responsibilities, and authority as set forth in the Plan and in the DTDF Amended Operating Agreement.

34. As of the Effective Date, USACM shall irrevocably assign, transfer and convey to the USACM Trust, all right, title and interest in and to the USACM Trust Assets, including, but not limited to, all USACM Litigation Claims and the FTDF Litigation Claims. All USACM Litigation Claims and the FTDF Litigation Claims accruing to USACM or FTDF, respectively, or their respective Estates shall remain assets of and vest in the USACM Trust, whether or not litigation relating thereto is pending on the Effective Date. Neither USACM, FTDF, their respective Estates nor the USACM Trust waives, relinquishes, or abandons any USACM Litigation Claim or FTDF Litigation Claim which constitutes property of their respective Estates, regardless of whether or not litigation relating thereto is pending on the Effective Date and whether or not any such right or cause of action has been listed or referred to in the Plan, the Disclosure Statement or any schedule, exhibit or other document filed in connection therewith.

35. The USACM Trust shall have full power and authority to prosecute, compromise or otherwise resolve any and all such USACM Litigation Claims and FTDF Litigation Claims, with all recoveries derived therefrom to be distributed under the Plan. The USACM Trust and the Estates shall not be barred by res judicata, collateral estoppel, judicial estoppel, issue preclusion or otherwise after Confirmation from prosecuting the USACM Litigation Claims or FTDF Litigation Claims. To the full extent permitted by law, USACM will be deemed to irrevocably transfer to the USACM Trustee, as its legal successor, all rights of USACM and the USACM Estate (including the USACM Estate after the Confirmation Date) to exercise or waive any attorney-client privilege, accountant-client privilege, work-product privilege or other privilege or immunity attaching to any documents or communications (whether written or oral) as set forth in the Liquidating Trust Agreement, and USACM and the USACM Trustee are authorized to take all necessary actions to effectuate the transfer of the Privileges.

36. On and after the Effective Date, pursuant to the Asset Purchase Agreement and the

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Plan, the USACM Trust shall have or, if it does not have, be granted access to all databases, software, documents, records and original computers and related hardware currently owned by, or currently in the possession or control of, any of the Debtors, which, in the discretion of the USACM Trust, are deemed to be necessary. The foregoing shall include, but not be limited to, electronic copies (in a form that will enable the USACM Trust to use and manipulate the data), all software and systems, all hardware, all documents, all records (including reconstructed Loan ledgers and other documents created during the Chapter 11 Cases), and all original computers and related hardware that are necessary for the USACM Trust to administer or service any Loans, to object to Claims against and Equity Interests in USACM, to prosecute or defend any litigation to which USACM, the USACM Estate or the USACM Trust is a party, to administer and/or manage the USACM Trust, and to make distributions to the beneficiaries of the USACM Trust.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, as agreed in the Asset Purchase Agreement, the USACM Trust shall retain the original relevant databases and servicing and reporting software.

37. All DTDF Litigation Claims accruing to DTDF or its Estate shall remain assets of the Post-Effective Date DTDF, whether or not litigation relating thereto is pending on the Effective Date. Neither DTDF, its Estate nor Post-Effective Date DTDF waives, relinquishes, or abandons any DTDF Litigation Claim which constitutes property of its Estate, regardless of whether or not litigation relating thereto is pending on the Effective Date and whether or not any such right or cause of action has been listed or referred to in the Plan, the Disclosure Statement or any schedule, exhibit or other document filed in connection therewith.

38. Post-Effective Date DTDF shall have full power and authority to prosecute, compromise or otherwise resolve any and all such DTDF Litigation Claims, with all recoveries derived therefrom to be distributed under the Plan. The Post-Effective Date DTDF and the DTDF Estate shall not be barred by res judicata, collateral estoppel, judicial estoppel, issue preclusion or otherwise after Confirmation from prosecuting the DTDF Litigation Claims.

39. On and after the Effective Date, pursuant to the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Plan, Post-Effective Date DTDF shall have or, if it does not have, be granted access to all databases, software, documents, records and original computers and related hardware currently

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owned by, or currently in the possession or control of, any of the Debtors, which, in the discretion of Post-Effective Date DTDF, are deemed to be necessary. The foregoing shall include, but not be limited to, electronic copies (in a form that will enable Post-Effective Date DTDF to use and manipulate the data), all databases, all software and systems, all hardware, all documents and all records (including the reconstructed Loan ledgers and other documents created during the Chapter 11 Cases), and all original computers and related hardware that are necessary for Post-Effective Date DTDF to collect upon and otherwise administer its retained Loans, to object to Claims against and Equity Interests in DTDF and Post-Effective Date DTDF, to prosecute or defend any litigation to which DTDF, the DTDF Estate or the Post-Effective Date DTDF is a party, to administer and/or manage Post-Effective Date DTDF, and to make distributions to the holders of Allowed Claims against and Equity Interests in DTDF and Post-Effective Date DTDF.

40. USACM Trust and Post-Effective Date DTDF shall retain their respective share of the Non-Debtor Insider Litigation and may, without further order of this Court, enter into a joint prosecution or sharing agreement with each other.

41. The Debtors, the Debtors' officers, the USACM Trustee, and the DTDF Administrator are authorized to take all actions necessary to implement the Plan and the transactions contemplated therein in accordance with the terms of the Plan, and are authorized to execute, deliver, file, or record such contracts, instruments, releases, and other agreements or documents and to take such other actions as they may determine to be necessary or appropriate to effectuate, implement, and further evidence the terms and conditions of the this Confirmation Order, the Plan, the Plan Documents Supplement, the Direct Lender Supplement, or the exhibits and schedules to any of the foregoing, and any or all such documents shall be accepted by each of the respective local or state filing offices and recorded in accordance with applicable state law and shall become effective in accordance with their terms and the provisions of state law.

Intercompany Compromises.

42. As set forth in Article IV, Section E.1. of the Plan, the compromise between USACM and the Direct Lenders is hereby approved.

43. As set forth in Article IV, Section E.2. of Art. IV of the Plan, the compromise

between USACM and FTDF is hereby approved.

44. As set forth in Article IV, Section E.3. of Art. IV of the Plan, the compromise between FTDF and DTDF is hereby approved.

45. As set forth in Article IV, Section E.4. of Art. IV of the Plan, the compromise between FTDF and USA Realty is hereby approved.

46. As set forth in Article IV, Section E.5. of Art. IV of the Plan, the compromise between DTDF and USA Realty is hereby approved.

Loan Distributions, Loan Servicing Agreements, Loans And Deeds of Trust

47. After the Effective Date, and except as otherwise provided in the Plan, the Direct Lenders and Post-Effective Date DTDF shall be entitled to distributions from the Direct Lender Loans in accordance with the related Loan Servicing Agreements, the applicable loan and security documents, and applicable Nevada law, by the Asset Purchaser, as the third party servicer. In accordance with Article IV, Section E.1.d.ii of the Plan, Section 7.3 of the Asset Purchase Agreement and any other orders of this Court, the Asset Purchaser is authorized and directed to net Prepaid Interest sums due from Direct Lenders and collect Prepaid Interest from Borrowers, and remit those amounts to USACM or the USACM Trust, as applicable. After the Closing, the Direct Lenders are obligated to comply with the terms of the applicable Loan Servicing Agreements including the obligation to pay the fees at the rate expressed as a percentage specified in Section 5 thereof, without regard to any inconsistent offering circular or other document; provided, however, that solely as to the timely filed objections by (i) Erna D. Grundman and Joanne M. Grundman, jointly, (ii) Joanne M. Grundman, and (iii) Gregory Walch and Shauna Walch to the Loan Servicing Fee Schedule: (i) such objections concerning pre-Closing servicing fees shall be resolved as between USACM and the objecting Direct Lenders under the Alternative Dispute Resolution Agreement; and (ii) entry of the Confirmation Order shall not resolve such objections concerning post-Closing servicing fees as between the Asset Purchaser and the objecting Direct Lender.

48. Nothing in the Plan or this Confirmation Order shall be deemed to modify, in any respect, the Direct Lenders' notes or the deeds of trust securing such notes.

Preservation of Rights of Action and Defenses.

49. Except to the extent such rights, Claims, causes of action, defenses, and counterclaims are expressly and specifically released in connection with the Plan or in any settlement agreement approved during the Chapter 11 Cases, (1) any and all rights, Claims, causes of action, defenses, and counterclaims accruing to or assertable by the Debtors or their Estates, including without limitation any and all Litigation Claims, the Non-Debtor Insider Litigation, Claims related to the Undistributed Cash and Claims for Prepaid Interest shall remain assets of such Estates and be assertable by the Debtors or such Estates, and to the extent applicable, be transferred to and assertable by any respective Post-Effective Date Entity, whether or not litigation relating thereto is pending on the Effective Date, and whether or not any such rights, Claims, causes of action, defenses, and counterclaims have been Scheduled or otherwise listed or referred to in the Plan or Disclosure Statement, or any other document Filed with the Court, and (2) neither the Debtors nor the Post-Effective Date Entities is hereby deemed to waive, relinquish, or abandon (nor shall they be estopped or otherwise precluded from asserting) any right, Claim, cause of action, defense, or counterclaim that constitutes property of such Debtor's Estate or is assertable by such Estate: (A) whether or not such right, Claim, cause of action, defense, or counterclaim has been listed or referred to in the Schedules, the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, or any other document Filed with the Court, (B) whether or not such right, Claim, cause of action, defense, or counterclaim is currently known to the Debtors, and (C) whether or not a defendant in any litigation relating to such right, Claim, cause of action, defense, or counterclaim filed a proof of Claim in the Chapter 11 Cases, filed a notice of appearance or any other pleading or notice in the Chapter 11 Cases, voted for or against the Plan, or received or retained any consideration under the Plan. Without in any manner limiting the scope of the foregoing, notwithstanding any otherwise applicable principle of law or equity, including, without limitation, any principles of judicial estoppel, res judicata, collateral estoppel, issue preclusion, or any similar doctrine, the failure to list, disclose, describe, identify, or refer to a right, Claim, cause of action, defense, or counterclaim, or potential right, Claim, cause of action, defense, or counterclaim, in the Schedules, the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, or any other document Filed with the Court shall in no manner

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waive, eliminate, modify, release, or alter the Debtors or the Post-Effective Date Entities' rights to commence, prosecute, defend against, settle, and realize upon any rights, Claims, causes of action, defenses, or counterclaims that any of the Debtors or the Estates has or may have as of the Confirmation Date. The Debtors or the Post-Effective Date Entities may commence, prosecute, defend against, recover on account of, and settle all rights, Claims, causes of action, defenses, and counterclaims in their sole discretion in accordance with what is in the best interests, and for the benefit, of the Debtors or the Post-Effective Date Entities.

Nondischarge of Debtors and Injunction.

50. Pursuant to Article IV, Section H. of the Plan and section 1141(d)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code, the Confirmation Order shall not discharge Claims against or Equity Interests in the Debtors. However, no holder of a Claim or Equity Interest may receive any payment from or seek recourse against any assets that are distributed or to be distributed under the Plan, except for those assets required to be distributed to such holder as expressly provided for in the Plan. As of the Effective Date, all Entities are precluded from asserting against any assets that are distributed or to be distributed under the Plan any Claims, rights, causes of action, liabilities or interests based upon any act or omission, transaction or other activity of any kind or nature that occurred prior to the Effective Date, other than as expressly provided in the Plan or Confirmation Order, regardless of the filing, lack of filing, allowance or disallowance of such a Claim or Equity Interest and regardless of whether such an Entity has voted to accept the Plan.

51. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or this Confirmation Order, on and after the Effective Date all Entities that have held, currently hold or may hold a debt, Claim, other liability or Equity Interest against or in the Debtors that would be discharged upon confirmation of the Plan on the Effective Date but for the provisions of section 1141(d)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code shall be permanently enjoined from taking any of the following actions on account of such debt, Claim, liability, Equity Interest or right: (A) commencing or continuing in any manner any action or other proceeding on account of such debt, Claim, liability, Equity Interest or right against assets or proceeds thereof that are to be distributed

under the Plan, other than to enforce any right to a distribution with respect to such assets or the proceeds thereof as provided under the Plan; (B) enforcing, attaching, collecting or recovering in any manner any judgment, award, decree, or order against any assets to be distributed to creditors under the Plan, other than as permitted under subparagraph (A) above; and (C) creating, perfecting or enforcing any lien or encumbrance against any assets to be distributed under the Plan, other than as permitted by the Plan, provided that nothing contained herein shall limit the rights of any distributee under the Plan from taking any actions in respect of property distributed or to be distributed to it under the Plan.

Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases

52. Pursuant to the Debtors' Revised Schedule of Executory Contracts And Unexpired Leases In Connection With Debtors' Third Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan Of Reorganization, filed on December 18, 2006 (docket no. 2162), all executory contracts and unexpired Leases of the Debtors are hereby rejected, effective as of the Effective Date.

53. Pursuant to Article V, Section B.3. of the Plan, if the rejection of an executory contract or unexpired lease by any of the Debtors pursuant to Article V, Section B.1. of the Plan results in damages to the other party or parties to such contract or lease, a request for payment of any and all Claims allegedly arising from a Debtor's rejection of executory contracts or unexpired leases, whether rejected under the Plan or by separate proceeding, must be Filed on or before the first Business Day which is thirty (30) calendar days after the date of service of notice of entry of the Confirmation Order. Failure to File such a request for payment prior to the time set forth herein shall be forever barred from asserting such Claims against the Debtors, the Estates, the Post-Effective Date Entities and/or any other Entity or any of their respective property, and the Debtors, the Estates, and the Post-Effective Date Entities, to the extent applicable, shall be discharged of any obligation on such Claim or any other Claim related such Claim.

Administrative Expense Claims and Objections to Claims

54. Pursuant to Article II, Section B.1.c.i. of the Plan, except as provided in Article II, Sections B.1.c.ii. and B.1.c.iii. of Art. II of the Plan, requests for payment of Administrative Expense Claims must be Filed and served on the Debtors and the Post-Effective Date Entities, the

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Committees (to the extent such Committees are not dissolved) and the U.S. Trustee by no later than thirty (30) days after the Effective Date (the “Administrative Expense Claim Bar Date”) Any holder of an Administrative Expense Claim who fails to File a request seeking to have its Claim Allowed on or before the Administrative Expense Claim Bar Date shall be forever barred from seeking the allowance of its Administrative Expense Claim, and the Debtors and their Estates, including any Post-Effective Date Entities, if applicable, shall be discharged of any obligation on such Claim or any other Claim related to the Administrative Expense Claim.

55. Pursuant to Article II, Section B.1.c.ii. of the Plan, all Professionals or other Entities requesting compensation or reimbursement of expenses under sections 327, 328, 330, 331, 503(b) and/or 1103 of the Bankruptcy Code for services rendered before the Effective Date (including any compensation requested by any professional or any other Entity for making a substantial contribution in the Chapter 11 Cases under section 503(b)(3)(D) of the Bankruptcy Code) shall File and serve on the Debtors, the Post-Effective Date Entities, the Committees (to the extent such Committees are not yet dissolved) and the U.S. Trustee an application for final allowance of compensation and reimbursement of expenses no later than forty-five (45) days after the Effective Date (the “Professionals Administrative Expense Claim Bar Date”). Any objections to such applications must be Filed and served in accordance with applicable law, including Nevada District Court Local Rule 9014. Any Professional who fails to File an application requesting payment on or prior to the Professionals Administrative Expense Claim Bar Date shall be forever barred from seeking the allowance of its Administrative Expense Claim or any other Claim, and the Debtors, their Estates and any Post-Effective Date Entities, if applicable, shall be discharged of any obligation on such Claim or any other Claim related to the Professional’s Claim.

56. Pursuant to Article II, Section B.1.c.iii. of the Plan, holders of Ordinary Course Administrative Expense Claims shall not be required to File any request for payment of such Claims by the Administrative Expense Claim Bar Date. Each Ordinary Course Administrative Expense Claim shall be assumed and paid by the obligated Estate under the terms and conditions of the particular transaction giving rise to that Ordinary Course Administrative Expense Claim, without any further action by the holder of such Ordinary Course Administrative Expense Claim

57. Pursuant to Article II, Section B.1.c.iv. of the Plan, all holders of Administrative Expense Claims (including without limitation, Professionals requesting compensation or reimbursement of expenses), except holders of Ordinary Course Administrative Expense Claims, are required to File a request for payment of such Claims in accordance with the Plan. Failure to File a request for payment of an Administrative Expense Claim prior to the Administrative Expense Claim Bar Date or the Professionals Administrative Expense Claim Bar Date, as applicable, shall forever bar the holder from asserting such Claims against the Debtors, the Estates, the Post-Effective Date Entities and any other Entity or any of their respective property, and the Debtors, the Estates and the Post-Effective Date Entities, to the extent applicable, shall be discharged of any obligation on such Claim or any other Claim related to the Administrative Expense Claim.

58. The Post-Effective Date Entities, the FTDF Committee (to the extent it is still in existence) or FTDF (for the benefit of and on behalf of the FTDF Estate), USA Realty on behalf of the USA Realty Estate and USA Securities on behalf of the USA Securities Estate, shall be responsible for Filing objections to any and all Claims and Equity Interests that are Disputed Claims or Disputed Equity Interests asserted against its respective Estate. The Post-Effective Date Entities, the FTDF Committee (to the extent it is still in existence) or FTDF (for the benefit of and on behalf of the FTDF Estate), USA Realty on behalf of the USA Realty Estate and USA Securities on behalf of the USA Securities Estate have the authority to settle and compromise any objection to a Disputed Claim or Disputed Equity Interest, if appropriate, without further order of the Court, and they may assert any and all Claims, rights of action, causes of action, counterclaims and defenses held by their respective Estates. The Estates, including the Post-Effective Date Entities, may, but shall not be required to, set off or recoup against any Claim or Equity Interest and the distributions to be made pursuant to the Plan in respect of such Claim or Equity Interest, any counterclaims, setoffs, or recoupment of any nature whatsoever that the Estates may have against the holder of the Claim or Equity Interest, but neither the failure to do so nor the allowance of any Claim or Equity Interest shall constitute a waiver or release by the Estates or the Post-Effective Date Entities of any such Claim, cause of action, setoff or recoupment.

59. Unless otherwise extended by order of this Court, objections to the allowance of Claims and Equity Interests shall be Filed and served upon the Entities asserting such Claims or Equity Interests as follows: (A) for any and all Claims and Equity Interests to which the General Bar Date applies, ninety (90) days after the Effective Date; (B) for any and all Claims to which the Administrative Claims Bar Date or the Professionals Administrative Bar Date applies, thirty (30) days after the expiration of the respective Bar Date; and (C) for any and all Claims to which the Bar Date applicable under section B.3 of Art. V of the Plan applies, thirty (30) days after the expiration of that Bar Date.

Chief Restructuring Officer / Disbursing Agent

60. After the Effective Date, Tom Allison shall remain Chief Restructuring Officer of FTDF, USA Realty and USA Securities.

61. In the Chapter 11 Cases of FTDF, USA Securities and USA Realty, the Debtors shall act as Disbursing Agents under the Plan for their respective Estates and shall make all distributions required under the Plan. At any time after thirty (30) days following the Effective Date, such Debtors may request that all future distributions of their respective Estates be handled by a Disbursing Agent, which may be Development Specialists, Inc. (“DSI”), including through Geoffrey L. Berman, acting in its own right and not as USACM Trustee, as Disbursing Agent. In the Chapter 11 Case of FTDF, after FTDF has made all initial distributions required under the Plan, DSI shall act as Disbursing Agent pursuant to a Disbursing Agent Agreement substantially in the form filed with the Court by the Debtors, as such agreement may be modified by such parties.

62. Pursuant to the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Plan, FTDF, USA Securities and USA Realty shall have copies of or access to all databases, software, documents and records of, or in the possession or control of, any of the Debtors, as may be necessary or appropriate in the wind down and dissolution of FTDF, USA Securities and USA Realty, including as necessary or appropriate, all databases, software, documents and records necessary to object to and make distributions to Claims and Equity Interest, as Allowed, against FTDF, USA Securities and USA Realty.

63. In the USACM Chapter 11 Case, the USACM Trustee shall act as Disbursing Agent under the Plan for distributions to USACM Trust Beneficiaries, and DSI shall act as Disbursing Agent under the Plan with respect to disbursements under the Plan after the Effective Date to holders of Allowed Administrative Expense Claims, Allowed Priority Tax Claims, Allowed Secured Tax Claims, Allowed Other Secured Claims, and Allowed Claims in Classes A-1, A-2, and A-3 and Disputed Claims pursuant to a Disbursing Agent Agreement substantially in the form filed by the Debtors. In the DTDF Chapter 11 Case, Post-Effective Date DTDF shall act as Disbursing Agent under the Plan for the DTDF Estate, and shall make all distributions required under the Plan, and may employ or contract with other Entities to assist in or perform any distribution of property.

Miscellaneous.

64. As set forth in Article VIII, Section A. of the Plan, the limitation of liability and release provisions shall be effective and binding upon all applicable Persons and entities to the fullest extent provided in the Plan.

65. The Debtors and Debtors in Possession, without any action by Equity Interests whatsoever, are hereby authorized to execute such documents and take such other action as is necessary to effectuate the transactions provided for in the Plan.

66. As set forth in Article II, Section B.1.b. of the Plan, on or before the Effective Date, Statutory Fees for each Estate shall be paid in Cash, in full when due.

67. As soon as practicable after the occurrence of the Effective Date, but no later than ten (10) days thereafter, the USACM Trustee shall File and serve on each holder of a Claim or Equity Interest a written notice of the occurrence of Effective Date. Each Committee shall post notice of the occurrence of the Effective Date on its respective website.

68. In accordance with section 1146(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, the making delivery, filing or recording of any mortgages, deeds of trust, leasehold mortgages, leases (whether recorded or unrecorded) and/or the various instruments and documents of transfer as specified in or contemplated by the Plan, including the documents related to the Asset Sale Transaction and/or the exhibits thereto, are hereby exempt from taxation under any law imposing a mortgage or

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recording tax, stamp tax, sales tax, transfer tax, use tax or any similar tax. The appropriate federal, state or local government officers are hereby directed to accept for filing or recording all Instruments of Transfer or other documents of transfer to be filed and recorded in accordance with the Plan and the exhibits thereto, without payment of any such tax or government assessment, and without the presentation of any affidavits, instruments, or returns otherwise required for recording other than the Confirmation Order. The Court retains jurisdiction to enforce the foregoing direction by contempt proceedings or otherwise.

69. USACM shall have authority to take actions on behalf of USACM and the USACM Estate until and including the Effective Date, when the appointment of the USACM Trustee becomes effective and the USACM Trust Assets are transferred to the USACM Trust and the USACM Trust becomes effective in accordance with this Plan and the USACM Trust Agreement. As soon as practicable thereafter, USACM shall be dissolved in accordance with the Confirmation Order and applicable state law.

70. DTDF shall have authority to take actions on behalf of DTDF and the DTDF Estate until and including the Effective Date and, thereafter, the Post-Effective Date DTDF shall have the exclusive authority to act on behalf of DTDF and the DTDF Estate. When the Plan has been fully implemented by Post-Effective Date DTDF and all assets of the DTDF Estate and Post-Effective Date DTDF have been fully liquidated and distributed and the DTDF Estate and Post-Effective Date DTDF fully administered, DTDF shall be dissolved in accordance with the Confirmation Order, the DTDF Amended Operating Agreement and applicable state law.

71. FTDF, USA Realty, and USA Securities shall have the authority to effect all transactions and take all actions, including, without limitation, filing applicable tax returns, required by the Plan on and after the Effective Date. FTDF and the FTDF Committee shall each have authority to prosecute (a) claim objections in the FTDF Estate, and (b) the non assignable

FTDF Litigation Claims on behalf of FTDF subject to the compromise with DTDF set forth herein. After the actions set forth in this paragraph are completed, FTDF, USA Realty, and USA Securities shall be dissolved in accordance with the Confirmation Order and applicable state

law, and FTDF, USA Realty, and USA Securities, or their respective appointed Disbursing Agent, which may be DSI, shall file a final report and close their respective Chapter 11 Cases in accordance with Bankruptcy Code section 350.

72. The Post-Effective Date Entities may execute such other documents and take such other actions as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate the transactions contemplated under this Plan.

73. The reversal or modification of this Confirmation Order or Findings on appeal shall not affect the validity of the Plan, or any agreement or action authorized by this Confirmation Order or under the Plan, including the Asset Purchaser Agreement, with respect to any entity acting in good faith, whether or not that entity knows of the appeal, unless this Confirmation Order is stayed pending appeal.

74. Within ninety (90) days of the Effective Date, the Debtors or a Post-Effective Date Entity or the FTDF Committee, to the extent applicable, shall File a status report for each of the respective Debtors setting forth what progress has been made toward the consummation of the confirmed Plan. The status report shall be served on the U.S. Trustee, the Debtors, prior to dissolution or transition to the Post-Effective Date Entities, the Post-Effective Date Entities, and any Entities who have Filed a request for such reports with the Court. Unless otherwise ordered, further status reports shall be Filed every ninety (90) days and served on the same Entities. On or after the Effective Date, no monthly operating reports need to be filed with the U.S. Trustee.

75. Once each Estate has been fully administered, as referred to in Bankruptcy Rule 3022, the Post-Effective Date Entities, the Debtors, or another party as the Court may designate, shall File a final report and account of all receipts and disbursements, and serve that report on the U.S. Trustee, and any other Entities entitled to service under any applicable law. Any such final report shall include a request that the Court enter a Final Decree in the Chapter 11 Case of the applicable Debtor.

76. Nothing in this Confirmation Order or the Plan shall be construed or interpreted to release, discharge, enjoin or otherwise adversely impact any claim or claims of PBGC or any pension plan, currently or formerly sponsored by the Debtors against any person arising under 29

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U.S.C. Sections 1104-1109 with respect to the pension plans.

77. Nothing in this Confirmation Order or the Plan, including without limitation the injunction provided in Section IV.H. of the Plan: (i) shall alter, affect or supersede the Bankruptcy Court's Order Approving Agreement With Investment Partners entered on July 24, 2006 (Docket No. 946); or (ii) shall enjoin, prejudice, limit, preclude or otherwise impair the rights and remedies that (a) the Debtors and their respective Estates, (b) the Post-Effective Date Entities, (c) the Direct Lenders, or (d) creditors of the Debtors or parties in interest, including Liberty Bank, as or may have against any non-debtor third parties, including without limitation HMA Sales, LLC ("HMA") and USA Investment Partners, LLC ("USAIP"), under the Receivables Loan Agreement between Liberty Bank and HMA dated as of November 15, 2004, as amended, and the loan documents securing and/or relating thereto, including without limitation the Guaranty Agreement executed by USAIP and the Subordination Agreement among USAIP, HMA and Liberty Bank, each dated as of November 15, 2004.

78. Nothing in this Confirmation Order or the Plan shall be construed or interpreted to release, discharge, enjoin or otherwise adversely impact the assertion of any setoff, recoupment, counterclaim or defense that Standard Property Development, LCC ("Standard"), Binford Medical Developers, LLC ("Binford"), or Copper Sage Commerce Center, LLC ("Copper Sage") may assert against any lender, other than FTDF, USACM, or Compass as the assignee or transferee of the assets of FTDF and USACM, to the attempted enforcement, collection and/or foreclosure of the applicable Loan(s) to such borrower; as for FTDF or USACM or Compass as the assignee or transferee of the assets of FTDF and USACM, nothing in this Confirmation Order or the Plan shall be construed or interpreted to preclude Standard, Binford, or Copper Sage from asserting any defense (including the defense of recoupment) to the enforcement, collection and/or foreclosure of FTDF's or USACM's undivided interest in the Standard, Binford, or Copper Sage Loan(s) to such borrower.

79. Each term and provision of the Plan is hereby deemed to be valid and enforceable pursuant to its terms.

80. If and to the extent that there is any direct conflict between the terms of the Plan,

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the Findings and the terms of this Confirmation Order, this Confirmation Order shall control.

81. Notwithstanding the fact that Joseph Milanowski, Thomas Hantges, Paul Hamilton, Victoria Loob, USA Investment Partners, LLC, USA Commercial Real Estate Group, Cynthia Milanowski, or Salvatore Reale, their insiders or affiliates may have acted or served in some capacity with the Debtors after the Petition Date or may have some other connection with the Debtors or the Debtors' Estates, and notwithstanding anything in the Plan to the contrary or which could be construed to the contrary, nothing in the Plan nor this Confirmation Order shall be construed as providing a release of any claims or causes of action against Joseph Milanowski, Thomas Hantges, Paul Hamilton, Victoria Loob, USA Investment Partners, LLC, USA Commercial Real Estate Group, Cynthia Milanowski, or Salvatore Reale, their insiders or affiliates (other than the Debtors themselves in accordance with the provisions of the Plan).

82. Nothing contained in the Asset Purchase Agreement shall modify the obligations owed to the Lenders by Compass as the loan servicer or rights of the Lenders against Compass as the loan servicer (or the rights of Compass as the loan servicer against the Lenders) under the applicable Loan Servicing Agreements and otherwise applicable law. Compass shall distribute any sums due to Lenders under any of the Loan Servicing Agreements in accordance with the Loan Servicing Agreements, as the same may be modified with consent of the applicable Lenders, and with otherwise applicable law. Compass shall apply all payments and proceeds from Serviced Loans (as such term is defined in the Asset Purchase Agreement), however collected, whether through liquidation of collateral, payments from the Borrower or otherwise, in accordance with the provisions of the notes and/or loan agreements. Further, notwithstanding the foregoing, to the extent the Bankruptcy Court has entered an order, including, but not limited to, this Confirmation Order, which interprets or enforces provisions of the Loan Servicing Agreements or directs the distribution of payments under the Loan Servicing Agreements or payments collected from Borrowers, Compass, the Lenders, and all other affected parties shall abide by the terms of such order(s). If, as between the provisions of the Loan Servicing Agreements and the order(s) of the Bankruptcy Court, it is not clear to Compass how the sums collected shall be distributed, then Compass shall hold the sums payable to the Lender until Compass either receives direction from

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the Lender and, as to items not constituting Commercial Mortgage Assets (as such term is defined in the Asset Purchase Agreement), the Sellers (or their successor or assignee under the Plan) regarding disbursement of interest, or is directed by an order from a court of competent jurisdiction. Nothing contained herein is intended to waive any defenses of the Lenders or, as to items not constituting Commercial Mortgage Assets (as such term is defined in the Asset Purchase Agreement), the Sellers (or their successors or assignees) under the Loan Servicing Agreements. For the avoidance of doubt, under no circumstance shall any pre-Closing Date liability assertable by any party attach to Compass, or to any asset acquired by Compass, pursuant to the Asset Purchase Agreement. Furthermore, for the avoidance of doubt, notwithstanding any other provision in the Asset Purchase Agreement, this Confirmation Order, or any order which may in the future be entered by the Bankruptcy Court, all servicing fees due pursuant to the terms stated in the Loan Servicing Agreements, and all interest due on the First Trust Deed Fund Assets (as such term is defined in the Asset Purchase Agreement), shall continue to be due and payable, and Compass shall collect such servicing fees and interest for its sole benefit on and after the Closing Date.

Submitted by:
RAY QUINNEY & NEBEKER P.C.
and SCHWARTZER & MCPHERSON LAW
FIRM

Approved / Disapproved by:
OFFICE OF THE U.S. TRUSTEE

By: /s/ Lenard E. Schwartzer
LENARD E. SCHWARTZER, ESQ.
JEANETTE E. MCPHERSON, ESQ.
ANNETTE W. JARVIS, ESQ.
STEVEN STRONG, ESQ.
Counsel for Debtors

By: _____
August B. Landis

Approved/Disapproved by:
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Approved/Disapproved by:
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By: /s/ Rob Charles
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Unsecured Creditors of USA Commercial
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By: /s/ Gregory Garman
GERALD M. GORDON, ESQ.
GREGORY E. GARMAN, ESQ.
*Counsel for the Official Committee of
Holders of Executory Contract Rights of
USA Commercial Mortgage Company*

SCHWARTZ & MCPHERSON LAW FIRM
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[PROPOSED] ORDER CONFIRMING THE "DEBTORS' THIRD AMENDED JOINT CHAPTER 11 PLAN OF REORGANIZATION," AS MODIFIED HEREIN

Approved/Disapproved by:

Approved/Disapproved by:

By: _____
GREGORY J. WALCH ESQ.
Counsel for Gregory J. Walch and Shauna M. Walch, Trustees of the Gregory J. and Shauna M. Walch Family Trust

By: _____
JEFFREY SYLVESTER, ESQ.
Counsel for USA Commercial Real Estate Group

Approved/Disapproved by:

Approved/Disapproved by:

By: _____
RUSSELL WALKER, ESQ.
Counsel for USA Investment Partners, LLC, Joseph Milanowski and Thomas Hantges

By: _____
SUSAN SCANN, ESQ.
Counsel for Copper Sage Commercial Center and Binford Medical Developers, LLC

Approved/Disapproved by:

Approved/Disapproved by:

By: /s/ Andrew Brumby
ANDREW BRUMBY, ESQ.
R. VAUGHN GOURLEY, ESQ.
Counsel for Standard Property Development

By: _____
WADE GOCHNOUR, ESQ.
ARYN M. FITZWATER, ESQ.
Counsel for Liberty Bank

In accordance with LR 9021, counsel submitting this document certifies as follows (check one):

☐ The court has waived the requirement of approval under LR 9021.

☐ No parties appeared or filed written objections, and there is no trustee appointed in the case.

☒ I have delivered a copy of this proposed order to all counsel who appeared at the hearing, any unrepresented parties who appeared at the hearing, and any trustee appointed in this case, and each has approved or disapproved the order, or failed to respond, as indicated below [list each party and whether the party has approved, disapproved, or failed to respond to the document]:

Failed to respond:

WADE GOCHNOUR, ESQ.
SUSAN SCANN, ESQ.
RUSSELL WALKER, ESQ.
JEFFREY SYLVESTER, ESQ.
GREGORY J. WALCH ESQ.
DAVID COHEN, ESQ.
MICHAEL SCHMAHL, ESQ.
AUGUST B. LANDIS, ESQ.

#

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505 Ridge Street
4 Reno, Nevada 89501
Telephone (775) 786-4579
5 Facsimile (775) 786-3066
E-mail: mail@asmithlaw.com

6 Attorneys for Plaintiffs
7

8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

9 DISTRICT OF NEVADA

10 —ooOoo—

11 3685 SAN FERNANDO LENDERS,
LLC, a Nevada limited liability company,
12 5055 COLLWOOD LENDERS, LLC, a
Nevada limited liability company, 6425
13 GESS LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited
liability company, 60th STREET
14 VENTURES LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada
limited liability company, AMESBURY
15 HATTERS PT LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada
limited liability company, ANCHOR B
16 LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited
liability company, BAR-USA LENDERS,
17 LLC, a Nevada limited liability company,
BAY POMPANO LENDERS, LLC, a
18 Nevada limited liability company,
BINFORD LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada
19 limited liability company, BROOKMERE
LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited
20 liability company, BUNDY CANYON 2.5
LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited
21 liability company, BUNDY CANYON 5.0
LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited
22 liability company, BUNDY CANYON
5.725 LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited
23 liability company, BUNDY CANYON 7.5
LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited
24 liability company, CABERNET
LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited
25 liability company, CASTAIC II
LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited
26 liability company, CASTAIC III
LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited
27 liability company, CHARLEVOIX
LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited
28

Case No.

**COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY
RELIEF AND DAMAGES**

1 liability company, CLEAR CREEK
2 PLANTATION LENDERS, LLC, a
3 Nevada limited liability company, COM
4 VEST LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited
5 liability company, COPPER SAGE II
6 LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited
7 liability company, CORNMAN TOLTEC
8 LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited
9 liability company, DEVALLE
10 LIVINGSTON LENDERS, LLC, a
11 Nevada limited liability company, EAGLE
12 MEADOWS LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada
13 limited liability company, FIESTA
14 MURIETTA LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada
15 limited liability company, FIESTA USA
16 STONERIDGE LENDERS, LLC, a
17 Nevada limited liability company,
18 FOXHILLS 216 LENDERS, LLC, a
19 Nevada limited liability company,
20 GRAMERCY COURT LENDERS, LLC,
21 a Nevada limited liability company,
22 HARBOR GEORGETOWN LENDERS,
23 LLC, a Nevada limited liability company,
24 HESPERIA LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada
25 limited liability company, HFA
26 CLEARLAKE I LENDERS, LLC, a
Nevada limited liability company, HFA
CLEARLAKE II LENDERS, LLC, a
Nevada limited liability company,
HUNTSVILLE LENDERS, LLC, a
Nevada limited liability company, LA
HACIDENDA LENDERS, LLC, a
Nevada limited liability company, LAKE
HELEN PARTNERS LENDERS, LLC, a
Nevada limited liability company, LERIN
HILLS LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited
liability company, MARGARITA ANNEX
LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited
liability company, MARLTON SQUARE
I LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited
liability company, MARLTON SQUARE
II LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited
liability company, MOUNTAIN HOUSE-
PEGS LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited
liability company, OAK SHORES II,
LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited
liability company, OCEAN ATLANTIC
2.75 LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited
liability company, OCEAN ATLANTIC
9.425 LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited
liability company,

27

28

1 PALM HARBOR I LENDERS, LLC, a
2 Nevada limited liability company,
3 SHAMROCK TOWER LENDERS, LLC,
4 a Nevada limited liability company, SO
5 CAL LAND LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada
6 limited liability company, SVRB 2.325
7 LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited
8 liability company, SVRB 4.5 LENDERS,
9 LLC, a Nevada limited liability company,
10 TAPIA RANCH LENDERS, LLC, a
11 Nevada limited liability company, TEN-
12 NINETY 4.15 LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada
13 limited liability company, THE
14 GARDENS 2.425 LENDERS, LLC, a
15 Nevada limited liability company, THE
16 GARDENS LLC TSHR LENDERS, LLC,
17 a Nevada limited liability company,

18 Plaintiffs,

19 v.

20 COMPASS USA SPE, LLC, a Delaware
21 limited liability company, COMPASS
22 PARTNERS, LLC, a Delaware limited
23 liability company, DAVID BLATT, an
24 individual, and BORIS PISKUN, an
25 individual, SILAR ADVISORS, LP, a
26 Delaware limited partnership, SILAR
27 SPECIAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND, LP,
28 a Delaware limited partnership,

Defendants.

Plaintiffs, 3685 SAN FERNANDO LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability
company, 5055 COLLWOOD LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, 6425
GESS LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, 60th STREET VENTURES
LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, AMESBURY HATTERS PT
LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, ANCHOR B LENDERS, LLC, a
Nevada limited liability company, BAR-USA LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability
company, BAY POMPAÑO LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company,
BINFORD LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, BROOKMERE
LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, BUNDY CANYON 2.5 LENDERS,
LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, BUNDY CANYON 5.0 LENDERS, LLC, a

1 Nevada limited liability company, BUNDY CANYON 5.725 LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada
2 limited liability company, BUNDY CANYON 7.5 LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited
3 liability company, CABERNET LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company,
4 CASTAIC II LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, CASTAIC III
5 LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, CHARLEVOIX LENDERS, LLC, a
6 Nevada limited liability company, CLEAR CREEK PLANTATION LENDERS, LLC, a
7 Nevada limited liability company, COM VEST LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability
8 company, COPPER SAGE II LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company,
9 CORNMAN TOLTEC LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, DEVALLE
10 LIVINGSTON LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, EAGLE MEADOWS
11 LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, FIESTA MURIETTA LENDERS,
12 LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, FIESTA USA STONERIDGE LENDERS, LLC,
13 a Nevada limited liability company, FOXHILLS 216 LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited
14 liability company, GRAMERCY COURT LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability
15 company, HARBOR GEORGETOWN LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company,
16 HESPERIA LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, HFA CLEARLAKE I
17 LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, HFA CLEARLAKE II LENDERS,
18 LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, HUNTSVILLE LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada
19 limited liability company, LA HACIDENDA LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability
20 company, LAKE HELEN PARTNERS LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability
21 company, LERIN HILLS LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company,
22 MARGARITA ANNEX LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, MARLTON
23 SQUARE I LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, MARLTON SQUARE
24 II LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, MOUNTAIN HOUSE-PEGS
25 LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, OAK SHORES II, LENDERS, LLC,
26 a Nevada limited liability company, OCEAN ATLANTIC 2.75 LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada
27 limited liability company, OCEAN ATLANTIC 9.425 LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited
28 liability company, PALM HARBOR I LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company,

SHAMROCK TOWER LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, SO CAL LAND LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, SVRB 2.325 LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, SVRB 4.5 LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, TAPIA RANCH LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, TEN-NINETY 4.15 LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, THE GARDENS 2.425 LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, THE GARDENS LLC TSHR LENDERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, (collectively the “Plaintiffs”), through their counsel, The Law Offices of Alan R. Smith, hereby avers and seeks relief as set forth below:

GENERAL AVERMENTS

A. Jurisdiction and Venue.

1. The United States District Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a).

2. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2201, et seq. (the Federal Declaratory Judgment Act), this Court has jurisdiction to declare the rights and legal obligations of the interested parties.

3. Venue for this case in this district is proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391.

B. The Parties.

4. Plaintiffs are all Nevada limited liability companies and are all direct lenders/investors in certain investments made through USA Commercial Mortgage Company (“USACM”). These investments were in the nature of direct loans to third-party borrowers secured by real property and sometimes improvements, which loans were brokered by USACM. The members of the Plaintiff limited liability companies are all direct lender/investors who originally invested with USACM, but assigned their interest in the loans brokered by USACM to, among numerous other reasons, to consolidate and unite to protect themselves and their investments from the actions of Defendants alleged herein. Plaintiffs, or their predecessor in interest, are named as fractional interest beneficiaries on each promissory note and deed of trust evidencing and perfecting the secured loans. Each Plaintiff limited liability company is a direct lender/investor in a separate and distinct loan.

1 5. Compass USA SPE, LLC is a limited liability company organized and existing
2 under the laws of the State of Delaware, with its principal place of business in the State of
3 New York. Compass USA SPE, LLC does not maintain an office in Nevada.

4 6. Compass Partners, LLC is a limited liability company organized and existing
5 under the laws of the State of Delaware, with its principal place of business in the State of
6 New York. Compass Partners, LLC does not maintain an office in Nevada (Compass USA
7 SPE, LLC and Compass Partners, LLC shall collectively be referred to herein as “Compass”)

8 7. David Blatt (“Blatt”) is a resident of the State of New York and is member and
9 manager of Compass.

10 8. Boris Piskun is a resident of the State of New York and is a member and a
11 manager of Compass (“Piskun”).

12 9. Compass is not registered, qualified or authorized to do business in the State
13 of Nevada.

14 10. Compass is not licensed as a Mortgage Broker or Mortgage Agent in the State
15 of Nevada and does not have an application pending to become a licensed Mortgage Broker
16 or Mortgage Agent in Nevada.

17 11. Silar Advisors, LP, is a limited partnership organized and existing under the
18 laws of the State of Delaware, with its principal place of business in the State of New York.
19 Silar Advisors, LP does not maintain an office in Nevada.

20 12. Silar Special Opportunities Fund, LP is a limited liability company organized
21 and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, with its principal place of business in
22 the State of New York Silar Special Opportunities Fund, LP does not maintain an office in
23 Nevada (hereafter, Silar Advisors, LP, and Silar Special Opportunities Fund, LP shall
24 collectively be referred to as “Silar”).

25 **C. General Background.**

26 13. USA Commercial Mortgage Company, defined above as USACM, which
27 sometimes did business under the name “USA Capital”, was formed as a Nevada corporation
28 in 1989, and was in the business of underwriting, originating, brokering, funding and

1 servicing short term (typically one year or less) commercial loans primarily secured by
2 residential and commercial developments, on behalf of private investors/direct lenders.

3 14. On January 11, 1990, USACM obtained a license to act as a mortgage
4 broker/agent in the State of Nevada under Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) Chapter 645B
5 and Nevada Administrative Code Chapter 645B (NAC).

6 15. USACM routinely advertised and promoted, through sales and marketing
7 literature, high-yielding secured investments, with no fees ever charged to investors, and
8 represented that no investors had ever lost money in their investments with USACM.

9 16. At the time USACM brokered direct loans on behalf of Plaintiffs, or their
10 predecessors in interest, USACM was operating in the State of Nevada as a licensed
11 mortgage broker/agent under NRS 645B and NAC 645B.

12 17. On April 13, 2006, USACM filed a Chapter 11 Petition for bankruptcy in the
13 Bankruptcy Court for the District of Nevada, Las Vegas, together with four other entities
14 related to USACM (hereinafter collectively referred to as "USA Bankruptcy Cases").

15 18. At the time USACM filed its bankruptcy petition, approximately 3,600
16 investors were "lenders" in one or more loan originated and serviced by USACM. These
17 3,600 investors are commonly referred to as "direct lenders."

18 19. The loans brokered by USACM on behalf of Plaintiffs are each evidenced by
19 a Promissory Note Secured By A Deed Of Trust (respectively the "Note"), which were
20 executed by third-party borrowers in favor of the Plaintiff (or their predecessor in interest)
21 and other direct lenders in each loan. All loan documents, including the Notes, expressly
22 provide that they are governed by Nevada law.

23 20. At the time USACM brokered direct loans each lender/investor and USACM
24 entered into various Loan Servicing Agreements pursuant to which USACM would service
25 the loans it brokered on behalf of Plaintiffs ("Loan Servicing Agreements"). Each Plaintiff
26 entered into a single Loan Servicing Agreement, which covered every investment made by
27 each Plaintiff with USACM. All Loan Servicing Agreements are in the same form. All Loan
28 Servicing Agreements expressly provide that they are governed by Nevada law.

21. At the time USACM filed its bankruptcy petition, the loan portfolio it was servicing pursuant to the Loan Servicing Agreements consisted of approximately 115 loans having a combined outstanding principal balance of approximately \$960 million. Most of the original direct lenders invested in more than one of the serviced loans, with the being approximately 3 to 4 loans for each direct lender.

22. On May 1, 2006, the State of Nevada, Department of Business and Industry, Division of Mortgage Lending, entered a *Order Conditioning Mortgage Broker's License and Notice of Right To Request A Hearing*, which became a *Final Order Conditioning Mortgage Broker's License* on June 9, 2006, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit A, pursuant to which USACM was prohibited from making any further loans based upon various violations of Nevada law.

23. The Commissioner for the Nevada Mortgage Lending Division, Scott Bice, has described USACM as "a calculated, self serving deceptive scheme that was enacted to allow the Principals to potentially profit with no risk, while astronomical risk inured to the unsuspecting lenders.

24. During the course of its Bankruptcy Case, USACM admitted that it breached the Loan Servicing Agreements, breached its fiduciary duties, and violated Nevada state law, prior to filing its Bankruptcy Petition, which included, but are not limited to:

- a. USACM received full principal payoffs from multiple borrowers, but failed to disburse those funds to the appropriate Direct Lenders (the "Converted Principal"). The total amount of Converted Principal is approximately \$50,000,000.
- b. USACM failed to make any attempt to obtain real estate collateral to secure multiple loans, while at the same time representing to Direct Lenders that their loans were fully secured by valuable real estate.
- c. USACM made monthly interest payments to Direct Lenders on occasions when the borrowers of particular loans in which the Lenders had an interest were not paying USACM (the "Prepaid Interest"). The

1 total amount of Prepaid Interest is approximately \$49,000,000. The
2 payment of Prepaid Interest led Direct Lenders to believe that their
3 loans were properly performing.

4 d. USACM made loans to borrowers who were affiliated or otherwise
5 related to USACM's pre-petition management, such that the borrower
6 entities were partially owned by the owners and officers of USACM
7 through one or more of their various entities. Many of these loans
8 became non-performing loans in that the underlying borrower had not
9 paid the interest due.

10 e. Plaintiffs, or their predecessors in interest, as existing Lenders, and new
11 lenders dating back to January 2005, were fraudulently induced into
12 making new investments and entering into agreements with USACM
13 based on USACM's false misrepresentations regarding the performance
14 of their investments.

15 25. As a result of USACM's fraudulent misrepresentations and conduct, 100% of
16 the portfolio of loans it brokered are in default, while the default rate of commercial loans
17 in default for all commercial banks nationally is approximately 1.5%. Industry averages for
18 principal recovery on defaulted loans is approximately 65%.

19 26. On or about September 22, 2006, USACM filed a *Motion For Order*
20 *Scheduling An Auction For The Sale Of Certain Assets, Appointing SPCP Group, LLC, As*
21 *Lead Bidder, and Approving Bid Procedures And Protections* in its Bankruptcy Case, in
22 which it sought to establish the parameters for the sale of certain assets in the USA
23 Bankruptcy Cases, primarily consisting of valuable assets of a related debtor, the First Trust
24 Deed Fund. The Bankruptcy Court entered an *Order: (A) Scheduling An Auction For The*
25 *Sale Of Certain Assets; (B) Appointing SPCP Group, LLC, As Lead Bidder; And ©*
26 *Approving Bid Procedures And Protections, Approving Bidding Procedures* on November
27 8, 2006. The stalking horse bidder agreed to take on the obligations of USACM under the
28 Loan Servicing Agreements as part of the sale, but did not attribute any of its initial bid price

1 to the Agreements.

2 27. After the Order Scheduling Auction was entered, but prior to the auction being
3 conducted, Mesirow Financial Interim Management (“MFIM”), the Bankruptcy Court
4 appointed management for USACM, prepared calculations of the default interest to be
5 charged to third-party borrowers on monthly invoices or at the time of payoff. MFIM
6 determined that default interest could be charged for substantially all of the loans, and as a
7 result, prepared default interest calculations.

8 28. After the Order Scheduling Auction was entered, but prior to the auction being
9 conducted, Compass submitted a revised Asset Purchase Agreement, which included the sale
10 of additional assets that were not included in the original asset purchase agreement submitted
11 by the stalking horse bidder, specifically, the sale of loan servicing rights, the default rate
12 interest calculated by MFIM, accrued servicing fees, late charges, success fees and other fees
13 due to the loan servicer under the Loan Servicing Agreements.

14 29. The Bankruptcy Court conducted an auction of various assets of the USA
15 Bankruptcy Cases on December 7, 2006. The sale was expressly conditioned upon
16 confirmation of the USACM’s Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization, which was confirmed by
17 an order of the Bankruptcy Court entered on January 8, 2007.

18 30. Compass was the successful bidder at auction and, on February 16, 2007 (the
19 “Closing Date”), acquired substantially all of the assets of USACM and related debtor, the
20 First Trust Deed Fund (“FTDF”) in exchange for at \$67 Million. The Compass bid was
21 broken down by an initial bid of \$48 million for the FTDF assets and \$8 million for the loan
22 servicing rights and fees under the Loan Servicing Agreements (“Purchased Assets”). The
23 remaining amounts were to be allocated by an over-bid agreement between FTDF and
24 USCM, which was filed under seal, and a break-up fee of \$1.5 million to the stalking horse
25 bidder. The sale was expressly conditioned upon confirmation of the USACM’s Chapter
26 11 Plan of Reorganization, which was confirmed by an order of the Bankruptcy Court
27 entered on January 8, 2007.

28 31. Other than certain conditions, the Loan Servicing Agreements were transferred

1 to Compass without any other modification whatsoever.

2 32. Compass has represented in a declaration by Blatt that it is a national firm with
3 over 200 employees which acquires over \$100 million in loan interests every year.

4 33. Silar, which together with its principals have a substantial background in the
5 lending industry in numerous asset classes, including consumer, residential and commercial,
6 provided financing to Compass for the Purchased Assets, and conducted due diligence in
7 connection with the financing.

8 34. On February 16, 2007, Compass issued a press release in which it stated that
9 the actual value of the assets purchased from USACM and FTDF was more than \$150
10 million. Based on the full note value of \$62,652,742 for the FTDF assets, not talking into
11 account any borrower defaults, it can be deducted that Compass claims over \$87 million in
12 profit to be realized from the loan servicing rights.

13 35. Compass has put into action a strategy to extract value from the collateral
14 pledged by third-party borrowers to Plaintiffs and other direct lenders, by attempting to
15 deduct unpaid default interest and late fees from the collateral proceeds before remitting
16 amounts due to Plaintiffs and other direct lenders, which is in direct conflict with the loan
17 documentation (Notes, deeds of trust and loan agreements), the Loan Servicing Agreements,
18 the intent of the parties to the loans and various related agreements, the historical practices
19 of USACM and long established lending industry standards and practices.

20 36. Compass' strategy and approach for servicing the Loans has created a conflict
21 of interest between Compass and direct lenders, including Plaintiffs, to whom Compass owes
22 fiduciary duties.

23 37. Compass is attempting to further the scheme started by USACM, to profit with
24 no risk, while astronomical risk inures to Plaintiffs and other direct lenders.

25 38. As a purported loan servicer, Compass plays a crucial role in the Loans and its
26 capabilities and experience directly affects the underlying performance of the Loans.

27 39. As a purported loan servicer, Compass acts as an agent to Plaintiffs and other
28 direct lenders and, therefore, Compass assumes fiduciary responsibilities to Plaintiffs and

1 other direct lenders.

2 40. The State of Nevada and its Division of Mortgage Lending, recognizing the
3 responsibilities assumed by a loan servicer to direct lenders, regulates and monitors loan
4 servicing activities pursuant to NRS 645B and NAC 645B.

5 41. Pursuant to NRS 645B.185, each investor in USACM was required to receive
6 and sign a Mortgage Investment Disclosure Form, approved by the Nevada Mortgage
7 Lending Division, a copy of which approved form is attached as Exhibit B.

8 42. As detailed in the Mortgage Investment Disclosure Form, a mortgage
9 broker/agent operating in Nevada is required to inform investors that:

- 10 a. "Before you invest in a promissory note by an interest in real property,
11 you should know... the knowledge, experience and integrity of the
12 mortgage broker with whom you are dealing."
- 13 b. "You are entitled to receive information regarding the mortgage broker
14 you are dealing with" more specifically the most recent financial
15 statements.
- 16 c. "You have a right to ascertain from the Division of Mortgage Lending
17 the results of any investigation against the mortgage broker"
- 18 d. "In many cases, including those cases where the investments consist of
19 "fractionalized" interests, the loan requires servicing by an authorized
20 agent... The mortgage broker with whom you are dealing is authorized
21 by Nevada law to act as the servicing agent."
- 22 e. "A Mortgage Broker performing loan servicing has an obligation to
23 account to the borrower and every investor for money collected and
24 disbursed in the exercise of that function".
- 25 f. When the borrower on a mortgage loan fails to make required
26 payments, the actions and investor can take, or that a servicing agent
27 can take on behalf of an investor, are determined by provisions of
28 Nevada Law and the documents and instruments evidencing the

1 mortgage loan.

2 43. Plaintiffs and other direct lenders did not get the benefit of the Mortgage
3 Investment Disclosure Form as it relates to Compass, nor have they received the required
4 disclosures from Compass, including, but not limited to:

- 5 a. Compass has refused to disclose any compensation they are receiving;
- 6 b. Plaintiffs and other direct lenders did not have a chance to know
7 anything about Compass prior to Compass being forced upon them as
8 a loan servicer, nor have direct lenders been provided any information
9 regarding Compass since Compass began servicing the Loans;
- 10 c. Plaintiffs and other direct lenders have not been able to obtain any
11 financial information concerning Compass, yet Compass is being
12 entrusted with nearly \$750 million dollars of direct lenders money,
- 13 d. Compass has stated that they have no plans to get licensed in Nevada,
14 and have relocated their operations to the State of New York and, as
15 such, plaintiffs and direct lenders are being deprived of all the rights
16 afforded them in connection with making a private investment.
- 17
18
19

20 44. Nevada Administrative Code section 645B.073(1) provides:

21 Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, if a mortgage
22 broker acts on behalf of investors on a matter related to a
23 mortgage loan, and if the beneficial interest in the loan belongs
24 to more than one natural person, the documentation of the matter
25 must include provisions to allow the holders of 51 percent or a
26 greater specified percentage of the beneficial interests of record
27 to act on behalf of all the holders of the beneficial interests of
28 record in the event of a default or foreclosure for matters that

1 require the direction or approval of the holders of the beneficial
2 interests in the loan, including, without limitation:

3 (a) The designation of the mortgage broker, servicing
4 agent or other person to act on the behalf of the holders
5 of the beneficial interests in the loan; and

6 (b) The sale, encumbrance or lease of real property
7 owned by the holders resulting from a foreclosure or the
8 receipt of a deed in lieu of a foreclosure.

9 45. Compass is aware of NAC 645B.073 and has attempted to take advantage of
10 its provisions by acquiring 51% of the beneficial interests in certain loans to prevent
11 Plaintiffs and other direct lenders from removing Compass as loan servicer.

12 46. The Loan Servicing Agreements provide for a power of attorney to be granted
13 by Plaintiffs and other direct lenders to USACM, to empower USACM act on behalf of direct
14 lenders in certain matters, thereby creating additional fiduciary duties owed to Plaintiffs and
15 other direct lenders.

16 46. Pursuant to NRS 645B.330, a mortgage broker/agent must act on behalf of
17 direct lenders pursuant to a valid power of attorney, approved by the State of Nevada. In this
18 regard, Plaintiff executed a power of attorney in favor of USACM when making
19 investments/loans. Those powers of attorney expressly expire on the maturity date of each
20 related loan.

21 47. NRS 645B.330 requires that the power of attorney “Expressly provide that the
22 power of attorney is effective only for the term of the specific loan unless the mortgage
23 broker obtains written approval from the private investor to extend the term of the power of
24 attorney...” and “a power of attorney which designates a mortgage broker or mortgage
25 agent as the attorney-in-fact or the agent of a private investor and which violates the
26 provisions of this section is void and must not be given effect with regard to any act or
27 transaction that occurs on or after October 1, 1999, whether or not the power of attorney is
28 or has been executed by the private investor before, on or after October 1, 1999.”

1 48. The Powers of Attorney granted by Plaintiffs and other direct lenders to
2 USACM expire as the term of each loan expires, and are now in default. No written
3 extension of any of Plaintiffs' Powers of Attorney have been executed as required by NRS
4 645B.330.

5 49. At the time the Loan Servicing Agreements were transferred to Compass, many
6 of the loans in the USACM loan portfolio were in term default, and others have since gone
7 into term default.

8 50. As a result of the term default of various loans in the USACM portfolio,
9 Compass no longer has a valid power of attorney to act on behalf of direct lenders and, as
10 such, the powers of attorney required under NRS 645B.330 have expired.

11 51. Despite the fact no valid power of attorney exists that authorizes Compass to
12 act on behalf of Plaintiffs and other direct lenders, Compass continues to hold itself out as
13 a representative/agent of Plaintiffs (and other direct lenders) to borrowers, title companies
14 and others. Without the power to do so, Compass has negotiated payoffs, filed lawsuits and
15 executed satisfactions on behalf of Plaintiffs and other direct lenders.

16 52. Compass was not able to obtain a license from the State of Nevada, Mortgage
17 Lending Division, as required by the Asset Purchase Agreement. As a result, in February
18 2007, Compass entered into a sub-servicing agreement with USACM. The sub-servicing
19 agreement, among other things, provided for USACM to provide administrative functions,
20 while negotiations with borrowers, foreclosures, or other legal proceeding were left to
21 Compass.

22 53. In May, 2007, the State of Nevada, Department of Business and Industry,
23 Division of Mortgage Lending entered a formal *Order Revoking Mortgage Broker License*
24 *And Notice of Right To Request Hearing*, pursuant to which USACM license to act as a
25 mortgage broker/agent in Nevada was revoked and in which the State described USACM as
26 "a calculated, self-serving deceptive scheme that was enacted to allow the Principals to
27 potentially profit with no risk, while astronomical risk inured to the unsuspecting lenders."
28 A copy of the *Order Revoking Mortgage Broker License And Notice of Right To Request*

1 *Hearing*, is attached hereto as Exhibit C.

2 54. On May 9, 2007, entered a formal *Order Imposing Fine And Order To Cease*
3 *And Desist And Notice of Right To Request Hearing*, pursuant to which Compass was ordered
4 to cease and desist all mortgage lending/agent activities in Nevada, a copy of which is
5 attached hereto as Exhibit D.

6 55. Compass as enacted policies regarding the allocation of loan proceeds collected
7 at their sole discretion, whether the source of proceeds are from payments made by borrowers
8 or proceeds gained through a sale of the collateral upon foreclosure, which are contrary to
9 the terms of the underlying Notes, deeds of trust and Loan Servicing Agreements, and are
10 unprecedented in the industry.

11 56. Pursuant to Section 5 of the Loan Servicing Agreement, the loan servicer had
12 the right to retain, as compensation for servicing loans, (a) a servicing fee varying between
13 1-3% per annum; (2) any late charges collected from the borrower; and (c) any default
14 interest collected from the borrower pursuant to the terms of the note.

15 57. The loan servicer under the Loan Servicing Agreements is only authorized to
16 retain default interest for itself if the direct lenders exercise their option to charge default
17 interest, and only if default interest is actually collected from the borrower.

18 58. While purportedly acting as Plaintiff's loan servicer under the Loan Servicing
19 Agreements, Compass has effectuated a strategy and approach to sit on collateral for an
20 unknown period of time, in order to allow the accumulation and accrual of default interest,
21 which it can take off the top of any foreclosure proceeds, which leaves Plaintiffs' and other
22 direct lenders' cash investments significantly diminished in value, if not virtually worthless,
23 depending upon how long the delinquent loans are allowed to continue to accrue default
24 interest and late fees without the initiation of foreclosure proceedings.

25 59. The unpaid principal balance on the loans in which Plaintiffs are direct lenders
26 total in excess of \$485 million. The servicing fee and default interest fees that Compass
27 claims it is entitled to accrue in excess of 10% per annum or over \$4 million per month that
28 they choose to do nothing to collect on the loans, to the detriment of Plaintiffs and other

1 direct lenders.

2 60. Compass completed extensive due diligence on the loans in order to formulate
3 their bid for the FTDF assets. Silar was aware of the results of such due diligence.

4 61. In the three months have passed since Compass closed on the asset purchase
5 transaction, Compass has failed to failed to provide monthly reports as required by Nevada
6 law and has only generated a total of seven (7) loan status reports

7 62. Since taking over as loan servicer, Compass has failed to communicate to
8 Direct Lenders certain offers made by borrowers to repay their debt to the Direct Lenders in
9 violation of Nevada law and their fiduciary duties, in order to continue accruing default
10 interest and other fees for its own benefit.

11 63. Since taking over as loan servicer, Compass has negotiated with borrowers for
12 its own benefit, and to the detriment of Direct Lenders, in violation of Nevada law and its
13 fiduciary duties.

14 64. Since taking over as loan servicer, Compass has misrepresented the status of
15 loans to Direct Lenders for the purpose of coercing the direct lenders to agree to
16 modifications to loan documents, resulting in additional undisclosed fees to Compass, which
17 is violation of its fiduciary duties and Nevada law.

18 65. Since taking over as loan servicer, Compass has taken the position that it is
19 entitled to be paid default interest and other fees, prior to Direct Lenders being paid principal
20 and interest.

21 66. Since taking over as loan servicer, Compass has applied principal and interest
22 payments made by borrowers to pay itself so-called loan origination fees.

23 67. Since taking over as loan servicer, Compass has failed to produce, keep and
24 maintain records and reports required by Nevada Revised Statutes, Chapter 645B.

25 68. Since taking over as loan servicer, Compass has struck secret deals with
26 borrowers, pursuant to which Compass received payments from borrowers, when the
27 Plaintiffs and other direct lenders were not receiving full principal and interest payments
28 from the borrower.

69. Since taking over as loan servicer, Compass has misrepresented to third parties, including borrowers, title companies and others, that they have the authority to act on behalf of Plaintiffs and other direct lenders.

70. Since taking over as loan servicer, Compass has purported to make advances on behalf of Plaintiffs and other direct lenders, which it was not authorized to make.

71. Since taking over as loan servicer, Compass has subjected Plaintiffs and other direct lenders to foreclosure and other expenses without the express authorization of Plaintiffs and other direct lenders.

72. Since taking over as loan servicer, Compass has engaged in reckless conduct, which has subjected Plaintiffs and other direct lenders to an increased exposure to lender liability lawsuits.

73. Since taking over as a loan servicer, Compass has engaged in actions that place direct lenders principal investments/loans at substantial risk, without permission of the direct lender.

74. Since taking over as loan servicer, Compass has breached its fiduciary duty to act in the best interest of Plaintiffs and other direct lenders.

75. Since taking over as loan servicer, Compass has refused to process direct lender/borrower settlement agreements.

76. Since taking over as loan servicer, Compass has used to its benefit, and to the detriment of Plaintiffs and other direct lenders, a three (3) day deadline to respond to loan resolution offers, even when substantially more time was feasible, in violation of its fiduciary duties.

77. Since taking over as loan servicer, Compass has had the time and ability to circulate offers to purchase Plaintiffs' and other direct lenders' interests, at substantial discounts, but has not provided sufficient loan status reports for Plaintiffs and other lenders to make informed decisions.

78. Since taking over as loan servicer, Compass has advised direct lenders that they do not need an attorney, when an independent attorney is advisable, in violation of its

1 fiduciary duties.

2 79. Based on the various acts on Compass, and Compass alone, and NAC
3 645B.073, Direct Lenders constituting over 51% of the beneficial interests in various loans
4 serviced by Compass have executed written elections pursuant to Section 3 of the Loan
5 Servicing Agreement and NAC 645B.073 to: (1) terminate any rights that Compass may have
6 to service their various Loan; and (2) to appoint an alternate servicing agent for loans.

7 **D. The Standard Property Loan.**

8 80. Each Note executed by borrowers in favor of Plaintiffs and other direct
9 lenders, expressly provides that the lender shall have the option of determining the
10 priority in which payments on each loan are applied. Each Note further provides that the
11 lender shall have the option to charge a default rate of interest in the event of default by
12 the borrower.

13 81. Certain Plaintiffs, and other direct lenders, through USACM, made a direct
14 loan to STANDARD PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT, LLC ("Standard Property"), which
15 loan is commonly known as the Standard Property Loan (hereinafter the "Standard Property
16 Loan"). In connection with the Standard Property Loan, Plaintiffs executed a Power of
17 Attorney, pursuant to which they appointed USACM as their servicer for the Standard
18 Property Loan, governed by the terms of the Loan Servicing Agreement. As of March 15,
19 2007, the total principal balance the Standard Property Loan was \$9,640,000 ("Standard
20 Property Principal Balance").

21 82. On February 27, 2006, Standard Property executed a Promissory Note Secured
22 By Mortgage in favor of certain Plaintiffs and other direct lenders (the "Standard Property
23 Note"), which provides for an interest rate of twelve and one-half percent (12.5%) per
24 annum. Pursuant to Section 4 of the Standard Property Note all payments on the Note were
25 to first be applied toward the payment of accrued interest.

26 83. USACM's right to service the Standard Property Loan on behalf Plaintiffs was
27 transferred to Compass on February 16, 2007.

28 84. Pursuant to Section 3(c)(I) of the Loan Servicing Agreement, the loan servicer

1 is required to proceed diligently to collect all payments due under the terms of the note and
 2 promptly pay the proper parties principal, interest, late charges, insurance and other specified
 3 funds. Pursuant to Section 5 of the Loan Servicing Agreement, USACM as servicer had the
 4 right to retain, as compensation for servicing loans, (a) a servicing fee varying between 1-3%
 5 per annum; (2) any late charges collected from the borrower; and (c) any default interest
 6 collected from the borrower pursuant to the terms of the note.

7 85. On March 7, 2007, Compass, through Mark L. Olson, Director of Investors
 8 Relations for Compass, sent a letter certain Plaintiffs and all other direct lenders in the
 9 Standard Property Loan, in which it sought the approval of 100% of the direct lenders in the
 10 Standard Property Loan of an agreement Compass reached with Standard Property to pay off
 11 the Standard Property Loan. According to that letter, the terms of the payoff included:

- 12 a. The Direct Lenders in the loan receive 100% of their unpaid Standard
 13 Property Principal Balance;
- 14 b. The Direct Lenders do not receive any accrued interest; and
- 15 c. Compass shall release the security interest against Standard Property's
 16 real property.

17 86. In reliance on the representations of Compass in the March 7, 2007, letter,
 18 certain Plaintiffs and other direct lenders constituting 100% of the beneficial interest in the
 19 Standard Property Loan approved the payoff in accordance with the specific terms of the
 20 March 7, 2007, letter.

21 87. On or about March 13, 2007, USACM, through Mark L. Olson, COO, issued
 22 a Payoff Statement to Standard Property (the "Standard Property Payoff Statement"), which
 23 required Standard Property to make a payoff, as of March 15, 2007, in the amount of
 24 \$10,499,068 with a per diem interest accrual of \$2,205.74 for every day after March 15,
 25 2007. The \$10,499,068.15 payoff consisted of:

- 26 a. Standard Property Principal Balance: \$ 9,640,000.00
- 27 b. Late Fees: \$ 47,694.43
- 28 c. Other Fees: \$ 267,164.11

d. Default Interest \$ 544,509.60

88. The Standard Property Payoff Statement revealed that Compass had a secret agreement with Standard Property, undisclosed to the Standard Property Loan Direct Lenders, whereby Compass received Late Fees, Other Fees and Default Interest from Standard Property, without collecting accrued contractual interest owed to the Direct Lenders.

89. On or about March 15, 2007, Standard Property paid off the Standard Property Loan pursuant to the terms of the Standard Property Payoff Statement. At the time the Standard Loan was paid off, Compass did not pay the Standard Property Loan direct lenders any of the accrued interest they were owed, but took the available funds pay themselves default interest, late fees and other fees totaling \$859,368.14.

90. At the time the Standard Loan was paid off, Compass and Silar directed the escrow company to wire \$859,068.14 of Plaintiffs and other direct lenders principal loan proceeds directly to Silar.

CLAIMS FOR RELIEF

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Declaratory Relief)

91. Plaintiffs reallege and incorporate by reference each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 90 as though fully set forth herein.

92. An actual, ripe, and justiciable controversy has arisen and now exists between the Plaintiffs and Compass as follows:

a) Plaintiffs contend that pursuant to NAC 645B.073, Plaintiffs and other direct lenders have an absolute right to replace Compass as loan servicer in any loan provided 51% of the beneficial interests of the Loan have made the decision to do so. Compass contends that it cannot be terminated as loan servicer based solely on NAC 645B.073.

b) Plaintiffs contend that payments made by borrowers are first to be applied to accrued non-default rate interest and then to principal, and

1 then to default interest and late fees, which priority may only be altered
2 by the direct lenders in each loan. Compass contends that all payments
3 by borrowers are first applied to pay Compass default interest and late
4 fees.

5 c) Plaintiffs contend that a lender in a loan secured by real property has an
6 absolute right to modify the terms of their promissory note and deed of
7 trust to maximize their recovery, irrespective of the rights of any third-
8 party loan servicer. Compass contends that Plaintiffs have no right to
9 modify the terms of their note and deed of trust with the third-party
10 borrower.

11 d) Plaintiffs contend that as a result of the maturity of various loans in the
12 USACM portfolio, Compass no longer has a valid power of attorney to
13 act on behalf of Plaintiffs on such Loans, as is required by NRS
14 645B.330. Compass maintains that it still has the power and authority
15 to act on Plaintiff's behalf.

16 e) Plaintiffs contend that pursuant to the Notes executed by third-party
17 borrowers in favor of Plaintiffs and other direct lenders, the direct
18 lenders have the right to determine the priority of allocating payments
19 made by the third-party borrower. Compass maintains that it, as the
20 loan servicer, has the right to determine the priority of allocating
21 payments.

22 f) Plaintiffs contend that, based upon Compass' breaches of the Loan
23 Servicing Agreements, upon termination of the Loan Servicing
24 Agreement Compass is not entitled to any compensation provided for
25 in section 5 of the Loan Servicing Agreements. Plaintiff are informed
26 and believe that Compass contends that it has an absolute right to
27 collect default interest.

28 g) Plaintiffs contend that they are entitled to terminate their Loan

1 Servicing Agreements with Compass by virtue of Compass' actions in
2 connection with certain loans, as detailed above. Plaintiffs are
3 informed and believe that Compass contends that Plaintiffs are not
4 entitled to terminate the Loan Servicing Agreements.

5 93. A determination of the disputes set forth in paragraph 92, above, is necessary
6 and appropriate at this time in order to resolve the adverse interests of Plaintiffs and
7 Compass.

8 WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs respectfully request judgment as set forth below.

9 **SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF**

10 **(Breach of Contract)**

11 94. Plaintiffs reallege and incorporate by reference each and every allegation
12 contained in paragraphs 1 through 93 as though fully set forth herein.

13 95. Plaintiffs have performed all of her obligations under the Loan Servicing
14 Agreement.

15 96. Compass breached the Loan Servicing Agreement by:

- 16 a. failing to pay accrued contractual interest to Plaintiffs;
- 17 b. failing to communicate to Plaintiffs certain offers made by
18 borrowers to repay their debt to the Direct Lenders;
- 19 c. negotiating with borrowers for its own benefit, and to the
20 detriment of Plaintiffs;
- 21 d. misrepresenting the status of loans to Plaintiffs;
- 22 e. taking funds that were available to pay accrued interest to
23 Plaintiffs to pay itself Default Interest, Late Fees and Other Fees;
- 24 f. applying principal and interest payments made by borrowers to
25 pay itself so-called loan origination fees;
- 26 g. failing to produce, keep and maintain appropriate accounting
27 records on each loan as required by section 2(b) of the Loan Servicing Agreements;
- 28 h. striking secret deals with borrowers, pursuant to which Compass

1 received payments from borrowers, when the Plaintiffs and other direct lenders were not
2 receiving full principal and interest payments from the borrower; and

3 i. failing to promptly pay Plaintiffs principal and interest as
4 required by section 2(c)(I) of the Loan Servicing Agreements.

5 97. Compass breached the Loan Servicing Agreements, which are expressly
6 governed by Nevada law, because Compass is not licensed as a mortgage broker/agent in
7 Nevada.

8 98. Compass breached the Loan Servicing Agreements, which are expressly
9 governed by Nevada law, because Compass has been ordered by the State of Nevada cease
10 and desist the performance of its obligations under the Loan Servicing Agreements and,
11 therefore, Compass is unable to lawfully perform its required services under the Loan
12 Servicing Agreement.

13 99. As a result of Compass' breaches of the Loan Servicing Agreement, Plaintiffs
14 suffered damages in an amount to be proven at trial.

15 WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs respectfully request judgment as set forth below.

16 **THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF**

17 **(Breach of Fiduciary Duty)**

18 100. Plaintiffs reallege and incorporate by reference each and every allegation
19 contained in paragraphs 1 through 99 as though fully set forth herein.

20 101. Compass owed a fiduciary duty to Plaintiffs as a loan servicer under the Loan
21 Servicing Agreements.

22 102. Compass breached its fiduciary duty to Plaintiffs by:

- 23 a. failing to pay accrued contractual interest to Plaintiffs;
24 b. failing to communicate to Plaintiffs certain offers made by
25 borrowers to repay their debt to the Direct Lenders;
26 c. negotiating with borrowers for its own benefit, and to the
27 detriment of Plaintiffs;
28 d. misrepresenting the status of loans to Plaintiffs;

1 e. taking funds that were available to pay accrued interest to
2 Plaintiffs to pay itself Default Interest, Late Fees and Other Fees;

3 f. applying principal and interest payments made by borrowers to
4 pay itself so-called loan origination fees;

5 g. by striking secret deals with borrowers, pursuant to which
6 Compass received payments from borrowers, when the Plaintiffs and other direct lenders
7 were not receiving full principal and interest payments from the borrower; and

8 h. by collecting Default Interest, Late Fees and Other Fees on its
9 own behalf, without collecting accrued non-default interest on behalf of Plaintiffs.

10 103. As a result of Compass breaching its fiduciary duty to Plaintiffs, Plaintiffs has
11 suffered damages in an amount to be proven at trial in this matter.

12 WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs respectfully request judgment as set forth below.

13 ///

14 ///

15 **FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF**

16 **(Tortious Breach of the Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing)**

17 104. Plaintiffs reallege and incorporate by reference each and every allegation
18 contained in paragraphs 1 through 103 as though fully set forth herein.

19 105. Compass owed Plaintiffs a duty of good faith and fair dealing arising from the
20 Loan Servicing Agreement.

21 106. Plaintiffs imposed a special element of reliance in Compass as their loan
22 servicer, who stands in a superior and entrusted position in connection with Compass'
23 negotiation of the payoff of the Standard Property Loan and in performing all other services
24 under the Loan Servicing Agreement.

25 107. Compass breached the duty of good faith and fair dealing it owed to Plaintiffs
26 by:

27 a. failing to pay accrued contractual interest to Plaintiffs;

28 b. failing to communicate to Plaintiffs certain offers made by

1 borrowers to repay their debt to the Direct Lenders;

2 c. negotiating with borrowers for its own benefit, and to the
3 detriment of Plaintiffs;

4 d. misrepresenting the status of loans to Plaintiffs;

5 e. taking funds that were available to pay accrued interest to
6 Plaintiffs to pay itself Default Interest, Late Fees and Other Fees;

7 f. applying principal and interest payments made by borrowers to
8 pay itself so-called loan origination fees;

9 g. by striking secret deals with borrowers, pursuant to which
10 Compass received payments from borrowers, when the Plaintiffs and other direct lenders
11 were not receiving full principal and interest payments from the borrower; and

12 h. by collecting Default Interest, Late Fees and Other Fees on its
13 own behalf, without collecting accrued non-default interest on behalf of Plaintiffs.

14 108. Plaintiffs suffered damages in an amount to be proven at trial as a result of
15 Compass breaching the duty of good faith and fair dealing it owed to her.

16 WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs respectfully request judgment as set forth below.

17 **FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF**

18 **(Constructive Fraud)**

19 109. Plaintiffs realleges and incorporates by reference each and every allegation
20 contained in paragraphs 1 through 108 as though fully set forth herein.

21 110. Compass owed Plaintiffs legal and equitable duties arising from their fiduciary
22 and confidential relationship.

23 111. Compass breached its duties to Plaintiffs by misrepresenting the actual
24 negotiated terms of loan payoffs.

25 112. Compass breached its duties to Plaintiffs by concealing material terms of the
26 loan payoffs.

27 113. Compass breached its duties to Plaintiffs by misrepresenting the terms of
28 payoff compromise offers made by borrowers.

1 114. Compass breached its duties to Plaintiffs by concealing the terms of payoff
2 compromise offers made by borrowers.

3 115. Plaintiffs suffered damages in an amount to be proven at trial as a result of
4 Compass' constructive fraud.

5 WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs respectfully request judgment as set forth below.

6 **SIXTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF**

7 **(Fraudulent Misrepresentation)**

8 116. Plaintiffs reallege and incorporate by reference each and every allegation
9 contained in paragraphs 1 through 115 as though fully set forth herein.

10 117. Compass made false representations to Plaintiffs regarding the negotiated terms
11 of the Standard Loan payoff.

12 118. Compass knew or believed that is representations regarding the Standard Loan
13 payoff were false.

14 119. Compass intended to induce Plaintiffs to act upon its misrepresentation by
15 approving the Standard Loan payoff.

16 120. Plaintiffs justifiably relied on Compass' misrepresentations and approved the
17 Standard Loan payoff.

18 121. As a result of Compass' fraudulent misrepresentation, Plaintiffs suffered
19 damages in an amount to be proven at trial.

20 WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs respectfully request judgment as set forth below.

21 **SEVENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF**

22 **(Conversion)**

23 **(Compass)**

24 122. Plaintiffs reallege and incorporate by reference each and every allegation
25 contained in paragraphs 1 through 121 as though fully set forth herein.

26 123. Compass has wrongfully exerted domain and control over principal loan
27 proceeds from third-party borrowers, which proceeds belong to Plaintiffs and other direct
28 lenders.

1 124. Compass' taking of Plaintiffs' principal loan proceeds is inconsistent with
2 Plaintiffs' right, title and interest in those proceeds.

3 125. Compass' taking of Plaintiff's loan proceeds is in derogation, exclusion and
4 defiance of Plaintiffs' right, title and interest in those proceeds.

5 WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs respectfully request judgment as set forth below.

6 **EIGHTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF**

7 **(Conversion)**

8 (Silar)

9 126. Plaintiffs reallege and incorporate by reference each and every allegation
10 contained in paragraphs 1 through 125 as though fully set forth herein.

11 127. Silar has wrongfully exerted domain and control over principal loan proceeds
12 from the Standard Loan Payoff belonging to Plaintiffs and other direct lenders.

13 128. Silar's taking of Plaintiffs' Standard Loan proceeds is inconsistent with
14 Plaintiffs' right, title and interest in those proceeds.

15 129. Silar's taking of Plaintiff's Standard Loan proceeds is in derogation, exclusion
16 and defiance of Plaintiffs' right, title and interest in those proceeds.

17 WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs respectfully request judgment as set forth below.

18 **NINTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF**

19 **(Civil Conspiracy)**

20 (All Defendants)

21 130. Plaintiffs reallege and incorporate by reference each and every allegation
22 contained in paragraphs 1 through 129 as though fully set forth herein.

23 131. Silar had knowledge of Compass business plan when it financed the purchase
24 of the Loan Servicing Agreements.

25 132. Silar had knowledge of Plaintiffs and other direct lenders' rights when it took
26 proceeds from the Standard Loan Payoff.

27 133. Piskun and Blatt, the principals and beneficiaries of Compass, formed and
28 operate Compass for the purpose of conducting activities prohibited by Nevada law.

1 134. Compass, Piskun, Blatt and Silar, by acting in concert, intended to accomplish
2 an unlawful objective for the purpose of harming Plaintiffs and other direct lenders, as
3 detailed above and incorporated herein.

4 135. Plaintiffs have suffered damages resulting from the concerted acts of Compass,
5 Piskun, Blatt and Silar,

6 WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs respectfully request judgment as follows:

- 7 a. For a declaration by this Court that Plaintiffs, together with other direct
8 lenders making up 51% of the beneficial interests of any loan, have the
9 absolute right under NAC 645B.073 to terminate Compass as loan
10 servicer for each loan and to designate a new loan servicer;
- 11 b. For a declaration of this Court that Compass' actions related to the
12 Standard Property Loan entitles Plaintiffs to terminate the Loan
13 Servicing Agreement as it applies to all loans in which Plaintiffs are
14 direct lenders;
- 15 c. For a declaration of this Court that Plaintiffs and other direct lenders
16 have an absolute right to modify the terms of their promissory note and
17 deed of trust with the third-party borrower to maximize their recovery;
- 18 d. For a declaration of this Court that as a result of the maturity of various
19 loans in the USACM portfolio, Compass has never had a valid power
20 of attorney to act on behalf of Plaintiffs on such Loans, as is required
21 by NRS 645B.330.
- 22 e. For a declaration that Plaintiffs and other direct lenders have the right
23 to determine the priority of allocating payments made by any third-party
24 borrower, and that Compass has no such right.
- 25 f. For a declaration by this Court that Compass is not entitled to any
26 compensation under section 5 of the Loan Servicing Agreements;
- 27 g. For a declaration that Plaintiffs are entitled to terminate Compass as
28 servicer on any loan based upon breaches of the Loan Servicing

1 Agreement by Compass;

2 h. For a declaration that payments made by borrowers on loans shall first
3 be applied to accrued non-default rate interest, then to principal, and
4 then to accrued default interest and late fees, subject only to the rights
5 of direct lenders on a specific loan to designate a different sequence of
6 payment;

7 i. For an award of damages against Compass in an amount in excess of
8 \$75,000, to be proven at trial in this matter;

9 j. For an award of damages against Silar in an amount excess of \$75,000,
10 to be proven at trial in this matter;

11 k. For an award of damages against Blatt in an amount excess of \$75,000,
12 to be proven at trial in this matter;

13 l. For an award of damages against Piskun in an amount excess of
14 \$75,000, to be proven at trial in this matter;

15 m. For an award of punitive damages;

16 n. For an award of reasonable attorneys' fees;

17 o. For costs of suit incurred herein; and

18 p. For such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper.

19 **DATED** this 21st day of May, 2007.

20 LAW OFFICES OF ALAN R. SMITH

21 By: /s/ Kevin A. Darby, Esq.

22 ALAN R. SMITH, ESQ.
23 KEVIN A. DARBY, ESQ.
24 Attorney for Plaintiffs
25
26
27
28

Exhibit "A"

STATE OF NEVADA
DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY
DIVISION OF MORTGAGE LENDING

In Re:

USA COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE
COMPANY,
d/b/a USA CAPITAL,

Respondent.

FINAL ORDER CONDITIONING
MORTGAGE BROKER'S LICENSE

The STATE OF NEVADA, DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY, DIVISION OF MORTGAGE LENDING ("Division"), having served USA Commercial Mortgage Company, d/b/a USA Capital ("Respondent"), on May 1, 2006, with an **Order Conditioning Mortgage Broker's License**, attached hereto as Exhibit 1, and incorporated herein by this reference, notifying Respondent that a final order would be entered unless, within 20 days after entry and receipt of the order, Respondent requested in writing a hearing to contest the charges, and the Respondent having failed to request a hearing in this matter, and good cause appearing;

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Respondent's license is conditioned upon the Respondent not making any loans secured by liens on real property funded by private, non-institutional investors; Respondent may only make loans secured by liens on real property funded by institutional investors.

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1 The Division is currently conducting an investigation into USA's past activities and does
2 not represent that the Factual Allegations in the attached Exhibit 1 are complete, or that the
3 entry of the Final Order conditioning of Respondent's license will be the only action that the
4 Division intends to take against Respondent.

6
7 DATED this 9th day of June 2006.

8
9 DIVISION OF MORTGAGE LENDING

10
11 By: 
12 SCOTT BICE, COMMISSIONER
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AFFIDAVIT OF SERVICE

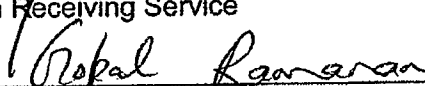
STATE OF NEVADA)
)
COUNTY OF CLARK)

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on the 12th day of June 2006, I served the foregoing Final
Order Conditioning Mortgage Broker's License upon USA Commercial Mortgage Company
dba USA Capital at 4484 S. Pecos Road, Las Vegas, State of Nevada, by:

1. Personally delivering a copy to the following person at: 4484 S. Pecos Road,
Las Vegas, State of Nevada




Person Receiving Service



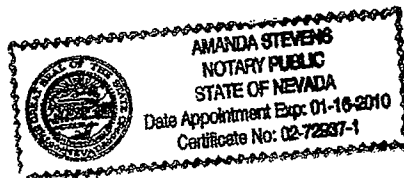
Person Making Service

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to me

This 12 day of June 2006.
By:



NOTARY PUBLIC in and for said
County and State



Attorney General's Office
555 E. Washington, Suite 3900
Las Vegas, NV 89101

STATE OF NEVADA
DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY
DIVISION OF MORTGAGE LENDING

In re:

USA COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE
COMPANY, d/b/a USA CAPITAL,

Respondent.

ORDER CONDITIONING MORTGAGE BROKER'S LICENSE

NOTICE OF RIGHT TO REQUEST HEARING

The licensing and regulation of mortgage brokers in the State of Nevada is governed by chapter 645B of the Nevada Revised Statutes ("NRS") and chapter 645B of the Nevada Administrative Code ("NAC"). The State of Nevada, Department of Business and Industry, Mortgage Lending Division ("Division") has the general duty to exercise supervision and control over mortgage brokers and mortgage brokering activity. NRS 645B.060(1), NRS 645B.690 (1)(a) and NRS 645B.670. Pursuant to that authority, the Division makes the following Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order as follows:

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

1. USA Commercial Mortgage Company, dba USA Capital ("USA") is a licensed mortgage broker operating within the State of Nevada. USA Capital was issued a mortgage broker's license pursuant to NRS 645B on January 11, 1990.

2. On Thursday, April 13, 2006, USA filed a voluntary petition for reorganization under Chapter 11 in the U.S. Bankruptcy Court of the Southern District of Nevada.

3. On or after April 13, 2006, USA stated to the Division that a significant number of borrowers were currently, and should have previously been considered delinquent on the payment of loans secured by liens on real property. USA also indicated that it continued to pay investors the stated amount of interest on loans which should have been considered delinquent.

4. Thomas Allison retained by USA as Chief Restructuring Officer, stated to the Division that USA had continued to pay investors on loans which had defaulted from other loans which had partial or complete payments of principal.

5. USA controlled and directed the activity of the individual trust accounts to which monies were collected from borrowers for complete or partial repayment of principal and interest payments on loans secured by liens on real property.

6. USA failed to reveal on its required monthly activity reports to the Commissioner that it had borrowers/ debtors with loans secured by liens on real property who had failed to make two or more consecutive payments in accordance with the terms of their loans. USA also failed to notify investors/lenders that borrowers had failed to make two or more consecutive payments in accordance with the terms of their loans secured by liens on real property.

ALLEGED VIOLATIONS OF LAW

The licensing and regulation of mortgage brokers and mortgage agents in the State of Nevada is governed by NRS chapter 645B and NAC chapter 645B. The Division has the duty to exercise supervision and control over mortgage brokers. NRS 645B.060(1). In addition, the Division has the responsibility to take disciplinary action for certain violations of NRS chapter 645B or NAC chapter 645B.

NRS 645B.670 provides in relevant part:

2. For each violation committed by a mortgage broker, the Commissioner may impose upon the mortgage broker an administrative fine of not more than \$10,000, may suspend, revoke or place conditions upon his license, or may do both, if the mortgage broker, whether or not acting as such:

(c) Does not conduct his business in accordance with law or has violated any provision of this chapter, a regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter or an order of the Commissioner;

1. USA controlled and directed the activity of individual trust accounts where money paid by borrowers for complete or partial repayment of principal and interest on their loans secured by liens on real property was to be kept. NRS 645B.175(4) requirements o

1 mortgage brokers when mortgage brokers maintain/service accounts where money paid by
2 borrowers for complete or partial repayment on loans secured by liens on real property is
3 kept. In relevant part, NRS 645B.175 states:

4
5 4. Except as otherwise provided in this section, all money paid to
6 a mortgage broker and his mortgage agents by a person in full or
7 in partial payment of a loan secured by a lien on real property,
8 must:

9 (a) Be deposited in:

10 (1) An insured depository financial institution; or

11 (2) An escrow account which is controlled by a person who is
12 subject to instructions regarding the account which are approved
13 by the parties.

14 (b) Be kept separate from money:

15 (1) Belonging to the mortgage broker in an account appropriately
16 named to indicate that it does not belong to the mortgage broker.

17 (2) Received pursuant to subsection 1.

18 5. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the amount held
19 in trust pursuant to subsection 4:

20 (a) Must be released, upon the deduction and payment of any fee
21 or service charge due the mortgage broker, to each investor who
22 owns a beneficial interest in the loan in exact proportion to the
23 beneficial interest that he owns in the loan; and

24 (b) Must not be released, in any proportion, to an investor who
25 owns a beneficial interest in the loan, unless the amount described
26 in paragraph (a) is also released to every other investor who owns
27 a beneficial interest in the loan.

28 6. An investor may waive, in writing, the right to receive one or
more payments, or portions thereof, that are released to other
investors in the manner set forth in subsection 5. A mortgage
broker or mortgage agent shall not act as the attorney-in-fact or
the agent of an investor with respect to the giving of a written
waiver pursuant to this subsection. Any such written waiver applies
only to the payment or payments, or portions thereof, that are
included in the written waiver and does not affect the right of the
investor to:

(a) Receive the waived payment or payments, or portions thereof,
at a later date; or

(b) Receive all other payments in full and in accordance with the
provisions of subsection 5.

9. If a mortgage broker or a mortgage agent receives any money
pursuant to this section, the mortgage broker or mortgage agent,
after the deduction and payment of any fee or service charge due
the mortgage broker, shall not release the money to:

(a) Any person who does not have a contractual or legal right to

1 (b) Any person who has a contractual right to receive the money
2 if the mortgage broker or mortgage agent knows or, in light of all
3 the surrounding facts and circumstances, reasonably should know
4 that the person's contractual right to receive the money violates
5 any provision of this chapter or a regulation adopted pursuant to
6 this chapter.

7 (a) USA violated NRS 645B.175 (4)(a) because it did not deposit money received
8 from borrowers for complete or partial repayment of principal and interest payments on loans
9 secured by liens on real property in an insured depository financial institution or in an escrow
10 account controlled by a person subject to instructions regarding the account that were
11 approved by the parties. Rather, USA took borrower money it received in full or partial
12 repayment of borrower loans secured by liens on real property and used this money to pay
13 investors of loans that were in default.

14 (b) USA violated NRS 645B.175(5)(a) because it did not release, after payment of
15 any fee or service charge due to the mortgage broker, money received for complete or partial
16 repayment of principal and interest on loans secured by liens on real property to each investor
17 who owned a beneficial interest in the exact proportion to the interest that the investor owned
18 in the loan; rather, USA took the money it received in complete or partial repayment of
19 principal and interest on loans secured by liens on real property and used this money to pay
20 investors of loans that were in default.

21 (c) USA violated NRS 645B.175(9)(a) because it released money to investors of
22 loans secured by liens on real property that were in default who did not have a contractual or
23 legal right to receive the money. Rather USA took the money it received in full or partial
24 repayment of principal and interest on loans secured by liens on real property and used this
25 money to pay the investors of loans that had defaulted.

26 2. USA violated NRS 645B.250, which states:

27 Except pursuant to a contract for the collection or servicing of a
28 loan which is governed by the requirements established by the
Government National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan
Mortgage Corporation or Federal National Mortgage Association, a
mortgage broker or mortgage agent shall not advance payments to

an investor on behalf of a person who has obtained a loan secured by a lien on real property and who has defaulted in his payments.

(a) Mr. Allison admitted to the Division that USA was advancing payments to investors on behalf of borrowers who had defaulted on loan secured by liens on real property.

3. USA violated NRS 645B.260, which states:

1. If a mortgage broker maintains any accounts described in subsection 4 of NRS 645B.175 in which the mortgage broker deposits payments from a debtor on a loan secured by a lien on real property and, on the last day of any month, the debtor has failed to make two or more consecutive payments in accordance with the terms of the loan, the mortgage broker shall:

(a) Include in the report that the mortgage broker submits to the Commissioner pursuant to subsection 2 of NRS 645B.080 the information relating to delinquencies in payments and defaults that is required by the regulations adopted pursuant to subsection 2;

(b) Not later than 15 days after the last day of each such month, mail to the last known address of each investor who owns a beneficial interest in the loan a notice containing the information relating to delinquencies in payments and defaults that is required by the regulations adopted pursuant to subsection 2; and

(c) Comply with the provisions of this section each month on a continuing basis until:

(1) The debtor or his designee remedies the delinquency in payments and any default; or

(2) The lien securing the loan is extinguished.

2. The Commissioner:

(a) Shall adopt regulations prescribing the information relating to delinquencies in payments and defaults that a mortgage broker must include in his report to the commissioner and in the notice mailed to investors pursuant to subsection 1. Such regulations may provide for variations between the information that a mortgage broker must include in his report to the Commissioner and the information that a mortgage broker must include in the notice mailed to investors.

(b) May adopt any other regulations that are necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.

With regard to notice obligations owed to investors, NAC 645B.070 further defines the obligations of a mortgage broker. NAC 645B.070 states in relevant part, that:

2. If, on the last day of any month, a debtor has failed to make two or more consecutive payments in accordance with the terms of the loan, a mortgage broker who is performing loan

servicing and maintains any accounts described in subsection 4 of NRS 645B.175 shall:

(a) Include in his report to the Commissioner:

(1) The name, address and telephone number of the debtor;
(2) The total number and amount of any payments made on the current delinquency;

(3) The outstanding balance of the loan and any accrued interest on the last day of the month for which the report is submitted;

(4) A statement of whether the loan has been declared to be in default and, if so, the nature of any actions that have been taken because of the default; and

(5) The date on which the mortgage broker sent the notice to investors required pursuant to paragraph (b) of this subsection and paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of NRS 645B.260.

(b) Mail a notice containing the following information to the last known address of each investor who owns a beneficial interest in the loan not later than 15 days after the last day of each such month:

(1) The name, address and telephone number of the debtor;

(2) The total number of months and days that the debtor has failed to make a payment;

(3) The outstanding balance of the loan and any accrued interest on the last day of the month for which the notice is submitted; and

(4) A statement of whether the loan has been declared to be in default and, if so, the nature of any actions that have been taken because of the default.

3. If the mortgage broker is not servicing any loans in which a debtor has failed to make two or more consecutive payments in accordance with the terms of the loan, the monthly report required pursuant to subsection 1 must state that fact.

4. The mortgage broker must comply with the provisions of subsection 2 each month until:

(a) The debtor or his designee remedies the delinquency in payments and any default; or

(b) The lien securing the loan is extinguished.

5. The Commissioner may refuse to renew the license of a mortgage broker who has not submitted a monthly report required by subsection 1 for 1 or more of the preceding 12 months.

(a) USA violated NRS645B.280(1)(a) because it failed to report the Division on its monthly activity reports that it had any delinquent loans secured by liens on real property, yet after USA filed bankruptcy Allison informed the Division that USA had delinquent loans.

(b) USA violated NRS645B.280(1)(b) because it did not, no later than 15 days after the last day of the month, when it was aware that debtors had failed to make two or more consecutive payments in accordance with the terms of the loan, mail to investors who owned beneficial interests in the defaulting loans, the debtors name, address and telephone number, nor did USA ever mail to investors and of the information required in NRS 645B.070(5), nor did it indicate in any way to investors that their loans were in default when, in some cases, borrowers had not paid on their loans secured by liens on real property.

5. USA violated NRS 645B.670. NRS 645B.670 states:

Except as otherwise provided in NRS 645B.690:

1. For each violation committed by an applicant for a license issued pursuant to this chapter, whether or not he is issued a license, the Commissioner may impose upon the applicant an administrative fine of not more than \$10,000, if the applicant:

(a) Has knowingly made or caused to be made to the Commissioner any false representation of material fact;

(b) Has suppressed or withheld from the Commissioner any information which the applicant possesses and which, if submitted by him, would have rendered the applicant ineligible to be licensed pursuant to the provisions of this chapter; or

(c) Has violated any provision of this chapter, a regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter or an order of the Commissioner in completing and filing his application for a license or during the course of the investigation of his application for a license.

2. For each violation committed by a mortgage broker, the Commissioner may impose upon the mortgage broker an administrative fine of not more than \$10,000, may suspend, revoke or place conditions upon his license, or may do both, if the mortgage broker, whether or not acting as such:

(a) Is insolvent;

(b) Is grossly negligent or incompetent in performing any act for which he is required to be licensed pursuant to the provisions of this chapter;

(c) Does not conduct his business in accordance with law or has violated any provision of this chapter, a regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter or an order of the Commissioner;

(d) Is in such financial condition that he cannot continue in business with safety to his customers;

(e) Has made a material misrepresentation in connection with any transaction governed by this chapter;

1 (f) Has suppressed or withheld from a client any material facts,
2 data or other information relating to any transaction governed by
3 the provisions of this chapter which the mortgage broker knew or,
4 by the exercise of reasonable diligence, should have known;

5 (g) Has knowingly made or caused to be made to the
6 Commissioner any false representation of material fact or has
7 suppressed or withheld from the Commissioner any information
8 which the mortgage broker possesses and which, if submitted by
9 him, would have rendered the mortgage broker ineligible to be
10 licensed pursuant to the provisions of this chapter;

11 (h) Has failed to account to persons interested for all money
12 received for a trust account;

13 (i) Has refused to permit an examination by the Commissioner
14 of his books and affairs or has refused or failed, within a
15 reasonable time, to furnish any information or make any report that
16 may be required by the Commissioner pursuant to the provisions
17 of this chapter or a regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter;

18 (j) Has been convicted of, or entered a plea of nolo contendere
19 to, a felony relating to the practice of mortgage brokers or any
20 crime involving fraud, misrepresentation or moral turpitude;

21 (k) Has refused or failed to pay, within a reasonable time, any
22 fees, assessments, costs or expenses that the mortgage broker is
23 required to pay pursuant to this chapter or a regulation adopted
24 pursuant to this chapter;

25 (l) Has failed to satisfy a claim made by a client which has
26 been reduced to judgment;

27 (m) Has failed to account for or to remit any money of a client
28 within a reasonable time after a request for an accounting or
remittal;

(n) Has commingled the money or other property of a client
with his own or has converted the money or property of others to
his own use;

(o) Has engaged in any other conduct constituting a deceitful,
fraudulent or dishonest business practice;

(p) Has repeatedly violated the policies and procedures of the
mortgage broker;

(q) Has failed to exercise reasonable supervision over the
activities of a mortgage agent as required by NRS 645B.460;

(r) Has instructed a mortgage agent to commit an act that
would be cause for the revocation of the license of the mortgage
broker, whether or not the mortgage agent commits the act;

(s) Has employed a person as a mortgage agent or authorized
a person to be associated with the mortgage broker as a mortgage
agent at a time when the mortgage broker knew or, in light of all
the surrounding facts and circumstances, reasonably should have
known that the person:

(1) Had been convicted of, or entered a plea of nolo
contendere to, a felony relating to the practice of mortgage agents
or any crime involving fraud, misrepresentation or moral turpitude;

(2) Had a financial services license or registration suspended or revoked within the immediately preceding 10 years;

(t) Has failed to pay a tax as required pursuant to the provisions of chapter 363A of NRS; or

(u) Has not conducted verifiable business as a mortgage broker for 12 consecutive months, except in the case of a new applicant. The Commissioner shall determine whether a mortgage broker is conducting business by examining the monthly reports of activity submitted by the mortgage broker or by conducting an examination of the mortgage broker.

(a) USA violated NRS 645B.670(1)(a) because it knowingly made to the Division a false representation of material fact, To Wit: USA did not indicate on its monthly activity reports to the Division that it had any loans in default, and therefore represented that all of its loans were being paid by borrowers in accordance with terms of the loan.

(b) USA violated NRS 645B.670(c) because it has violated NRS 645B.175, NRS 645B.280, and NAC 645B.070, as referenced above.

(c) USA violated NRS 645B.670(f) because it suppressed or withheld from investors the fact that many of the investors' loans secured by liens on real property were not being paid in accordance with the terms of the loan agreements, but were in fact in default.

(d) USA violated NRS 645B.670(o) because it engaged in a deceitful, fraudulent or dishonest business practice, To Wit: USA took money from accounts containing money from borrowers who had paid off their loans and used that money to pay investors whose loans were in default.

6. The Division is still conducting an investigation into USA's past activities and does not represent that the findings listed in this Order Conditioning Mortgage Broker's License are complete, or that the action it seeks to take against USA in this Order will be the only action that the Division intends to take against USA.

7. NRS 645B.670(2) allows the Commissioner to suspend, revoke or place conditions upon a mortgage broker's license if the broker violates NRS 645B.670. The Division alleges that USA has violated provisions of NRS 645B.670. Therefore, the Commissioner may suspend, revoke or condition USA's mortgage broker license. The Commissioner therefore imposes certain conditions USA's mortgage broker's license. These

1 conditions are: USA will not make any loans secured by liens on real property funded by
2 private, non-institutional investors; USA may only make loans secured by liens on rea
3 property funded by institutional investors.

4 **ORDER**

5 **NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED** that USA mortgage broker's license is
6 conditioned upon USA not making any loans secured by liens on real property funded by
7 private, non-institutional investors; USA may only make loans secured by liens on rea
8 property funded by institutional investors.

9 **IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that, pursuant to NRS 645B.750, upon written applicati
10 to the Division, that USA entitled to a hearing with regard to this Order. Should USA no
11 request a hearing within **twenty (20) days** of the receipt of this Order, the Division will enter a
12 Final Order in this matter as required by NRS 645B.750(2).

13 DATED this 1st day of May 2006.

14 STATE OF NEVADA
15 DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY
16 DIVISION of MORTGAGE LENDING

17 By:

18 
19 _____
20 Scott Bice, Commissioner
21
22
23
24
25
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27
28

Exhibit "B"

MORTGAGE INVESTMENT DISCLOSURE FORM

IMPORTANT: Pursuant to NRS 645B.185, each investor must sign and date a disclosure form before a mortgage broker or mortgage agent accepts money for the investment. This form must be executed for each separate loan in which the investor invests money. A mortgage broker or mortgage agent may not act as the investor's attorney in fact or agent in the signing or dating of this form and may not by agreement alter or waive these disclosure requirements.

Description of loan: _____

BEFORE YOU INVEST IN A PROMISSORY NOTE SECURED BY AN INTEREST IN REAL PROPERTY, YOU SHOULD KNOW ...

The funding of a loan or purchase of a promissory note that is secured by a lien on real property (mortgage loan) is an investment that involves some risk.

An investment in a promissory note secured by a lien on real property, usually through a deed of trust (mortgage loan or mortgage loan investment), like most investments involves the risk that the investment will not perform as expected. The mortgage broker with whom you are dealing is not a depository institution, and a deed of trust investment is not secured by any depository insurance or insured or guaranteed by any agency of the State of Nevada or the Federal Government. Nevada law prohibits the mortgage broker with whom you are dealing from representing or even implying to you that he will ensure or guarantee that the investment will perform as expected. The borrower on the loan may default in required payments, and you may lose all or part of the principal amount you invested and/or the interest you expected to earn from the investment.

Some of the most significant factors that affect your risk in a mortgage loan investment include: (1) the knowledge, experience and integrity of the mortgage broker with whom you are dealing; (2) the market value and equity of the property that will secure the promissory note; (3) the borrower's financial standing and creditworthiness; (4) the escrow process involving the funding of the loan or purchase of the note; (5) the documents and instruments describing, evidencing and securing the loan; (6) the provisions regarding the collection and servicing of the loan; and (7) the provisions for enforcement of the deed of trust.

You are entitled to information about the mortgage broker with whom you are investing.

You are entitled to receive information regarding the mortgage broker with whom you are dealing from the Division of Mortgage Lending, which may be contacted at either one of the following locations:

Division of Mortgage Lending
400 W. King Street, Suite 101
Carson City, Nevada 89703
(775) 684-7060

Division of Mortgage Lending
3075 E. Flamingo, Suite 100
Las Vegas, Nevada 89121
(702) 486-0780

You have the right to request the mortgage broker with whom you are dealing to authorize the Division of Mortgage Lending to release to you the most recent financial statement of the mortgage broker on file with the Division. ☐ YES, I would like to review a financial statement. ☐ NO, I would not like to review a financial statement.

Disclosures required by subparagraphs (3) and (4) of paragraph (b) of subsection 6 of NRS 645B.185:

Has any disciplinary action been taken by the commissioner against the mortgage broker or any general partner, officer or director of the mortgage broker within the preceding 12 months? ☐ YES ☐ NO. If yes, describe below:

Has the mortgage broker or any general partner, officer or director of the mortgage broker been convicted within the preceding 12 months for violating any law, ordinance or regulation that involves fraud, misrepresentation or a deceitful, fraudulent or dishonest business practice? ☐ YES ☐ NO. If yes, describe below:

You also have the right, pursuant to subsection 3 of NRS 645B.090, to ascertain from the Division of Mortgage Lending:

- Whether the Division of Mortgage Lending has disciplined the mortgage broker during the immediately preceding 5 years.
- The findings and results of any investigation against the mortgage broker pursuant to the provisions of chapter 645B of NRS which was completed during the immediately preceding 5 years and which resulted in a finding by the commissioner that the mortgage broker committed a violation of a provision of this chapter or chapter 645B of NRS or an order of the commissioner.

You are entitled to have a written appraisal of the property that is to secure your deed of trust investment as well as other information relating to the property.

The law requires the mortgage broker with whom you are dealing to obtain and make available for your inspection a written appraisal of the real property which is to secure the mortgage loan investment unless you specifically waive in writing your right to have the appraisal performed. An appraiser who is licensed or certified to perform real estate appraisals in this state must perform the appraisal if the property is located in this state. The mortgage broker with whom you are dealing is prohibited from performing the appraisal or providing any estimate or opinion of the value of the property that is to secure the mortgage loan investment, unless the mortgage broker is certified or licensed to perform the appraisal pursuant to chapter 645C of NRS. You are entitled to a copy of the appraisal upon request.

☐ I waive my right to an appraisal for this loan. Investor: _____

☐ I wish to review an appraisal for this loan. Date: _____

In addition to a written appraisal, you are entitled to know whether the real property that will secure the loan is encumbered by any other liens and, if so, the priority of each such lien, the amount of debt secured by each such lien and the current status of that debt, including, without limitation, whether the debt is being paid or is in default.

The real property that will secure this loan ☐ is ☐ is not encumbered by any other liens. If other liens exist, describe, for each lien:

Description: _____

Amount encumbered: _____

Priority: _____

Current status: _____

You are entitled to review information relating to the financial standing and creditworthiness of the borrower and documentation relating to the mortgage loan. Pursuant to NAC 645B.080, you will be asked to complete a form in which you acknowledge that you had the opportunity to receive and review that information and documentation.

You are entitled to review documentation relating to how the mortgage loan is funded and serviced.

Nevada law requires the mortgage broker to fund the entire amount of the loan either out of his trust account directly to the borrower or through a third-party escrow agent. In most cases, the loan will be funded through a third-party escrow agent. An escrow is opened when money, documents, instruments and written instructions regarding the transaction (escrow instructions) are conditionally delivered by the principals to a third party (escrow agent). The escrow instructions set forth the conditions that must be satisfied or waived before the escrow agent may disburse your money to the borrower or the note holder. You have the right to review the escrow instructions. The escrow instructions should be consistent with your understanding of the loan transaction and should identify a specific promissory note and deed of trust (or interest therein). Escrow "closes" when all the conditions of the escrow instructions have been waived or satisfied, the instruments have been recorded and the money was disbursed. You have the right to review a closing statement relating to the escrow describing to whom and how the money was disbursed.

In many cases, including those cases where the investments consist of "fractionalized" interests, i.e., ownership of less than 100% of the mortgage investment, the loan requires servicing by an authorized agent. Loan servicing includes collecting payments from borrowers, disbursing payments to investors or note holders, mailing of appropriate notices, monitoring the status of senior liens and encumbrances, maintaining adequate insurance coverage and coordinating foreclosure proceedings. The mortgage broker with whom you are dealing is authorized by Nevada law to act as the servicing agent for the mortgage loan he originates. It is recommended that all persons investing in a mortgage loan which will be serviced by a servicing agent execute a written servicing agreement that clearly specifies the authority granted to the servicing agent. The servicing agreement should address issues such as: (1) the fees for servicing and how they are to be paid; (2) the person who has the authority to instruct the trustee under the deed of trust to commence foreclosure proceedings in the event of a default; (3) how, in the case of a "fractionalized" note and deed of trust with multiple parties owning beneficial interests, the parties are to determine and direct the actions to be taken in the event of default or with respect to other matters that involve the enforcement of terms of the promissory note and/or deed of trust (Nevada law requires that the documentation pertaining to a note and deed of trust owned initially by more than one natural person include a provision by which record holders of 51% or a greater specified percentage of the beneficial interests in the mortgage loan may direct certain actions that require direction or approval of the holders of beneficial interests); (4) the identity of the person responsible for holding the original promissory note and deed of trust; (5) how the loan servicing agreement may be terminated by the investors in the mortgage loan; (6) the right to obtain the names, addresses and phone numbers of other persons with beneficial interests in the loan; and (7) the monitoring of any senior liens.

A mortgage broker performing loan servicing has an obligation to account to the borrower and every investor for money collected and disbursed in the exercise of that function.

You have the right to know whether the mortgage broker with whom you are dealing, or any relative of the mortgage broker, is acting in any capacity, or has any other interest, other than as a mortgage broker.

Nevada law requires the mortgage broker with whom you are dealing to disclose to you whether he, or any relative of his, has any personal interest in the mortgage loan other than as a mortgage broker. For example, if the mortgage broker owns a 50% interest in the builder applying for a construction loan, the mortgage broker is required to disclose that interest to you. In addition, if a mortgage broker or a relative of the mortgage broker is licensed as, conducts business as or holds a controlling interest or position in (1) a construction control company, (2) an escrow agency, or (3) a title agent, a title insurer or an escrow officer of a title agent or title insurer, the mortgage broker must fully disclose that relationship to every investor, and may not require, as a condition to the acquisition or purchase of an interest in a mortgage loan, that the investor transact business with or use the services of the other business.

The mortgage broker, or a relative of the mortgage broker, has an interest in this loan in a capacity other than as a mortgage broker. ☐ YES ☐ NO. If yes, explain below:

Collection of a promissory note and enforcement of a deed of trust involves some risk.

When the borrower on a mortgage loan fails to make required payments, the actions an investor can take, or that a servicing agent can take on behalf of an investor, are determined by provisions of Nevada law and the documents and instruments evidencing the mortgage loan. Frequently, the borrower who is delinquent on your loan is also delinquent on senior liens. Even though your loan may be current, the borrower may fail to maintain the payments on senior liens, such as taxes, insurance premiums or deeds of trust. A breach of or default in connection with a senior lien by the borrower most likely constitutes an event of default under your deed of trust. It is therefore important that the status of all senior liens be monitored. Before investing in a junior deed of trust, you should determine the amount of debt service (payments) required to maintain the senior lien(s). To protect your investment during any senior lien (loan) foreclosure, it may be necessary for you to maintain the payments (with your own money) on all senior liens. You may lose your interest in the property securing the loan if a senior lien forecloses on the property.

There will be other costs associated with enforcing a mortgage loan, such as attorney's fees and processing fees, and there will likely be a delay of some months before the foreclosure process is complete. Issues such as whether to commence a judicial or nonjudicial foreclosure, deficiency judgments, rents and profits if the property is income-producing, and bankruptcy may also need to be addressed.

If you have questions.

If you have any questions regarding any of the issues discussed in this disclosure form, discuss them with your mortgage broker, lawyer or financial advisor or a trusted friend or family member. No one can guarantee that a particular investment will be risk free, but with information about the specific risks involved, you can take steps to minimize your risk.

Loan:

Investor signature required:

Title (if investor is a corporation, partnership or limited-liability company):

Dated:

Exhibit “C”

Attorney General's Office
555 E. Washington, Suite 3900
Las Vegas, NV 89101

STATE OF NEVADA
DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY
DIVISION OF MORTGAGE LENDING

* * *

In re:

USA COMMERCIAL
MORTGAGE COMPANY,
a licensed mortgage broker,

Respondent.

**ORDER REVOKING MORTGAGE BROKER LICENSE
AND NOTICE OF RIGHT TO REQUEST HEARING**

The licensing and regulation of mortgage brokers and mortgage agents in the State of Nevada is governed by Chapter 645B of the Nevada Revised Statutes (hereinafter, "NRS") and Chapter 645B of the Nevada Administrative Code (hereinafter, "NAC"). The State of Nevada, Department of Business and Industry, Mortgage Lending Division (hereinafter, the "DIVISION") has the general duty to exercise supervision and control over mortgage brokers and mortgage brokering activity. See, NRS 645B.060(1), NRS 645B.690 and NRS 645B.670. Pursuant to that authority, the DIVISION makes the following Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order as follows:

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

1. USA COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE COMPANY (hereinafter, "RESPONDENT") is a licensed mortgage broker operating within the State of Nevada. RESPONDENT was issued a mortgage broker's license pursuant to Chapter 645B of the Nevada Revised Statutes on January 11, 1990. The DIVISION currently classifies RESPONDENT'S license as active.

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EXHIBIT "C"

1 2. On April 13, 2006, RESPONDENT filed for protection pursuant to Chapter 11 of
2 the United States Bankruptcy Code. RESPONDENT was accompanied into bankruptcy by
3 several of its related entities (hereinafter, the "USA ENTITIES"). Said bankruptcy was
4 commenced in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Nevada, Las Vegas
5 Division and is being administered, on behalf of RESPONDENT and the USA ENTITIES as
6 Case No. 06-10725-LBR.

7 3. On December 8, 2006, RESPONDENT and the USA ENTITIES entered into an
8 "Asset Purchase Agreement" with COMPASS PARTNERS, LLC and its affiliated entities
9 (hereinafter, "COMPASS") wherein RESPONDENT and the USA ENTITIES agreed to sell, and
10 COMPASS agreed to purchase the entirety of RESPONDENT'S and the USA ENTITIES'
11 respective interests in their portfolio of commercial loans.

12 4. Pursuant to said agreement, COMPASS also agreed to purchase
13 RESPONDENT'S and the USA ENTITIES' respective interests in the servicing agreements and
14 related contracts attached to each commercial loan within said portfolio.
15

16 5. Said agreement further specified that RESPONDENT, the USA ENTITIES and
17 COMPASS were to close this transaction on or before February 16, 2007.
18

19 6. Said agreement further recognized that COMPASS' contemplated purchase of the
20 loans and the servicing rights for said loans would then necessarily cause it to engage in
21 licensable activity as regulated by the DIVISION under either Chapter 645A or 645B of the
22 Nevada Revised Statutes. For this reason, the "Asset Purchase Agreement" between the
23 parties also required that COMPASS make application with the DIVISION for an appropriate
24 license.

25 7. As called for under said agreement, COMPASS did, in fact, make application with
26 the DIVISION. However, as February 16, 2007 approached (i.e., the designated closing date
27 for the COMPASS purchase to be consummated), it became clear that it was logistically
28

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impossible for COMPASS to complete the approval process with the DIVISION and acquire its license before said date.

8. Because both COMPASS, RESPONDENT and the USA ENTITIES recognized this fact, the respective parties entered into a "Subservicing Agreement" in mid-February 2007, wherein COMPASS would essentially "subcontract" its servicing duties (for which a license was required) to RESPONDENT (which still maintained the appropriate license). Said arrangement allowed the planned purchase to continue, albeit with an extended closing date.

9. Thus, because of the "Subservicing Agreement" referenced above, it has been incumbent upon RESPONDENT to maintain its current licensure under Chapter 645B of the Nevada Revised Statutes.

10. Pursuant to NRS 645B.060, the DIVISION is charged with conducting "...such investigations as may be necessary to determine whether any person has violated any provision of this chapter, a regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter or an order of the Commissioner." See, NRS 645B.060(2)(b).

11. Pursuant to NRS 645B.060, the DIVISION is further charged with conducting "...such other examinations, periodic or special audits, investigations and hearings as may be necessary and proper for the efficient administration of the laws of this State regarding mortgage brokers and mortgage agents..." See, NRS 645B.060(2)(d).

12. On March 15 through March 29, 2007, the DIVISION conducted an investigation of RESPONDENT'S loan servicing operations.

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13. Said investigation revealed the following violations:

a. RESPONDENT'S Failure To Submit Financials And Audits Required For Its Trust Accounts

Because RESPONDENT possesses a license under NRS Chapter 645B and maintains trust accounts for client funds, RESPONDENT is obligated to submit audited financial statements and audits for these accounts, to the DIVISION on an annual basis. See, NRS 645B.085(3). RESPONDENT has failed to do this and has, thereby, violated NRS 645B.085.

b. RESPONDENT'S Commingling, Mishandling And Misuse Of Client Funds

NRS 645B.175(4) requires that all monies paid to a mortgage broker in the State of Nevada, either in full or in partial payment of a loan secured by a lien on real property must be kept separate from (i.e., not commingled with) monies belonging to the mortgage broker, and maintained in an account named so as to indicate that its contents are not the property of said mortgage broker. See, NRS 645B.175(4).

The DIVISION'S investigation revealed that RESPONDENT maintains a bank account where all monies received as loan payments and loan payoffs from borrowers are deposited. Said account is titled, "Debtor In Possession BK-S-06-10725 Operating Account / Collection" (hereinafter, the "ACCOUNT"). The DIVISION'S investigation further revealed that the ACCOUNT is not, in fact, a trust account and inappropriately titled under the above-referenced statute.

The DIVISION'S investigation further revealed that monies received from borrowers are periodically "swept" from the ACCOUNT into a money market account titled, "Debtor In Possession BK-S-06-10725 Operating Account". This was done in order to generate interest on these monies, as they awaited distribution to investors. The DIVISION'S investigation further revealed that this second account was not, in fact, a trust account and was also inappropriately

1 titled. The DIVISION'S investigation further revealed that this second account has generated
2 THREE HUNDRED EIGHTEEN THOUSAND, THREE HUNDRED NINETY-NINE DOLLARS
3 (\$318,399) in interest income, for the month of January 2007 and further revealed that this
4 second account generated ONE MILLION TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS
5 (\$1,200,000) for all of calendar year 2006. RESPONDENT has improperly converted this
6 interest income for its own use, despite the fact that the monies used to generate said interest
7 income were never its property.

8
9 The DIVISION'S investigation further revealed that default interest collected on loans
10 from borrowers is deposited directly into RESPONDENT'S operating account and not into either
11 of the collection accounts referenced herein. It is the DIVISION'S position that RESPONDENT
12 was obligated to deposit said default interest into the collection accounts referenced herein, and
13 then divide the funds as called for under the applicable Loan Servicing Agreements.
14 RESPONDENT'S direct depositing of these funds into its own accounts constitutes
15 impermissible commingling. See, NRS 645B.175(4).

16
17 **c. RESPONDENT'S Impermissible Change Of Principal Location And**
18 **Branch Office(s)**

19 NAC 645B.057 states that a mortgage broker in the State of Nevada may not change the
20 location of their principal office or any branch office until the DIVISION approves the location
21 change. This provision further states that a mortgage broker in the State of Nevada may not
22 close their principal office or any branch office until said broker returns their license to the
23 DIVISION and the DIVISION approves the closure. See, NAC 645B.057(1)(c), (3).

24 The DIVISION'S investigation revealed that within the previous six (6) months,
25 RESPONDENT has changed locations on two (2) occasions and failed to return its license upon
26 doing so. The DIVISION'S investigation further revealed that RESPONDENT closed its main
27 location without prior DIVISION approval.
28

d. RESPONDENT'S Impermissible Payment Of Interest To Investors On Defaulted Loans

NRS 645B.250 prohibits the advancement of payments to investors on behalf of a person who has obtained a loan secured by a lien on real property and who has defaulted on the payments related to said property. See, NRS 645B.250. The DIVISION'S investigation revealed that prior to its filing for bankruptcy protection, RESPONDENT paid interest to investors on defaulted loans it serviced.

e. RESPONDENT'S Failure To Report On The True Performance Status Of Its Outstanding Loans

NRS 645B.260 and NAC 645B.070 require monthly reporting by all licensees under Chapter 645B regarding delinquencies and/or defaults in connection with any loans serviced by any such licensees. These provisions further detail the contents of the mandatory reporting in question and indicate that the DIVISION may refuse to renew the licensure of any mortgage broker who has failed to submit the required reports for any of the previous twelve (12) months. See, NRS 645B.260 and NAC 645B.070.

The DIVISION'S investigation revealed that RESPONDENT failed to provide a single report to the DIVISION and/or the beneficial owners of the loans it serviced, as to the true performance status, whether prior to or after RESPONDENT'S filing for Chapter 11 bankruptcy protection.

f. RESPONDENT'S Failure To Post Its License As Required

NRS 645B.025 requires that mortgage brokers in the State of Nevada must post their licenses in a "...conspicuous place in the office to which it pertains..." See, NRS 645B.025. The DIVISION'S investigation revealed that RESPONDENT'S license was not posted as required by statute.

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g. **RESPONDENT'S Other Servicing "Irregularities"**

NRS 645B.670 subjects Chapter 645B licensees to discipline for engaging in "material misrepresentation in connection with any transaction governed by this chapter...or [engaging] in any other conduct constituting a deceitful, fraudulent or dishonest business practice...": See, NRS 645B.670(3)(b), (h).

As demonstrated through the following excerpts from the Investigative Report created in this matter, the DIVISION'S investigation revealed the following additional irregularities in the RESPONDENT'S loan servicing practices:

Interest and fees calculations:

In summary, the Division found minor errors, in some instances, in the calculation of interest earned by investors, and fees earned by the licensee. The dollar amounts of the errors made were small, as shown by the examples below. In addition, the errors appear to have been in the investors' favor, i.e., they were paid more than they should have.

For investors Phillip E. McMullin & Rosemarie L. McMullin Trustees, who had a \$50,000 investment in the Goss Road loan (\$1,000,000), the interest earned for the period 1/1/07 to 1/02/07 as calculated by the licensee was \$46.42, whereas the Division's calculations indicated that it should actually have been \$42.14. So, in this instance, the investor was overpaid by \$4.28 (The Goss Road loan paid off on 01-02-07, hence there was only two day's interest).

For the same investor for the same loan above, the loan service fee calculated by the licensee was \$3.74, whereas it should have been \$2.78.

No interest was calculated for investor Joyce E. Smith, Trustee of the Joyce E. Smith Trust. This investor had a \$50,000 investment in the Goss Road loan, and hence would have earned \$41.67 in interest for January. The licensee's Controller, LeAnn Weese, stated that Joyce Smith was indeed paid the interest after they discovered the error. This was verified by the investigators.

Investor Byrne E. Falke Trustee of the Byrne Falke Living Trust, who had a \$62,500 investment in the Goss Road loan, was paid \$58.02 in interest for the period 1/1/07 – 1/2/07. Division calculations indicate that the interest for the 2-day period should

1 have been \$53.35. Hence, in this case, the investor was overpaid
2 by \$4.67. In addition, this investor was charged \$4.67 in loan
3 servicing fee for Jan '07; Division calculations indicate that it should
4 have been \$3.36.

5 These errors were shown to the licensee's Controller, LeAnn
6 Weese. Ms. Weese reviewed the Division's calculations and
7 acknowledged that errors appeared to have been made. She also
8 stated that some of the differences between our figures and the
9 figures calculated by the licensee's computer system could have
10 been due to rounding: apparently, the licensee's computer carried
11 out calculations to 10 decimal places. However, the Division
12 believes that the dollar amounts, although small, were greater than
13 just due to rounding alone.

14 Although the error for *each* investor was small, the
15 cumulative effect of the combined errors could total a significant
16 amount.

17 The Division sampled the calculations for interest and fees
18 for the Goss Road for December, and found those to be correct.
19 Hence, the errors appear to have been made in January 2007.
20 Controller LeAnn Weese stated that a change to the computer
21 system's calculations was made in January, and that probably
22 caused the errors.

23 The transactions on two other loans that paid off in January
24 '07 were also reviewed: the Fiesta Development McNaughton
25 loan, which paid off on 01-12-07, and the Elizabeth May Real
26 Estate loan, which paid off on 01-18-07.

27 The Fiesta Development McNaughton loan had only one
28 investor: the USA Capital First Trust Deed Fund. The interest paid
to the investor and the loan servicing fee charged calculated by the
licensee's system agreed with Division calculations.

The Division reviewed a sample of investors in the Elizabeth
May Real Estate loan, and tested the interest paid and the loan
servicing fees charged. This loan paid off on Jan 18, '07. The
Division found that the borrower had been charged interest for 19
days, and not 18 days. The extra days' interest was distributed to
investors. However, the servicing fee appears to have been
calculated for 17 days, and not 18 days; hence the investors were
undercharged the servicing fee in Jan '07 for this loan.

The Division additionally sampled some loans that were not
payoffs and tested the interest and servicing fees, for Jan '07. The
Division found small errors in this instance, too. But again, they
were in the investor's favor.

Prior to Jan '07, our testing indicates that interest and loan servicing fees appear to have been calculated correctly.

"Netting" of interest:

Prior to the bankruptcy filing, USA Capital was paying interest to investors on defaulted loans. The bankruptcy court has allowed the new management of USA Capital (debtor in possession) to "net" the interest paid on defaulted loans against interest collected *after* the bankruptcy. For example, assume that an investor was paid \$2,000 on a defaulted loan prior to the bankruptcy. After the bankruptcy, for example if USA Capital collected \$3,000 in interest that has to be distributed to this investor. The investor would only receive the "net" amount, which is \$1,000.

The Division did not have sufficient time to verify if the "netting" calculations were correct, because it is based on the interest received by the investor on defaulted loans, going back several years. It should also be noted that NRS 645B and NAC 645B does not specifically allow for the concept of netting as it is a violation of State law to commingle funds which was the basis for netting.

Servicing Fees

The Loan Servicing Agreements signed by investors had varying amounts for the servicing fee, from 0% to 3%, with one investor at 4%. The breakdown is as follows:

<u>Servicing Fee %</u>	<u>% of investors</u>
0%	2.1%
0.25%	0.2%
0.50%	1.2%
1.00%	72.1%
1.50%	0.2%
2.00%	0%
3.00%	24.2%
4.00%	One investor - Steven Frankel

The Loan Servicing Agreement (LSA) could not be located for 15% of the investors.

The bankruptcy court allowed USA Capital to charge a 1% servicing fee *and hold back an additional 2%* until the licensee could accurately determine, for each investor, what servicing fee should be charged, per their LSA.

The total of this "hold back" amount is around \$605,000.

This amount will be distributed back to those investors whose LSA does indicate that their servicing fee is less than 3%. The distribution was made in March 2007, towards the end of the investigation, so there was insufficient time to test it to see if it was correct.

Appraisal Fees and Assignment Fees

After the bankruptcy, the new management of USA Capital ordered an appraisal on all loans, in order to determine what the value was in each of the underlying properties. These appraisal fees were charged back to investors, on a pro-rata basis. We were able to verify only a few of the appraisal fees charged, but did not have sufficient time to verify a good sample.

Assignment fees were also charged back to investors. This is in cases where an investor was able to get another investor to take his place in a loan.

Interest charged to borrowers

Interest charged to the borrower is compounded interest, not simple interest. In other words, if a borrower does not make his interest payment one month, the interest owed the next month is based on interest on the outstanding principal balance plus interest on the interest owed the previous month. For example:

Month 1:	\$100,000 @ 13%	1,083.33	interest owed
Month 2	\$101,083.33 @ 13%	1,095.07	interest owed

This is very unusual. The Division has not come across any other 'hard money' brokers who charge compound interest.

The Division reviewed a sample of promissory notes and found that, in each instance, the borrower has signed the note agreeing to pay compound interest.

Default interest and late fees

Per the sample of Loan Servicing Agreements reviewed, the licensee is allowed to retain default interest and late fees.

This appears to have been a considerable amount. For example, in Jan 2007, a total of \$734,693 was collected in default interest, and \$48,009 in late fees. These funds go directly into the licensee's operating account. The borrower's history report does not show the default interest collected. It does show the late fees;

1 however, the Division was informed by the Controller LeAnne
2 Weese that the late fees should not be on the borrower's history
3 report, either. Based upon this information it is doubtful whether
4 USA Capital has ever properly reported interest, etc to the IRS
5 either pre or post bankruptcy.

6 The Division's position, once again, is that all funds received
7 as a payment or a payoff on a loan is to be deposited in the
8 Collection trust account and then transferred to the appropriate
9 recipient. By circumventing this step it is doubtful whether any audit
10 of the financial statements of USA Capital have ever been
11 validated or valid. It should be noted that the majority of other 'hard
12 money' brokers pass on the default interest to borrowers.

13 Exit Fees

14 There is no specific reference in the notes or loan servicing
15 agreements with regards to exit fees. A review of the files and
16 financial records indicate that as of July 2006 the exit fees could
17 total well in excess of \$6,000,000. These exit fees would be
18 construed as either profit participation(s) or a pre-payment penalty.
19 There was one instance found where the exit fee was contained in
20 an addendum to the note; however, never treated as a pre-
21 payment penalty and never distributed to the direct lenders. The
22 division could find only one investor out of 3,600 who was given the
23 opportunity to participate in the exit fee. This underscores the true
24 nature of the risk and reward on the loans originated by USA
25 Capital. A calculated, self serving deceptive scheme that was
26 enacted to allow the principals to potentially profit with no risk while
27 astronomical risk inured to the unsuspecting lenders. An exit fee is
28 not typical of the mortgage brokerage industry nor is it appropriate
compensation for a loan servicing company the monies should be
distributed to the lenders who bore **ALL** of the risk although
unbeknownst to them.

Taken together, these irregularities in the nature of RESPONDENT'S servicing activities
constitute numerous instances of material misrepresentation in connection with a transaction
governed by NRS Chapter 645B, and further constitute deceitful, fraudulent or dishonest
business practices, in violation of NRS 645B.670. See, NRS 645B.670(3)(b), (h).

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2 14. Pursuant to NRS 645B.670, "...for each violation committed by a mortgage
3 broker, the Commissioner may impose upon the mortgage broker an administrative fine of not
4 more than \$10,000, may suspend, revoke or place conditions upon his license, or may do
5 both, if the mortgage broker, whether or not acting as such... [h]as made a material
6 misrepresentation in connection with any transaction governed by this chapter...or [h]as
7 engaged in any other conduct constituting a deceitful, fraudulent or dishonest business
8 practice...": See, NRS 645B.670(3)(b), (h).

9 VIOLATIONS OF LAW

10
11 1. The DIVISION has determined that, through the above-described conduct,
12 RESPONDENT has violated provisions of the following statutes and regulations:

- 13 a. NRS 645B.085(3)
- 14 b. NRS 645B.175(4)
- 15 c. NAC 645B.057(1)(c)
- 16 d. NAC 645B.057(3)
- 17 e. NRS 645B.250
- 18 f. NRS 645B.260
- 19 g. NAC 645B.070
- 20 h. NRS 645B.025
- 21 i. NRS 645B.670(3)(b)
- 22 j. NRS 645B.670(3)(h).

23 ORDER

24
25 **NOW, THEREFORE, the COMMISSIONER of the DIVISION HEREBY ORDERS** that,
26 pursuant to NRS 645B.720 and NRS 645B.750, the mortgage broker license of RESPONDENT
27 be **REVOKED**.
28

1 **IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that, pursuant to NRS 645B.750, upon written application to
2 the DIVISION, RESPONDENT shall be entitled to a hearing with regard to the contents of the
3 instant Order. Should RESPONDENT not request a hearing within **twenty (20) days** of the
4 receipt of the instant Order, the DIVISION will enter a Final Order in this matter, as required by
5 NRS 645B.750(2).

6 Dated this 2nd day of May, 2007.

7
8 **STATE OF NEVADA**
9 **DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY**
10 **DIVISION OF MORTGAGE LENDING**

11 By: _____
12 **SCOTT BICE, COMMISSIONER**

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Attorney General's Office
555 E. Washington, Suite 3900
Las Vegas, NV 89101

Exhibit “D”

STATE OF NEVADA
DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY
DIVISION OF MORTGAGE LENDING

* * *

In re:

COMPASS FINANCIAL PARTNERS,
LLC, a Nevada limited liability company,

Respondent.

ORDER IMPOSING FINE AND
ORDER TO CEASE AND DESIST AND
NOTICE OF RIGHT TO REQUEST HEARING

The licensing and regulation of escrow agencies and agents in the State of Nevada is governed by Chapter 645A of the Nevada Revised Statutes (hereinafter, "NRS") and Chapter 645A of the Nevada Administrative Code (hereinafter, "NAC"). The State of Nevada, Department of Business and Industry, Mortgage Lending DIVISION (hereinafter, the "DIVISION") has the general duty to exercise supervision and control over escrow agencies and agents. See, NRS 645A.050, NRS 645A.090 and NRS 645A.110. Pursuant to that authority, the DIVISION makes the following Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order as follows:

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

1. Upon information and belief, COMPASS FINANCIAL PARTNERS, LLC (hereinafter, "COMPASS") is a Nevada limited liability company.

2. COMPASS had previously sought, but subsequently withdrew an application for licensure with the DIVISION as a mortgage broker / agent pursuant to Chapter 645B of the Nevada Revised Statutes.

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EXHIBIT " D "

1 3. At no time has COMPASS made application for licensure with the DIVISION as
2 an escrow agency pursuant to Chapter 645A of the Nevada Revised Statutes.

3 4. COMPASS remains unlicensed by the DIVISION under either Chapter 645A and
4 645B of the Nevada Revised Statutes at this time.

5 5. On April 13, 2006, USA Commercial Mortgage Company (hereinafter, "USA"), a
6 licensed mortgage broker in the State of Nevada pursuant to Chapter 645B of the Nevada
7 Revised Statutes, filed for protection pursuant to Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy
8 Code. USA was accompanied into bankruptcy by several of its related entities.

9 6. Said bankruptcy was commenced in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the
10 District of Nevada, Las Vegas Division and is being administered, on behalf of USA and its
11 related entities as Case No. 06-10725-LBR.

12 7. On December 8, 2006, USA and its related entities entered into an "Asset
13 Purchase Agreement" with COMPASS (hereinafter, "COMPASS") wherein USA and its
14 specified related entities agreed to sell, and COMPASS agreed to purchase the entirety of
15 USA's and its related entities' interests in their portfolio of commercial loans.

16 8. Pursuant to said agreement, COMPASS also agreed to purchase USA's and its
17 related entities' respective interests in the servicing agreements and related contracts attached
18 to each commercial loan within said portfolio.

19 9. Said agreement further specified that USA, its related entities and COMPASS
20 were to close this transaction on or before February 16, 2007.

21 10. Said agreement further recognized that COMPASS' contemplated purchase of the
22 loans and the servicing rights for said loans would then necessarily cause it to engage in activity
23 as regulated by the DIVISION under the appropriate Nevada Revised Statutes. For this
24 reason, the "Asset Purchase Agreement" between the parties also required that COMPASS
25 make application with the DIVISION for an appropriate license.
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11. Specifically, Article IX of the "Asset Purchase Agreement" between COMPASS, USA and its related entities, stated as follows:

Article IX Conditions to Closing

Section 9.1 Conditions Precedent to Obligations of Purchaser.

The obligation of the Purchaser to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement is subject to the fulfillment, on or prior to the Closing Date, of each of the following conditions (any or all of which may be waived by Purchaser in whole or in part to the extent permitted by applicable Law):

(j) Purchaser shall have actually obtained an interim license to operate in the State of Nevada or an exemption, satisfactory to Purchaser in all reasonable respects by no later than the Closing Date, from any and all applicable Nevada laws or regulations that would require any licensing of Purchaser and affiliate of Purchaser identified by Purchaser by the State of Nevada in connection with or as a result of consummation of this transaction. Sellers shall provide reasonable cooperation and support to Purchaser in connection with its effort to obtain such interim license or exemption. The condition to the timing of the obtaining of this interim license or regulatory exemption may be extended by the Sellers at their sole discretion.

12. As called for under said agreement, COMPASS did, in fact, make application with the DIVISION. However, as February 16, 2007 approached (i.e., the designated closing date for the COMPASS purchase to be consummated), it became clear that it was logistically impossible for COMPASS to complete its application with the DIVISION and acquire its license before said date.

13. Because both COMPASS, USA and its related entities recognized this fact, the respective parties entered into a "Subservicing Agreement" on February 16, 2007, wherein COMPASS would essentially "subcontract" its servicing duties (for which a license was required) to USA (which still maintained the appropriate license). Said arrangement allowed the planned purchase to continue, albeit with an extended closing date.

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1 14. Thus, because of the "Subservicing Agreement" referenced above, from February
2 16, 2007 forward, the responsibility for the servicing of the commercial loans COMPASS had
3 purchased, fell to USA, as a matter of law. For this reason, COMPASS was obligated to utilize
4 the services of USA to engage in any servicing activity as to the loans in question, or risk
5 violating Chapter 645A of the Nevada Revised Statutes in behaving otherwise.

6 15. Despite its contractual arrangement with USA and its legal obligation to rely upon
7 USA in servicing the loans in question, COMPASS has, since February 16, 2007, disregarded
8 this arrangement and represented to borrowers that *it is, in fact*, the servicer of the loans in
9 question.
10

11 16. Proof of COMPASS' decision to engage in servicing activity, notwithstanding its
12 legal arrangement with USA is as follows:

13 a. On March 9, 2007, COMPASS' Director of Investor Relations, Mark L.
14 Olson (hereinafter, "OLSON") wrote to all lenders involved in the USA bankruptcy to advise
15 them of the following: "...We are pleased to announce that as of February 16, 2007,
16 [COMPASS] became the servicer of most of the loan portfolio formerly serviced by [USA]..."
17

18 b. On March 23, 2007, OLSON wrote to one "Larry L. Rieger" and "Larry L.
19 Rieger and Patsy R. Rieger" as "Trustees of the Larry L. Rieger & Patsy R. Rieger Revocable
20 Trust" and represented that "COMPASS has officially taken over as the servicer of the USA
21 Commercial Mortgage portfolio and has been working diligently to resolve all the loans in this
22 distressed portfolio..." OLSON'S letter further sought to open a dialogue with these lenders so
23 as to effect the sale of their interest in a property commonly known as "Shamrock Tower, L.P.",
24 in exchange for a yet-to-be negotiated cash sum.

25 c. On March 23, 2007, OLSON, on COMPASS' behalf, commenced similar
26 discussions with a "Donald H. Pinsker", with reference to a property commonly known as "Clear
27 Creek Plantation".
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1 d. On April 8, 2007, COMPASS generated a "Loan Status Report" regarding
2 a loan commonly known as "Palm Harbor One, LLC". This "Loan Status Report" makes the
3 following representation: "[COMPASS] has been working hard to collect the maximum value
4 possible from each loan it now services from the USA Capital portfolio. [COMPASS] will provide
5 information to the Direct Lenders about the status of their loans and the actions being taken by
6 the Borrowers and [COMPASS] to get the loans repaid..."

7 e. On April 12, 2007, COMPASS generated a "Loan Status Report" regarding
8 a loan commonly known as "5055 Collwood, LLC", which contained identical prefatory language
9 concerning COMPASS' role in servicing the loan referenced therein. COMPASS apparently
10 accompanied this "Loan Status Report" with a written solicitation requesting that the lender in
11 question "Consent to Extend 5055 Collwood, LLC Loan for Six Months", and then provided the
12 terms of the offer to extend.

13 f. On April 20, 2007, COMPASS generated two (2) additional "Loan Status
14 Report(s)" regarding loans commonly known as "Eagle Meadows Development" and "Fox Hills
15 216, LLC", both of which also contained identical prefatory language concerning COMPASS'
16 role in servicing the loans referenced therein.

17 17. On April 20, 2007, the DIVISION received word that COMPASS had chosen to
18 terminate the "Subservicing Agreement" between itself and USA since USA had experienced
19 difficulties in its own right, in conforming to the DIVISION'S requirements to maintain its
20 licensure with the DIVISION. Thus, from April 20, 2007 forward, COMPASS' affiliation with USA
21 had ended, thereby leaving COMPASS with no licensed entity to service the loans in question.

22 18. On May 3, 2007, the DIVISION issued an "Order Revoking Mortgage Broker
23 License and Notice of Right to Request Hearing", because of certain irregularities and improper
24 activities uncovered in USA'S loan servicing system(s).

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1 19. Pursuant to NRS 645A.010, the concept of "escrow" activity is defined as follows:

2 'Escrow' means any transaction where one person, for the purpose
3 of effecting the sale, transfer, encumbering or leasing of real or
4 personal property to another person, delivers any written instrument,
5 money, evidence of title to real or personal property, or other thing of
6 value to a third person until the happening of a specified event or the
7 performance of a prescribed condition, when it is then to be
8 delivered by such third person to a grantee, grantor, promisee,
9 promisor, obligee, obligor, bailee, bailor or any agent or employee of
10 any of the latter. ***The term includes the collection of payments
11 and the performance of related services by a third person in
12 connection with a loan secured by a lien on real property.***

13 See, NRS 645A.010(3)(emphasis added).

14 20. Pursuant to NRS 645A.050, the DIVISION is charged with conducting "...such
15 investigations as may be necessary to determine whether any person has violated any provision
16 of this chapter..." See, NRS 645A.050(2)(c).

17 21. Pursuant to NRS 645A.110, the DIVISION is further charged with conducting an
18 investigation "...if it appears that an escrow agent or agency is conducting business in an
19 unsafe and injurious manner or in violation of this chapter if it appears that any person is
20 engaging in the escrow business without being licensed pursuant to the provisions of this
21 chapter." See, NRS 645A.110(1).

22 22. As specified above, the documentary evidence brought to the DIVISION'S
23 attention, indicates that COMPASS has engaged in escrow activity in the State of Nevada (as
24 defined in NRS 645A.010(3)) on multiple occasions, despite its lack of licensure to do so.

25 23. Pursuant to NRS 645A.020, "...a person who wishes to be licensed as an escrow
26 agent or agency must file a written application in the Office of the Commissioner..." Further,
27 said application must "...be verified [and] be accompanied by the appropriate fee prescribed in
28 NRS 645A.040..." See, NRS 645B.020(1), (2).

24. Pursuant to NRS 645A.210, "...it is unlawful for any person, unless exempted under NRS 645A.015, to engage in or carry on, or hold himself out as engaging in or carrying on, the escrow business or act in the capacity of an escrow agent or agency without first obtaining a license as an escrow agent or agency..." See, NRS 645A.210.

25. Pursuant to NRS 645A.090, "...the Commissioner may refuse to license any escrow agent or agency or may suspend or revoke any license or impose a fine of not more than \$500.00 for each violation by entering an order to that effect, with his findings in respect thereto, if upon a hearing, it is determined that the applicant or licensee... has violated any provision of this chapter or any regulation adopted pursuant thereto or has aided and abetted another to do so [OR] ...has intentionally or knowingly made any misrepresentation or false statement to, or concealed any essential or material fact from, any principal or designated agent of a principal in the course of the escrow business..." See, NRS 645A.090(1)(b), (e).

26. Pursuant to NRS 645A.110(2), "...if, upon investigation it appears that the agent or agency is so conducting business or an unlicensed person is engaged in the escrow business, the Commissioner may... order the person to discontinue business in an injurious manner or in violation of this chapter..." See, NRS 645A.110(2)(a).

VIOLATIONS OF LAW

1. Having investigated COMPASS' activities, as described hereinabove, it has been determined that COMPASS has engaged in at a minimum seven (7) distinct instances of escrow agency activity in the State of Nevada without a license to do so, thereby violating NRS 645A.020 and NRS 645A.210.

ORDER

NOW, THEREFORE, pursuant to NRS 622.080 and NRS 645A.110(2), the **COMMISSIONER** of the **DIVISION** **HEREBY ORDERS** that COMPASS **CEASE AND DESIST** from conducting any and all unlicensed escrow agency activity in the State of Nevada.

1 IT IS HEREBY FURTHER ORDERED that, pursuant to NRS 645A.090, COMPASS will
2 be subject to an administrative fine in the amount of THREE THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED
3 DOLLARS (\$3,500.00), representing a FIVE HUNDRED DOLLAR (\$500.00) fine for each of the
4 seven (7) documented instances of unlicensed escrow agency activity in this matter;

5 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the sum of said administrative fine be paid in full within
6 thirty (30) days of entry of the instant Order;

7 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that, pursuant to NRS 645A.110(2)(a), upon submission of a
8 verified petition to the DIVISION, COMPASS shall be entitled to a hearing with regard to the
9 contents of the instant Order. Should COMPASS not request a hearing within thirty (30) days
10 of the receipt of the instant Order, the DIVISION will enter a Final Order in this matter.
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12 Dated this 9th day of May, 2007.

13 STATE OF NEVADA
14 DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY
15 DIVISION OF MORTGAGE LENDING

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17 By: 
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SCOTT BICE, COMMISSIONER



Entered on Docket
July 02, 2007

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "Linda B. Riegle".

Hon. Linda B. Riegle
United States Bankruptcy Judge

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
DISTRICT OF NEVADA

In re:)	Case No. BK-S-06-10725-LBR
)	Case No. BK-S-06-10726-LBR
USA COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE)	Case No. BK-S-06-10727-LBR
COMPANY,)	Case No. BK-S-06-10728-LBR
Debtor.)	Case No. BK-S-06-10729-LBR

In re:)	
)	
USA CAPITAL REALTY ADVISORS, LLC)	Chapter 11
Debtor)	

In re:)	Jointly Administered Under
)	Case No. BK-S-06-10725
USA CAPITAL DIVERSIFIED TRUST)	
DEED FUND, LLC)	
Debtor)	

In re:)	Date: June 20, 2007
)	Time: 10:30 a.m.
USA CAPITAL FIRST TRUST DEED)	
FUND, LLC)	
Debtor)	

In re:)	
)	
USA SECURITIES, LLC)	
Debtor)	

Affects: All Debtors

**ORDER ON EMERGENCY MOTION TO ENFORCE CONFIRMATION
AND FOR SANCTIONS AND ORDER ON
SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION**

Compass Partners (and its affiliates and designees) was the purchaser of loan servicing rights from the debtor under an asset purchase agreement pursuant to a confirmed plan of reorganization. On May 25, 2007, Compass USA SPE LLC, and Compass Financial Partners LLC (together “Compass”) filed an emergency motion for this court to enforce its confirmation order and for contempt (“Motion to Enforce Confirmation,” Docket # 3773). In its Motion, Compass states that Ms. Donna Cangelosi and others (collectively referred to as the “Lenders Protection Group”)¹ seek to wrongfully terminate Compass as the loan servicer and take for themselves the servicing rights and fees. The Motion to Enforce Confirmation alleges that the Lenders Protection Group mailed at least fifty letters to borrowers of loans stating that Compass was not authorized to act on behalf of the lenders and that “all payments made to Compass would be made at your own peril.” The letters directed borrowers to make all payments to “Lender 2 Lender, LLC,” a Nevada limited liability company established by Ms. Cangelosi. Compass argued in its Motion to Enforce Confirmation that these acts were a direct violation of the asset purchase agreement with the debtor and the confirmed plan, as well as a collateral attack on the provisions of this court’s orders. The “debtor” filed a joinder to the motion. (Docket 3999.)

The motion was opposed (Docket 3853) on the stated grounds that the members of the Lenders Protection Group had terminated Compass as the servicer on each of the loans in accordance with the loan servicing agreements and that it had the right to do so without notice and without cause. Alternatively, the Lenders Protection Group contended that if the loan servicing agreements required cause to terminate Compass as servicer, then they had the cause to

¹Ms. Cangelosi established what she called the “Lender Protection Group.” This group was never recognized as a formal committee, and is apparently a collection of individuals represented by Mr. Smith.

1 do so. The Lenders Protection Group also argued that this court did not have subject matter
2 jurisdiction.

3 This court entered an order preserving the status quo as of the day before the
4 termination letters were sent. The court further ordered supplemental briefing on the issue of
5 subject matter jurisdiction, and it continued the matter to June 20, 2007.

6 For the reasons set out herein, this court finds that it has subject matter jurisdiction
7 pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1334 as to a number of the issues raised, and supplemental jurisdiction
8 with respect to the remaining issues. However, because the resolution of these issues will involve
9 the determination both core and non-core matters under 28 U.S.C. § 157, this court recommends
10 that the reference be withdrawn.²

11 **FACTS**

12 ***A. The Business of USACM and the Loan Servicing Agreements.***

13 One of the debtors, USACM Capital Mortgage (“USACM”) was in the business
14 of underwriting, originating, brokering, funding, and servicing mortgage loans. It solicited
15 individuals and entities to invest in fractional interests in loans, and also originated and serviced
16 those loans. As of the date of the filing of the bankruptcy petition, USACM was servicing 115
17 loans involving 3,600 investors. (“Debtors’ First Amended Disclosure Statement,” Docket
18 # 1798, pp. 22-24.) Two separate debtors, USACM Capital Diversified Trust Deed Fund, LLC,
19 (“DTDF”) and USACM First Trust Deed Fund (“FTDF”) were also investors in the
20 fractionalized loans brokered by USACM. These funds were comprised of a number of
21 members who invested in the funds, with the funds then investing in loans. As of the date of the
22 petition, DTDF had approximately 1,350 members and FTDF had 950 members. (“Debtors’ First
23 Amended Disclosure Statement, Docket # 1798, pp. 25-26.)

24 As noted, USACM entered into loan servicing agreements with those entities for whom it
25

26 ²At the request of the court, counsel for Ms. Cangelosi has prepared a recommendation for
27 withdrawal of the reference. It will be separately entered.

1 had brokered loans. Under paragraph 2(e) of the loan servicing agreements, the lender authorized
2 and empowered USACM on it's behalf to, among other things, execute and deliver payoff
3 demands and beneficiary statements, consent to modifications of the loans if the effect would not
4 materially or adversely affect the security provided by the real or personal property, institute
5 foreclosure proceedings, engage in settlement discussions, and enter into forbearance and other
6 settlement-related agreements. USACM, however, could not permit any modification to any loan
7 that would change the interest rate, forgive the payment of any principal or interest (expressly
8 excluding late charges or the difference between default and non-default interest), change the
9 outstanding principal amount, or extend the maturity date, without the lender's prior consent. If
10 the lender failed to grant or deny consent within 3 business days after notice, consent was
11 deemed to have been conclusively been given. ("Motion to Enforce Confirmation, Docket #
12 3773, "Exhibit A.")³

13 Under paragraph 5 of the loan servicing agreements, USACM was entitled to retain
14 monthly, in connection with those services, a service fee, any late charges collected from the
15 borrower, and default interest collected from the borrower pursuant to the terms of the note.
16 (Motion to Enforce Confirmation, Docket # 3773, "Exhibit A.")

17 The loan servicing agreements contained two provisions relating to termination.
18 Paragraph 9 provided that the lender:

19 [M]ay, by 30 days written notice to USACM, terminate this
20 agreement, and the power of attorney granted, if one is granted,
21 under Section 9 of this Agreement, if USACM fails to perform its
22 obligations hereunder.⁴

23 ³A sample loan service agreement was attached as "Exhibit A" to the declaration of David
24 Blatt, which was filed as "Exhibit A" in support of the Motion to Enforce Confirmation. (Docket
3773.)

25 ⁴Section 9 of the Agreement supplied to the court has nothing to do with a power of attorney.
26 Rather, Section 9 merely provides that the lender's name is the exact form for registration.
27 Paragraph 11 deals with a "Limited Power of Attorney." A different version on file with this
Court in connection with a separate matter refers to Paragraph 11. (Docket 847, p.19.)

(Motion to Enforce Confirmation, Docket # 3773, “Exhibit A.”)

Paragraph 3 provided that:

Pursuant to NAC 645B.073, in the event of default, foreclosure, or other matters that require action, if for any reason USA fails to act on Lender’s behalf . . . then Lender may, with approval of fifty-one percent (51%) or more of all the holders of the beneficial interest of record in the Loan, act on behalf of all such holders of beneficial interest of record.

The actions included the designation of the servicing agent or other person to act on behalf of the holders of the beneficial interests in the loan. (Motion to Enforce Confirmation, Docket # 3773, “Exhibit A.”)

B. Bankruptcy and the Situation Prior to Filing.

USACM and its related affiliates filed a chapter 11 petition on April 13, 2006. USACM’s management was replaced with a chief restructuring officer and crisis manager, Thomas Allison and Mesirow Financial Interim Management, LLC. (Docket # 26.)⁵ Hence none of the former insiders had a role in administering the case or in the plan negotiations. Indeed, former management appealed the order confirmation the plan. (Docket # 2481.)

The United States Trustee appointed committees for the direct lenders,⁶ for creditors of the two separate debtors USACM Capital Diversified Trust Deed Fund, LLC⁷ and USACM First

⁵While this order was designated as an interim order, the court extended those orders throughout the case.

⁶The United States Trustee denominated this committee the “Official Committee of Holders of Executory Contract Rights” of USACM. (Docket # 202.) The court, believing that this designation created a legal distinction without a finding that the contracts were executory contracts, denominated these individuals and entities who held fractionalized interest in unpaid loans as “direct lenders.” Under the plan, “direct lenders” are defined as each entity, except USCAM and the Funds, who is a beneficiary under a loan originated and serviced by USACM on behalf of lenders. (Docket # 1799, (1)(A)(42).

⁷Docket #203.

1 Trust Deed Fund,⁸ and for the unsecured creditors.⁹ Each of those committees retained counsel
2 and were actively involved in the case.

3 During the case, it became apparent (and the court ultimately found) that the borrowers
4 on many of the underlying loans were in default and had either not made any payments, or had
5 not made payments in accordance with their notes and deeds of trust. Despite the fact that
6 lenders were only to receive payments in accordance with their contracts and the underlying
7 notes and deeds of trust, the lenders continued to receive payments on their notes as if payments
8 were being made. Obviously, these funds came from sources other than the borrowers and were
9 made from monies that were due to USACM as servicing or other fees, loans which had been
10 paid (but the principal not repaid to the lenders), and money borrowed from third parties.
11 (“Debtors’ First Amended Disclosure Statement, Docket # 1798, pp. 28-29; Declaration of
12 Thomas Allison in Support of Confirmation, Docket # 2147, p. 31.)¹⁰ These payments were
13 described in the plan as “pre-paid interest.” However, that was only a term of convenience, as
14 the lenders had no right to receive funds that were not paid by the borrower.¹¹

15 As noted above, FTDF owned interests in a number of loans. Some of these loans were
16 performing and many others were in default. These loans were also serviced by USACM.
17 DTDF had also invested in loans brokered and serviced by USACM.

18 During negotiations with the debtor (through Mesirow Financial) and the four
19 committees, it was determined that in light of the costs of attempting to service the loans,
20 including commencing foreclosure or otherwise realizing on the collateral of loans in default,
21

22 ⁸Docket #204.

23 ⁹Docket #201.

24 ¹⁰This court made certain oral findings of fact on the record in accordance with FED. R.
25 BANKR P. 7052, which included the adoption of the facts set forth by Mr. Allison.

26 ¹¹See N.R.S. § 645B.250, which provides that a mortgage broker is prohibited from advancing
27 payments to an investor on behalf of a person who has obtained a loan and is in default.

and given that there was no ability to continue as a mortgage broker, the only way in which creditors could receive payment was through an asset purchase agreement and plan. (*See generally*, “Debtors’ First Amended Disclosure Statement, Docket # 1798, pp. 79-80.)

C. The Asset Purchase Agreement, the Plan, and the Confirmation Order .

1. Asset Purchase Agreement.

The debtors, with the concurrence of the committees, filed a motion to sell the servicing rights, including the fees to which USACM was entitled as servicer, and the loan portfolio of FTDF at auction with SPCP Group, LLC (“Silver Point”) as the stalking horse bidder. (Docket # 1352.) Other bidders qualified, but ultimately Compass was the successful bidder.¹²

The closing of the sale to Compass was conditioned upon confirmation of a plan with provisions consistent with the terms of the asset purchase agreement. (“Asset Purchase Agreement,” § 5.3, filed as “Exhibit A” to Docket # 2164.)

Under the Asset Purchase Agreement, Compass purchased the First Trust Deed Fund Assets and the Commercial Mortgage Assets. The “Commercial Mortgage Assets” were defined as:

[A]ll Servicing Agreements . . . for all of the Serviced Loans . . . including, without limitation, Default Rate Interest, Accrued Servicing Fees, Late Charges, Success Fees, other fees and sums due the loan servicer under any of the Servicing Agreements” [and USCAM’s rights in the loans].¹³

“Default Rate Interest” was defined as the “amount of interest payable upon default under each Serviced Loan at any time.” “Accrued Servicing Fees” was defined, with certain exceptions as “all servicing fees and servicer advances accrued, but unpaid, as of the of the Closing

¹²See Docket # 2147, Allison Declaration in Support Confirmation, pp. 25-28, for a description of the sale process.

¹³USACM held a fractionalized interest in some loans.

Date. . . .” “Late Charges” was defined as the amount of late charges payable upon default under each Serviced Loan at any time.” (“Asset Purchase Agreement,” § 1.1, filed as “Exhibit A” to Docket # 2164.) The asset purchase agreement, at Section 5.2, also required the Sale Approval Order to contain certain provisions. In further provided the following:

Sec. 7.3. Servicing Agreements. Nothing contained in the Agreement shall modify the obligations owed to the Lenders by the loan servicer or rights of the Lenders against the loan servicer (or the rights of the loan servicer against the Lenders) under the applicable Servicing Agreements and otherwise applicable law [U]nder no circumstance shall any pre-Closing Date liability assertable by any party attach to Purchase, or to any Asset acquired by purchaser [N]otwithstanding any other provision herein, or any order which may in the future be entered by the Bankruptcy Court, all servicing fees due pursuant to the terms stated in the Servicing Agreements, and all interest due on the First Trust Deed Fund Assets, shall continue to be due and payable, and Purchaser shall collect such servicing fees and interest for its sole benefit on and after the Closing Date.

2. The Plan.

The plan provided for the compromise of Direct Lender claims in that claims for the recharacterization¹⁴ of loans as property of the estate were released. While rights to recover principal or interest paid in advance were preserved, lenders would continue to receive monies paid on the loan after the pre-paid amounts were netted. (Debtor’s Third Amended Plan, Docket # 1799, Section II (C)(1)(e).) In connection with this provision, the liquidating trust would receive the amounts netted on account of the pre-paid interest, and the asset purchaser and any subsequent purchaser were required to continue to net these sums. (Section IV(E)(1).)

Because the plan affected the direct lenders by virtue of the compromise discussed above,

¹⁴While under 11 U.S.C. § 541(d), property in which the debtor holds only equitable title is not property of the estate, the commingling of funds received from all sources and payments on loans in default may result in the characterization of such loans as property of the estate. *See, e.g.; In re Lemons & Assoc.*, 67 B.R. 198 (Bankr. D. Nev. 1986).

1 the direct lenders voted on the plan. The direct lenders, along with all other classes entitled to
 2 vote, voted by majority and amount to accept the plan. An order confirming the plan was entered
 3 on January 8, 2007. (Docket #2376.) Findings of fact and conclusions of law were also entered
 4 on January 8, 2007, as modified herein. (Docket # 2377.)¹⁵

5 At the time of confirmation, the issue arose as to the meaning of the acquisition of the
 6 loan serving agreements free and clear of claims and the rights of a lender to terminate on
 7 account of pre-petition defaults by USACM. Compass agreed that a lender had the right to effect
 8 a substitution of USACM as a loan servicer under Section 3 of any loan servicing agreement
 9 (and Compass had the right to any defenses) to the extent that such right was matured and
 10 exercisable as of the petition date. Such rights were denominated as “Surviving Section 3 Right.”
 11 Such rights were, however, only exercisable in accordance with certain procedures which
 12 included a 30 day notice of an intent to exercise such right, the right of Compass to challenge the
 13 exercise by filing a motion within thirty days, and that this court should retain jurisdiction to
 14 adjudicate any such disputes. (Findings of Fact, Docket # 2377 at ¶ KK,; Confirmation Order,
 15 Docket # 2376, at ¶ 14.)¹⁶

16 Other relevant provisions of the Findings of Fact include the following, at ¶ KK:

17
 18 The transfer of the Acquired Assets . . . will be a legal, valid, and
 19 effective transfer of the Acquired Assets, and will vest the Asset
 20 Purchaser with all right, title, and interest of the Sellers to the
 21 Acquired Assets free and clear of all liens, claims, interest,
 22 obligations and encumbrances whatsoever, including, but not
 23 limited to, (A) all monetary and non-monetary defaults and rights
 that purport to give to any party a right or option to effect any
 forfeiture, modification, right of first refusal, or termination of the
 Sellers’ or the Asset Purchasers’ interest in, or rights in or under,

24 ¹⁵Despite the failure to cross out the parenthetical “proposed” designation, the court adopted
 25 the findings and conclusions (Docket # 2377) and the confirmation order (Docket #2376) and
 entered them as the court’s orders.

26 ¹⁶The Lenders Protection Group asserts that it is not claiming any rights to terminate based
 27 upon defaults by USACM.

the Acquired Assets, or any similar rights, based in any way on any action taken (or failed to be taken) by any of the Debtors or any other matter or occurrence relating to the period prior to the Closing [other than the surviving section 3 rights] . . . © . . . (ii) all debts arising in any way in connection with any agreements, acts, or failures to act, of any of the Sellers or any of the Sellers' predecessors or affiliates; all claims (as that term is defined in the Bankruptcy Code), obligations, liabilities, rights of recoupment or setoff, demands, guaranties, options, rights, restrictions, interest and matters of any kind and nature in any way relating to the existence, ownership, management or servicing of the Acquired Assets prior to Closing, whether known or unknown, contingent or otherwise, whether arising prior to or subsequent to the commencement of these cases . . . and whether imposed by agreement, understanding, law, equity, or otherwise . . .

Paragraph KK also provided that:

In the event of a proper exercise of remedies under Section 3 of the Loan Servicing Agreement, (I) neither the Direct Lenders nor any replacement servicer selected by such Direct Lender shall have the right or ability to compromise, subordinate, or impair, in any respect, any claims purchased by Compass from the Estates for default interest, accrued servicing fees, late charges, success fees, or other amounts under the Loan Servicing Agreement, and (ii) the Confirmation Order shall be binding upon such replacement servicer. . . ¹⁷

3. Confirmation Order.

The confirmation order contained the following additional potentially relevant provisions:¹⁸

The provisions of the Plan and this Confirmation Order shall bind . . . (f) all Direct Lenders. (¶ 8.)

¹⁷These provisions were also contained in paragraph 14 of the Confirmation Order except that the last sentence includes the phrase "rights, claims or interests purchased by Compass."

¹⁸The court makes no determination as to the interpretation of any of these provisions as it relates to the issue presently before the court.

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1 The transfer . . . constitutes a legal, valid and effective transfer of
 2 the Acquired Assets, and shall vest the Asset Purchaser with all
 3 right, title, and interest of the Sellers . . . free and clear of all
 Claims and Interests of any kind or nature whatsoever. (§ 17.)

4 This court retains jurisdiction as set forth in Section VIII. D of the
 5 Plan, including the jurisdiction to enforce and implement the terms
 6 and provisions of this Confirmation Order and the Asset Purchase
 Agreement . . . including, but not limited to, retaining
 7 jurisdiction . . . (b) to protect the Asset Purchaser against any
 Interests against the Sellers or the Acquired Assets. (§ 23.)

8 All Persons holding Interests against or in the Sellers or the
 9 Acquired Assets of any kind or nature whatsoever (including but
 10 not limited to . . . Direct Lenders . . . shall be, and are, forever
 11 barred, estopped, and permanently enjoined from asserting,
 12 prosecuting, or otherwise pursuing such Interests of any kind or
 13 nature whatsoever against the Asset Purchaser . . . or the Acquired
 14 Assets . . . with respect to any Interest of any kind or nature
 whatsoever such Person or entity had, has, or may have against or
 in the . . . Acquired Assets. Following the Closing, no holder of an
 Interest in the Sellers shall interfere with the Asset Purchaser's
 title to or use and enjoyment of the Acquired Assets based on or
 related to such Interest, or any actions that the Sellers may take in
 their Chapter 11 Cases. (§ 25.)

15
 16
 17 After the effective date . . . the Direct Lenders . . . shall be entitled
 18 to distributions from the Direct Lender Loans in accordance with
 19 the related Loan Servicing Agreements, the applicable loan and
 20 security documents, and applicable Nevada law, by the Asset
 21 Purchaser, as the third party servicer. . . . [T]he Asset Purchaser
 22 is authorized and directed to net Prepaid Interest sums due from
 23 the Direct Lenders and Collect Prepaid Interest from Borrowers,
 and remit those amounts to . . . the USACM Trust. . . After the
 Closing, the Direct Lenders are obligated to comply with the terms
 of the applicable Loan Servicing Agreements including the
 obligation to pay the fees at the rate expressed as a percentage
 specified in Section 5 thereof[.] (§ 47.)

24 Nothing in the Plan or this Confirmation Order shall be deemed to
 25 modify, in any respect, the Direct Lenders' notes or the deeds of
 trust securing such notes. (§ 48.)

Nothing contained in the Asset Purchase Agreement shall modify the obligations owed to the Lenders by Compass as the loan servicer or rights of the Lenders against Compass as the loan servicer (or the rights of Compass as the loan servicer against the Lenders) under the applicable Loan Servicing Agreements and otherwise applicable law. Compass shall distribute any sums due to Lenders under any of the Loan Servicing Agreements in accordance with the Loan Servicing Agreements, as the same may be modified with consent of the applicable Lenders, and with otherwise applicable law. Compass shall apply all payments and proceeds from Serviced Loans . . . however collected . . . in accordance with the provisions of the notes and/or loan agreements. Further, notwithstanding the foregoing, to the extent the Bankruptcy Court has entered an order, including, but not limited to, this Confirmation Order, which interprets or enforces provisions of the Loan Servicing Agreements or directs the distribution of payments under the Loan Servicing Agreements or payments collected from Borrowers, Compass, the Lenders, and all other affected parties shall abide by the terms of such order(s). If, as between the provisions of the Loan Servicing Agreements and the order(s) of the Bankruptcy Court, it is not clear to Compass how the sums collected shall be distributed, then Compass shall hold the sums payable to the Lender until Compass either receives direction from the Lender . . . regarding disbursement of interest, or is directed by an order from a court of competent jurisdiction. Nothing contained here is intended to waive any defenses of the Lenders . . . under the Loan Servicing Agreements. For the avoidance of doubt, under no circumstance shall any pre-Closing Date liability assertable by any party attach to Compass, or to any asset acquired by Compass, pursuant to the Asset Purchase Agreement. Furthermore, for the avoidance of doubt, notwithstanding any other provision in the Asset Purchase Agreement, this Confirmation Order, or any order which may be in the future be entered by the Bankruptcy Court, all servicing fees due pursuant to the terms stated in the Loan Servicing Agreements, and all interest due on the First Trust Deed Fund Assets . . . shall continue to be due and payable, and Compass shall collect such servicing fees and interest for its sole benefit on and after the Closing Date. (¶ 82.)

D. Post-Confirmation Events.

Donna Cangelosi and the Lenders Protection Group opposed the confirmation of the plan.¹⁹ Their objections were overruled. The Lenders Protection Group appealed and, rather than seeking a stay on appeal pursuant to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, sought and

¹⁹As noted, this Group was an ad hoc group and although the Court required the filing of statements under Rule 2019, these statements were not always kept up-to-date.

1 received an ex-parte stay on appeal from the Bankruptcy Appellate Panel. That stay was quashed
2 by the District Court after the case was returned to the District Court when the debtors failed to
3 consent to jurisdiction before the BAP. Rather than seeking a stay in this court, the Lenders
4 Protection Group abandoned that effort prior to the closing.

5 The closing occurred and Compass paid approximately \$67 million for the assets. In its
6 Motion to Enforce Confirmation, Compass contends that Ms. Cangelosi and the Lenders
7 Protection Group have been engaged in a concerted effort, both before and after confirmation of
8 the plan, to derail the reorganization and to deter Compass, and that the letters to borrowers and
9 the termination letters were a part of this scheme as opposed to the exercise of any legitimate
10 rights of the direct lenders to terminate Compass as a servicing agent. (See Docket # 3773,
11 “Exhibit B,” Declaration of Boris Piskun.)

12 Apparently, Ms. Cangelosi and others have caused the formation of limited liability
13 companies, which are described as being comprised of direct lenders who have allegedly
14 assigned their rights to the LLC in exchange for membership interests. A different LLC was
15 formed for each loan. It also appears that the LLC’s contemplate that default interest will be paid
16 to them (and shared by the manager and the members) and not to Compass. (“Exhibit F” to
17 Docket # 3830; Docket #3873, “Exhibit “A.”)

18 One of the “members” of the LPG, Todd Hansen, has allegedly contacted a borrower and
19 represented that only he has the right to speak on behalf of lenders in that loan. (Docket 3773,
20 Blatt Declaration.)

21 On May 18, 2007, Compass filed an action in state court against Ms. Cangelosi and
22 others for intentional interference with contractual relations and prospective economic
23 advantage, defamation, and breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing. (“Exhibit F” to
24 Docket # 3854.) On May 23, 2007, Compass dismissed the lawsuit without prejudice.
25 (“Declaration of Donna Cangelosi, “Docket # 3854.”)

1 On or about May 18, 2007, Ms. Cangelosi caused to be sent to each borrower a letter
2 stating that Compass had been terminated and that payments should be made to the “Lender 2
3 Lender, LLC,” an entity apparently managed by Ms. Cangelosi. (Docket 3854, ¶ 13; Docket
4 #3773, “Exhibit B” to Blatt Declaration.) Simultaneously, Ms. Cangelosi, on behalf of the
5 particular LLC, sent a letter terminating Compass’s servicing rights. The letters stated that the
6 agreements were terminated based upon Nevada Adm Code 645B.073 as well as various actions
7 and inactions of Compass Partners. (See “Exhibit C “to Docket # 3830.)

8 The Lenders Protection Group filed an action based upon diversity jurisdiction in Federal
9 District Court (#07-CV-000241-ECR-VPC) for declaratory relief as well as for damages on or
10 about May 21, 2007.²⁰ (Docket # 3854, “Exhibit H”.) The plaintiffs request judgment for
11 declarations that:

12 1. Under the Nevada Administrative Code plaintiffs, together with other direct
13 lenders making up 51% of the beneficial interests of any loan, have the absolute
right to terminate Compass as loan servicer and designate a new loan servicer.

14 2. Payments made by borrowers are first to be applied to accrued non-
15 default rate interest and then to principal, and then to default interest and
16 late fees, which priority may only be altered by the direct lenders in each
loan.

17 3. That the plaintiffs and other direct lenders have the absolute right to
18 modify the terms of their promissory note and deed of trust with the third-
party borrower to maximize their recovery.

19 4. That as a result of the maturity of various loans in the USACM
20 portfolio, Compass has never had a valid power of attorney to act on
behalf of plaintiffs on the loans.

21 5. Plaintiffs and other direct lenders have the right to determine the
22 priority of allocating payments made by any third-party borrower, and
Compass has no such right.

23 6. Plaintiffs are entitled to terminate Compass as servicer on any loan
based upon Compass’s breaches of the loan servicing agreements.

24 7. Compass is not entitled to any compensation provided for in
25 Section 5 of the loan servicing agreements.

26
27 ²⁰The named plaintiffs are each of the newly formed LLC’s.

E. Proceedings in this Court.

Compass removed the action to this court. While a motion to strike fugitive pleading and remand has been filed, it has not yet been set for hearing. Compass brought this Motion to Enforce Confirmation to enforce the terms of the confirmation order and for contempt. In its Motion, Compass seeks the following orders against Cangelosi, Hansen, LPG, L2L and parties acting in court:

1. An order directing them to comply with the terms of the Confirmation Order and the loan servicing agreement.
2. An order directing them and others to issue letters to the borrowers that the prior letters shall have no force and effect and that Compass will continue to service until further order of the court.
3. An order enjoining them from communicating with borrowers under the loans, and sanctioning them.
4. Sanctioning them for civil contempt.

The court, as well as the Lenders Protection Group, raised the issue of subject matter jurisdiction and asked for additional briefing. Pending this hearing, the court ordered that the status quo be maintained as of the day prior to the purported termination letters. However, the Lenders Protection Group could take steps to terminate in accordance with the contracts and if valid, would be recognized.

LEGAL DISCUSSION

The court finds that it has subject matter jurisdiction to adjudicate Compass's motion and has supplemental jurisdiction to adjudicate those issues for which it may not directly have subject matter jurisdiction. For those issues for which the court has only supplemental jurisdiction, such issues are, however, "non-core" and subject to either withdrawal to the District Court (absent consent) or this court's making of findings and recommendations to the District Court. Because of the need for expeditious and unified hearings, the court recommends that the reference be withdrawn.

1 As the court noted at the prior hearing, the mere fact that a court reserves jurisdiction in
2 it's orders to adjudicate further disputes does not end the question of whether or not the court has
3 subject matter jurisdiction. Rather, subject matter jurisdiction is not given by consent but by
4 statute. A court retains jurisdiction to determine if it has jurisdiction. *In re Harleston*, 275 B.R.
5 546, 549 (B.A.P. 9th Cir. 2002), *aff'd*, 331 F.3d 699 (9th Cir. 2003).

6 Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1334(b), the district courts (and by referral, the bankruptcy
7 courts) have original but not exclusive jurisdiction of all civil proceedings arising under title 11,
8 or arising in or related to cases under title 11. Bankruptcy Courts may hear and determine all
9 cases under title 11 and all core proceedings arising under title 11, or arising in a case under title
10 11. 11 U.S.C. § 157(b)(1). Core proceedings include matters concerning the administration of
11 the estate, allowance or disallowance of claims against the estate, confirmations of plans, orders
12 approving the sale of property and other proceedings affecting the liquidation of the assets of the
13 estate. 11 U.S.C. § 157(b)(2). The bankruptcy judge may hear a proceeding that is not a core
14 proceeding but that is otherwise related to a case under title 11. In such case, the court may not,
15 without consent, enter a final order, but must submit proposed findings of fact and conclusions of
16 law to the district court that enters the final order. 11 U.S.C. § 157©. Finally, a district court may
17 withdraw, in whole or in part, any case or proceeding referred to the bankruptcy court. 11 U.S.C.
18 § 157(d).

19 Clearly, a court retains jurisdiction to interpret and enforce its own orders. *In re*
20 *Franklin*, 802 F.2d 324, 326 (9th Cir. 1986). "Related to" jurisdiction is a grant of some breadth
21 and includes suits between third parties which have an effect on the bankruptcy estate. *Celotex*
22 *Corp. v. Edwards*, 514 U.S. 300, 308 n. 5 (1995). *Stratosphere Litigation L.L.C. v. Grand*
23 *Casinos*, 298 F.3d 1137, 1142 (9th Cir. 2002). The test for pre-confirmation jurisdiction has been
24 broadly formulated such that if the outcome of the proceeding could conceivably have any effect
25 on the estate being administered in bankruptcy, whether or not it be against the debtor or against
26 the debtor's property, then the court has jurisdiction. *In re Fietz*, 852 F.2d 455, 457(9th Cir.1988).

1 In the Ninth Circuit, while post-confirmation jurisdiction is more limited than pre-
2 confirmation jurisdiction, the bankruptcy court still retains jurisdiction for matters which have a
3 “close nexus” to the bankruptcy plan or proceeding sufficient to uphold bankruptcy court
4 jurisdiction over the matter. *In re Pegasus Gold Corp.*, 394 F.3d 1189 (9th Cir. 2005). As the
5 Ninth Circuit held, adopting the Third Circuit’s test in *In re Resorts Int’l, Inc.*, 372 F.3d 154 (3d
6 Cir. 2004):²¹ Matters affecting “the interpretation, implementation, consummation, execution, or
7 administration of the confirmed plan will typically have the requisite close nexus.” *In re Pegasus*
8 *Gold Corp.*, 394 F.3d 1189, 1194 (9th Cir. 2005)(quoting *In re Resorts Int’l, Inc.*, 372 F.3d 154,
9 166-67 (3d Cir. 2004).

10 The Ninth Circuit in *Pegasus* also recognized that bankruptcy courts may properly
11 exercise supplemental jurisdiction over claims which have a more tangential relationship to the
12 underlying bankruptcy court. Hence if the remaining claims involve a “common nucleus of
13 operative fact” and would ordinarily be expected to be resolved in one judicial proceeding, the
14 bankruptcy court has supplemental jurisdiction over the remaining claims. *Pegasus*, 394 F.3d
15 1189, 1195 (9th Cir. 2005).

16 Before addressing the application of the law governing subject matter jurisdiction for
17 post-confirmation issues, it is important to note what this motion is not about. It is, despite the
18 protestations of the Lenders Protection Group, not merely about the determination of whether or
19 not Compass has committed breaches of the Loan Servicing Agreement. Nor is it merely about
20 the interpretation of the contract or the order of the application of the proceeds received from a
21 particular borrower. This Court agrees that if the Lenders Protection Group had sent letters of
22 termination which specified the manner in which Compass had failed to perform in accordance
23

24
25 ²¹The Lender Protection Group states in its opposition that the Ninth Circuit test is the same
26 as the Seventh. (Docket #3853.) This is incorrect. The Seventh Circuit test is more limited.
27 See, e.g., *Celotex Corp. v. Edwards*, 514 U.S. 300 (1995); *In re Fietz*, 852 F.2d. 455, 457 (9th Cir.
1988)(pre-confirmation jurisdiction); *In re Fedpak Sys, Inc.*, 80 F.3d 207, 213-14 (7th Cir. 1996),
In re Commercial Loan Corp., 363 B.R. 559 (Bankr. N.D. Ill. 2007).

1 with the loan servicing agreements and had sought only (or Compass sought) a declaration that
2 the contracts had been validly terminated, then this Court would not have subject matter
3 jurisdiction over the dispute.

4 Rather, the Lenders Protection Group seeks to do a number of additional things. It seeks
5 to void a provision of the loan servicing agreement by declaring that cause is not required to
6 terminate the contract despite the plain language of the agreement.²² Additionally, the Group
7 seeks to void the rights of Compass to collect and service based upon a pre-petition claim (at
8 least as to some loans) that the power of attorney expired upon maturity of the loans. It seeks to
9 modify the loans so as to prevent Compass from collecting amounts due it under the loan
10 servicing agreements and the Asset Purchase Agreement. The Group seeks to deprive Compass
11 of fees purchased under the Asset Purchase Agreement. Finally, it has been suggested that the
12 Lenders Protection Group, and the LLC's and its manager, Ms. Cangelosi, intend to take the
13 fees that Compass purchased. (Brief of Richard McKnight and attached exhibit, Docket # 3973.)

14 Subject matter jurisdiction is implicated in a number of ways. First, the Lenders
15 Protection Group seeks to void one provision of the contract by a declaration that despite the
16 language of the agreement, the contracts may be terminated even if Compass has not failed to
17 perform any of its duties. Any right to defeat a provision of the contract, by way of damages or
18 equitable relief, would appear to implicate the provisions concerning the Court's powers to
19 adjudicate claims. 11 U.S.C. § 101(5). Similarly, the declaration that the power of attorney was
20 invalid as of the maturation of each note also implicates the claim process.

21 Each of these issues also implicates the sale process. In essence, despite the sale order,
22 the Lenders Protection Group contends that certain assets - either loan servicing rights, or rights
23 to certain fees - were not conveyed. Clearly, this is within the court's jurisdiction. The court has
24 no doubt that it has the power to determine whether or not certain assets were included in its

25
26 ²²At oral argument, counsel for the Lenders Protection Group indicated that it would waive
27 seeking a declaration as to this issue but only if the Court otherwise found no subject matter
jurisdiction. Hence the Court does not view this claim as abandoned.

1 sale order.

2 The most dramatic impact on the sale order was the letter sent to borrowers advising
3 them not to pay Compass. The Lenders Protection Group also seeks to modify the underlying
4 loans to apparently direct that interest to be allocated in a certain manner and to declare that
5 Compass has no rights to the fees it purchased. This directly impacts the sale order and asset
6 purchase agreement because Compass purchased the rights to the loan servicing agreements as
7 well as the fees due to USACM. Even if validly replaced as a servicer, it had the rights to the
8 accrued fees. Finally, Compass argues that these issues could lead to an action for rescission.

9 Furthermore, Compass and any replacement servicer were required to net pre-paid
10 interest and pay it over to the Liquidating Trust. The termination letter sent to borrowers directly
11 impacts the estate, because if the borrowers fail to pay, there is no pre-paid interest to be
12 remitted. While counsel for the Lenders Protection Group indicated they would abide by such
13 provision if they were allowed to proceed, the estates' rights to receive these fees is implicated
14 by a change in servicer. In particular, would the Lenders Protection Group take the position that
15 it was not required to remit pre-paid interest pending a resolution of its appeal notwithstanding
16 that it failed to seek a stay?

17 The Lenders Protection Group also argues that it has the right to terminate for cause and
18 the court has no jurisdiction to so determine. It is clear from the various hearings and orders that
19 Compass acquired the loan servicing agreements as written. It gained no greater rights than held
20 by USACM nor any lesser rights. Conversely, the direct lenders each retain their rights,
21 including the right to terminate the contracts in accordance with the terms of the agreement. As
22 noted, if this case were simply about that, the court would decline jurisdiction. However, there is
23 a non-frivolous claim that the alleged terminations were subterfuge for an attempt to interfere
24 with Compass's rights. For example, rather than individual lenders determining whether or not
25 Compass had failed to act, the Lenders Protection Group provided form letters which did not
26 specify any cause, has engaged in a series of communications seeking to stop Compass, and has
27

1 formed LLC's to acquire all servicing rights. ("Motion to Enforce Confirmation, Docket # 3773,
2 "Exhibit A.") This court believes that where such subterfuge is alleged, it has jurisdiction to
3 determine whether or not the lenders are in good faith exercising their rights under the contract
4 or are attempting to avoid the effect of this court's orders. *See In re Petrie Retail Inc*, 304 F.3d
5 223 (2d Cir. 2002)(court has post-confirmation jurisdiction.) However, even if the court does not
6 have core or related to jurisdiction with respect to this particular dispute, the court has
7 supplemental jurisdiction over this common nucleus of facts.

8 **WITHDRAWAL OF THE REFERENCE**

9 While this court has found that it has subject matter jurisdiction to determine the issues
10 raised by Compass's motion, that does not end the question of the nature and extent of this
11 court's jurisdiction.

12 As stated above, unless the parties consent, this court cannot enter final orders with
13 respect to non-core matters. The issues implicated in this include matters over which this court
14 has only supplemental jurisdiction as well as matters which are within the court's jurisdiction
15 under § 1334, but are non-core under § 157. Hence, the court would be in the position of making
16 only findings and recommendations as to some matters. The issues here are inextricably
17 intertwined, and to attempt to delineate the matters and/or bifurcate hearings would constitute a
18 waste of judicial resources.

19 The court cannot enforce the provisions of the plan without determining whether or not
20 the contracts were validly terminated. Furthermore, this court cannot enforce the provisions of
21 the plan without determining whether Compass is applying the monies received in accordance
22 with the provisions of the notes and deeds of trust and loan servicing agreements.

23 Accordingly, this court believes that the most expeditious way of proceeding is for the
24 District Court to withdraw the reference.

INTERIM RELIEF

Until the reference is withdrawn, this court retains jurisdiction to enter all orders. FED. R. BANK. P. 5011. It is apparent that interim relief is required so that borrowers will not use this dispute as an excuse not to remit payments and so that funds collected can be distributed to the direct lenders and especially those direct lenders who are not involved in this dispute. However, the rights of the Lenders Protection Group must be preserved such that if it some or all of its members have validly terminated the loan servicing agreements, they can proceed in the manner they wish to proceed.²³ At the prior hearing on June 22, 2007 the parties and the court determined how this should be accomplished. Compass is directed to prepare the order, with the Lender Protection Group to approve or disapprove such order pursuant to the provisions of Local Bankruptcy Rule 9021.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Copies noticed through ECF to:

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400 CAPITOL MALL #3000
SACRAMENTO, CA 95814-4497

²³Despite the fact the loan servicer has the right to foreclose on loans in default (and perhaps the duty to do so), the Lenders Protection Group apparently does not want Compass to cause foreclosure of some or all of the defaulted loans.



Entered on Docket
August 01, 2007

Hon. Linda B. Riegle
United States Bankruptcy Judge

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Counsel for Compass Financial Partners LLC

**UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
DISTRICT OF NEVADA**

In re:
USA COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE COMPANY,
Debtor.

Case No. BK-S-06-10725 LBR
Case No. BK-S-06-10726 LBR
Case No. BK-S-06-10727 LBR
Case No. BK-S-06-10728 LBR
Case No. BK-S-06-10729 LBR

In re:
USA CAPITAL REALTY ADVISORS, LLC,
Debtor.

Chapter 11

In re:
USA CAPITAL DIVERSIFIED TRUST DEED
FUND, LLC,
Debtor.

Jointly Administered Under
Case No. BK-S-06-10725 LBR

In re:
USA CAPITAL FIRST TRUST DEED FUND,
LLC,
Debtor.

**SUPPLEMENTAL ORDER RE:
EMERGENCY MOTION OF COMPASS
FINANCIAL PARTNERS LLC FOR
ORDER PURSUANT TO 11 U.S.C. §§
105 AND 1141 ENFORCING
CONFIRMATION ORDER AND FOR
CIVIL CONTEMPT SANCTIONS**

In re:
USA SECURITIES, LLC,
Debtor.

Date: June 20, 2007
Time: 10:30 p.m.

Affects:

- ☐ All Debtors
- ☒ USA Commercial Mortgage Company
- ☐ USA Securities, LLC
- ☐ USA Capital Realty Advisors, LLC
- ☐ USA Capital Diversified Trust Deed Fund, LLC
- ☐ USA First Trust Deed Fund, LLC

On June 20, 2007, this Court (the “Court”) conducted a continued hearing to determine whether it had subject matter jurisdiction to consider the Motion of Compass Financial Partners LLC and Compass USA SPE LLC (together, “Compass”) for Order Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§

1 105 and 1141 Enforcing Confirmation Order and for Civil Contempt Sanctions (the "Motion"),
2 which was filed by Compass on May 25, 2007, and the Complaint for Declaratory Relief and
3 Damages filed on May 21, 2007 in the United States District Court for the District of Nevada
4 entitled *3685 San Fernando Lenders, LLC, et al. vs. Compass USA SPE, LLC, et al.*, Case No.
5 07-CV-0224-ECR-VAC (the "Complaint"), which was removed by Compass to, and is currently
6 pending before, this Court in Adv. Proc. No. 07-01076 (the "Adversary Proceeding").

7 Appearances of counsel were noted on the record at the hearing. Capitalized terms not
8 otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Motion.

9 The Court having heard oral argument of counsel and other interested persons, having
10 read and considered all pleadings and papers filed in support of and in opposition to the Motion,
11 and having read and considered all statements made, and all pleadings and papers on file herein,
12 that are, in the opinion of this Court, relevant to the issues currently before the Court, and
13 having entered a Recommendation For Withdrawal of the Reference as it applies to the Motion
14 and the Adversary Proceeding, and it appearing that interim relief is required so that borrowers
15 will not use the dispute between Compass and the plaintiffs in the above-referenced Complaint
16 and their respective assignors (collectively, the "Plaintiff Lenders") as an excuse not to remit
17 payments and so that funds collected can be distributed to all Direct Lenders, especially those
18 not involved in this dispute, but it further appearing that the rights of the Plaintiff Lenders must
19 be preserved such that if a Plaintiff Lender or Plaintiff Lenders validly have terminated
20 Compass, such Plaintiff Lender or Plaintiff Lenders will be in a position to take further action in
21 accordance with their contractual rights and otherwise applicable law; and for good cause
22 appearing,

23 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that the Court has subject
24 matter jurisdiction over the Motion and the Adversary Proceeding, but finds that withdrawal of
25 the reference is appropriate in this case, for the reasons stated in this Court's memorandum
26 decision dated July 2, 2007, and as stated in this Court's Order Recommending Withdrawal of
27 the Reference; and
28

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IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that jurisdiction shall remain with this Court to consider the Motion and the Adversary Proceeding unless and until the United States District Court for the District of Nevada (the "District Court") orders that the reference be withdrawn in whole or in part and all matters regarding whether the reference shall be withdrawn shall proceed in the District Court; provided, however, that notwithstanding the above, the Court shall retain jurisdiction as set forth below until further order of the Court or the District Court; and

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that, pending further order of the Court, the status quo as of May 15, 2007 is and shall be preserved such that Compass shall be and remain the loan servicer with respect to all loans for which it acquired servicing rights pursuant to that certain Asset Purchase Agreement dated December 8, 2006, approved by Order of this Court entered January 8, 2007 (each a "Loan," and collectively, the "Loans"); and

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that pending further order of the Court, no Direct Lender shall initiate contact with the borrower in any Loan which (i) undermines Compass' exclusive authority to act on behalf of the Direct Lenders as loan servicer, or (ii) purports that an entity other than Compass is authorized to negotiate with the borrower on behalf of the Direct Lenders in such Loan; and

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that within three (3) business days of the date of entry of this Order, the Law Offices of Alan R. Smith shall cause the Plaintiff Lenders to mail correspondence (previously reviewed and approved by Compass) to the borrower on each Loan for which the Plaintiff Lenders attempted to terminate Compass as servicer on May 18, 2007, enclosing a copy of this Order, and providing that (i) the Plaintiff Lenders' May 18, 2007 correspondence to each such borrower was ineffectual, (ii) Compass remains the exclusive entity authorized to act on behalf of the Direct Lenders in such Loan, and (iii) all payments on the Loan should continue to be made directly to Compass, pending further order of the Court; and

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that, pending further order of the Court, all amounts due and owing under or in connection with the Loans (the "Payments") shall continue to be paid directly to Compass and that all Direct Lenders shall be enjoined, prevented and restrained from

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1 any communication with borrowers that would otherwise direct the borrowers to make
2 payments to an individual or entity other than Compass; and

3 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that, pending further order of the Court, Compass shall be
4 entitled to deduct and retain from Payments received the amount of its accrued and unpaid
5 servicing fees then due to Compass, provided, however, that any amounts relating to default
6 interest, late charges, or non-servicing fees shall be held in the Direct Lender remittance account
7 established and maintained by Compass, and provided, further, that notwithstanding the above,
8 in the event Compass receives Payments from a borrower in respect of a Loan (i) in which
9 Compass holds one hundred percent (100%) of the beneficial interests of record, or (ii) which
10 satisfy in full all current obligations due and owing under the governing loan documents
11 (including default interest, late charges, and non-servicing fees), then Compass shall be
12 permitted to deduct and retain from such Payments received any amounts relating to default
13 interest, late charges, and non-servicing fees; and

14 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that in the event the Plaintiff Lenders hold one hundred
15 percent (100%) of the beneficial interests of record in a Loan, they shall have the right to direct
16 Compass not to take any further action to pursue recovery from borrowers of outstanding
17 amounts due with respect to such Loan; provided, however, that Compass shall remain loan
18 servicer of such Loan, pending further order of the Court; and

19 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that pending further order of the Court, effective May 15,
20 2007, all Direct Lenders shall be enjoined, prevented and restrained from terminating Compass,
21 or effectuating any change or replacement of Compass as their loan servicer; and

22 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that pending further order of the Court, Direct Lenders
23 shall be enjoined, prevented and restrained from sending out any notice to Compass, or to any
24 third-party borrowers on loans made by the Direct Lenders, purporting to terminate or replace
25 Compass as their loan servicer; and

26 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that this Court shall hold a status conference with respect
27 to the Motion and the Adversary Proceeding on August 17, 2007 at 10:30 a.m.; and
28

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that prior to August 17, 2007, Compass shall not complete a foreclosure sale of any real property collateral for any Loan (the "Collateral") absent further order of the Court or the approval of the holders of fifty-one-percent (51%) or more of the beneficial interests of record in the particular Loan; provided that (i) Compass remains authorized to continue to initiate and pursue foreclosure sales with respect to Collateral up until the point of completing such sales, and (ii) subject to this Court's calendar, Compass shall be permitted to schedule a hearing with respect to a request for Court approval to complete a foreclosure sale upon at least seven (7) days notice to the Law Offices of Alan R. Smith.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Court shall deem and treat the Motion as an adversary proceeding to permit the parties to commence discovery on the issues raised in the Motion in compliance with a discovery plan approved by this Court, and that the rules set forth in Rule 9014(c) of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure (the "Bankruptcy Rules"), including all provisions of Bankruptcy Rule 7026, are applicable to the matters raised by the Motion; provided that, notwithstanding Rule 7026 of the Local Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, the parties shall meet and confer within five (5) days and shall submit a discovery plan within seven (7) days of the date this Order is entered.

<p>Submitted by:</p> <p>MILBANK, TWEED, HADLEY & McCLOY, LLP -and- BULLIVANT HOUSER BAILEY PC</p> <p>By: _____ Georganne W. Bradley, Esq.</p> <p><i>Attorneys for Compass Financial Partners</i></p>	<p>Approved/Disapproved by:</p> <p>LAW OFFICES OF ALAN R. SMITH</p> <p>By: _____ Alan R. Smith, Esq.</p> <p><i>Attorneys for Lenders Protection Group</i></p>
	<p>Approved/Disapproved by:</p> <p>OFFICE OF THE U.S. TRUSTEE</p> <p>By: _____ August B. Landis, Esq.</p>

000731

1 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that prior to August 17, 2007, Compass shall not complete
 2 a foreclosure sale of any real property collateral for any Loan (the "Collateral") absent further
 3 order of the Court or the approval of the holders of fifty-one-percent (51%) or more of the
 4 beneficial interests of record in the particular Loan; provided that (i) Compass remains
 5 authorized to continue to initiate and pursue foreclosure sales with respect to Collateral up until
 6 the point of completing such sales, and (ii) subject to this Court's calendar, Compass shall be
 7 permitted to schedule a hearing with respect to a request for Court approval to complete a
 8 foreclosure sale upon at least seven (7) days notice to the Law Offices of Alan R. Smith.

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 10 adversary proceeding to permit the parties to commence discovery on the issues raised in the
 11 Motion in compliance with a discovery plan approved by this Court, and that the rules set forth
 12 in Rule 9014(c) of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure (the "Bankruptcy Rules"),
 13 including all provisions of Bankruptcy Rule 7026, are applicable to the matters raised by the
 14 Motion; provided that, notwithstanding Rule 7026 of the Local Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure,
 15 the parties shall meet and confer within five (5) days and shall submit a discovery plan within
 16 seven (7) days of the date this Order is entered.

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Submitted by:

19 MILBANK, TWEED, HADLEY & McCLOY,
 20 LLP
 -and-
 21 BULLIVANT HOUSER BAILEY PC

22 By: Georganne W. Bradley
 Georganne W. Bradley, Esq.

23 *Attorneys for Compass Financial Partners*

Approved/Disapproved by:

24 LAW OFFICES OF ALAN R. SMITH

By: [Signature]

Alan R. Smith, Esq.

Attorneys for Lenders Protection Group

Approved/Disapproved by:

25 OFFICE OF THE U.S. TRUSTEE

26 By: _____

27 August B. Landis, Esq.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that prior to August 17, 2007, Compass shall not complete a foreclosure sale of any real property collateral for any Loan (the "Collateral") absent further order of the Court or the approval of the holders of fifty-one-percent (51%) or more of the beneficial interests of record in the particular Loan; provided that (i) Compass remains authorized to continue to initiate and pursue foreclosure sales with respect to Collateral up until the point of completing such sales, and (ii) subject to this Court's calendar, Compass shall be permitted to schedule a hearing with respect to a request for Court approval to complete a foreclosure sale upon at least seven (7) days notice to the Law Offices of Alan R. Smith.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Court shall deem and treat the Motion as an adversary proceeding to permit the parties to commence discovery on the issues raised in the Motion in compliance with a discovery plan approved by this Court, and that the rules set forth in Rule 9014(c) of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure (the "Bankruptcy Rules"), including all provisions of Bankruptcy Rule 7026, are applicable to the matters raised by the Motion; provided that, notwithstanding Rule 7026 of the Local Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, the parties shall meet and confer within five (5) days and shall submit a discovery plan within seven (7) days of the date this Order is entered.

<p>Submitted by:</p> <p>MILBANK, TWEED, HADLEY & McCLOY, LLP -and- BULLIVANT HOUSER BAILEY PC</p> <p>By: _____ Georganne W. Bradley, Esq. <i>Attorneys for Compass Financial Partners</i></p>	<p>Approved/Disapproved by:</p> <p>LAW OFFICES OF ALAN R. SMITH</p> <p>By: _____ Alan R. Smith, Esq. <i>Attorneys for Lenders Protection Group</i></p>
	<p>Approved/Disapproved by:</p> <p>OFFICE OF THE U.S. TRUSTEE</p> <p>By: _____ August B. Andis, Esq.</p>

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1 In accordance with Local Rule 9021, the undersigned certifies:

2 _____ The court waived the requirements of LR 9021.

3 _____ No parties appeared or filed written objections, and there is no trustee
4 appointed in the case.

5 ✓ _____ I have delivered a copy of this proposed order to all counsel who
6 appeared at the hearing, any unrepresented parties who appeared at the hearing, and any
7 trustee appointed in this case, and each has approved or disapproved the order, or failed
8 to respond, as indicated below:

9 Alan R. Smith, Esq. :

Approved 7/31/07

10 Office of U.S. Trustee:

Approved 8/1/07

11 BULLIVANT HOUSER BAILEY P.C.

12 By: Georganne W. Bradley
13 Georganne W. Bradley, Esq.

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EXHIBIT J

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

DISTRICT OF NEVADA

LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

3685 SAN FERNANDO LENDERS, LLC,)
et al.,)

Plaintiffs,)

vs.)

COMPASS USA SPE, LLC, et al.,)

Defendants.)

In re: USA COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE)
COMPANY.)

Case No.
3:07-CV-241-RCJ-VPC

Case No.
2:07-CV-892-RCJ-GWF

PARTIAL TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
OF
HEARING RE: BANKRUPTCY ORDER
VOLUME 1
BEFORE THE HONORABLE ROBERT C. JONES
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

Monday, August 6, 2007

Court Recorder: Araceli Catu

Proceedings recorded by electronic sound recording;
transcript produced by transcription service.

1 APPEARANCES:

2 For Silar Advisors, LOUIS A. CURIO, ESQ.
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Bill Barkett: (Telephonic)

9 For the Rita P. JANET L. CHUBB, ESQ.
Anderson Trust, Jones Vargas
10 Kehl Family Members, 100 West Liberty
and Mohave Canyon, Twelfth Floor
11 Inc.: Reno, Nevada 89501
(Telephonic)

12 For Compass Financial LINDA DAKIN-GRIMM, ESQ.
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21 For the Lenders ALAN R. SMITH, ESQ.
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23 Reno, Nevada 89501

24 For 6425 Gess, LP, EDGAR C. SMITH, ESQ.
Anchor B, LP, and Smith Law Offices
25 619 Main, LP: 850 East Bonnevill Avenue
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

1 APPEARANCES (Cont.):

2 Also Present: BORIS PISKUN
3 Managing Partner
4 Compass Financial Partners, LLC
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1 and I object to these statements because there's no
2 declaration. There's no supporting evidence whatsoever.

3 THE COURT: Overruled.

4 MS. DAKIN-GRIMM: Your Honor, the transcript of the
5 July 27th hearing is attached to our papers. Again, it's
6 attached to Mr. Lomazow's declaration as Exhibit F, and a CD
7 recording of that hearing just a week and a half ago also
8 exists, and we would ask that the Court read that transcript.
9 I wasn't present. My bankruptcy court -- my bankruptcy partner
10 was present.

11 THE COURT: Why should I read it at this juncture?
12 What I've said is the order's entered until withdrawal of
13 reference are the orders.

14 MS. DAKIN-GRIMM: Okay.

15 THE COURT: And I'm not going to consider today
16 limiting or delimiting the order.

17 MS. DAKIN-GRIMM: That order still has not been
18 complied with, your Honor, and that is my problem. We are more
19 than three --

20 THE COURT: But that's not on our calendar, either,
21 right?

22 MS. DAKIN-GRIMM: It is not on our calendar, other
23 than Mr. Smith asked you to dissolve the order, and I guess
24 what I'm hearing is if he doesn't comply with it, we'll come
25 back and bring it to your attention --

1 THE COURT: Right.

2 MS. DAKIN-GRIMM: -- and then I'll tell you the
3 history of the two months of noncompliance.

4 THE COURT: Right.

5 MS. DAKIN-GRIMM: Okay. I accept that, and I will
6 move on.

7 I'm not sure that there's any need at this point,
8 your Honor, to address the agency argument that Mr. Smith
9 raised in his papers given your ruling.

10 But in short, the very cases that Mr. Smith cited to you
11 establish that in the bankruptcy court in the confirmation of
12 the order, Compass acquired a right accompanied with an
13 interest.

14 And Mr. Smith did not provide you any case law on that.
15 But under that agency case law, it is not possible to
16 terminate --

17 THE COURT: Okay.

18 MS. DAKIN-GRIMM: -- an agent --

19 THE COURT: All right.

20 MS. DAKIN-GRIMM: -- without cause.

21 THE COURT: Now, I understand you need to make a
22 record, but I want to make a -- and I'll let you do that if you
23 feel it appropriate, but I'm going to withdraw the reference.
24 Both sides want me to.

25 So I'm going to -- I already have the Northern District

1 case that's 241, and the case number that's been assigned to
2 the adversary proceeding proposed to be withdrawn from
3 Judge Riegler is 892.

4 And I'll grant the motion, and I'll ask Mr. Smith to
5 prepare on order agreed to by the other side that withdraws the
6 reference to --

7 MR. A. SMITH: Go ahead and stand up (indiscernible).

8 (Colloquy not on the record.)

9 THE COURT: -- with respect to 892. And just for the
10 record, the order should make clear that it's withdrawing
11 reference to the adversary proceeding and the motions
12 identified by a docket number that Judge Riegler made a part of
13 that adversary proceeding.

14 MS. DAKIN-GRIMM: Your Honor, may I ask that you also
15 have the order specifically state given the relief that
16 Mr. Smith requested today that all existent orders of
17 Judge Riegler remain in effect --

18 THE COURT: No.

19 MS. DAKIN-GRIMM: -- until this Court --

20 THE COURT: But that's clearly the law.

21 MS. DAKIN-GRIMM: Thank you.

22 THE COURT: That's clearly the law. Anything, any
23 order issued previously by a senior judge, district judge, or
24 by Judge Riegler, it's on the docket. It's an order --

25 MS. DAKIN-GRIMM: And that --

1 THE COURT: -- in the case.

2 MS. DAKIN-GRIMM: That is contained in the order that
3 we just handed up to you, your Honor. It says that expressly,
4 but I just wanted to make sure. It still hasn't been complied
5 with, and we'd like to see it complied with.

6 Our fear, your Honor, is there hasn't been in the past in
7 this case clear communication with the thousands of lenders out
8 there.

9 I bet they don't even know about this order, even though
10 it's been in existence for two months, and we'd like to have
11 that happen because I don't think it's going to be possible --

12 THE COURT: Have what happen?

13 MS. DAKIN-GRIMM: Have communication of the Court's
14 order communicated to the parties in the case.

15 THE COURT: Would you file a motion to make that
16 request, please.

17 MS. DAKIN-GRIMM: That is part of Judge Riegle's
18 order, your Honor. That's what she ordered. She ordered that
19 they send the letter to the borrowers saying that --

20 THE COURT: Okay.

21 MS. DAKIN-GRIMM: -- our prior letter --

22 THE COURT: You want me --

23 MS. DAKIN-GRIMM: -- and that they copy it --

24 THE COURT: -- to enforce the order --

25 MS. DAKIN-GRIMM: -- to the lenders.

1 I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript.
2 from the electronic sound recording of the proceedings in
3 the above-entitled matter.
4

5
6 /s/ Michele Phelps

08/08/07

7 Michele Phelps, Transcriptionist

Date

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**Counsel for Compass Financial Partners LLC
 and Compass USA SPE LLC**

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
 DISTRICT OF NEVADA

In re: USA COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE COMPANY, Debtor.	Case No. 2:07-CV-00892-RCJ-GWF Bankruptcy Case No. BK-S-06-10725 LBR [Chapter 11]

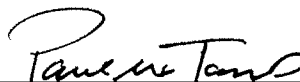
**ERRATA RE: PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION AND ORDER PURSUANT TO 11 U.S.C.
 §§ 105 AND 1141 AND FED. R. CIV. P. 65 ENFORCING CONFIRMATION ORDER**

Compass hereby files this *Errata* to the Preliminary Injunction and Order Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 105 and 1141 and Fed. R. Civ. P. 65 Enforcing Confirmation Order. Exhibits A and B to the Order were inadvertently omitted from the filing with this Court. In addition, Compass has made a nonmaterial change to the defined term “Compass” in the Order, at page 1,

1 line 20. The Order has been changed to include in its defined term of Compass a “licensed
2 subservicer” of Compass.

3 Attached is a new version of the Order in which Exhibits A and B are now
4 included, and the definition of Compass has been updated. No other changes whatsoever have
5 been made to this document.

6 Dated: October 31, 2007

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8 

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18 Counsel for Compass Financial Partners LLC and
19 Compass USA SPE LLC
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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF NEVADA

In re:
USA COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE
COMPANY,
Debtor.

Case No. 2:07-CV-00892-RCJ-GWF

Bankruptcy Case No. BK-S-06-10725 LBR
[Chapter 11]

Affects:

- ☐ All Debtors
☒ USA Commercial Mortgage Company
☐ USA Securities, LLC
☐ USA Capital Realty Advisors, LLC
☐ USA Capital Diversified Trust Deed Fund, LLC
☐ USA First Trust Deed Fund, LLC

**Preliminary Injunction and Order
Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 105 and 1141
and Fed. R. Civ. P. 65 Enforcing
Confirmation Order**

**Hearing Date: September 10, 2007
Hearing Time: 3:00 p.m.**

On August 1, 2007, following hearings held on June 20, 2007 and July 27, 2007, the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Nevada (the "Bankruptcy Court") entered its Supplemental Order Re: Emergency Motion for Order Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 105 and 1141 Enforcing Confirmation Order and for Civil Contempt Sanctions (the "Bankruptcy Court Injunction Order") in the chapter 11 bankruptcy cases of USA Commercial Mortgage Company ("USACM") and certain of its affiliates (collectively, the "Debtors"), jointly administered under Case Number BK-S-06-10725-LBR (the "Bankruptcy Case"), with respect to the Emergency Motion of Compass Financial Partners LLC and Compass USA SPE LLC (together, with any parent, affiliate, subsidiary, or licensed subservicer thereof, "Compass") for Order Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 105 and 1141 Enforcing Confirmation Order and for Civil Contempt Sanctions (the "Sanctions Motion"). On August 6, this United States District Court for the District of Nevada (the "Court") withdrew the reference to the Bankruptcy Court with respect to the disputes set forth in the Sanctions Motion, which had been designated an adversary proceeding by the Bankruptcy Court.

On August 27, 2007, the Court held a preliminary hearing on a Motion to Dissolve Bankruptcy Court's Temporary Status Quo Order (the "Plaintiff Lenders Motion") filed by the plaintiffs in Cause No. 3:07-CV.00241: Donna M. Cangelosi ("Cangelosi"); fifty-two (52)

1 Limited Liability Company entities (each an "LLC," and collectively the "LLCs") purportedly
2 holding beneficial interests in the fifty-two (52) separate loans originated by USACM identified
3 in Exhibit A hereto (each a "Loan," and collectively the "Loans"); and an entity calling itself the
4 "Lenders Protection Group" consisting of individuals holding beneficial interests in certain of
5 the loans originated by the Debtors (the "LPG;" and together with Cangelosi and the LLCs, the
6 "Plaintiff Lenders"). The Court ruled at that hearing that the Bankruptcy Court Injunction Order
7 should remain in full force and effect pending a hearing on the Court's order to show cause why
8 the Bankruptcy Court Injunction Order should not be entered by the Court as a preliminary
9 injunction pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 65 (the "Order to Show Cause"). A hearing on the Order
10 to Show Cause was held before this Court on Monday, September 10, 2007, at which time the
11 Court made preliminary findings of law and ordered interim relief, as supplemented by further
12 rulings at hearings on related matters held on October 1, 2007 and October 2, 2007.

13 This Court, having heard oral argument of counsel and other interested persons whose
14 appearances were as noted on the record of the September 10, 2007, October 1, 2007 and
15 October 2, 2007 hearings, having read and considered all pleadings and papers filed in support
16 of and in opposition to the Order to Show Cause, and having read and considered the Sanctions
17 Motion, the Plaintiff Lenders Motion, and all Declarations and other pleadings and papers on
18 file herein that are, in the opinion of the Court, relevant to the issues before it; and it appearing
19 that interim relief is required so that borrowers will not use the dispute between Compass and
20 the Plaintiff Lenders as an excuse not to timely remit payments to Compass and so that funds
21 collected by Compass can be distributed to the beneficial holders of interests in the Loans
22 (collectively, and not limited only to those holders that purported to assign such beneficial
23 interests to an LLC, the "Direct Lenders"), including those Direct Lenders not directly or
24 indirectly a party to the dispute, but it further appearing that the rights of the Plaintiff Lenders
25 must be preserved so that such Plaintiff Lenders will have an opportunity to take further action
26 in accordance with their contractual rights and this Preliminary Injunction Order to seek to
27 terminate Compass as servicer with respect to a Loan; and for good cause otherwise appearing:
28

1 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED THAT:

2 1. Compass as Servicer. Pending further order of this Court, Compass is and shall
3 remain the loan servicer with respect to all Loans for which Cangelosi, on behalf of FDH
4 Management Company LLC as managing member of each of the LLCs, purported to terminate
5 Compass as loan servicer on May 18, 2007, and Compass shall retain and be authorized to
6 exercise its authority as servicer to (i) negotiate with borrowers under the Loans the settlement
7 of any defaulted or non-performing Loan, and (ii) initiate and pursue foreclosure proceedings in
8 its own name on behalf of the holders of the Bid Interests (as defined in paragraph 7 herein)
9 with respect to any Loan in accordance with the terms of this Preliminary Injunction Order and
10 the applicable Loan Servicing Agreements between USACM and Direct Lenders under a Loan,
11 the rights of USACM under which were purchased by and assigned to Compass pursuant to an
12 Order entered in the Bankruptcy Case (the "LSAs").

13 2. Borrower Payments. Pending further order of this Court, all amounts due and
14 owing by borrowers under or in connection with the Loans shall continue to be paid directly to
15 Compass (the "Payments"), and all Direct Lenders are enjoined, prevented and restrained from
16 initiating or engaging in any contact with a borrower in any Loan in which such a Direct
17 Lender: (i) undermines the exclusive authority of Compass (and its Subservicer, as defined in
18 paragraph 3 herein) to act directly on behalf of the Direct Lenders as servicer; (ii) purports to
19 have the authority to negotiate on behalf of Direct Lenders in such Loan; or (iii) otherwise
20 directs a borrower to make Payments to an individual or entity other than Compass.

21 3. Subservicer. Compass is authorized, required and directed to engage a
22 subservicer that holds a valid Nevada mortgage lender license to assist in servicing the Loans
23 (the "Subservicer"), which Subservicer shall remain under the Court's supervision, to, among
24 other things: (i) provide and distribute status updates to Direct Lenders on the Loans consistent
25 with the terms of the LSAs; (ii) field and timely reply to Direct Lender inquiries regarding Loan
26 status, account status, and related questions regarding the Loans; (iii) review and reply to Direct
27 Lender inquiries regarding Compass's activities related to resolution of a defaulted or non-
28 performing Loan; (iv) review and monitor distributions made by Compass to Direct Lenders in

1 accordance with the applicable LSAs, applicable law and this Preliminary Injunction Order
2 upon Compass's recovery on account of a Loan; (v) contact, advise, and make appropriate
3 disclosure on behalf of Compass and the Subservicer to Direct Lenders with respect to proposed
4 Loan resolutions negotiated with the defaulted borrowers; (vi) gather necessary Direct Lender
5 consents to discounted borrower Loan payoffs in accordance with the terms of this Preliminary
6 Injunction Order and the applicable LSAs; (vii) review and monitor Compass's accountings of
7 distributions to Direct Lenders, payment of applicable Compass Fees (as defined in paragraph 4
8 herein), and deposits into the Direct Lender remittance account pursuant to this Preliminary
9 Injunction Order; and (viii) comply with the requirements of applicable regulatory bodies and
10 under applicable mortgage licensing statutes, and provide guidance to Compass with respect
11 thereto.

12 4. Payment in Full. In the event Compass receives a Payment from a borrower on a
13 Loan or cash from the sale of the collateral securing a Loan which satisfies in full ("Payment in
14 Full") all then outstanding principal and accrued interest owed to the Direct Lenders with
15 respect to such Loan (including, but not limited to, Compass to the extent that it is a Direct
16 Lender under such Loan) ("Principal and Interest") and all then outstanding and accrued default
17 interest, late charges, origination fees, extension fees, exit fees, success fees, and servicing fees
18 under the terms of the applicable Loan documents and LSAs (the "Compass Fees"), then: (a)
19 Compass shall be permitted to deduct and retain from such Payment in Full the Compass Fees;
20 and (b) Compass shall distribute the balance of the Payment in Full to such Direct Lenders
21 (including, but not limited to, Compass to the extent that it is a Direct Lender under such Loan)
22 in accordance with applicable law and the applicable LSAs.

23 5. Consensual Discounted Payoff. In the event that Compass receives a Payment
24 from a borrower on a Loan or cash from the sale of the collateral securing a Loan that is less
25 than Payment in Full (a "Discounted Payment"), but, after full disclosure and a line-by-line
26 itemization to the Direct Lenders in such Loan of the Principal and Interest and the specific
27 Compass Fees related to the Loan ("Disclosure"), Compass has received the unconditional
28 consent of all Direct Lenders under such Loan in accordance with the applicable LSAs

(including, but not limited to, Compass to the extent that it is a Direct Lender under such Loan) as to the amount of such Discounted Payment that shall be distributed to Direct Lenders with respect to Principal and Interest on the Loan, and Compass has consented to the amount of such Discounted Payment that shall be distributed to it with respect to the Compass Fees, then: (a) Compass shall be entitled to deduct and retain from such Discounted Payment and release from the remittance account for the Loan, if any, for its own account such amount of Compass Fees as have been so consented to; and (b) Compass shall distribute to the Direct Lenders (including, but not limited to, Compass to the extent that it is a Direct Lender on a Loan) from such Discounted Payment such amounts of Principal and Interest as have been so consented to. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Preliminary Injunction Order to the contrary, under no circumstance shall Compass be obligated to accept a Discounted Payment from a borrower absent the unconditional consent of Compass and all of the Direct Lenders (including, but not limited to, Compass to the extent that it is a Direct Lender on a Loan) on such Loan.

6. Non-Consensual Discounted Payment. In the event that Compass receives a Discounted Payment on a Loan, but, after Disclosure, Compass has not received the consent of all Direct Lenders under such Loan as to the amount of such Discounted Payment that Compass has proposed shall be distributed to Direct Lenders (including, but not limited to, Compass to the extent that it is a Direct Lender under such Loan) on account of Principal and Interest (the “Direct Lender Allocation”), then: (a) Compass shall be permitted to deduct and retain from such Discounted Payment its servicing fees that accrued on and after February 16, 2007 under the terms of the applicable LSAs (“Post-Closing Servicing Fees”) and servicer advances made with respect to such Loan under the terms of the applicable Loan documents and in accordance with the LSAs (“Advances”); (b) if the amount of the Discounted Payment (after the deduction of Post-Closing Servicing Fees and Advances) exceeds the total amount of Principal and Interest due and owing to the Direct Lenders on such Loan (including, but not limited to, Compass to the extent that it is a Direct Lender under such Loan), Compass is authorized to retain and apply such difference to Compass Fees; (c) Compass shall distribute to Direct Lenders (including, but not limited to, Compass to the extent that it is a Direct Lender under such Loan) from such

1 Discounted Payment the Direct Lender Allocation; (d) Compass is authorized to deduct and
2 retain from such Discounted Payment an amount equal to the Compass Fees (including any
3 funds relating to such Loan currently held in the Direct Lender remittance account pursuant to
4 prior order of the Bankruptcy Court) less the Post-Closing Servicing Fees and Advances (the
5 "Compass Allocation") in respect of those Direct Lenders that have consented to the Discounted
6 Payoff, the Direct Lender Allocation and the Compass Allocation; and (e) Compass shall
7 deposit the balance of such Discounted Payment in an interest-bearing Direct Lender remittance
8 account. The funds deposited in such remittance account shall be distributed to Compass and to
9 those Direct Lenders that have consented to the Discounted Payoff but have not consented to
10 the Direct Lender Allocation and the Compass Allocation only upon and pursuant to: (i) the
11 subsequent consent of Compass and all such non-consenting Direct Lenders; or (ii) further order
12 of this Court obtained upon a motion brought by a party in interest after appropriate notice.

13 7. Foreclosure. In the event that Compass commences and pursues a foreclosure
14 sale with respect to a Loan in accordance with the applicable LSAs: (a) Compass or a single
15 purpose entity designated by Compass (the "Bidding Entity") is authorized to make a credit bid
16 at the foreclosure sale (which shall not be in an amount greater than Payment in Full) on behalf
17 of Compass and the Direct Lenders (including, but not limited to, Compass to the extent that it
18 is a Direct Lender under such Loan) with respect to Compass's and the Direct Lenders'
19 respective rights as beneficiaries under any applicable deed of trust, mortgage or security
20 interest on account of obligations arising under the applicable Loan documents that are secured
21 by the collateral (the "Bid Interests"); (b) if the Bidding Entity makes such a credit bid and there
22 is a cash overbid, then either (i) if the cash overbid is in an amount equal to or greater than
23 Payment in Full, then the Bidding Entity shall have no further obligation to bid at the
24 foreclosure sale and upon receipt of proceeds of the sale in an amount equal to or greater than
25 Payment in Full, the Bidding Entity shall proceed in accordance with paragraph 4 above, (ii) if
26 the cash overbid is in an amount less than Payment in Full and Compass and all Direct Lenders
27 under such Loan (including, but not limited to, Compass to the extent that it is a Direct Lender
28 under such Loan) have not consented to the acceptance of a cash overbid in such amount, then

1 the Bidding Entity must increase its credit bid to at least the next highest incremental bid
2 amount in excess of the cash overbid permitted at the foreclosure sale, or (iii) if the cash overbid
3 is in an amount less than Payment in Full but Compass and all Direct Lenders under such Loan
4 (including, but not limited to, Compass to the extent that it is a Direct Lender under such Loan)
5 have consented (in accordance with the applicable LSAs), after Disclosure, to the acceptance of
6 a cash overbid in such amount, then (A) the Bidding Entity must accept (or direct the
7 foreclosure trustee or other entity conducting the foreclosure sale to accept) such cash overbid,
8 and (B) the Bidding Entity shall distribute such proceeds in accordance with paragraph 5 above.
9 Under no circumstance shall the Bidding Entity be obligated to make a bid in an amount greater
10 than Payment in Full.

11 In the event that the Bidding Entity purchases the collateral at the foreclosure sale
12 pursuant to a successful credit bid made on behalf of the holders of the Bid Interests or receives
13 a deed in lieu of foreclosure, then the Bidding Entity is authorized to hold title to the purchased
14 collateral in the name of such Bidding Entity on behalf of the holders of the Bid Interests, and to
15 preserve, maintain, manage, market, sell and (in accordance with the applicable section of the
16 LSA which provides for the conveyance of title upon the approval of fifty-one percent (51%) of
17 the Direct Lenders in a Loan) convey title to the purchased collateral in the name of the Bidding
18 Entity on behalf of the holders of the Bid Interests, with all costs and advances associated
19 therewith to be deducted and paid to the Bidding Entity in accordance with the terms of the
20 applicable LSAs, after Disclosure, as a first priority from the proceeds realized in a subsequent
21 disposition of the collateral, prior to distribution of the balance in a manner consistent with
22 paragraphs 4, 5, or 6 above.

23 8. Motion to Terminate Compass. Fifty-one percent (51%) or more of the Direct
24 Lenders in a Loan, whether acting directly or acting through a person or entity holding a power
25 of attorney of such Direct Lender granted after such Direct Lender's receipt of this Preliminary
26 Injunction Order and the Contempt Order re Donna M. Cangelosi entered concurrently herewith
27 and reiterating such Direct Lender's desire to terminate Compass ("Majority Lenders"), may file
28 a motion seeking an order authorizing the termination of Compass as servicer with respect to

1 such Loan (as well as any Subservicer engaged by Compass).¹ Such motion will be heard by
2 this Court upon no less than ten (10) days notice to Compass (without regard to any thirty (30)
3 day or other prior notice provision in the applicable LSA). The foregoing notwithstanding,
4 Compass shall be terminated as servicer of the Loans identified on Exhibit B hereto effective as
5 of the date of this Preliminary Injunction Order, without a showing of cause or further order of
6 the Court, and the Majority Lenders may take such actions with respect to such Loans as
7 otherwise may be permitted in the absence of a servicer under the applicable LSAs and
8 applicable law. The inclusion of any Loan on Exhibit B hereto shall not constitute an admission
9 of wrongdoing on the part of Compass and, in accordance with paragraph 14 of the
10 Confirmation Order entered in the Bankruptcy Case and this Preliminary Injunction Order, no
11 entity other than Compass shall have the right or ability to compromise, subordinate, or impair,
12 in any respect, any of the Compass Fees having accrued on such Loan through the date of this
13 Preliminary Injunction Order (subject to further order of this Court).

14 9. Compass Accountings. Compass shall file with the Court as soon as is
15 practicable, but in no event later than November 15, 2007, a detailed line-item accounting as of
16 October 2, 2007 (which may reasonably be amended) with respect to each Loan of the
17 following: (a) the Loan account status as of February 16, 2007; (b) all Payments received by
18 Compass or by Silar Advisors, L.P. or Silar Special Opportunities Fund, Ltd. from the borrower
19 or through foreclosure sales or other dispositions of collateral; (c) all Compass Fees on an
20 itemized basis, purportedly owed on such Loan as of October 2, 2007; (d) all Compass Fees
21 deducted from a Payment received by Compass or otherwise paid to Compass by a borrower; (e)
22 all disbursements made by Compass; (f) all written requests for payment on a Loan made by
23 Compass to a borrower; and (g) all written Loan payoff proposals received by Compass from a
24 borrower.

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26
27 ¹ The LLCs may file and pursue this motion on behalf of Direct Lenders requesting termination
28 upon obtaining a power of attorney from each such Direct Lender following their receipt of this
Preliminary Injunction Order and the Contempt Order re Donna M. Cangelosi..

1 10. LLC Accountings. Each LLC shall file with the Court as soon as is practicable,
2 but in no event later than November 15, 2007, an accounting as of October 2, 2007 with respect
3 to each LLC from and after its inception of the following: (a) the total dollar amount of
4 beneficial interests held by the LLC with respect to the applicable Loan; (b) the Direct Lenders
5 who heretofore assigned to the LLC their beneficial interests under the deed of trust or mortgage
6 securing the obligations under the Loan documents ("Beneficial Interests"); (c) any voluntary
7 rescission to a Direct Lender of a Beneficial Interest heretofore assigned to an LLC and the
8 accompanying LLC membership interest transferred to such Direct Lender; (d) all payments on
9 account of such Loan received by the LLC from Compass, the borrower or otherwise; (e) all
10 sales, assignments, transfers, hypothecations or encumbrances of Beneficial Interests by the
11 LLC; (f) all funds received by the LLC on account of such sales, assignments, transfers,
12 hypothecations or encumbrances; (g) all reasonably known requests for payment on a Loan
13 made by an LLC or any of its members to a borrower; and (h) all reasonably known Loan
14 payoff proposals received by an LLC or any of its members from a borrower.

15 11. Prohibition on Compass Transfers. With the exceptions of sales, assignments,
16 transfers, hypothecations or encumbrances of Compass Fees made by Compass to Silar
17 Advisors, L.P. or Silar Special Opportunities Fund, Ltd., or to a licensed subservicer, Compass
18 shall not sell, assign, transfer, hypothecate or encumber the Compass Fees and/or Compass's
19 interests as a Direct Lender in any Loan in which it is currently the servicer without further
20 order of this Court obtained upon motion by Compass noticed to the Plaintiff Lenders.

21 12. Prohibition on LLC Transfers. With the exception of any voluntary rescission to
22 a Direct Lender of a Beneficial Interest transferred to an LLC and the accompanying LLC
23 membership interest transferred to such Direct Lender, and subject to paragraph 13 below, no
24 LLC shall sell, assign, transfer, hypothecate or encumber any Beneficial Interests held or owned
25 by such LLC without further order of this Court obtained upon motion by such LLC noticed to
26 Compass and the affected Direct Lenders. Compass shall be provided with notice of any such
27 rescission, sale, assignment, transfer, hypothecation or encumbrance of a Beneficial Interest
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1 within ten (10) days after such rescission, sale, assignment, transfer, hypothecation or
2 encumbrance becomes effective.

3 13. LLC Encumbrance of Beneficial Interests. The LLCs are permitted to encumber
4 any Beneficial Interests held or owned by the LLCs for the purpose of obtaining litigation
5 financing and property related carrying costs financing only upon entry of an order of this Court
6 authorizing such encumbrance following the filing of a motion (after appropriate notice to
7 Compass and all members of the LLCs).

8 14. Communication of Order to Borrowers and Direct Lenders. Within three (3)
9 business days of the date of entry of this Preliminary Injunction Order, Compass shall serve by
10 mail upon the borrowers and Direct Lenders on each Loan: (a) copies of this Preliminary
11 Injunction Order and the Contempt Order re Donna M. Cangelosi entered concurrently
12 herewith; and (b) with respect to each Loan, notification that (i) the May 18, 2007
13 correspondence of Cangelosi to the borrower purporting to terminate Compass as servicer was
14 ineffectual, (ii) Compass remains the exclusive entity authorized to act on behalf of the Direct
15 Lenders in such Loan; and (iii) all Payments on such Loan should continue to be made directly
16 to Compass. If a Direct Lender who is not a Plaintiff Lender (and who did not otherwise receive
17 notice of the October 1-2, 2007 hearing) wishes to object to the relief granted in this Preliminary
18 Injunction Order, such Direct Lender must file a written objection with this Court stating the
19 specific basis for such objection within fifteen (15) days of the date hereof, or such Direct
20 Lender shall otherwise be bound by the terms hereof and forever barred from asserting a claim
21 against any collateral conveyed in accordance with paragraph 7 hereof or against the foreclosure
22 trustee or other entity conducting the foreclosure sale.

23 15. Jurisdiction. This Court has and shall retain in personam jurisdiction over the
24 Plaintiff Lenders and Compass and in rem jurisdiction over the Loans and LSAs relating thereto,
25 and the conveyance of title of collateral acquired in connection therewith.

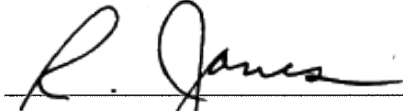
26 16. Effect of Preliminary Injunction Order. This Preliminary Injunction Order
27 supersedes the Bankruptcy Court Injunction Order, provided, however, funds held in any Direct
28 Lender remittance account pursuant to prior order of the Bankruptcy Court shall remain in such

1 account and be distributed pursuant to paragraph 6 of this Preliminary Injunction Order.

2 Nothing herein shall be construed as a waiver of any party's right to assert that any obligation
3 arising under a Loan document is not secured by the collateral.

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5 **IT IS SO ORDERED.**

6 Dated: November 6, 2007

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9 **HONORABLE ROBERT C. JONES**
10 **UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT JUDGE**
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Exhibit A

Exhibit A

Exhibit "A" Loans

1. 3685 San Fernando
2. 5505 Collwood
3. 6425 Gess
4. 60th Street Venture
5. Amesbury Hatters Point
6. Anchor B
7. BarUSA
8. Bay Pompano
9. Binford
10. Brookmere
11. Bundy Canyon \$2.5 MM
12. Bundy Canyon \$5.0 MM
13. Bundy Canyon \$5.725 MM
14. Bundy Canyon \$7.5 MM
15. Cabernet
16. Castaic II
17. Castaic III
18. Charlevoix
19. Clear Creek Plantation
20. Comvest
21. Copper Sage II
22. Cornman Toltec
23. Del Valle Livingston
24. Eagle Meadows
25. Fiesta Murrieta
26. Fiesta Stoneridge
27. Foxhills 216
28. Gramercy Court
29. Harbor Georgetown
30. Hesperia
31. HFA Clearlake I
32. HFA Clearlake II
33. Huntsville
34. La Hacienda
35. Lake Helen Partners
36. Lerin Hills
37. Margarita Annex
38. Marlton Square I
39. Marlton Square II
40. Mountain House-Pegs
41. Oak Shores II
42. Ocean Atlantic \$2.75 MM
43. Ocean Atlantic \$9.425 MM

44. Palm Harbor I
45. Shamrock Tower
46. SoCal Land Development
47. SVRB \$2.325 MM
48. SVRB \$4.5 MM
49. Tapia Ranch (Castaic I)
50. Ten-Ninety \$4.15 MM
51. The Gardens \$2.425 MM
52. The Gardens Timeshare

Exhibit B

Exhibit B

Exhibit "B" Loans

1. Brookmere
2. Hesperia
3. HFA Clearlake II
4. Lerin Hills
5. Marlton Square II
6. Ocean Atlantic \$2.75 MM
7. SoCal Land Development

RE: COMPASS FINANCIAL PARTNERS LLC

AFFIDAVIT OF MAILING

STATE OF NEW YORK)
) ss.:
COUNTY OF NEW YORK)

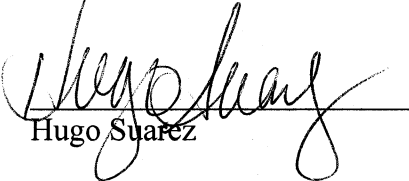
HUGO SUAREZ, being duly sworn, deposes and says:

1. I am employed as Case Manager by Epiq Bankruptcy Solutions, LLC (f/k/a Bankruptcy Services LLC), located at 757 Third Avenue, New York, New York 10017. I am over the age of eighteen years and am not a party to the above-captioned action.

2. On November 7, 2007, I supervised the mailing for the following:


- a) "Letter" to all direct lenders regarding the Preliminary Injunction Order and Contempt Order re Donna M. Cangelosi, (the "Letter"),
- b) "Preliminary Injunction and Order Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 105 and 1141 and Fed. R. Civ. P. 65 Enforcing Confirmation Order," dated November 6, 2007, (the "Preliminary Injunction Order"), and
- c) "Contempt Order Re Donna M. Cangelosi," dated November 6, 2007, (the "Contempt Order"),

by causing true and correct copies of the Letter, Preliminary Injunction Order and Contempt Order, enclosed securely in separate postage pre-paid envelopes, to be delivered by first class mail to those parties listed on the annexed Exhibit "A".


Hugo Suarez

Sworn to before me this

29th day of November, 2007


Notary Public

ROSS MATRAY
Notary Public, State of New York
No. 01MA614899
Qualified in New York County
Commission Expires July 3, 2010

SERVICE LIST

Claim Name	Address Information
CAROLE JAFFE IN TRUST FOR KEN M. JAFFE & AMY	JAFFE-ROSEN,C/O CAROLE JAFFE IN TRUST,3675 N COUNTRY CLUB DR APT 2102, AVENTURA, FL 33180-1709
CAROLINE M. GERWIN TRUSTEE OF THE CAROLINE GERWIN,	FAMILY TRUST DATED 11/2/95,1450 IDLEWILD DRIVE, #318, RENO, NV 89509
CAROLYN RAND SAMUELSON TRUSTEE OF THE CAROLYN RAND	SAMUELSON REVOCABLE TRUST DATED 11/2/95,3933 OCEAN DR, OXNARD, CA 93035-3937
CARTER L. GRENZ, A DIVORCED MAN	925 MARION COUNTY 7002,, FLIPPIN, AR 72634-9559
CARY TUCH & CAROL TUCH, HUSBAND & WIFE, AS JOINT,	TENANTS WITH RIGHT OF SURVIVORSHIP,11445 GERALD AVE, GRANADA HILLS, CA 91344-3623
CASPAR H. ESCHER, JR., AN UNMARRIED MAN	1800 WHITEHALL LN,, SAINT HELENA, CA 94574-9786
CASSANDRA J. ROBBINS, AN UNMARRIED WOMAN	57 TOPPLER DR,, CASTLE ROCK, CO 80108-8208
CATHERINE B. STRETMATER TRUSTEE OF THE CATHERINE,	B. STRETMATER REVOCABLE TRUST DATED 6/5/89,DATED 6/5/89,C/O CATHERINE B STRETMATER TRUSTEE,12000 N 90TH ST UNIT 2006, SCOTTSDALE, AZ 85260-8631
CATHERINE D. OPPIO TRUSTEE OF THE CATHERINE D.	OPPIO TRUST DATED 2/11/04,TRUST DATED 2/11/04,C/O CATHERINE D OPPIO TRUSTEE,PO BOX 15, CRYSTAL BAY, NV 89402-0015
CATHERINE GARLAND, AN UNMARRIED WOMAN	318 MCSKIMMING RD,, ASPEN, CO 81611-2217
CATHERINE PERRONE, AN UNMARRIED WOMAN	923 CROTON RD,, CELEBRATION, FL 34747-4843
CCM PATHFINDER POMPANO BAY LLC	C/O CONTRARIAN CAPTIAL MANAGEMENT LLC,411 WEST PUTNAM AVE, #225, GREENWICH, CT 06830
CCM PATHFINDER POMPANO BAY LLC	C/O CONTRARIAN CAPITAL MANAGEMENT,ATTN: REAL ESTATE GROUP,411 WEST PUTNAM AVE, #225, GREENWICH, CT 06830
CCM PATHFINDER POMPANO BAY, LLC	C/O CONTRARIAN CAPITAL MANAGEMENT, LLC,ATTN: REAL ESTATE GROUP,411 WEST PUTNAM AVE, #225, GREENWICH, CT 06830
CCM PATHFINDER POMPANO BAY, LLC	C/O CONTRARIAN CAPITAL MANAGEMENT CCL,ATTN: REAL ESTATE GROUP,411 WEST PUTNAM AVE, #225, GREENWICH, CT 06830
CCM PATHFINDER POMPANO BAY, LLC	C/O CONTRARIAN CAPITAL MANAGEMENT LLC,ATTN: REAL ESTATE GROUP,411 WEST PUTNAM AVE., #225, GREENWICH, CT 06830
CCM PATHFINDER POMPANO BAY, LLC	C/O CONTRARIAN CAPITAL MANAGEMENT, LLC,ATTN: REAL ESTATE GROUP,411 WEST PUTNAM AVE., #225, GREENWICH, CT 06830-6263
CELSO ACOSTA, AN UNMARRIED MAN	9061 BLACK ELK AVE,, LAS VEGAS, NV 89143-1180
CHAD R. SANDHAS, AN UNMARRIED MAN	3312 RAINTREE CIRCLE,, CULVER CITY, CA 90230
CHAI MILLER LLC	ATTN: AVI BARASHI,P.O. BOX 81191, LAS VEGAS, NV 89180
CHARLES A. SPENCER, A SINGLE MAN	4850 CANYON RUN DR,, SPARKS, NV 89436-4627
CHARLES B. ANDERSON TRUSTEE OF THE CHARLES B.	ANDERSON TRUST,C/O CHARLES B ANDERSON TRUSTEE,211 COPPER RIDGE CT, BOULDER CITY, NV 89005-1211
CHARLES B. DUNN, IV TRUSTEE OF THE CHARLES B.	DUNN, IV TRUST DATED 8/12/05,TRUST DATED 8/12/05,C/O CHARLES B DUNN IV TRUSTEE,17042 NORLENE WAY, GRASS VALLEY, CA 95949-7161
CHARLES B. PLUNKETT TRUSTEE OF THE CHARLES B.	PLUNKETT REVOCABLE TRUST DTD 10-25-94,DTD 10-25-94,C/O CHARLES B PLUNKETT TRUSTEE,142 CODYERIN DR, HENDERSON, NV 89074-0148
CHARLES BOMBARD TRUSTEE OF THE CHARLES BOMBARD	1999 TRUST DATED 12/3/99,TRUST DATED 12/3/99,C/O CHARLES BOMBARD TRUSTEE,1076 MULLEN AVE, LAS VEGAS, NV 89044-9544
CHARLES D. CUNNINGHAM & SUSAN M. CUNNINGHAM,	HUSBAND & WIFE, AS JOINT TENANTS WITH RIGHT OF,SURVIVORSHIP,1964 OLIVER SPRINGS ST, HENDERSON, NV 89052-8502
CHARLES D. HOPSON TRUSTEE OF THE CHARLES D. HOPSON	LIVING TRUST DATED 2/20/96,TRUST DATED 2/20/96,C/O CHARLES D HOPSON TRUSTEE,3009 CRADLE MOUNTAIN DR, LAS VEGAS, NV 89134-7518
CHARLES DUKE CUMMINS & APRIL M. CUMMINS, HUSBAND &	WIFE, AS JOINT TENANTS WITH THE RIGHT OF,SURVIVORSHIP,483 MARINA CV, BOULDER CITY, NV 89005-1047
CHARLES E. BOROM & LANNA G. BOROM, HUSBAND & WIFE,	AS JOINT TENANTS WITH RIGHT OF SURVIVORSHIP,6106 SISTER ELSIE DR, TUJUNGA, CA 91042-2543
CHARLES E. BROKOP, AN UNMARRIED MAN	13835 N TATUM BLVD STE 9419,, PHOENIX, AZ 85032-5581
CHARLES E. JOHNSON & JANET P. JOHNSON, HUSBAND &	WIFE, AS JOINT TENANTS WITH RIGHT OF SURVIVORSHIP,17 FRONT ST, PALM COAST, FL 32137-1453

EXHIBIT E

LOAN SERVICING AGREEMENT

This Loan Servicing Agreement ("Agreement") is made as of the ____ day of _____ between USA Commercial Mortgage Company ("USA") and ("Lender").

RECITALS

- A. USA is a mortgage broker and loan servicer in Clark County, Nevada.
- B. Lender lends, or wishes to lend, money to various borrowers (the term "Borrower" includes single and married persons, corporations, trusts, partnerships and all other legal entities) from time to time, which loans are arranged by USA and are secured by interests in real and/or personal property.
- C. Lender wishes to retain the services of USA in connection with making and servicing a loan or loans ("Loan" or "Loans" as the context requires), including all Loans heretofore or hereafter placed by Lender through USA, all upon the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth.

NOW, THEREFORE, for good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties agree as follows:

1. Services in Connection with Arranging the Loans. USA will perform the following services in connection with arranging each Loan:

- (a) Obtain a promissory note or notes secured by the trust deed referred to in Section 1(b) below, executed by Borrower in a form customarily used by USA and approved by USA's counsel.
- (b) Obtain a deed of trust, assignment of rents and security agreement executed by Borrower in form customarily used by USA and approved by USA's counsel, and cause the same to be properly recorded.
- (c) Obtain one or more personal or corporate guaranties, if applicable and as determined by USA to be necessary, executed by such guarantors, as USA shall deem appropriate, in form customarily used by USA.
- (d) If USA deems it appropriate or necessary, obtain, at Borrower's expense, an appraisal of the property to be encumbered, prepared and executed by an appraiser reasonably satisfactory to USA.
- (e) Obtain from a reputable title insurance company, at Borrower's expense, a fully-paid ALTA lender's policy of title insurance, showing Lender as an insured, in an amount at least equal to the initial principal amount of the note and showing as exceptions only those items approved by USA and its counsel.
- (f) Cause the Borrower to obtain, where applicable, casualty insurance policies in amounts at least equal to the principal amount of the note or the full insurable value of the improvements on the

encumbered real property, whichever is less, containing a mortgage or loss payee clause naming Lender, or USA (as agent for Lender), as an additional insured or loss payee.

(g) Obtain from the Borrower and each guarantor such recent financial statements and information as USA shall deem appropriate.

(h) Obtain, with respect to any and all encumbrances of record to which Lender's deed of trust will be subject, documentation verifying the principal balance thereof within a reasonable time prior to the making of the Loan and specifying any then existing defaults thereunder.

(i) Obtain such other documents in connection with the Loan, as USA may deem appropriate in order to protect the Lender's interest.

(j) All documents which USA obtains from borrower in connection with arranging or servicing any Loan, so long as such Loan is outstanding, shall be kept on file in USA's corporate office and be available to Lender upon request. Notwithstanding the foregoing, USA shall have no obligation or responsibility to obtain any original documents in connection with any Loan serviced by USA, but not arranged or originated by USA.

(k) Prepare and deliver to escrow closing instructions to effectuate the Loan closing in accordance with the Loan Agreement and the Fee Agreement.

2. Services of USA in Connection with Servicing the Loans. Subject to and in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement, and all applicable laws, Lender instructs and authorizes USA to, and USA will perform the following services in connection with servicing each of the Loans:

(a) Verify, where applicable, that the property encumbered by Lender's deed of trust is insured (at the Borrower's expense) by a sufficient casualty insurance policy and that Borrower has sufficient liability insurance coverage. USA will hold for the Lender's account such policies and renewals thereof.

(b) Keep appropriate accounting records on each note and the sums collected thereon, which records will reflect the amounts collected as to principal, interest and late charges, and, if applicable, insurance, taxes and other specified amounts. Those records will be available for review by the Lender during regular business hours at USA's corporate office.

(c) Until the total amount due under each note is paid in full:

(i) Proceed diligently to collect all payments due under the terms of the note and promptly pay the proper parties, when and if due, principal, interest, late charges, insurance and other specified funds.

(ii) In the event the Borrower fails to make any payment to USA as required by the terms of the note, USA will take steps to collect the payment including but not limited to delivering default notices, commencing and pursuing foreclosure procedures, and obtaining representation for Lender in litigation and bankruptcy proceedings as deemed necessary or appropriate by USA in its business judgment to fully protect the interests of the Lender, and of all Lenders in the loan.

(iii) In its sole discretion, USA may pay off any Lender at any time by paying the then outstanding balance of Lender's interest in the principal of the Loan, plus all accrued interest and any prepayment penalty or fee, if applicable. Any Lender so paid off shall concurrently execute and deliver therewith to USA an assignment, in a form acceptable to USA, of all of such Lender's right, title, and interest in the Loan (including all documents evidencing the Loan) and in the deed of trust securing the Loan.

(iv) In its sole discretion, USA may waive late payment charges, assumption fees, charges for returned checks due to insufficient funds, or other fees which may be collected in the ordinary course of servicing the Loans.

(d) Provide the Lender with regular statements regarding loan collections, but in no event less frequently than quarterly.

(e) Without limiting the generality of anything contained herein, Lender hereby authorizes and empowers USA, on Lender's behalf, to: (1) execute and deliver demands for payoff and beneficiary's / lender's statements of condition and the like; (2) execute and deliver any and all instruments if satisfaction or cancellation, or of partial or full release, discharge, or reconveyance, or authorizations in connection therewith, with respect to any Loans paid in full and with respect to the related real or personal property securing such Loans; (3) execute and deliver any and all other documents with respect to any Loans that are customary and consistent with loan servicing practices pertaining to such loans; (4) consent to modifications of the Loans if the effect of any such modification will not materially or adversely affect the security provided by the real or personal property in connection therewith; (5) institute foreclosure proceedings (judicial or non-judicial), obtain a deed-in-lieu thereof, engage in settlement discussions, and enter into forbearance and other settlement-related agreements (which agreements may contain provisions that release or waive claims against a Borrower or Guarantor); and (6) take title in the name of Lender (in proportion to its interest in the Loan) to any real property upon a foreclosure or delivery of a deed-in-lieu thereof. Notwithstanding the foregoing or any other provision contained herein, USA may not permit any modification to any Loan that would change the interest rate, forgive the payment of any principal or interest (expressly excluding late charges or the difference between default and non-default interest), change the outstanding principal amount, or extend the maturity date, without Lender's prior consent; provided, however, if Lender fails to grant or deny its consent within three (3) business days after notice from USA, Lender shall be deemed to have conclusively given its consent.

3. Rights of Lender if USA Fails to Act. Pursuant to NAC 645B.073, in the event of default, foreclosure, or other matters that require action, if for any reason USA fails to act on Lender's behalf as authorized herein, then Lender may, with approval of fifty-one percent (51%) or more of all of the holders of the beneficial interest of record in the Loan, act on behalf of all such holders of beneficial interest of record. These actions may include, but are not limited to:

- (a) the designation of the mortgage broker, servicing agent or other person to act on behalf of the holders of the beneficial interests in the loan; and
- (b) the sale, encumbrance or lease of real property owned by the holders resulting from a foreclosure or the receipt of a deed in lieu of a foreclosure.

4. Legal Proceedings. USA will assist the Lender in any necessary foreclosure proceedings to protect the Lender's interest in the note and deed of trust. Where necessary, in USA's business judgment, USA may retain attorneys on Lender's behalf. Any legal proceeding instituted by USA pursuant to this Agreement may be pursued in USA's name only or as agent for Lender. Upon demand by USA, Lender agrees to promptly pay, either in advance or to reimburse USA, for its pro rata portion of the out-of-pocket expenses incurred, including attorney's fees, trustee's fees and foreclosure costs. In the event that Lender fails to pay such sums to USA upon demand or request thereof, or if USA elects to advance such sums, USA may, in its discretion, advance such fees, including trustee's fees, attorney's fees, and costs of foreclosure; provided, however, that any fees advanced by USA shall be paid back from the proceeds of the foreclosure (whether by reinstatement or sale), or from any other monies collected with respect to such Loan, before any payments are made to Lender. In the event of any litigation concerning the Loan, Lender hereby appoints USA as its agent to accept service of any summons and complaint, naming Lender as a party.

5. Compensation to USA for Loan Servicing. Lender authorizes USA to retain monthly, as compensation for services performed hereunder, (a) one-twelfth (1/12th) of its annual servicing fee, which shall not exceed three percent (3%) per annum of the maximum principal amount of each of the Loans, (b) any late charges collected from the Borrower pursuant to the terms of the Note, and (c) and default interest collected from the Borrower pursuant to the terms of the Note. Notwithstanding the foregoing, it is agreed and acknowledged that USA derives the bulk of its revenues from charging loan fees ("points") to the Borrower. Certain Borrowers, however, may prefer to pay a higher rate of interest in exchange for a reduction in loan fees payable in advance to USA, the higher interest rate comprising a deferred loan fee. USA will notify Lender when such a case arises, and advise Lender of what portion of the interest is payable to USA as a deferred loan fee.

Should Lender desire to sell all or any part of its interest in the note and deed of trust, USA will assist Lender in finding potential buyers and completing the necessary documentation for the transaction. A fee of 5% of the remaining balance of Lender's undivided interest in the note amount will be deducted from the selling price and paid to USA on all such assignments for which USA locates the Assignee.

In the event an extension of a Loan is negotiated, USA shall be entitled to charge a fee therefor from the Borrower pursuant any separate fee agreement between USA and the Borrower.

6. USA's Right to Delegate. Notwithstanding anything contained herein, USA may in its sole discretion delegate specific loan arranging and servicing obligations to credit bureaus, real estate tax service companies, real estate brokers or agents, appraisers, attorneys, trustees, or others, provided that USA shall remain responsible for all action taken or not taken by such companies, agents, representatives, and others throughout the term of this Agreement.

7. No Legal Advice. Lender acknowledges that USA will not act as Lender's attorney or provide legal advice to Lender, and that Lender is encouraged to seek independent counsel in connection with any questions Lender may have concerning this agreement, any Loan, USA's form loan documents, or any other matter.

8. Termination. Lender may, by 30 days written notice to USA, terminate this agreement, and the power of attorney granted, if one is granted, under Section 11 of this Agreement, if USA fails to perform its obligations hereunder.

9. Lender's Registration. Lender(s) name as listed in the first paragraph of this Agreement is the exact form for registration of Lender's interest and for reference to Lender in the Loan Documents.

10. Integration Clause. This Agreement contains the entire agreement between the parties hereto and cannot be modified except by a written amendment signed by both parties. The invalidity of any portion of this agreement shall in no way affect the balance thereof. This Agreement shall remain in effect until Lender's interest in all notes and deeds of trust with respect to Loans arranged and/or serviced by USA is completely liquidated (unless sooner terminated in accordance with the terms hereof).

11. Limited Power of Attorney. With respect to each loan, Lender hereby agrees that USA shall have full power and authority, and Lender hereby appoints USA as its true and lawful attorney-in-fact to (a) hold the original note(s), and (b) to do all things and take all actions on behalf of Lender which are necessary or convenient to effectuate this Agreement and its intent and to protect Lender's interest under any note, deed of trust, guaranty, security agreement or other document pertaining to any Loan. Upon USA's request, Lender hereby agrees to execute and deliver, in the presence of a notary public, a "Declaration of Agency and Limited Power of Attorney", in a form consistent with Chapter 645B of the Nevada Revised Statutes, pursuant to which Lender shall further evidence the appointment of USA as Lender's true and lawful attorney-in-fact to undertake the duties of USA hereunder. No one shall be required to look beyond such Declaration of Agency and Limited Power of Attorney for evidence of USA's authority hereunder. All Declarations of Agency and Limited Powers of Attorney may include the language: This document may be executed with counterpart signature pages, and the document with all counterpart signature pages shall constitute one and the same instrument.

12. Notices. All notices, demands and other communications required or permitted hereunder shall be in writing and shall be deemed to have been given (i) when personally delivered, or (ii) on receipt, when deposited with a recognized overnight courier service such as Federal Express or DHL, or (iii) three (3) business days after the date when deposited in the United States mail and sent postage prepaid by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, addressed as follows:

If to USA: USA Commercial Mortgage Company
 4484 S. Pecos Road
 Las Vegas, Nevada 89121-5030
 Attention:

If to Lender:

Attention:

or at such other address as the party to be served with notice may have furnished in writing to the party seeking or desiring to serve notice as a place for the service of notice.

13. Governing Law. This Agreement shall be construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Nevada, without regard to the conflict of laws or rules thereof, and the obligations, rights and remedies of the parties hereunder shall be determined in accordance with such laws,

14. Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original, and all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.

15. Attorney's Fees. In the event any party hereto brings an action to enforce any of the provisions of this Agreement, the party against whom judgment is rendered in such action shall be liable to the other for reimbursement of its costs, expenses and attorneys' fees, including such costs, expenses and fees as may be incurred on appeal,

16. Successors and Assigns. This Agreement shall be binding upon and shall inure to the benefit of the parties' respective successors and assigns.

17. Headings. Sections headings used in this Agreement are for convenience only and shall not affect the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement.

18. Authority. Each party represents and warrants to the other party that it is duly authorized to execute, deliver and perform this Agreement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have signed, sealed, acknowledged and delivered this instrument the day and year first above written.

LENDER: Michael T. Bridges, Trustee of the Bridges Family Trust

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

USA COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE COMPANY

By: 
Joseph D. Milnowski, President



Entered on Docket
January 08, 2007

Linda B. Riegle

Hon. Linda B. Riegle
United States Bankruptcy Judge

Annette W. Jarvis, Utah Bar No. 1649
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Attorneys for Debtors and Debtors-in-Possession

**UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
DISTRICT OF NEVADA**

In re:
USA COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE COMPANY,
Debtor.

Case No. BK-S-06-10725 LBR
Case No. BK-S-06-10726 LBR
Case No. BK-S-06-10727 LBR
Case No. BK-S-06-10728 LBR
Case No. BK-S-06-10729 LBR

In re:
USA CAPITAL REALTY ADVISORS, LLC,
Debtor.

Chapter 11

In re:
USA CAPITAL DIVERSIFIED TRUST DEED
FUND, LLC,
Debtor.

Jointly Administered Under
Case No. BK-S-06-10725 LBR

In re:
USA CAPITAL FIRST TRUST DEED FUND,
LLC,
Debtor.

**[PROPOSED] FINDINGS OF FACT
AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW IN
SUPPORT OF THE "ORDER
CONFIRMING THE "DEBTORS'
THIRD AMENDED JOINT CHAPTER
11 PLAN OF REORGANIZATION, AS
MODIFIED HEREIN"**

In re:
USA SECURITIES, LLC,
Debtor.

Affects:
☒ All Debtors
☐ USA Commercial Mortgage Company
☐ USA Securities, LLC
☐ USA Capital Realty Advisors, LLC
☐ USA Capital Diversified Trust Deed Fund, LLC
☐ USA First Trust Deed Fund, LLC

Confirmation Hearing
Date: December 19, 2006
Time: 10:00 a.m.

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Commencing on December 19, 2006 at 10:00 a.m., the Court held a hearing (the "Confirmation Hearing") on the confirmation of the "Debtors' Third Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization") (as modified by the Confirmation Order (as defined below), the "Plan"¹) proposed by USA Commercial Mortgage Company ("USACM"), USA Securities, LLC ("USA Securities"), USA Capital Realty Advisors, LLC ("USA Realty"), USA Capital Diversified Trust Deed Fund, LLC ("DTDF") and USA Capital First Trust Deed Fund, LLC ("FTDF"), debtors and debtors in possession in the above-captioned chapter 11 cases (the "Debtors"). Appearances were made as indicated on the record at the Confirmation Hearing.

The Court considered the pleadings and documents filed by the Debtors and other interested parties in connection with confirmation of the Plan, including the following:

(a) the Plan and all accompanying exhibits, including, without limitation, the Plan Documents Supplement, the Revised Schedule of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases, the forms of Disbursing Agent Agreements for USACM and FTDF filed by the Debtors and the Direct Lender Supplement;

(b) the "Debtors' First Amended Disclosure Statement to Debtors' Third Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization" (the "Disclosure Statement") previously approved by the Court;

(c) the "Memorandum of Points and Authorities in Support of Confirmation of the Debtors' Third Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization" (the "Confirmation Memorandum");

(d) the Declaration of Thomas J. Allison filed in support of confirmation of the Plan (the "Allison Declaration");

(e) the Affidavit of Balloting Agent Regarding Solicitation and Tabulation of Votes in Connection with the Debtors' Third Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization, regarding compliance with the "Solicitation Procedures" approved in the Disclosure Statement Order ("BMC Declaration");

¹ All terms not otherwise defined in these Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law (the "Findings") shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Plan.

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(f) the Declaration of David Blatt of Compass Partners LLC in Support of Confirmation of Debtors' Third Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization ("Compass Declaration");

(g) the "Affidavit of Balloting Agent Regarding Solicitation and Tabulation of Votes in Connection with the Debtors' Third Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization" and the Ballot Tabulation Report attached as Exhibit A thereto [Docket No. 2165] and "Supplemental Affidavit of Balloting Agent Regarding Solicitation and Tabulation of Votes in Connection with the Debtors' Third Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization" and the Revised Ballot Tabulation Report attached as Exhibit B thereto [Docket No. 2243], which detail the tabulation of Ballots cast for or against the Plan;

(h) the "Partial Opposition to Debtors' Third Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization," filed by Erna D. Grundman and Joanne M. Grundman;

(i) the "Partial Opposition to Debtors' Third Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization," filed by Joanne M. Grundman;

(j) the "Objection of The Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation to Debtors' Third Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization," filed by the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation ("PBGC");

(k) the "Objection to Confirmation of Debtors' Third Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization," filed by Edward Burgess;

(l) "Liberty Bank's Limited Objection to Confirmation of Debtors' Third Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization," filed by Liberty Bank;

(m) "Standard Property Company, LLC's Limited Objection to the Debtors' Third Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization," filed by Standard Property, LLC;

(n) "Joinder in Standard Property Company, LLC's Limited Objection to the Debtors' Third Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization on Behalf of Copper Sage Commerce Center LLC, " filed by Copper Sage Commercial Center;

(o) "Joinder in Standard Property Company, LLC's Limited Objection to the Debtors' Third Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization on Behalf of Binford Medical Developers," filed by Binford Medical Developers;

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(p) "Memorandum of Points and Authorities in Opposition to Confirmation of Debtor's Plan," filed by Debt Acquisition Company of America V and the Declaration of Howard Justus [Docket No. 2032] filed in support thereof;

(q) "Limited Objection to Plan," filed by Gregory Walch and Shauna Walch, etc.;

(r) the "Objection of USA Investment Partners, LLC, Joseph Milanowski and Thomas Hantges to Confirmation of the Debtors' Third Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization," filed by Joseph Milanowski and Thomas Hantges (the "H&M Objection") and the Declaration of Victoria Loob filed in support thereof (the "Loob Declaration");

(s) the "Objection to Confirmation of Debtors' Third Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization as it Applies to Debtor USA Commercial Mortgage Company," filed by The Lenders Protection Group (the "LPG Objection");

(t) the Declaration of Donna Cangelosi filed in support of the LPG Objection (the "Cangelosi Declaration");

(u) Multiple joinders to objections to confirmation of the Plan filed by Objecting JV Creditors [Docket nos. 2040, 2099, 2179, 2180, 2182, 2184, and 2191];

(v) "Limited Objection to Pecos Professional Park Limited Partnership and Haspinov, LLC, to Debtors' Proposed Plan of Reorganization," filed by USA Commercial Real Estate Group;

(w) "Joinder in Limited Opposition to Plan," filed by Direct Lenders Alexander and others as shown in the Second Amended Statement of Robert C. LePome, Esq. and Nancy Allf, Esq. Pursuant to Rule 2019;

(x) "Errata to Limited Objection to Plan," filed by Gregory J. Walch and Shauna M. Walch, Trustees of the Gregory J. and Shauna M. Walch Family Trust;

(y) the "Opposition and Joinder of Sierra Liquidity Fund, L.L.C. in Oppositions [sic] to Confirmation of Debtors' Third Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization" (the "Sierra Liquidity Objection" and, collectively with the objections to the Plan listed in (h)-(x) above, the "Objections");

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(z) the “Debtors' Combined Motion In Limine And Memorandum In Support Regarding The Objection Of USA Investment Partners, LLC, Joseph Milanowski And Thomas Hantges To The Confirmation Of The Debtors' Third Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan Of Reorganization,” filed by the Debtors; and

(aa) all other pleadings, affidavits and documents filed in connection with this matter.

The Court has heard the statements, arguments, representations and offers of proof of counsel regarding confirmation of the Plan at the Confirmation Hearing, and has considered the record of these Chapter 11 Cases and all testimony and evidence admitted at or before the Confirmation Hearing.

These findings of fact and conclusions of law are in support of the "Order Confirming the 'Debtors' Third Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan Of Reorganization,' As Modified Herein" (the "Confirmation Order"), entered concurrently herewith.

Based on the foregoing, the Court makes the following findings of fact and conclusions of law, as supplemented by the findings of fact and conclusions of law stated orally and reported in open court on the record at the Confirmation Hearing (which are incorporated herein) pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 7052.²

FINDINGS OF FACTS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

A. This matter is a core proceeding over which the Court has jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 157(b) and 1334(a). Venue of this proceeding is proper under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1408 and 1409.

B. The Debtors provided notice of the Confirmation Hearing and of the time fixed for balloting and filing objections to confirmation of the Plan to all entities entitled to receive such notice, including all known holders of Claims and Equity Interests of the Debtors. The notice by the Debtors of such matters fully and adequately described the relief requested at the

² This document constitutes the Court's findings of fact and conclusions of law pursuant to Bankruptcy Rules 7052 and 9014. Pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 7052, findings of fact shall be construed as conclusions of law, and conclusions of law shall be construed as findings of fact, when appropriate.

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Confirmation Hearing and was reasonable, appropriate, and complied in all regards with due process and the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules (including Bankruptcy Rules 2002, 3017, 3018, and 3019), and the Local Bankruptcy Rules and orders of the Court, including this Court's "Order Approving: (A) Debtors' Disclosure Statement; (B) Proposed Notice of Confirmation Hearing; (C) Proposed Solicitation and Notice Procedures; and (D) Proposed Form of Ballots" (the "Disclosure Statement Order").

C. Pursuant to the Disclosure Statement Order, all objections to confirmation of the Plan, including all evidence in support thereof, were required to be filed by December 11, 2006 and, therefore, the Cangelosi Declaration filed on December 18, 2006 and the Sierra Liquidity Objection filed on December 15, 2006 were not timely filed and were stricken from the record and/or overruled.

D. The only evidence submitted in support of the H&M Objection was the Loob Declaration. On December 18, 2006, the Debtors undertook an examination of Ms. Loob pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 2004 where Ms. Loob asserted her rights under the Fifth Amendment of the United States Constitution in connection with questions concerning the H&M Objection and her declaration in support thereof. Additionally, USA Investment Partners ("USAIP") and Joseph Milanowski each failed to appear at Court-ordered examinations to be conducted pursuant to Rule 2004 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure. Upon consideration of Ms. Loob's assertion of her Fifth Amendment rights, the failure of USAIP and Mr. Milanowski to appear at their respective Rule 2004 examinations, and the Motion in Limine, the H&M Objection and Loob Declaration were stricken from the record.

E. None of the Objections, including the LPG Objection, raised any objection with respect to the classification of the Classes of Claims and/or Equity Interests as set forth in the Plan or use of a Class to meet cramdown requirements. Further, Class A-5 consists of holders of "claims" within the meaning of Bankruptcy Code section § 101(5).

F. The Debtors conducted the solicitation of acceptances or rejections of the Plan, and the related distribution and tabulation of ballots with respect thereto, in good faith and in compliance with the Disclosure Statement Order, all applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy

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Rules (including Bankruptcy Rules 3017 and 3018), all applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code (including sections 1125 and 1126), and all other applicable laws, rules, and regulations. Among other things, the Debtors transmitted the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, and the applicable ballot to all known holders of Claims and Equity Interests of the Debtors that are impaired under, and therefore entitled to vote on, the Plan.

G. The Plan satisfies all of the requirements of Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a) as follows:

1. 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(1): the Plan complies with all of the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, including Bankruptcy Code sections 1122 and 1123.

The classification structure is proper and in accordance with Section 1122 of the Bankruptcy Code. Each Class under the Plan differs in legal character or nature. All Claims and Equity Interests within each Class are substantially similar to the other Claims or Equity Interests in that Class because they are similar in legal character to the other Claims against or Equity Interests in Debtors in such class.

Article II Section C of the Plan designates Classes of Claims and Equity Interests for each of the Debtors, other than those specified in Sections 507(a)(2), (a)(3) and (a)(8) of the Bankruptcy Code, and states the treatment of each Class under the Plan in accordance with Sections 1123(a)(1), (2) and (3). The Plan also provides for the same treatment of each Claim and Equity Interest within a particular Class in accordance with Section 1123(a)(4).

Article IV of the Plan provides adequate means for its implementation in a manner that is consistent with Section 1123(a)(5) and (b).

2. 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(2): the Debtors have complied with all of the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, including Bankruptcy Code section 1125.

3. 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(3): the Debtors have proposed the Plan in good faith and not by any means forbidden by law. Moreover, the Plan itself, and the negotiated process leading to its formulation, along with all four Committees, provide independent evidence of the good faith of the Debtors.

4. 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(4): Article II Section B.1 and Article VII Section A of

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the Plan, provides for the appropriate review and determination of the fees and expenses incurred through the Effective Date.

5. 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(5): the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, the exhibits to the Plan, the Confirmation Memorandum, the Plan Documents Supplement, the Direct Lender Supplement, and the disclosures at the Confirmation Hearing disclose the identity, qualifications, method of election, and/or compensation of the DTDF Administrator, the DTDF Post-Effective Date Committee, USACM Trustee, the USACM Trust Committee, the Disbursing Agents for FTDF, USA Realty and USA Securities, respectively. The appointment of such persons is consistent with the interests of creditors and shareholders and with public policy.

6. 11 U.S.C. §§1129(a)(6): the requirements of Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a)(6) are not applicable to the Plan.

7. 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(7): each holder of a Claim or Equity Interest in a Class that is impaired under the Plan will receive or retain under the Plan property of a value, as of the Effective Date, that is not less than such holder would so receive or retain if the Debtors were liquidated under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code on such date.

8. 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(8), (10): In the Chapter 11 Cases of FTDF, DTDF, USA Realty, and USA Securities, Classes B-1 through B-4, C-1 through C-4, D-1 through D-3 and E-1 through E-3 are unimpaired, and Classes B-5, C-5, D-4 and E-4, though impaired, have accepted the Plan. The Plan, with respect to the Chapter 11 Cases of FTDF, DTDF, USA Realty, and USA Securities, thus satisfies the requirement of Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a)(8).

In the Chapter 11 case of USACM, Classes A-1 through A-3 are unimpaired, and classes A-4 through A-8 are impaired under the Plan. Classes A-6 through A-8 will receive no distribution under the Plan and are deemed to reject the Plan. Impaired Class A-5 has voted to accept the Plan, and based on the Revised Ballot Tabulation Report, impaired Class A-4 also has voted to accept the Plan. Accordingly, Section 1129 (a)(8) has been satisfied with respect to USACM's Chapter 11 Case. Based on the acceptance of the Plan by Class A-5, Section 1129(a)(10) has been met with regard to USACM's Chapter 11 Case even if Class A-4 had not accepted the Plan as a result of the Del Bunch Rule 3018 contested matter.

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Section 1129(a)(10) does not apply to FTDF or DTDF because there is no impaired class of Claims in their respective Chapter 11 Cases

In USA Realty's case, Classes D-4, the only voting impaired Class of Claims, has voted to accept the Plan. Section 1129(a)(10) is met in USA Realty's Chapter 11 Case.

In USA Securities' case, Class E-4, the only voting impaired Class of Claims, has voted to accept the Plan. Section 1129(a)(10) is met with regard to USA Securities' Chapter 11 Case.

9. 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(9): the treatment of Allowed Administrative Expense Claims, Allowed Priority Unsecured Claims, Allowed Priority Tax Claims and Allowed Secured Tax Claims as set forth in Article II, Sections B. and C. of the Plan satisfies the requirements of Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a)(9) in that holders of such Administrative Expense Claims, Priority Unsecured Claims, Priority Tax Claims and Secured Tax Claims will be paid in full on the Effective Date, or as soon as such expenses or claims become Allowed under the terms of the Plan, except where the holder of such Claim agrees to a different treatment.

10. 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(11): the Plan satisfies the requirements of Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a)(11) as the evidence submitted by the Debtors shows that each of the Debtors has sufficient funds on the Effective Date to make all of the distributions required to be made under the Plan and that the Plan, including all of the documents incorporated therein, has adequate provisions for the creation and management of the USACM Trust, the retention of assets by and the management of Post-Effective Date DTDF, for making distributions to holders of Allowed Claims or Equity Interests classified in Classes A-4 (Allowed General Unsecured Claims against USACM), B-4 (Allowed General Unsecured Claims against FTDF), B-5 (Equity Interests in FTDF), C-4 (Allowed General Unsecured Claims against DTDF), C-5 (Equity Interests in DTDF), D-4 (Allowed General Unsecured Claims against USA Realty) and E-4 (Allowed General Unsecured Claims against USA Securities), which are the only Classes that will receive a distribution under the Plan, and to implement the provisions of the settlement with the holders of Class A-5 (Direct Lender Compromise Claims).

11. 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(12): the Plan's provision for the payment of statutory

fees to the Office of the United States Trustee, satisfies the requirements of Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a)(12).

12. 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(13): the Plan satisfies the requirements of Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a)(13) because the Debtors are not subject to any retiree benefits as defined in Bankruptcy Code section 1144.

13. 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(14): the requirements of Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a)(14), which mandate the payment of domestic obligations, are inapplicable to these business Debtors.

14. 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(15): the requirements of Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a)(15), which only applies to cases where the debtor is an individual, are inapplicable to these business Debtors.

15. 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(16): the requirements of Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a)(16), which only applies to "the transfer of property by a corporation or trust that is not a moneyed, business, or commercial corporation or trust", are inapplicable because each of the Debtors is a moneyed business or commercial corporation.

16. 11 U.S.C. § 1129(b)(1) and (2): With respect to Classes A-6, A-7, A-8, D-5 and E-5, which have not accepted the Plan, and Class A-4, to the extent such Class has not accepted the Plan, the Plan satisfies the requirements of Bankruptcy Code sections 1129(b)(1) and 1129(b)(2) because the Plan does not discriminate unfairly against, and provides fair and equitable treatment with respect to, the Allowed Claims in Classes A-4, A-6 and A-7 and Allowed Equity Interests in Classes A-8, D-5 and E-5 in that the Plan provides for no distribution to any junior Class in a Debtor's Estate and does not discriminate unfairly among such Classes.

H. The Plan satisfies the requirements of Bankruptcy Code section 1129(b) as follows:

1. All of the applicable requirements of Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a) other than paragraph (8) are met with respect to the Plan.

2. The Plan does not discriminate unfairly with respect to Classes A-4 (to the extent such Class has not accepted the Plan), A-6, A-7, A-8, D-5 and E-5.

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3. The Plan is “fair and equitable” as to Classes A-4 (to the extent such Class has not accepted the Plan) and A-6 because holders of junior Claims or Equity Interests will not receive or retain under the Plan on account of such junior Claim or Equity Interest any property.

4. The only Classes of Claims and Equity Interests that are junior to Class A-4 Claims are Claims in Classes A-6 through A-8. Holders of Class A-6 Claims will not receive or retain any property unless holders of Allowed Class A-4 Claims are paid in full, plus interest. Holders of Class A-7 Claims will not receive or retain under the Plan on account of their Claim any property unless holders of Class A-4 and Class A-6 Claims are paid in full, plus interest. Furthermore, holders of Equity Interests in USACM, classified in Class A-8, will receive no distribution and retain no property under the Plan.

5. The only Classes of Claims and Equity Interests that are junior to Class A-6 Claims are Claims in Classes A-7 through A-8. Holders of Class A-7 Claims will not receive or retain under the Plan on account of their Claim any property unless holders of Class A-6 Claims are paid in full, plus interest. Furthermore, holders of Equity Interests in USACM, classified in Class A-8, will receive no distribution and retain no property under the Plan.

6. The Plan is “fair and equitable” as to Class A-7 because holders of junior Claims or Equity Interests will not receive or retain under the Plan on account of such junior Claim or Equity Interest any property. The only Class that is junior to Class A-7 Claims is Class A-8, which is comprised as Equity Interests in USACM. Holders of Equity Interests in USACM will receive no distribution or retain any property under the Plan.

7. The Plan is “fair and equitable” within the meaning of section 1129(b)(2)(C)(ii) as to Class A-8, which is comprised of Equity Interests in USACM, Class D-5, which is comprised of Equity Interests in USA Realty, and Class E-5, which is comprised of Equity Interests in USA Securities because no holder of any interest that is junior to the Equity Interests treated in these Classes will receive or retain any property under the Plan.

I. Article V of the Plan governing the assumption and rejection of executory contracts and unexpired leases satisfies the requirements of sections 365 and 1123(b)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code. As provided in the Debtors' Revised Schedule of Executory Contracts And

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Unexpired Leases In Connection With Debtors' Third Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan Of Reorganization, filed on December 18, 2006 (docket no. 2162), the Debtors have elected to reject all executory contracts and unexpired leases.

J. The principal purpose of the Plan is not the avoidance of taxes or the avoidance of the application of section 5 of the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. § 77e).

K. All modifications to the Plan filed or announced prior to the conclusion of the Confirmation Hearing constitute technical changes and/or changes that have either been consented to by affected constituents or which do not adversely affect or change the treatment of any other Claims or Equity Interests. Accordingly, pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 3019, these modifications do not require additional disclosure under Bankruptcy Code section 1125 or 1127(a), or resolicitation of votes under Bankruptcy Code section 1126, nor do they require that holders of Claims or Equity Interests be afforded an opportunity to change previously cast acceptances or rejections of the Plan. The Plan as so modified meets the requirements of Bankruptcy Code sections 1122 and 1123. Such modifications shall be deemed accepted by each holder of a Claim or Equity Interest who has previously voted to accept the Plan.

L. The form of documents in the Plan Documents Supplement, including the USACM Liquidating Trust Agreement, the DTDF Amended Operating Agreement, the Direct Lender Supplement, and the Disbursing Agent Agreements for USACM and FTDF substantially in the form filed by the Debtors are appropriate.

M. The appointment of Michael Tucker of FTI Consulting to serve as the DTDF Administrator and to perform the duties specified under the Plan and the DTDF Amended Operating Agreement is appropriate and consistent with the best interests of DTDF's creditors, Equity Interest holders, and the interests of public policy.

N. The appointment of Geoffrey L. Berman of Development Specialists, Inc. to serve as the USACM Trustee and to perform the duties specified under the Plan and the USACM Trust Agreement is appropriate and consistent with the best interests of USACM's creditors and the interests of public policy.

O. The parties identified to the Court to serve as members of the USACM

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Trust Committee and the DTDF Post-Effective Date Committee are appropriate to serve in such roles.

P. All of the conditions precedent to Confirmation of the Plan described in Article VI Section A of the Plan have been satisfied.

Q. The agreements, transactions and transfers authorized by the Confirmation Order, including, without limitation, the USACM Trust Agreement and the DTDF Amended Operating Agreement, are fair, equitable and reasonable, are entered into in good faith, are in the best interests of the USACM and DTDF, their respective creditors and Estates (and with respect to DTDF, its Equity Interest holders), and help provide adequate means for implementing the Plan.

R. Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1125(e), Persons, including the Debtors, the Committees, and their respective attorneys, agents, directors, officers and representatives, have acted in good faith with respect to the solicitation of votes on the Plan and thus are entitled to all the protections of Bankruptcy Code section 1125(e).

S. The injunctions, releases and limitations on liability contained in the Plan are fair and equitable, are given for valuable consideration, were properly noticed to holders of Claims and Equity Interests and other interested parties in accordance with the requirements of due process and the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rules, and are in the best interests of the Debtors and their Estates.

T. Each term and provision of the Plan is valid and enforceable pursuant to its terms.

U. The Plan satisfies the requirements for confirmation set forth in section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code.

V. The Court's retention of jurisdiction as set forth in Article VIII Section D of the Plan is appropriate and comports with the parameters contained in 28 U.S.C. § 157.

W. The provisions of the Plan, these Findings and the Confirmation Order shall bind the Debtors, their respective Estates, the Asset Purchaser, the USACM Trustee, the DTDF Administrator, and all holders of Claims against, and Equity Interests in the Debtors, whether or not the Claims or Equity Interests of such entities are Allowed under the Plan or

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impaired under the Plan, whether or not such entities have voted to accept or reject the Plan, and whether or not such entities have filed or are deemed to have filed proofs of Claim or Equity Interests in these Chapter 11 Cases.

X. The transfer of the Acquired Assets (including, without limitation, both real and personal property) to the Asset Purchaser is a transfer in accordance with Bankruptcy Code section 1146(c) and, therefore the making, delivery, filing or recording of any mortgages, deeds of trust, leasehold mortgages, leases (whether recorded or unrecorded), and/or the various instruments and documents of transfer as specified in or contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement or the Plan (collectively, "Instruments of Transfer"), and/or the exhibits thereto are hereby exempt from taxation under any law imposing a recording tax, stamp tax, sales tax, transfer tax, use tax or any similar tax or any so-called "bulk-sale". The appropriate federal, state or local government filing and recording officers are hereby directed to accept for filing or recording all Instruments of Transfer or other documents of transfer to be filed and recorded in accordance with the Plan or the Asset Sale Transaction, without payment of any such tax or government assessment, and without the presentation of any affidavits, instruments, or returns otherwise required for recording, other than the Confirmation Order. The Court retains jurisdiction to enforce the foregoing direction, by contempt proceedings or otherwise.

Y. All DTDF Litigation Claims and FTDF Transferred Assets accruing to DTDF or FTDF, or their Estates, shall remain assets of the Post-Effective Date DTDF, whether or not litigation relating thereto is pending on the Effective Date and whether or not any such right or cause of action has been listed or referred to in the Plan, the Disclosure Statement or any schedule, exhibit or other document filed in connection therewith.

Z. All USACM Litigation Claims and the FTDF Litigation Claims (transferred to USACM pursuant to section E.2.j of Art. IV of the Plan) accruing to USACM or FTDF, respectively, or their respective Estates shall remain assets of and vest in the USACM Trust, whether or not litigation relating thereto is pending on the Effective Date and whether or not any such right or cause of action has been listed or referred to in the Plan, the Disclosure Statement or any schedule, exhibit or other document filed in connection therewith.

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AA. As set forth in Article IV, Section E.1. of the Plan, the compromise between USACM and the Direct Lenders is fair and reasonable and is in the best interests of the USACM Estate and the Direct Lenders, respectively.

BB. As set forth in Article IV, Section E.2. of the Plan, the compromise between USACM and FTDF is fair and reasonable and is in the best interests of the USACM Estate and FTDF Estate, respectively.

CC. As set forth in Article IV, Section E.3. of the Plan, the compromise between FTDF and DTDF is fair and reasonable and is in the best interests of the FTDF Estate and DTDF Estate, respectively.

DD. As set forth in Article IV, Section E.4. of the Plan, the compromise between FTDF and USA Realty is fair and reasonable and is in the best interests of the FTDF Estate and USA Realty Estate, respectively.

EE. As set forth in Article IV, Section E.5. of the Plan, the compromise between DTDF and USA Realty is fair and reasonable and is in the best interests of the DTDF Estate and USA Realty Estate, respectively.

FF. The Asset Purchase Agreement and the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement were negotiated and have been and are undertaken by USACM and FTDF (FTDF together with USACM, the "Sellers") and Asset Purchaser at arm's length, without collusion or fraud, and in good faith within the meaning of section 363(m) of the Bankruptcy Code, and, accordingly, the reversal or modification on appeal of the authorization provided herein to consummate the Asset Sale Transaction shall not affect the validity of the transfer of the Acquired Assets to the Asset Purchaser unless such authorization is duly stayed pending such appeal.

GG. The Auction conducted in accordance with the Bid Procedures Order on December 7, 2006, at which Asset Purchaser was declared the highest and best bidder, was conducted in good faith within the meaning of section 363(m) of the Bankruptcy Code. The Asset Purchaser is a purchaser in good faith of the Acquired Assets. As a result of the foregoing, the Sellers and Asset Purchaser entitled to the protections of section 363(m) of the

Bankruptcy Code.

HH. The Asset Purchase Agreement was negotiated, proposed and entered into by the Debtors and the Asset Purchaser without collusion, in good faith, and from arm's-length bargaining positions.

II. There were no brokers involved in the Asset Sale Transaction, and no brokers' commissions are due with respect to the Asset Sale Transaction.

JJ. The Asset Purchaser is not an "insider" of any of the Debtors, as that term is defined in section 101 of the Bankruptcy Code.

KK. The transfer of the Acquired Assets to the Asset Purchaser will be a legal, valid, and effective transfer of the Acquired Assets, and will vest the Asset Purchaser with all right, title, and interest of the Sellers to the Acquired Assets free and clear of all liens, claims, interests, obligations and encumbrances whatsoever, including, but not limited to, (A) all monetary and non-monetary defaults and rights that purport to give to any party a right or option to effect any forfeiture, modification, right of first refusal, or termination of the Sellers' or the Asset Purchaser's interest in, or rights in or under, the Acquired Assets, or any similar rights, based in any way on any action taken (or failed to be taken) by any of the Debtors or any other matter or occurrence relating to the period prior to the Closing (other than any right that existed and was matured and exercisable, as of the Petition Date, to effect a substitution of USACM as loan servicer under Section 3 of any Loan Servicing Agreement, as well as any defenses of the loan servicer thereto (a "Surviving Section 3 Right")); (B) taxes arising under or out of, in connection with, or in any way relating to the existence, ownership, management or servicing of the Acquired Assets prior to the Closing; and (C) (i) all mortgages, deeds of trust, security interests, conditional sale or other title retention agreements, pledges, liens, judgments, demands, encumbrances, rights of first refusal or charges of any kind or nature, if any, including, but not limited to, any restriction on the use, voting, transfer, receipt of income or other exercise of any attributes of ownership and (ii) all debts arising in any way in connection with any agreements, acts, or failures to act, of any of the Sellers or any of the Sellers' predecessors or affiliates; all claims (as that term is defined in the Bankruptcy Code),

obligations, liabilities, rights of recoupment or setoff, demands, guaranties, options, rights, restrictions, interest and matters of any kind and nature in any way relating to the existence, ownership, management or servicing of the Acquired Assets prior to Closing, whether known or unknown, contingent or otherwise, whether arising prior to or subsequent to the commencement of these cases pursuant to chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, and whether imposed by agreement, understanding, law, equity or otherwise, including but not limited to claims otherwise arising under doctrines of successor liability (collectively, "Interests"); provided, however, that, in connection with any attempted post-Closing exercise of a Surviving Section 3 Right: (a) the Direct Lenders must provide Compass at least thirty (30) days prior written notice of the intended exercise of such right in accordance with section 8 of the Loan Servicing Agreement, (b) Compass shall have the right to challenge the exercise of such Surviving Section 3 Right by filing a motion with this Court prior to the expiration of such thirty (30) day period to determine whether such Surviving Section 3 Right has been properly and validly exercised (the "Compass Motion") and the Court shall retain jurisdiction to adjudicate any such disputes, (c) in the event Compass timely files such Compass Motion, the effectiveness of the attempted exercise of such Surviving Section 3 Right shall be stayed pending this Court's entry of an order in respect of the Compass Motion, and (d) the post-Closing survival of such Surviving Section 3 Right shall not impair in any respect any rights or interests of Compass under the Loan Servicing Agreements, including, without limitation, its rights under-Section 2(c)(iii) of the Loan Servicing Agreement. In the event of a proper exercise of remedies under Section 3 of the Loan Servicing Agreement, (i) neither the Direct Lenders nor any replacement servicer selected by such Direct Lender shall have the right or ability to compromise, subordinate, or impair, in any respect, any claims purchased by Compass from the Estates for default interest, accrued servicing fees, late charges, success fees, or other amounts under the Loan Servicing Agreement, and (ii) the Confirmation Order shall be binding upon such replacement servicer regardless of whether such replacement servicer actually received such copy of the Confirmation Order.

LL. The Loan Servicing Agreements are not executory contracts under

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Bankruptcy Code section 365 and can be transferred to the Asset Purchaser under Bankruptcy Code sections 1123 and 363(b) without being assumed and assigned to the Asset Purchaser under Bankruptcy Code section 365.

MM. The Asset Purchaser would not have entered into the Asset Purchase Agreement and would not consummate the transactions contemplated thereby, thus adversely affecting the Sellers, their Estates, their creditors, and, with respect to FTDF, its Equity Interest holders, if the sale of the Acquired Assets to the Asset Purchaser was not free and clear of all Interests of any kind or nature whatsoever, or if the Asset Purchaser would, or in the future could, be liable for any of the Interests, including, without limitation, any liabilities not expressly assumed by the Asset Purchaser.

NN. The consideration provided by Asset Purchaser pursuant to the Asset Purchase Agreement (i) is fair and reasonable, (ii) is the highest and best offer for the Acquired Assets, (iii) will provide a greater recovery to the Sellers' Estates than would be provided by any other available alternative, and (iv) constitutes reasonably equivalent value and fair consideration under the Bankruptcy Code and under the laws of the United States, any State (including Nevada), territory, possession, or the District of Columbia.

OO. Unless otherwise provided by law, the reversal or modification of the Confirmation Order and these Findings on appeal shall not affect the validity of the Plan, or any agreement or action authorized by the Confirmation Order or under the Plan with respect to any entity acting in good faith, whether or not that entity knows of the appeal, unless the Confirmation Order is stayed pending appeal.

PP. Based on the foregoing findings and conclusions, the Debtors are entitled to entry by this Court of the Confirmation Order.

Submitted by:
RAY QUINNEY & NEBEKER P.C.
and SCHWARTZER & MCPHERSON LAW FIRM

Approved / Disapproved by:
OFFICE OF THE U.S. TRUSTEE

By: /s/ Jeanette E. McPherson
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**[PROPOSED] FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW IN SUPPORT OF
THE "ORDER CONFIRMING THE "DEBTORS' THIRD AMENDED JOINT CHAPTER
11 PLAN OF REORGANIZATION, AS MODIFIED HEREIN"**

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[PROPOSED] FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW IN SUPPORT OF THE “ORDER CONFIRMING THE "DEBTORS' THIRD AMENDED JOINT CHAPTER 11 PLAN OF REORGANIZATION, AS MODIFIED HEREIN”

Approved/Disapproved by:

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By: /s/ George Davis
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Counsel for Standard Property Development

By: _____
WADE GOCHNOUR, ESQ.
ARYN M. FITZWATER, ESQ.
Counsel for Liberty Bank

///

1 In accordance with LR 9021, counsel submitting this document certifies as follows (check one):

2 ☐ The court has waived the requirement of approval under LR 9021.

3 ☐ No parties appeared or filed written objections, and there is no trustee appointed in the case.

4 ☒ I have delivered a copy of this proposed order to all counsel who appeared at the hearing, any
5 unrepresented parties who appeared at the hearing, and any trustee appointed in this case, and each has
6 approved or disapproved the order, or failed to respond, as indicated below [list each party and whether the
7 party has approved, disapproved, or failed to respond to the document]:

8 **Failed to respond:**

9 WADE GOCHNOUR, ESQ.
10 SUSAN SCANN, ESQ.
11 RUSSELL WALKER, ESQ.
12 GREGORY J. WALCH ESQ.
13 JEFFREY SYLVESTER, ESQ.
14 DAVID COHEN, ESQ.
15 MICHAEL SCHMAHL, ESQ.
16 ROBERT LEPOME, ESQ.
17 ERIC FIELD, ESQ.
18 DEAN KIRBY, ESQ.
19 August B. Landis, Esq.

20 ###